## ff = Sigmoid(Z) 2=wx+b O W . 1 - (-At first we feed our row in this neural network. It calculates i, then loss. After calculating loss it performs back propogation to update parameters. let's do for win update dloss dwie 110-1d A = dloss $w'_{11} \rightarrow O_{11} \rightarrow O_{21} \rightarrow O_{31}(\hat{\gamma}) \rightarrow (05)$ don dwn dloss x dogs x let's see for B for now B = & O21

```
O_{21} = \oint_{21} (z)

\oint_{21} = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-2}} \left[ 2 = \omega_{11}^2 \cdot O_{11} + b_{21} \right]

              = [0-0.25] \times d(w_1^2 \cdot 0_{11} + b_2)
                0.25 \times (w_1^2 + 0)
             : [0.25 x w211]
Suppose I initilize why value as 500 the value becomes
              = 0.25 x500
            = 125
        : dO21 = 125
NOW, Similary 17 we have 2031 - 100, 2011 = 50, 2051-150
     =7 dloss - dloss x d.O31 x dO21 x dO11
        dw, old 1 dos1 dos1 dos1 dwis
                = 150 X 100 X 125 X50
                    93750000
```

& dloss Winew = Wilord dwhold Winew=500 - (0.01x93750000) Wil new= 500 - 937500 Whnew = - 937000 As, we can see our weight value is very high So, we will also get high loss value. due to high weight we will never reach to the global minimum we will face exploding publem. 1055 = 10 5 0000 loss = -9 37000 U Loss = 100 global minimum W

Conclusion: If we initilize the weights values very high we face expluding (also for gradient problem due to this reason, we have to be very careful during weight initilize and we various weight initilization techniques: