MAT414 - Modern Algebra

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Find all generators of the cyclic group U(50).

Fundamental Theorem of Cyclic Groups

Theorem 4.3

Fundamental Theorem of Cyclic Group

Every subgroup of a cyclic group is cyclic. Moreover, if $|\langle a \rangle| = n$, then the order of any subgroup of $\langle a \rangle$ is a divisor of n; and, for each positive divisor k of n, the group $\langle a \rangle$ has exactly one subgroup of order k-namely, $\langle a^{n/k} \rangle$.

Suppose $G = \langle a \rangle$ and G has order 30. Find all the subgroups of G.

Corollary

Subgroups of \mathbb{Z}_n

For each positive divisor k of n, the set $\langle n/k \rangle$ is the unique subgroup of \mathbb{Z}_n of order k; moreover, these are the only subgroups of \mathbb{Z}_n .

Write the list of subgroups of $\mathbb{Z}_{30}. \label{eq:subgroups}$

Find the generators of the subgroup of order 9 in \mathbb{Z}_{36} .

Euler Phi Function

Let $\phi(1)=1$, and for any integer n>1, let $\phi(n)$ denote the number of positive integers less than n and relatively prime to n.

Example

Write each $\phi(n)$ for $n \in \{1, 2, \dots, 12\}$

Some Properties

- For any prime p, $\phi(p^n) = p^n p^{n-1}$
- For relatively prime m and n, $\phi(mn) = \phi(m)\phi(n)$

Theorem 4.4

Number of Elements of Each Order in a Cyclic Group

If d is a positive divisor of n the number of elements of order.

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Theorem 4.4

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Corollary

Number of Elements of Order d in a Finite Group In a finite group, the number of elements of order d is a multiple of $\phi(d)$.

Subgroup Lattice

The relationship among the various subgroups of a group can be illustrated with a subgroup lattice of the group. This is a diagram that includes all the subgroups of the groups of the group and connects a subgroup H at one level to a subgroup K at a higher level with a sequence of line segments if and only if H is a proper subgroup of K.

