

# Week 2 Statistical computing

*MS 276*

*September, 2017*

For each plot

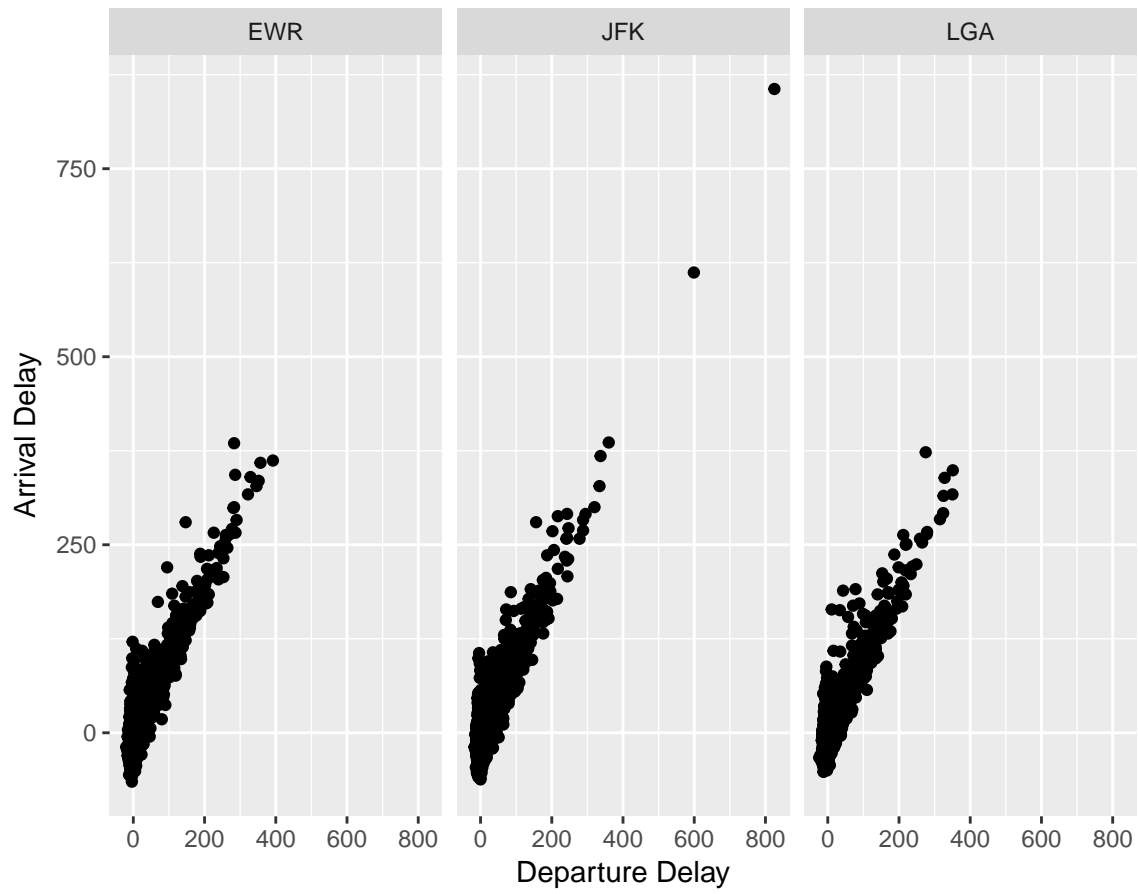
1. Write the code that, intuitively, should get you most of the way towards a final plot
2. Identify any new aspects of visualization that you'll need to look up

