

Tougaloo College

MAT414 - Modern Algebra

Howework 04 - Spring, 2025

Duration : 03/21/2025

Finite Groups; Subgroups - Exercises

1. (Problem 6) In the group \mathbb{Z}_{12} , find $|a|$, $|b|$ and $|a + b|$ for each case.

(a) $a = 6, b = 2$

Solution: $|a| = 2, |b| = 6, |a + b| = 3$

(b) $a = 3, b = 8$

Solution: $|a| = 4, |b| = 3, |a + b| = 12$

2. (Problem 7) If a, b , and c are group elements and $|a| = 6, |b| = 7$, express $(a^4c^{-2}b^4)^{-1}$ without using negative exponents.

Solution: $b^3c^2a^2$; Use Socks-Shoes properties.

3. (Problem 13) For any group elements a and x , prove that $|xax^{-1}| = |a|$.

Solution: Use method of contradiction.

4. (Prproblem 14) Prove that if a is the only element of order 2 in a group, then a lies in the center of the group.

Solution:

- We can see that any $g \in G$, if $|g| = 2$ then $g = a$.
- Then prove $|xax^{-1}| = |a|$

5. (Problem 34) If H and K are subgroups of a group G , prove that $H \cap K$ is a subgroup of G .

Solution: Use the one-step subgroup test.

- $H \cap K$ is non-empty.
- If $x, y \in H \cap K$, then $xy^{-1} \in H$ and $xy^{-1} \in K$.

Total for Question 5: 0 Points

Solution: ksjfjsj

6. Evaluate the integrals:

(a) $\int_0^1 (x^e + e^x) \, dx$ (10 Points)

(b) $\int_{-2}^1 \frac{1}{x^4} \, dx$ (10 Points)

(c) $\int 4x^3 e^{x^4} \, dx$ (10 Points)

(d) $\int_1^2 \frac{e^{1/x}}{x^2} dx$

(10 Points)

(e) $\int \sin^3 \theta \cos^4 \theta d\theta$

(10 Points)

Total for Question 6: 50 Points

7. Sketch the region enclosed by the given curves, then find the area of the region.

$$y = \sin x, \ y = x, \ x = \pi/2, \ x = \pi.$$

Total for Question 7: 20 Points

8. Use the washer or cylindrical shell method to find the volume of the solid obtained by rotating the region bounded by the curves $y^2 = x$ and $x = 2y$ about the y -axis.

Total for Question 8: 20 Points

9. Find the average value of the following function on the interval $[-1, 1]$.

$$f(x) = \frac{x^2}{(x^3 + 3)^2}$$

Total for Question 9: 10 Points

10. Evaluate the following integral using integration by parts.

$$\int t^2 \sin \beta t \, dt,$$

where β is a constant.

Total for Question 10: 15 Points