

Time for prosperity

Economy and infrastructure Restoring Germany
as a business location We stand firmly by the principles of the

social market economy, which have secured prosperity and social peace in our country for decades.

In a time of global challenges, we want to preserve the fundamental values of our economic system and develop them further in such a way that we guarantee a free and successful society in which citizens can lead their lives independently and self-determinedly.

We are committed to a competitive economy that promotes innovation and entrepreneurship, creates prosperity for all and opens up new opportunities for development, especially for small and medium-sized enterprises. We advocate that employees should always be in a much better position than recipients of social benefits. Their work should guarantee them an adequate and secure pension.

We ensure that those who are truly in need are supported by the basic security systems. A self-chosen life at the expense of the general public is not encouraged.

With our measures, we are bringing optimism and confidence back into society. Many EU regulations weaken the economy and competition instead of strengthening them. Examples of this are the "Green Deal" and the influence on energy issues.

Germany has become unattractive as a business location. In previous decades, Germany stood out internationally due to its economic and scientific excellence. The current situation, however, is characterized by economic and scientific decline. Technology requirements, regulations and bans partially invalidate market competition; the result is suboptimal technical solutions and products. Many of these are not marketable without state subsidies, for example alternative energies and electric cars. Many of the regulations are also incompatible with our country's resources. This applies to restricted access to raw materials such as rare earths for alternative energies and drives, to inexpensive fossil or nuclear energy, and to well-trained domestic and foreign specialists.

Our school education is no longer based on performance. There is also a lack of basic knowledge in mathematics and German at the end of primary school. This continues throughout the rest of the school year, meaning that many schoolleavers are no longer able to continue their education. While almost all other countries have been able to improve their school performance, Germany, which was once a leader in the world, has fallen to a medium level in comparison to other countries. Subsequent generations are therefore no longer internationally competitive.

Germany is no longer attractive for well-trained professionals from Germany and abroad: high taxes and levies, a lack of security in public spaces, inadequate education in public schools, scarce, expensive housing and little chance of owning a home and having adequate retirement provision are all too off-putting. German corporate taxes are too high compared to other countries and prevent our companies from making urgently needed investments in the future.

The almost unmanageable extent of regulation and prohibitions is reducing the attractiveness of our business location for domestic and foreign investors. This makes progressive economic development even more difficult. For several years now, much more investment capital has been flowing out of Germany than flowing in.

Small and medium-sized businesses and agriculture in particular are no longer able to cope with the strangling political requirements. Many companies are giving up or looking for new opportunities abroad.

The immense tax and levy burden is leading to an increase in undeclared work, slush funds and wage dumping in complex subcontractor pyramids in some sectors of the economy. This creates a parallel economy worth hundreds of billions, bypassing the state and tax authorities.

Strengthening free enterprise and the economy We strive for a functioning economy that invests in research and development from its own strength and profitability in order to make innovative and competitive offers to the international market. German companies should be at the forefront of export companies worldwide and make "Made in Germany" a trademark for excellence and uniqueness again.

To this end, we strive for school and vocational education that is geared towards performance and talent development. Our universities should be able to attract first-class talent from Germany and around the world and make our country an international innovation leader in the top industries.

In addition to traditional industries such as automotive, mechanical engineering and chemicals, we also include modern advanced technologies such as dual-fluid nuclear technology, space technology, nanotechnology and artificial intelligence. Maintaining the German automotive industry as a leading industry The AfD sees the

strategic importance of the German automotive and supplier industry. The medium-sized companies responsible for the majority of jobs, especially the metalworking industry, are dependent on the continued existence of the combustion engine. It is therefore the task of the federal government to ensure that legislation is open to all technologies at national and European level. The current one-sided preference for electromobility must be stopped immediately, as must the financing of charging infrastructure from public funds. This cannot be used across the board due to a lack of electricity capacity and infrastructure. Battery production also places a far greater burden on the environment than the combustion engine.

Whether the combustion engine will one day be replaced by other forms of propulsion or whether it will continue to exist must again be a question of technical progress and the market and must not be based on ideological prohibition policies. If the existing, unrealistic EU CO2 reduction legislation in the transport sector cannot be prevented, synthetic fuels must be considered as a sustainable fuel for combustion engines. Vehicles with combustion engines that are powered by synthetic fuel must be treated equally to electrically powered vehicles in terms of their tax burden. This applies both to the energy source itself and to the vehicle as a whole.

Priority for competition - for an attractive business location We will reduce government intervention in the market to a minimum. Instead, we will ensure framework conditions that make Germany attractive again and restore our international competitiveness. So that entrepreneurs can believe in the future of Germany as a business location, we will restore access to safe and affordable energy by: Extending the operating times of coal-fired power plants Returning to the use of nuclear energy Repairing and restarting the Nord Stream pipelines Lifting the ban on gas and oil heating Abolishing the CO2 tax Reducing energy tax and lowering electricity tax to the minimum

Preventing ever higher grid fees due to a halt to wind energy expansion We are reducing strangling bureaucracy and competition-distorting regulations by: Abolishing the Supply Chain Due

Diligence Act and the EU Supply Chain Directive Abolishing the Packaging Act Reducing sustainability reporting Simplifying the General

Data Protection Regulation Simplifying procurement law Drastically reducing regulations, reporting and documentation obligations for SMEs and

farmers Lifting the ban on combustion engines and the unattainable fleet limits Reintroducing the reduced sales tax rate in the catering industry We are modernizing German infrastructure by: Methodically, continuously renovating

roads, railways and bridges Accelerating necessary new investments by simplifying planning and approval procedures Accelerating the development

of the digital infrastructure Driving forward the digitization of administration An SME-friendly space law that advances our options in space Federal headquarters of the Alternative for Germany party | Eichhorster Weg 80 | 13435 Berlin

We promote international trade by: facilitating and intensifying exchange with other markets removing existing trade

barriers concluding advantageous trade agreements for our country that help to secure our raw material

supply chains ending economically damaging sanctions We create more net from gross by: reducing income tax

through a significantly higher basic allowance reducing

corporate taxes to an internationally competitive level abolishing the solidarity

surcharge for all We gain more bright minds and

ideas by: returning to first-class education, training, research and science stopping the brain drain of domestic skilled workers and bringing back

emigrants by providing attractive framework conditions for work, wealth creation, training and

security providing an additional tax allowance for pensioners in order to keep senior citizens in

the labour market bringing hundreds of thousands of able-bodied citizens' allowance recipients back into the labour market through our "Activating Basic

Security" concept switching from technology bans to

technology openness abolishing the CO2 border adjustment strengthening citizens' personal responsibility, increasing scope for action

Personal responsibility as taking responsibility for the

consequences of one's own actions is an indispensable feature of every free society and at the same time an

indispensable component of human dignity – also in the area of economic and social participation.

For us, the starting point for strengthening personal responsibility is, in addition to strengthening of family life, a comprehensive school education that turns our young citizens into well-educated and critical members of our society, lays the foundation for successful professional development and enables them to participate in government and voluntary work. Our understanding of education includes not

only intellectual abilities and manual skills, but also social competence.