Use the following code to get started

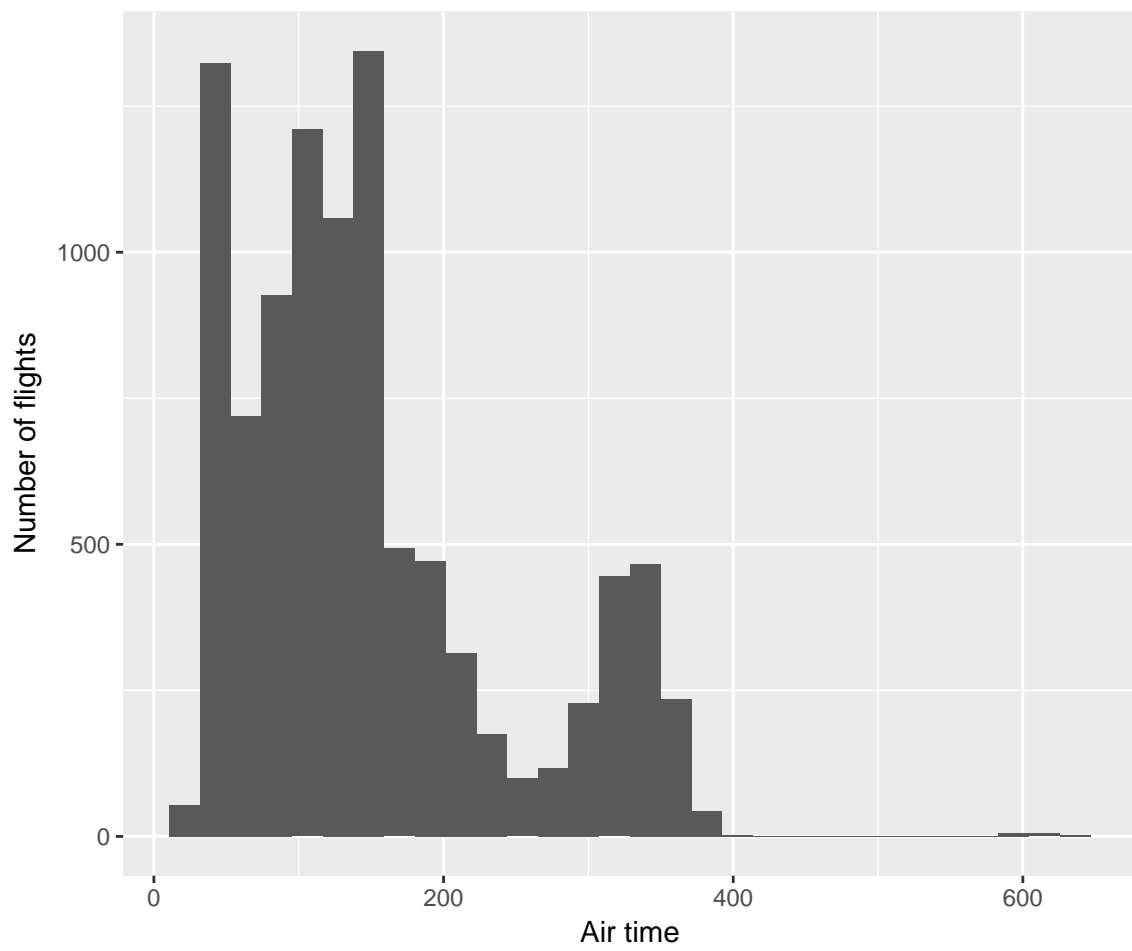
```
set.seed(0)
library(nycflights13)
library(tidyverse)
flights <- flights %>% sample_n(10000)
```

1.

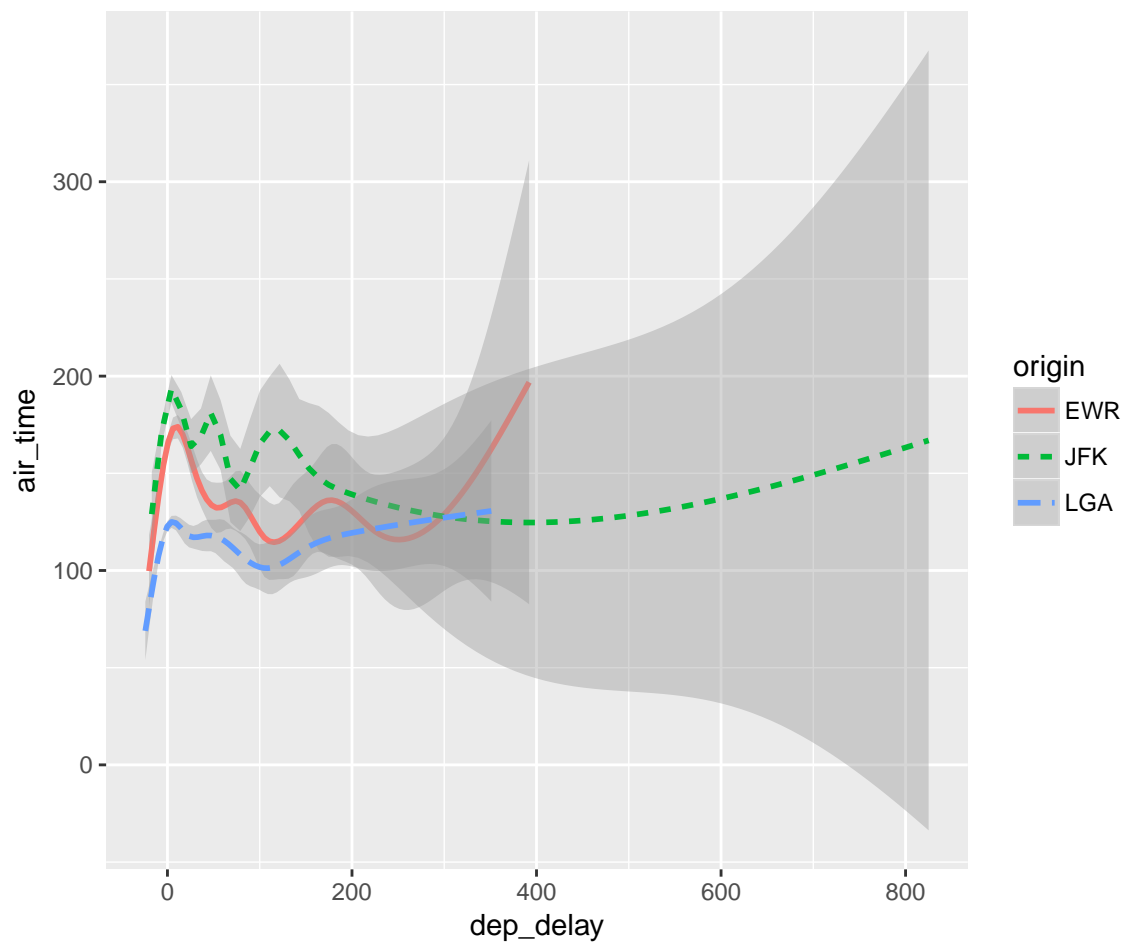
Delay times for 10000 flights out of NYC

