Ca' Foscari M. De Zorzi Introduzione Alla Programmazione December 3, 2021

libdz Input management

Preamble

The classic approach

```
while (1) {
   scanf("%c", c); // blocks execution
   handle_input(c);
   update_field();
   print_field();
}
```

What we're looking for

- + Call function on input without blocking the the whole program (Possibly on a keypress, instad of on **enter**).
- + Update screen every **x** seconds.
- + Update the field every ${f y}$ seconds.

Motivation: Tetris redraws the screen 29.97 times a second. At level 1 blocks move every 48 frames, at level 20 every single frame!

A solution

```
term_init();
while (1) {
  c = select_char(); // doesn't block!
                     // returns KEY_NONE if nothing is pressed
  if (c != KEY_NONE) {
    handle_input(c):
  if (now() - update_time > 50) {
    update_field():
    update_time = now();
  if (now() - draw_time > 100) {
    print_field():
    draw_time = now();
term_end();
```

select_char implementation

```
char select_char()
  char buff;
  int r = read(STDIN_FILENO, &buff, 1);
  if (r > 0) {
    return buff;
  } else {
    return 0;
```

A more elegant select_char implementation

```
char select_char()
{
  char buff;
  return read(STDIN_FILENO, &buff, 1) > 0 ? buff : 0;
}
```

term_init implementation

```
#define ANSI_CLEAR_SCREEN "\033[1;1H\033[2J"
#define ANSI_HIDE_CURSOR "\033[?251"
#define ANSI_SHOW_CURSOR "\033[?25h"
```

term_init implementation void term init() { struct termios new_settings; printf(ANSI_CLEAR_SCREEN); printf(ANSI_HIDE_CURSOR); tcgetattr(0, &term_settings): new_settings = term_settings: new_settings.c_lflag &= ~ICANON; new settings.c lflag &= ~ECHO: new_settings.c_lflag &= ~ISIG; new_settings.c_cc[VMIN] = 0; new settings.c cc[VTIME] = 0: tcsetattr(0, TCSANOW, &new_settings);

end_term implementation

```
void term_end() {
  printf(ANSI_CLEAR_SCREEN);
  printf(ANSI_SHOW_CURSOR);
  tcsetattr(0, TCSANOW, &term_settings);
}
```

What about mouse support?

A better solution

```
typedef struct {
 int x;
 int v:
 enum {
   MOUSE\_PRESS = 0,
   MOUSE_RELEASE = 1,
   MOUSE\_MOVE = 35.
 } type:
 enum {
   BUTTON_LEFT = 0,
   BUTTON_MIDDLE = 1,
   BUTTON_RIGHT = 2,
 } button;
} mouse_event_t;
```

```
typedef struct {
  int key;
  enum {
    MOD_NONE = 0,
    MOD_CTRL = 1,
    MOD_SHIFT = 2,
  } modifier;
} kb_event_t;
```

```
typedef struct {
  union {
    kb_event_t
                  kb;
    mouse_event_t mouse:
  } event:
  enum {
    EV_KEYBORAD.
    EV_MOUSE.
    EV_NONE.
  } type;
} input_event_t;
```

init_term fix

```
void term_init() {
    // ...
    // enables mouse reporting
    printf("\033[?1000;10021\033[?1003;1006h");
}
```

Special Control Sequences

```
# Keyboard
\033[A # up arrow
\033[B # down arrow
\033[C # left arrow
\033[D # right arrow

# Mouse
0;24;27M # left click, at position (24, 27), pressed
2;19;30m # right click, at position (19, 30), released
```

Input parsing

```
input_event_t parse_input() {
 char data[256] = \{0\};
 int index = 0, len = 0;
 while ((data[index++] = select_char()) && index < 256);</pre>
 len = strlen(data):
 if (len > 0) {
    if (len > 1 && (data[len - 1] == 'm' || data[len - 1] == 'M')) {
      return (input_event_t){
        .event = { .mouse = parse_mouse(data) },
        .type = EV MOUSE }:
    } else {
      return (input_event_t){
        .event = { .kb = parse_key(data) },
        .type = EV KEYBORAD }:
 return (input_event_t){ .tvpe = EV_NONE. }:
```

```
Keyboard parsing (1)
```

```
#define CTRLMASK(Chr) ((Chr)&0x1f)
#define SHIFTMASK(Chr) ((Chr)|0x40)
kb_event_t parse_key(char *data) {
  char c = data[0]:
  switch (c) {
  case 0: return (kb_event_t){.key = KEY_NONE};
  case KEY ESCAPE:
    if (data[1] == '['])  {
      switch (data[2]) {
      case 'A': return (kb_event_t){.key = KEY_UP};
      case 'B': return (kb_event_t){.key = KEY_DOWN};
      case 'C': return (kb_event_t){.key = KEY_LEFT};
      case 'D': return (kb_event_t){.key = KEY_RIGHT};
      default: return (kb_event_t){.kev = KEY_NONE}:
    return (kb event t){.kev = KEY NONE}:
    // ...
```

Keyboard parsing (2)

Mouse parsing

```
mouse_event_t parse_mouse(char *data) {
  int x, y;
 unsigned button;
 char c;
  sscanf(data + 3, "%d;%d;%d%c", &button, &at.x, &at.y, &c);
 x -= 1:
  v -= 1:
  return (mouse_event_t){
      \cdot x = x
      y = y
      .type = button == 35 ? MOUSE_MOVE : c == 'M'.
      .button = button.
 };
```

```
while (e->run) {
  ev = parse_input();
  screen_update(e->screen);
  if (ev.type == EV_KEYBORAD) {
    (e->hook_kb)(e, ev.event.kb);
  } else if (ev.type == EV MOUSE) {
    (e->hook_mouse)(e, ev.event.mouse);
  // ...
```

```
if (e->run) {
  (e->hook_loop)(e, dt);
if (current() - 1e5 > e->last_draw) {
  screen_render(e->screen);
  e->last_draw = current():
screen_repaint(e->screen):
usleep(1e8 / dt):
```

```
void
hook_keyboard(void *ptr, kb_event_t ev)
{
   engine_t *e = ptr;

   switch (ev.key) {
     case 'q': e->run = false; break;
     case /* ... */: /* ... */
   }
}
```

References

- + invisible-island.net/xterm/ctlseqs/ctlseqs.html
- + https://viewsourcecode.org/snaptoken/kilo/02.enteringRawMode.html
- + github.com/mircodezorzi/libdz/blob/master/src/term/mouse.c
- + github.com/mircodezorzi/libdz/blob/master/src/term/keyboard.c
- + github.com/mircodezorzi/libdz/blob/master/src/term/input.c
- + Want unicode support in ansi C?
 https://github.com/mircodezorzi/libdz/blob/master/src/utf8.c

Questions?