Our citizens in the mildew of the left-wing zeitgeist The

mood of the citizens of our country today is characterized by uncertainty and pessimism:

uncertainty due to politics that is far removed from the people, uncertainty about what one is still allowed to say; uncertainty about the

security in our cities; fear of a major war and concern about the financial

future.

The government's deliberate scaremongering during the Corona pandemic has contributed significantly to this. The war in Ukraine, the climate crisis that is supposedly threatening people's existence and the exorbitant increase in the cost of living in recent years have robbed many citizens of their optimism for the future. Not only companies, but also many of our top performers have lost confidence in current politics and Germany as a business location.

Our measures for strong citizens We want self-

confident and critical citizens who competently exercise their democratic rights, and therefore do

not want to unnecessarily restrict citizens through state regulations. We want to achieve these goals by restoring a functioning,

politically neutral education system as a place of

preparation for later competitive performance, imparting practical knowledge in the areas of social insurance, economics and

investment at school, fundamental, simplifying

reforms to make the tax and social system easier to understand, reducing the tax and levy burden to increase citizens' financial

freedom of action, promoting

self-employment and business start-ups, among other things by reducing regulations to the necessary minimum, expanded

tax deductibility for private, funded pension provision, promoting private wealth creation and private home ownership.

We want to become a nation

of owners There is a housing shortage in many parts of

Germany, partly due to uncontrolled immigration. Excessive legal requirements for building

and tenancy law, such as the so-called Heating Act, are hindering the construction of affordable housing.

We will free housing construction from these shackles so that in the future every citizen will be able to afford an apartment or a house again. Prosperity comes from home ownership. Seventy percent of all

EU citizens own their own home, while the majority of Germans do not live in their own four walls but

rent.

Reduce housing and construction costs In

addition to construction costs, housing costs must be significantly reduced in order to make housing affordable for citizens again. For

example, property transfer tax for owner-occupiers, to

abolish the property tax and the broadcasting fee

(GEZ), and to increase the property transfer tax for foreign buyers with their main residence outside the EU to % as in Austria. We will

abolish ideologically driven costs such as the EEG levy, CO2 tax and the Building

Energy Act (GEG).

Building law must remain national law According

to the principle of subsidiarity, decisions for the Building law should be reserved for the nation states. We reject the EU's cost-driving regulations in this area.

Protection of existing buildings To protect property and existing buildings from changes in building regulations, the building regulations from the period of construction must always remain applicable.

Turning tenants into owners Property is freedom, protects before old age poverty and before rent increases.

We want to remove barriers to conversion. Tenants should be supported in purchasing owner-occupied housing, for example through equity replacement.

To promote home ownership, we will create a framework in which tenants can purchase their apartments from public housing companies on preferential terms.

Housing cooperatives should be given preference when allocating public land.

Promoting locals When

allocating residential building plots and living space, locals are to be given preference according to the locals model.

“Everything back to square one”: No simplified building regulations for large-scale energy generation plants Most Germans live in rural areas. In order for them to participate equally in social and economic life, the infrastructure and, above all, public transport must be

expanded in line with demand and in a sustainable

manner. Rural areas are characterized by a high level of self-responsibility and self-organization among their citizens.

If the feeling of home is stronger than the attraction of urban areas, people will want to continue living in rural areas.

It is essential for people to remain in their homeland that it is not turned into an industrial park by the construction of large wind turbines.

The size and frequency of such facilities and their excessive accumulation in wind farms are destroying the landscape of entire regions, while even small residential buildings in the outskirts have no

chance of being granted a building permit. This was made possible by numerous ideologically driven changes

in building law at the federal level. and state level.

We will immediately put an end to the large-scale destruction of nature by wind turbines and photovoltaic systems in forests, fields and arable land.

The Building Code and the Spatial Planning Act are accordingly based on the ideology-free regulations before 2021. In addition, replacements for old existing buildings must be permitted in outdoor areas under permit law.

An infrastructure for Germany's future Not only roads,

tracks, bridges and energy supply facilities such as Nord Stream 2 are the foundations of a competitive and future-proof industrial

nation, but also information channels and lines. Ensuring a supply of

data is just as important as providing a comprehensive network of lines for various energy sources.

Only a balanced energy mix from different sources can guarantee Germany's energy independence. The lines required for this must be permanently secured.

Our infrastructure, which has been neglected for decades, is the lifeblood of the economy and society and thus the basis of the welfare state. Our structural infrastructure is characterized by dilapidated buildings. We demand a reassessment of Germany's special path in prestressed concrete construction. Particularly against the background of the symbolic effect of the collapse of the Carola Bridge in Dresden, the AfD demands that the approval of new construction projects be accelerated, as well as the urgently needed repairs and renovations of all affected buildings.

Energy infrastructure and energy policy The decades-long focus on ideology-driven "climate policy" and the preferential treatment of supposedly renewable energies have put Germany in a precarious position in terms of energy policy. The phase-out of nuclear and coal energy, which is being pursued by all established parties, has exacerbated this situation. In the wake of the Russia sanctions, Germany's affordable energy supply is also significantly at risk. Our country is therefore no longer internationally competitive. While this will lead to deindustrialization and impoverishment of the German population, the eco-socialist "climate protectors" are happy about falling CO₂ emissions.

None of the so-called renewable energies or the new applications being pursued, such as heat pumps or electric mobility, can survive on the market without subsidies, while conventional energies are artificially made more expensive or banned. This departure from market economy principles is costing German taxpayers enormous sums, has destabilized the power grids and turned Germany into an electricity importing country with one of the highest electricity prices of all industrialized countries. Many citizens are having to accept a loss of prosperity and energy-intensive companies are moving away or declaring bankruptcy.

In the interests of citizens and the economy, the AfD will focus on a market economy and technological openness and will consistently restore the energy supply triad of security of supply, economic efficiency and environmental protection.

In the future, facilities to

The generation of "renewable energies" must demonstrate its unrestricted environmental compatibility and its economic benefit by waiving priority feed-in and subsidies.

The AfD will return the work of the Federal Network Agency to its ideology-free basic tasks - regulating the electricity and gas markets and ensuring security of supply - as demanded by the European Court of Justice. The remaining and still intact Nord Stream 2 pipeline (Line B) should be put into operation as soon as possible. The repairs to the damaged Nord Stream 1 and 2 lines must be carried out promptly and the saboteurs must be identified and made to pay compensation.

The planned exit

There will be no lignite-fired power generation under the AfD. In addition to the necessary short-term expansion of coal-fired power plants, the expansion of nuclear energy is planned.

Existing concepts will be taken up again and new developments will be taken into account. Existing power plants will be put back into operation as quickly as possible. All the necessary technologies and requirements will be located in German companies, authorities, institutes and universities.

Until Germany uses nuclear power again, coal and gas will have to ensure a secure electricity supply, as large-scale electricity storage facilities do not exist or are too expensive. In a technology-neutral heating sector, cheap gas, preferably from pipelines, or heating oil will once again be available. Hydrogen as an energy source is not competitive. In the transport sector, the AfD will work at all levels to lift the ban on the combustion engine.

Contractually agreed subsidies for existing plants will remain in place. Technological openness will be guaranteed and energy production for private and industrial use will remain tax and duty-free.

By correcting the developments of the last decades, the AfD will make it possible for electricity to be available again at all times in sufficient quantities and at competitive prices. Expensive technologies such as accumulators, fuel cells and hydrogen technology will not be required for this.

Transport policy – ideology-free and needs-based The AfD advocates a transport policy that is oriented towards the needs of citizens. The AfD rejects an ideologically driven ban policy that favors or discriminates against certain means of transport. For us, the freedom of citizens to choose their means of transport is paramount. Individual mobility must remain affordable.

Protecting individual motorised transport The AfD supports and promotes individual motorised transport as the most popular means of transport.

Intelligent technology and traffic management that avoids congestion protect the environment. Scientifically inadequate measures such as diesel driving bans or 30 km/h speed limits on main roads do not achieve this. At the same time, the AfD calls for the maintenance and expansion of inner-city lanes and parking spaces to avoid growing traffic chaos and to protect the attractiveness of retail. The AfD also rejects collective measures such as driving bans for motorcycles due to individual misconduct. In principle, the

AfD relies on citizens' sense of responsibility. In this context, we also want to make accompanied driving possible from the age of 16.

Relieve the burden on federal motorways – shift transit traffic to rail and waterways The AfD strictly rejects a general speed limit on federal motorways. Instead, we want to tackle the real problems. Many motorways and bridges in Germany have long been in urgent need of renovation and repair. This can only be achieved with efficient measures in the planning and execution of construction sites and the elimination of environmental impact assessments for replacement buildings. The AfD also calls for more truck parking spaces and consistent application of existing truck overtaking bans for the safety of all road users. The massive CO2-related increase in truck tolls must be reversed, as it primarily increases the price of goods.

In order to ensure the competitiveness of German freight forwarders, we want to consistently monitor compliance with cabotage and social

regulations by

foreign freight forwarders.

To do this, both toll data and data from the intelligent tachograph will be used. The concept of

the "rolling highway" and container handling will be established for transit connections through Germany with regular intervals. The network of loading points and multimodal freight transport centers (road, rail and waterways) must be expanded.

We set us for a future-proof renovation of the

severely neglected federal waterway network, the safeguarding of Germany as a port location and incentives for shipowners to sail under the German flag again and employ German seafarers.

Safer, cleaner and more reliable rail transport For passenger rail transport, Germany must have a better developed and coordinated public local and long-distance transport network that is based on the simple and reliable Swiss model. The federal rail network must really serve the common good and be operated efficiently. To achieve this, the rail company must be converted into a GmbH and structured in such a way that the federal government can effectively control its infrastructure division. Punctuality, safety and cleanliness as well as optimal timing of bus, train and air traffic

connections must be guaranteed. The AfD supports the expansion of the rail network, which has been neglected for too long - in particular the removal of bottlenecks and the expansion of the high-speed network. The Deutschlandticket must be offered at a fair price; the available funds should be spent on improving the service and the rail network and not on subsidies.

The AfD is committed to reducing the overly complex European signalling system ETCS to the lowest common denominator in order to ensure compatibility across Europe, reduce costs and significantly increase the capacity of the network.

Strengthening air traffic as an economic factor

Global air traffic is of fundamental importance for Germany as a business location and must not be shortsightedly sacrificed to unscientific climate hysteria. Germany's airports must be strengthened as an economic factor. After the end of the Corona restrictions, all European countries - apart from Germany - have long since returned to pre-Corona levels. German airports and airlines, on the

other hand, are suffering from excessive, purely ideologically motivated additional costs, which they can only pass on to their customers to a limited extent. This makes many flights unprofitable, which is why there is already a significant shift in traffic abroad. The AfD supports the abolition of air traffic and ticket taxes and opposes unrealistic EU CO2 reduction targets.

Digitalization

Digitalization has become an integral part of modern society. It determines almost all areas of life, takes over routine tasks and democratizes the exchange of information. The AfD welcomes this development.

As a liberal party, the AfD is opposed to any use of digitalization that promotes totalitarian structures. For this reason, data protection is very important to us. As a party that upholds the law and democracy, the AfD calls for the implementation of constitutional principles in the area of digitalization as well.

Analogue life

In an increasingly digitalised world, citizens' rights of defence against the state must be strengthened. The most direct and extensive control and power of disposal over personal information, property and assets are essential for citizens' rights of defence against the state, which are enshrined in the constitution, and for the feeling of being able to live independently and express oneself freely.

That is why the AfD is committed to recognizing the right of citizens to an analogue life outside of digitalized administrative and everyday processes as a general civil right and to the unrestricted retention of cash as legal tender.

Data-Collecting Octopus State and Social Scoring

In China, a social profiling (social pattern analysis) and "social credit system" has been installed for citizens, with which citizens are rewarded for good behavior and severely restricted in their freedoms if their behavior is not appropriate. Similar considerations can be observed in several Western countries, including in connection with so-called 15-minute cities. The AfD rejects any such efforts.

Digital assistance systems

Thanks to technological developments, more and more electronic systems can be precisely localized and monitored, even without the consent and knowledge of the users. Companies and government institutions use these technical possibilities to investigate the lives of citizens and consumers down to the last detail. Examples include cell phone tracking to call that eCall system, automatic speed monitoring and remote-controlled vehicle deactivation. This makes it possible to create detailed usage and movement profiles. The mere knowledge that such data is being recorded and compiled influences citizens' behavior.

We demand that tracking and device monitoring be restricted to the lowest necessary level, as well as the mandatory option for users to switch them off.

We also demand complete transparency about the monitoring options for the user. Fight against disinformation Critical and disruptive opinions, as long as they do not cross the line into criminal liability, are part of the constitutionally guaranteed right of every citizen of our country. The expression of free opinion in any kind of media also represents a means for citizens to exercise control over the state. Freedom of expression also includes the right to make mistakes.

Recently, however, public and "non-governmental" actors have been trying to restrict freedom of expression by directly banning or delegitimizing critical opinions. More and more public and non-governmental actors, so-called "NGOs", such as "Faktenchecker" or "Correctiv", are being used for disinformation campaigns through state commissioning and funding. One example of this is the campaign for the corona vaccination.

The federal government itself also uses its influence on social media platforms to directly monitor and control the exchange of ideas among its citizens. One powerful instrument in this regard is the NetzDG, as it forces social media platforms to delete content within a very short period of time.

EU initiatives such as the "Code of Practice on Disinformation" are being put in place to label legitimate opinions as disinformation and censor them. We demand an immediate halt to all disinformation campaigns and an end to all funding of non-state actors who influence or attempt to suppress free opinion. The funding of NGOs must be disclosed. That is why we also firmly reject the implementation of the European "Digital Services Act (DSA)" in Germany and will reverse the NetzDG. A democracy does not need a "Ministry of Truth" and must tolerate the opinions of its citizens - otherwise it will become a dictatorship.

GDPR

The GDPR does not achieve its actual goal, namely data protection and informational self-determination, but it places a burden on small and medium-sized companies in particular consumers, for example with omnipresent consent requests. The AfD is therefore calling for the abolition of the GDPR and a return to a lean but effective Federal Data Protection Act.

The AfD wants to strengthen the role of data protection authorities and also make them capable of imposing sanctions on state authorities, since the state has to comply with the same state protection rules as citizens.

Digital sovereignty

The

AfD is calling for the creation of a federal strategy for digital sovereignty in order to guarantee the autonomy of citizens in the digital age and to effectively protect state institutions and critical infrastructure. Elements of this strategy include, for example, open source technologies and decentralized systems, as well as the development of federal hardware and software for critical infrastructure.

Artificial Intelligence AI systems represent a large growth market, and we in Germany cannot and do not want to disconnect from them. Therefore, effective legal frameworks are necessary that enable the use in areas such as medical technology and transport. The prerequisite for the use of AI is the availability of inexpensive energy at all times.

At the same time, however, AI can also pose a risk, especially for critical infrastructure, traffic technology and civil liberties. The AfD rejects the centralized regulation of these issues by the EU, such as through the Cybersecurity Act, ethics guidelines for AI and the Artificial Intelligence Act, and calls for practical, national solutions.

Pensions, social affairs and health Our concept for a fair and adequate pension insurance We are striving for a pension insurance that will enable working people to enjoy a financially secure retirement. We believe it is imperative to enable our current senior citizens, who have built up our country and our prosperity over a long working life, to enjoy a dignified retirement. This primarily includes a significant increase in their pensions. Our further goal is to reach the average pension level in Western European countries in several steps, which is currently a good 70 percent of the last net income and thus significantly higher than the German level.

The desolate situation in the German pension system The German pension level is one of the lowest in Western Europe, at just 53% of the last net salary, according to Eurostat. This level means bitter poverty in old age for a large proportion of pensioners. In Austria, for example, an employee with an average wage receives a pension of €2,600 after 45 years of work, while a comparable pensioner in Germany

a meager €1,500. If you look at the difference between the two pensions, about 30% of the difference is due to the higher pension contributions in Austria.

A further 30% is generated because in Austria, groups of the population who are exempt in our country, such as politicians and civil servants, also pay into the pension fund.

A further 15% is achieved through higher state subsidies. Only the somewhat younger population structure cannot be copied in the short term. This accounts for the remaining 25% of the difference. But this also means that a pension as high as in Austria is also possible in the long term.

Our pension concept against old-age poverty We

want to attract more contributors to the pension insurance, make pensions more flexible and fairer

and create incentives for a voluntary extension of working life and only provide for civil service appointments for those entrusted with sovereign tasks, so that the vast majority of civil servants pay into the pension insurance, inclusion of politicians in the statutory pension insurance, enabling a flexible retirement age, with no deductions

after 45 years of work subject to contributions, medium-term financing of all non-contribution-covered benefits from the federal budget, compensation for the upcoming pension contribution increases through

tax cuts for employees and companies, non-crediting of the additional earnings of widows and widowers for the survivors' pension, compensation for parenthood in pensions.

Further building blocks that will

stabilize pensions in the long term: rationalization investments to

increase productivity and wages facilitated by reducing corporate taxes, reducing the shortage of skilled workers through higher incentives to work by

reducing income taxes and making the citizen's allowance less attractive, creating work incentives for pensioners through an additional basic tax allowance of €12,000,

strengthening trades and industry through more school leavers who are capable of training by providing earlier career guidance in schools and reinforcing the performance principle in our schools, enabling higher lifetime earnings

through earlier entry into the workforce and less part-time work, no longer allowing the desire to have children to be thwarted by money and career worries

through childcare allowances that make it easier for parents to look after their children themselves in the first three years of their lives and help with returning to work, a welcome bonus of €20,000 for newborn babies, provided that pension contributions of the same amount have already been paid, otherwise a credit towards future pension contributions of this amount; the bonus is paid out of

Financed by tax revenue and does not reduce pensions, provision of sufficient kindergarten and day-care places close to housing with priority for families in which both parents work and for working single parents, limitation of immigration to qualified workers so that they are not dependent on German social benefits at the end of their working lives.

Our concept for fair unemployment insurance After a one-time exception, only those who have not caused their own unemployment should be entitled to unemployment insurance benefits.

In principle, the right to unemployment benefit should only come into effect after three full years of contributions and is initially limited to six months. For every two additional years of contributions, the right to unemployment benefit increases by one month. In addition, employees over the age of 50 should be entitled to a certificate for private employment at the time of termination by their employer. Since reintegration into the labor market becomes more difficult the longer the unemployment lasts, intensive counseling, training and placement services should also be available while receiving unemployment benefit.

Our concept for basic security Since all adult recipients of the citizen's allowance are generally considered to be able to work, our goal is to get them back into work in the short term. Because the longer the unemployment lasts, the more difficult it is to reintegrate into the labor market and the more expensive the citizen's allowance becomes.

The current citizen's allowance does not work The citizen's allowance is part of our welfare state and is intended to support members of our society who are capable of working but are currently unemployed until they can stand on their own two feet again. The current goal is a qualified reintegration into the primary labor market. For this purpose, the Training and further education opportunities have been greatly expanded compared to Hartz4. In reality, however, only a few measures lead to successful job placement. On the contrary, the higher standard benefit rates of the "citizen's allowance" compared to Hartz4 have led to a massive increase in the number of people for whom employment is simply no longer worthwhile; they remain on citizen's allowance permanently. A couple with two children, for example, receives a taxpayer-funded citizen's allowance of around €3,000 per month for standard needs, rent and heating costs, which normally requires two earners in the household. In addition, there are savings in GEZ fees, free daycare centers and kindergartens and sometimes reduced-price or free tickets for local public transport.

Experts assume that around a third of those receiving citizen's allowance work illegally, bypassing the tax office and social security. The high costs of this, however, are borne by taxpayers, the vast majority of whom no longer want to bear this burden.

In many cases of breaches of duty, job centers are unable to impose adequate sanctions or do not apply possible sanctions, for example if a reasonable job offered is not accepted. It is therefore not surprising that the number of unemployed people placed in job centers has fallen by almost 6% since the introduction of the citizen's allowance. Although we have over 4 million employable citizen's allowance recipients, the average of around 700,000 vacancies reported to the job centers in 2024 could not be filled.

Many unemployed people are "parked" in measures that the unemployed themselves consider pointless. Overall, the current placement rate of 1.8 placements per year per placement agent is far too low and therefore each individual placement is far too expensive.

The high standard benefit rates in the citizen's allowance are also a magnet for immigration into our social systems. Almost half of the citizen's allowance recipients are now foreigners, most of whom have never paid into our social systems. This mass immigration into the citizen's allowance system threatens its financial viability at the expense of the members of our society who are actually in need, its taxpayers and the German welfare state as a whole.

We will resolutely counteract these negative developments through a fundamental reform of the citizen's income.

For a functioning basic security for job seekers We want to get employable basic security recipients back into work more quickly so that they can stand on their own two feet again. At the same time, we are reducing the costs for the taxpayers who finance our basic security systems. We are based on the principle that everyone who can work should work, instead of becoming a burden on society. To this end, we want to encourage employable citizens' allowance recipients who are still receiving benefits after 6 months to do community work, reintroduce and monitor habitual residence in the federal territory as a prerequisite for receiving basic security, withdraw the residence status of refugees who travel to their home country,

make employment subject to social insurance contributions without "top-up" social benefits for at least five years in Germany a prerequisite for foreign nationals to receive citizen's allowance and limit their citizen's allowance to one year, remove Ukrainian war refugees from citizen's allowance while retaining their work opportunities and treat them as asylum seekers in terms of benefit receipt, transfer those citizen's allowance recipients who are actually unable to work from the job centers to the person-specific care provided by the social welfare offices while maintaining the same financial support in order to relieve the burden on the job centers, organize employment agencies and job centers based on the field of work and primarily staff them with placement agents with industry experience, introduce job-oriented, more precisely tailored "matching" procedures for job seekers, only carry out further training measures with educational providers who can prove the placement success of their measures, organize direct contact between employment agents and relevant employers, increase the personal security of employees in the job centers, prevent multiple receipt of citizen's allowance benefits through biometric identification and digital networking the job centers and agencies that adjust the standard benefit rates to the actual inflation development of the citizen's allowance basket.

More housing benefit instead of social housing The current social housing model has failed; it can only reach a fraction of those entitled to it. It leads to incorrect occupancy and causes high costs for the taxpayer. It is better to provide low-income tenants with more housing benefit, which will ensure social mixing.

If the housing benefit is not enough to secure an apartment, citizens must also pay municipal housing benefit. The AfD stands for a balanced tenancy law and rejects state over-regulation and investment barriers such as the rent control or the rent cap.

Help for all those who cannot help themselves We strive for an economic situation in which as many citizens as possible can lead a sufficient, self-determined life through their own efforts. For situations in which this is not possible, there are basic security systems: social assistance for those unable to work, basic security for those seeking employment and basic security in old age when the pension is not enough and there is no wealth.

The monthly standard rates per person are the same in the three systems; However, additional conditions such as protected assets and car ownership are regulated differently. In particular, those receiving basic social security in old age are worse off in these positions than those receiving citizen's allowance, which we will change.

We want to redesign the ineffective citizen's allowance using our "Activating Basic Security" concept. We will keep the other basic security systems as before.

We support sensible measures that enable people with disabilities to participate better in social life. That is why we are committed to maintaining special schools that make life easier for people with disabilities. We want to better reward the care of disabled people at home by relatives and abolish bureaucratic requirements, such as the restricted use of disabled cars by caring relatives. We want to enable disabled people in workshops to receive the minimum wage by reallocating funds; a largely self-determined life for people with disabilities is our overarching goal.

End the misuse of social insurance While social insurance (pension, health, nursing care, unemployment insurance) is financed through contributions from employees, social benefits are a support service financed through taxes.

Non-insurance benefits are therefore not to be financed from social insurance contributions, but from the federal budget. Nevertheless, the restructuring of the 2024 budget was partly financed from social insurance, such as the financing of corona measures from the nursing care fund, which represents a clear misuse of the social insurance contributions entrusted to the state.

By ending this misuse, benefits can be increased or contributions reduced. For pension insurance, the assumption of non-contribution-covered benefits by the federal budget means that almost twelve percent more funds would be available for pension financing.

Our concept of future-proof health and nursing care insurance

In Germany, contributions for health and nursing care insurance are around twice as high as in Austria or Switzerland, at between .7 and 20.1%, without this would be justified by corresponding higher benefits.

Further increases in contribution rates are inevitable. We will prevent this by ensuring that the federal office of the Alternative for Germany party | Eichhorster Weg 80 | 13435 Berlin contribution-free co-insurance of citizens' allowance

recipients, which is currently financed two-thirds by the contributor, will in future be financed entirely from the federal budget.

Another starting point to reduction of Health insurance contributions are the exorbitantly high administrative costs that we incur by merging health and nursing care insurance, as well as the Simplification of enormous

fragmented self-administration structures for statutory

health insurance physicians, hospital, rehabilitation and nursing services.

We want to make the situation easier for those in need of care and their relatives by providing significantly higher financial compensation for home care. This will enable more families to afford to look after their relatives in need of care themselves in a familiar home environment. Support in the event of illness or when caring relatives want to go on holiday will be expanded through improved outpatient and temporary inpatient services. Overall, this will improve the situation for those in need of care and their caring relatives, while at the same time easing the burden on the nursing care fund, as fewer and shorter periods of home care will be required.

Our concept for a functioning health policy Ensuring the efficiency of hospitals The DRG flat-rate payment system has not proven successful in inpatient care.

Constant adjustments have not been able to eliminate the basic problems, such as the setting of financial misincentives and enormous bureaucratic effort. The upcoming hospital reform is also not suitable for solving these problems. What is needed is the complete abolition of flat-rate fees and, in the medium term, a return to individual Budget agreements between hospitals and

the umbrella associations of statutory health insurance funds at state level. We also reject further privatization of acute hospitals.

Improving outpatient care In the specialist

area in particular, outpatient care has long since reached its limits due to the existing budgeting

of medical services. Appointment bottlenecks and months-long waiting times are unreasonable for patients. The rationing of medical services through the obligation to provide treatment without entitlement to remuneration must end. In order to counteract an uncontrolled expansion of services through trivial treatments, staggered bonus or reimbursement systems are sensible. The self-employed owner practice should continue to form the backbone of outpatient care. Financial and organizational support for doctors to set up in rural areas must be established.

Ensuring outpatient and inpatient care Since the

introduction of the DRG flat-rate payment system in hospitals, there has been a sustained decline in the length of stay, which is caused by the early discharge of dependent patients from

hospital. This leads to a further increase in the workload and workload of nursing staff, which is further exacerbated by the growing shortage of staff.

A nationwide, statutory staffing

level for all care-sensitive areas is essential to ensure nursing care. Adequate financing of the necessary increase in staff is of existential importance and must be ensured. We reject nursing chambers, as this only leads to additional bureaucracy, state intervention and compulsory contributions." Ensuring the supply of pharmaceuticals We no longer permit mail order sales of prescription drugs, as this contributes to distortions of competition. Mail order sales of non-prescription drugs

remain unaffected. The extensive, possible

relocation of pharmaceutical production back to Germany and to safe countries of origin is a requirement for security of supply and consistent quality.

The pharmaceutical wholesale trade in Germany will be obliged to keep at least the quantity of the average two-month requirement for supply-relevant pharmaceuticals.

Organ donation

The willingness to donate organs has declined significantly. For this reason, an "opt-out rule" is increasingly being brought into play, whereby in the event of "brain death" organs can be removed in principle and without consultation with relatives, unless the person concerned has expressly objected during their lifetime. However, the decision to donate organs can only be made by the person concerned, who must make this decision with full knowledge of the associated processes. This also includes information about the criterion of "brain death", which is not undisputed. In this respect, we firmly reject the opt-out rule and any form of direct or indirect coercion.

Gender identity

Pharmacological and surgical interventions in minors to delay sexual development and to Gender change is often externally controlled and ideologically motivated and can cause lifelong psychological and physical damage. That is why we will ban puberty blockers and non-medically indicated gender change procedures.

Euthanasia

Euthanasia in the form of "killing on request" is prohibited in Germany for good reason. A "legal right", as repeatedly discussed by the courts, must be strictly rejected. This is because it could force a certain group of people (doctors, nurses) to carry out corresponding actions against the individual's conscience.

Instead, all options for palliative medical treatment should be used. Euthanasia can increase the pressure on seriously ill people to commit suicide.

Cannabis

The consumption of cannabis can lead to a reduction in intelligence and serious medical and psychological damage. We consider the approval of the federal office of the Alternative for Germany party | Eichhorster Weg 80 | 13435 Berlin cannabis consumption outside of certain medical indications to be a mistake that must be corrected immediately. We support the expansion of addiction psychiatric care in order to achieve permanent

abstinence for drug addicts. Compulsory vaccination The Standing Committee on Vaccination (Stiko) lists an extensive table of standard vaccinations that are expressly only recommended and are therefore subject to the personal responsibility and self-determination of citizens. State-generated vaccination pressure, such as in the corona pandemic, was a first step towards further state-mandated compulsory vaccinations, such as the flu vaccination.

In doing so, the state is severely restricting the citizens' right to self-determination over their physical integrity, which is enshrined in the Basic Law. The fundamental right to physical integrity and the right to self-determination must not be infringed. Since the first appearance of Corona and the rapid approval of the comprehensive mRNA vaccination technology, many professional groups have been forced to get vaccinated. In the case of the now increasingly occurring vaccine damage, standard medical care is usually provided by the respective health insurance companies. The responsibility for the In future, appropriate care should be

transferred to the professional associations in order to ensure significantly improved aftercare and rehabilitation for professional reintegration. The burden of proof should be eased for proving vaccine damage.

Alternative practitioners The existing profession of alternative practitioners in Germany is facing efforts to abolish this professional profile.

Surely must The German Heilpraktiker Act needs to be improved, particularly with regard to the uniformity of quality and examination standards. However, this does not entail an obligation for the statutory health insurance (GKV) to reimburse costs. We want every citizen to be able to decide for themselves who treats them and we reject the abolition of alternative medicine practitioners.

Patient data and telematics Medical

treatment data must be given the highest possible level of protection due to its high sensitivity. The creation of a central database with the Connecting clinics, practices, psychotherapists and pharmacies to store confidential patient data (telematics infrastructure - TI) should be rejected. We support the storage of an emergency data set, including a medication

plan and a living will on the health insurance card.

WHO - reform or exit The financing

of the WHO must be fundamentally reformed in order to eliminate the blatant dependence on private donors and to exclude their direct influence. In the future, the WHO's budget is to be financed mainly through member contributions from the countries, which requires a significant adjustment of the structure and personnel of this organization. With the pandemic contract planned for 2025, the WHO will be granted extensive rights vis-à-vis national states in the event of an alleged "imminent pandemic" in disregard of national parliaments, which will interfere far into the privacy of citizens, up to and including tolerating medical interventions and curtailing personal freedom and self-determination. We

fundamentally reject this. If this reform is not possible, we are in favor of Germany's withdrawal from the WHO.

Staff from abroad - only according to German standards With medical

specialists who have language deficits, a basis of trust cannot be established, nor can misunderstandings in the treatment process be ruled out. Both the technical and language qualifications (level C1) must fully meet the German standard. Priority must be given to applicants with German nationality for the subject of medicine/dentistry. We demand an expansion of the number of study places in dentistry and human medicine. There is currently a shortage of

these study places.

Dealing with Corona

The Corona measures have caused health, social and economic damage to an enormous number of people. After the publication of the RKI protocols, the measures must be dealt with at all levels. All decision-makers of interest-driven measures brought about contrary to science must be held accountable. Accordingly, those wrongfully convicted must be fully rehabilitated and compensated. The laws and guidelines changed in connection with the Corona crisis must be review and delete if necessary. Debureaucratization of the health care system Bureaucracy in the health care system has reached a level that often prevents patients from being treated and causes considerable costs. This is the result of an exaggerated need for security where the cost and benefit are not in an acceptable ratio. It is an expression of political mistrust of service providers. In addition, the current level of regulation is a side effect of an intrusive and excessive state system. The AfD is committed to deregulation, reducing bureaucracy, self-administration and personal responsibility.

Finance and Taxes The state also levies taxes with the aim of

ensuring the security of the people and improving living conditions in general through targeted public investments and

state administration.
to improve.

Less bureaucracy, more personal responsibility and a more efficient use of public funds are important prerequisites for a sustainable Germany.

Despite currently high tax revenues, the constantly rising consumer spending is leaving less and less room for necessary investments. As a result, this is leading to calls for tax increases and additional debt. We are committed to moving away from excessive taxation and, in return, to spending discipline in order to strengthen private households and our companies, to comply with the debt brake and to reduce debt. We plan to simplify the complex German tax law.

Consolidate the federal budget, end tax waste, comply with the debt brake Germany does not have a revenue problem, but rather an expenditure problem. Despite continued high tax revenues, the federal government regularly fails to introduce a federal budget without further new borrowing. We must not continue to burden future generations with debt and interest. We therefore call for tax waste to be avoided. Key examples include reducing pointless expenditure on the supposed "climate rescue" and ending the financing of superfluous prestige projects, especially abroad. Among other things, the contributions to the EU of almost billion euros (2023) must be drastically reduced. The debt brake enshrined in the Basic Law must be complied with.

Adhere to the principle of connectivity

The principle of connectivity is regulated in Article 104a of the Basic Law. It states that the state level that initiates an expenditure must also provide the associated financing ("Whoever orders, pays"). In practice, this principle is not consistently adhered to, to the detriment of local authorities in particular, which leads to considerable financial burdens for them. We demand strict adherence to the constitutionally regulated principle.

Reduce donations to non-governmental organizations According to information from the Federal Government, over 500 non-governmental organizations (NGOs) based or active in Germany are financially supported directly or indirectly by companies that are majority-owned by the Federal Government. As part of the budget consolidation, we are calling for a detailed review of these organizations and their projects with the aim of cutting unnecessary and ideology-based expenditure.

Uncovering the true costs of asylum policy The

costs of asylum policy are distributed in a way that is difficult to oversee across numerous individual plans at federal, state and local level. Not all costs can be clearly quantified, as expenditure in the budget is generally not allocated to a group of people. We demand a differentiated and transparent breakdown in such a way that the costs of immigration are shown as a separate item in the federal budget and, in particular, the principle of connectivity is observed here too.

Drastically cut the government's tax-funded public relations work The

Taxpayers'

Association rightly states that tax-financed public relations work is only justified if it does not primarily serve to improve the image of the government in office. Under no circumstances should it become an end in itself to demonstrate political activism. In addition, the government, like all state bodies, is obliged to remain politically neutral according to the consistent case law of the Federal Constitutional Court. We therefore demand that the government's tax-financed public relations work be restricted to important information that is not already available through the media or in any other way.

Greatly simplify tax law With over 30,000 regulations, German tax law is one of the most complicated in the world. This means that numerous individual decisions by the tax courts are necessary, which in turn complicate tax law even further. Collecting taxes is time-consuming and involves considerable costs for those involved.

This discourages companies from settling in Germany; many companies based here are relocating abroad.

The AfD will simplify tax law by amending the income tax rate with a few levels. We will lower the tax rates and, in turn, the write-off options for "tax-saving models". We will make the corporate tax neutral in terms of legal form. These measures will make taxes more transparent and the collection of taxes will be simpler, more time-saving and more cost-effective.

Reduction of VAT for the catering industry to 7% Contrary to previous

promises, the VAT for food and beverages in the catering industry was increased from 7% to 19% at the beginning of 2024. In addition to the increased costs for basic foodstuffs and energy as well as the higher personnel costs, the increased tax is another price driver for the industry.

Restaurant owners had no choice but to pass the costs on to customers by increasing their prices. The result was a collapse in demand. Restaurants had to close and many people in the country lost another piece of their quality of life.

We therefore demand a uniform VAT rate of % for the catering industry.

Abolition of all CO2 taxes CO2 taxes

increase production costs and lead to a competitive disadvantage for German industry. They also disadvantage rural regions, especially our farmers, who rely on fossil fuels. A vehicle with a high "emission potential" can ultimately emit less CO2 than a vehicle with a lower "emission potential", but is taxed more heavily.

Electric vehicles, which pollute the environment during production, are given one-sided preference. We demand the abolition of CO2 taxes without replacement.

Work must be worthwhile - relieve the burden on the low-wage sector and the middle class Inflation is a major problem for many people in Germany and places a significant financial burden on them, sometimes even threatening their livelihood. The price trend for food in particular is driving inflation. In our view, the current basic allowance for exempting people from the subsistence level is too

low.

The basic income tax allowance is to be increased to 15,000 euros, from which The previous reliance on social welfare regulations will be abandoned. The allowances are to be indexed in order to prevent secret tax increases in the future. These measures take into account the wage gap requirement and motivate people to participate in working life. We also consider the corresponding shift of other tariff base values up to the top tax rate to be necessary.

Abolish property tax and compensate for tax losses The collection of property tax, which benefits cities and municipalities, is extremely complicated and involves a great deal of administrative effort. The federal model is calculated based on land values, which are often outdated, inaccurate or arbitrary. The property tax also violates the principle of equality, as it does not take into account the individual characteristics of the properties.

That is why it is being abolished entirely. Municipalities are fully compensated through a surcharge on income tax and corporation tax. This is based on the economic performance of taxpayers. This also provides relief for tenants.

Introducing family splitting

According to Article 6 of the Basic Law, marriage and family are under the special protection of the state order. In 1957, the Federal Constitutional Court, in applying this article, declared the additional tax burden on married couples to be incompatible with the Basic Law. The legislature then introduced the splitting of income between spouses in 1958, which is still in force today.

Families with children must not be treated worse than those without children. As one of the most important measures in line with the wording of the Basic Law, we are calling for the splitting of income between spouses to be extended to include family splitting. This would mean that the total income of all family members would be divided by the number of family members. This would reduce the tax burden on families with children. Given the far too low birth rate in Germany, this would also create an incentive to have more children.

The European Union has no independent right to tax The right to levy taxes is considered one of the royal rights of national parliaments.

According to the European treaties, the EU is not allowed to levy taxes. The budget must in principle be financed from its own resources. According to current law, a partial transfer of tax legislation to the EU would require an amendment to the Basic Law, which is permanently prohibited under Article 79 Paragraph 3 of the Basic Law ("eternity clause"), as it restricts the budgetary sovereignty of the federal states.

In addition, this would result in an interference with the sovereignty and democratic legitimacy of the Federal Republic, as it would have less scope for shaping its own tax systems.

The EU must therefore will not have the right to collect taxes in the future.

Abolish wealth and inheritance tax The AfD wants to abolish the wealth tax, which is currently suspended, and the inheritance tax. Both are taxes on assets, i.e. they are levied independently evied on the economic capacity of the taxpayer.

Asset taxes are based on assets that typically arise from taxed income. They therefore lead to double taxation. The administrative costs of collecting them are disproportionately high and the return on government revenue is only marginal.

In addition, inheritance tax creates perverse incentives with regard to the sustainable management of wealth generated during the transition to the next generation.

In the event of an inheritance, it can lead to the sale of companies or their economic closure as well as the loss of jobs. In addition, various forms of assets cannot be valued in a legally secure manner.

Increase in the savings allowance to 2,400 euros The current savings allowance for single people of 1,000 euros per year no longer meets the constantly changing challenges. The AfD wants to increase the savings allowance to 2,400 euros in order to give people in Germany, especially the middle class, the opportunity to build up their wealth safely and in a tax-optimized manner. By increasing the savings allowance, we are creating real relief that will primarily benefit those who want to build up their private wealth effectively even through small capital gains. This is about financial self-determination, strengthening private pension provision and promoting sustainable investments without dependence on state subsidies.

Monetary policy – The Euro

system is failing Back to law, prosperity and social peace The AfD represents a monetary policy based on market economy, national The euro is based on individual responsibility and friendly cooperation between European states. The stability criteria that form the basis of the euro currency are constantly being violated, and the euro is being illegitimately "saved". The creeping transformation of the European union of states into an EU central state has never been democratically legitimized by the European peoples. The euro does not have the institutional basis that would be its mandatory constitutional prerequisite. The EU is behaving as a federal state - and no longer as a union of sovereign nation states. The euro's basis for business was destroyed at the latest since the euro and financial crisis. Since the debt mutualization, the last inhibitions to breaking the law have fallen. We are experiencing joint liability that violates the treaty, transfer payments, indebtedness at EU level, prohibited state financing and economic policy by the ECB that violates its mandate - mostly to the detriment of Germany. The euro is a flawed construction for an economic area with very different economies and cannot function in this form either economically or socially.

Earnings must come before redistribution. Only through national currencies can each state regain its sovereignty over economic and monetary policy. The states can then restore their competitiveness, as they did before the introduction of the euro, by making their own decisions about the exchange rate.

Germany must leave the Euro system The basis of the Euro currency was: avoiding excessive debt in all EU states and no liability between states. Both rules are constantly being broken. Today, the Euro is being "saved" every day with billions of euros.

This is done through guarantees and "facilities", i.e. direct cash gifts to "distressed" states, through EU community funds, abusive credit mechanisms and purchases of government bonds by the ECB system. Any further participation in the permanent rescue policy amounts to delaying insolvency at the expense of German taxpayers.

The AfD is aware that the reintroduction of a stable national currency cannot be

achieved without conversion costs. However, these will be lower than the permanent costs of remaining in the euro system. Germany must therefore terminate this "transfer union" and end the misguided path of permanent rescue by reintroducing a national currency, if necessary while maintaining the

Euro or a flexible ECU-like accounting unit.