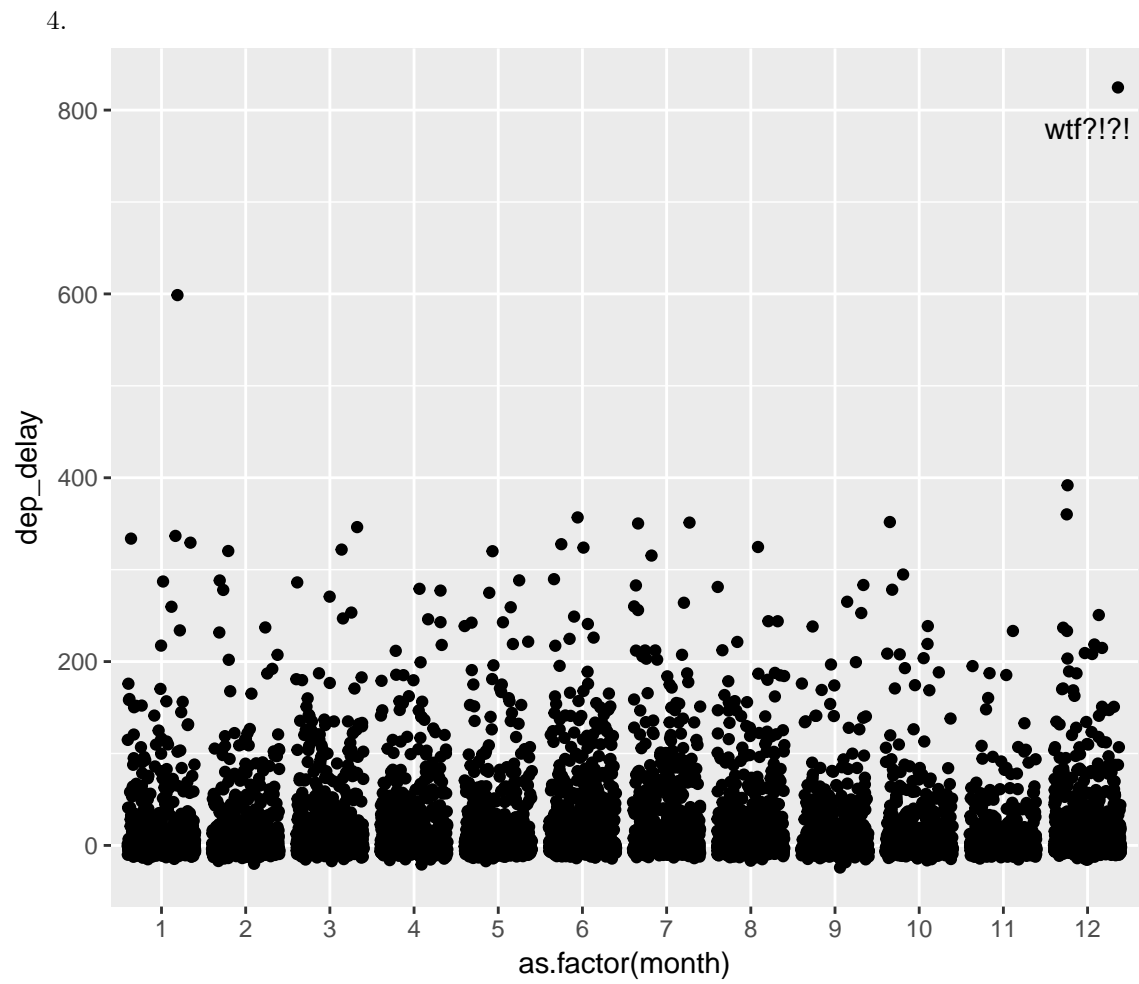


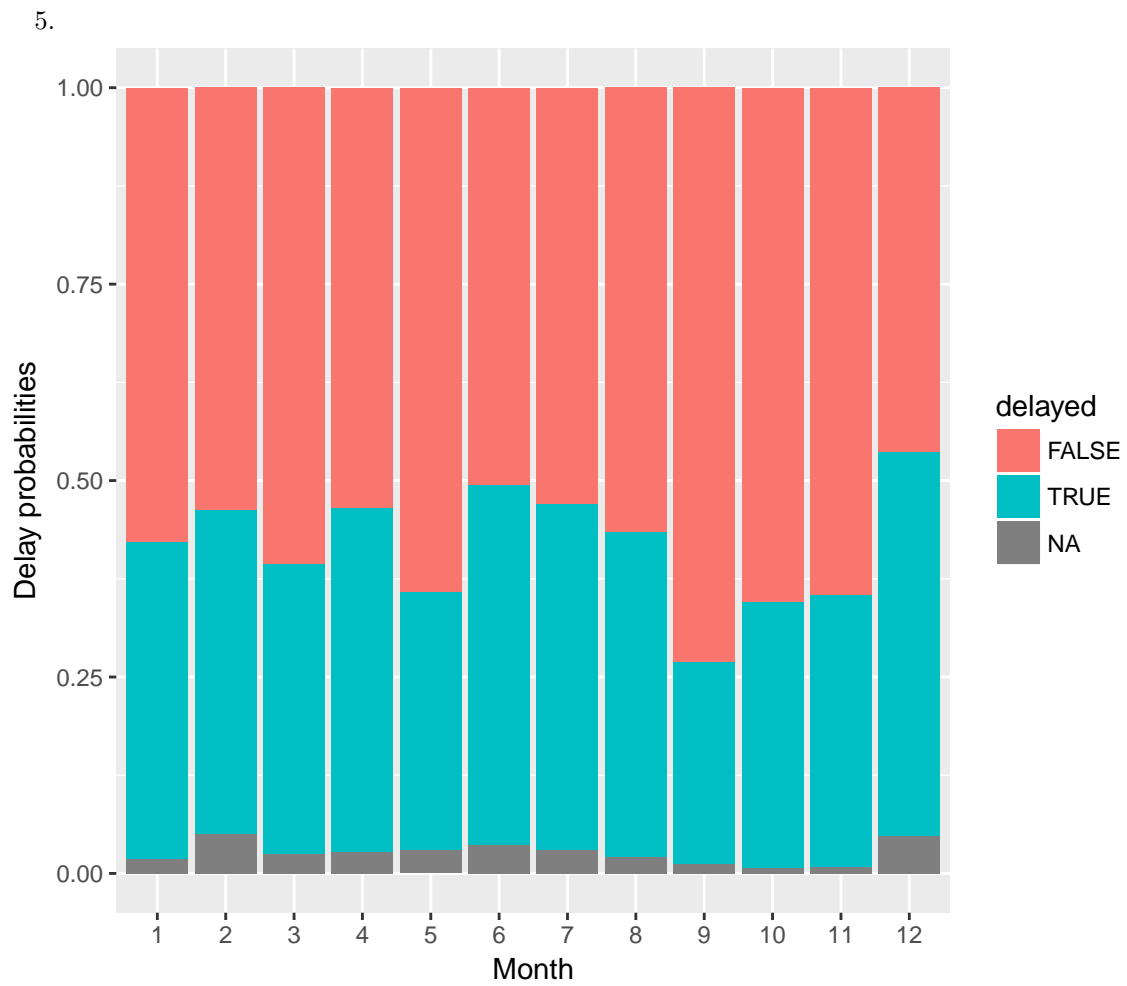
2.



3.







6. Using the `flights` data frame, construct code and a rough outline of a plot that you think would be interesting to look at.

```
head(flights) %>% print.data.frame()
```

```
##   year month day dep_time sched_dep_time dep_delay arr_time sched_arr_time
## 1 2013     8  24      547          545           2      816           815
## 2 2013    12   7     1447          1445           2     1842          1812
## 3 2013     2  17      809           810          -1     1024          1042
## 4 2013     4  30     1354          1359          -5     1447          1519
## 5 2013     8  28      905           910          -5     1203          1215
## 6 2013    11  14      555           600          -5      723           730
##   arr_delay carrier flight tailnum origin dest air_time distance hour
## 1         1      UA    390  N538UA   LGA  IAH      187      1416    5
## 2        30      UA   1554  N14731   EWR  SFO      396      2565   14
## 3       -18      DL    269  N302NB   JFK  ATL      104       760    8
## 4       -32      9E   3354  N931XJ   JFK  BOS       33       187   13
## 5       -12      AA    713  N3HFAA   LGA  DFW      178      1389    9
## 6        -7      AA    301  N555AA   LGA  ORD      121       733    6
##   minute          time_hour
## 1      45 2013-08-24 05:00:00
## 2      45 2013-12-07 14:00:00
## 3      10 2013-02-17 08:00:00
## 4      59 2013-04-30 13:00:00
## 5      10 2013-08-28 09:00:00
## 6       0 2013-11-14 06:00:00
```