Protection against the euro crisis, reform the monetary system and bring back state gold. Germany must also be able to act in the event of a monetary crisis. If the German mark (D-Mark) is reintroduced, the state gold, some of which is stored abroad, could serve as a temporary cover option. According to all historical experience, gold is a potential cover for currencies, which is particularly relevant in crises and after the introduction of a new currency to build trust.

The German state gold must as a potentially last currency reserve without counterparty and custody risk in one's own country. The economic situation of the Deutsche Bundesbank is currently deteriorating: after a high operating

loss in 2023, it will report a total loss for the first time in decades in 2024/25. This is happening again because of interest payments of tens of billions of euros on the very high deposits of commercial banks due to the euro rescue. In 2023, the Bundesbank had therefore already had to dissolve almost its entire risk reserve. This is now no longer available. The bank's equity capital amounts to just 2.5 billion euros. The appreciation gains on the Bundesbank's gold reserves (currently over billions of euros) that have arisen since then are now being used for the first time in a clever "rhetorical" way so that the otherwise negative equity capital does not trigger a loss of confidence in the bank's solidity. The gold assets, which are officially little valued, are currently saving the balance sheet of the

Bundesbank and thus effectively the Euro. At the same time, however, our state (citizen) gold is in danger of being written off.
Other central banks are becoming increasingly aware of the importance of gold purchases for their currency stability. They are buying large amounts of gold and storing it in their own countries.

The AfD is calling on the German Bundesbank to transfer all of the state gold stored abroad to Germany. The AfD is also calling for the gold reserve to be given a special balance sheet status that is to be protected under constitutional law in order to prevent the risk of it being written off due to the constantly deteriorating quality of the Bundesbank's balance sheet as a result of the euro's long-term rescue. In the long term, we believe that a fundamental reform of the monetary system is necessary, towards free currency competition or a gold-backed monetary system.

Ending the EU's planned economy policy The ECB's policy is leading to the destruction of the government and corporate bond markets. The manipulation of the bond markets has been the daily "business model" for the ECB since 2015. It has now purchased several trillion euros in government and private bonds. This supranational "rescue policy" violates existing EU law, including the ban on state financing by the central bank and the ban on liability for the debts of other member states. The EU is also pursuing prohibited economic policies - through huge earmarked guarantees and selective purchases.

from "green" bonds.
Environmental-social governance regulations

and taxonomy requirements, which regulate in a highly ideological and bureaucratic manner which economic activities are worthy of support, represent a planned economy macro-control.

These vehicles actually lead to Cash gifts to "distressed" states via jointly-held EU debts (Next Generation Fund, Target-2, soon Ukraine bonds). This illegitimate ECB policy leads to inflation. It destroys corporate calculations, funded pension systems and private savings.

The AfD calls for a return to law and the market economy: All measures by the ECB to manipulate the free capital market

must be stopped.
No borrowing by the EU: loans only at national level The EU is taking on its own debts contrary to the explicit wording of the EU treaties,

which is at the expense of future generations. The funds are raised through new borrowing and then borrowed by EU Bureaucrats spend money on mostly ideologically motivated projects in a feudal manner. However, liability and repayment remain with the nation states, especially Germany. Such loans taken out by the EU, which largely benefit the euro crisis countries, lead to a deterioration in our credit rating and thus to an increase in the interest burden and taxes of the Germans.

Leaving the euro would be beneficial for our economy and taxpayers.
The AfD demands an immediate halt to all borrowing by the EU: No unconstitutional communitisation from

Debt, no ideological and centralist monetary and economic policy and a return to capital allocation via functioning markets. Debt and tax collection should generally only take place at the national level.

No German liability for foreign banks With the European banking union, the German savings banks, cooperative banks and the German private banking industry, which have so far been anchored in local governments, would be subject to EU redistribution. The planned European deposit guarantee system would cost several trillion euros

Euro is the argest joint liability facility in the EU. This mutualisation would mean that German savers would be liable with their deposits for ailing banks in other countries that have high and risky loan claims on their balance sheets. Huge defaults would only be a matter of time and would immediately trigger a German payment obligation.

This would be a further step towards the liability and transfer union rejected by the AfD.

The AfD demands that German banks limit liability to the national level and continue to be able to maintain their own bank-group-specific institutional, liability and deposit protection solutions, such as the savings banks and cooperative banks that operate exclusively regionally and are anchored locally. We advocate restoring national sovereignty across all financial services. We oppose the European communitization of liability risks.

Ending the Target 2 risk The

Target 2 claims of the Deutsche Bundesbank against the ECB and indirectly against individual southern eurozone countries amount to over one trillion euros. These claims are still unsecured, do not bear interest commensurate with the risk and are not due. Possible write-offs represent a high risk of billions for German taxpayers. It is certain that in the event of a (partial) dissolution of the eurozone, the ECB, as the Bundesbank's opponent, will only settle the German Target claims in devalued euros or not at all.

Because of the insubstantial Target claims, the foreign trade surpluses within the Eurozone generated in good times through German labor hardly benefit the German economy anymore. The uncollectible claims balances must therefore be made available to Germany. One option would be to use the claims balance already generated in the form of Target to buy foreign shares, foreign gold or other assets via a German sovereign wealth fund.

The AfD is calling on the German government and the German Bundesbank to first reduce the Target 2 claims, then balance them out on a daily basis and back them with collateral until then. The AfD is also open to all sensible options to "monetize" the Target claims and make them usable for German citizens.

Cash is freedom and protection from expropriation and total surveillance. Our cash is in danger. With the support of the German government, the International Monetary Fund and the European Central Bank, its gradual abolition is being pursued. The abolition of cash would limit the role of money as an inviolable and fee-free store of value. The de facto abolition of cash would also enable the expropriation of account holders.

Cash is a natural bulwark against further reductions in interest rates into negative territory.

Abolishing cash would also mean that payment transactions could only take place electronically. This would give the state and banks total control and even control of all money flows and economic activities over every financial action of citizens, even over their whereabouts. The transparent bank customer would become the transparent person: In a liberal constitutional state, such monitoring and control options are not compatible. In addition, electronic systems are not fail-safe and tamper-proof.

The AfD demands that cash be permanently retained as an unrestricted legal means of payment and that its use be enshrined in the Basic Law as an important civil liberty. State authorities may not waive the obligation to accept cash.

Right to analogue life: without asset register and digital euro Even if the digital euro is still in the experimental phase: It is expected to become the dominant legal tender in the near future and contrary to the assurances of the ECB.

In the medium term, the digital euro could even be designed to be programmable.

Full surveillance and control right into private, even intimate areas of life would literally be pre-programmed, similar to the Chinese "social credit system". In combination with the asset register that is also planned, this will create the conditions for comprehensive expropriation options for assets that have already been taxed. From a state and supra-state EU perspective, all of this can only be enforced through a so-called digital identity that is made obligatory, by means of which practically every human activity can be permanently traceable and centrally stored, regulated and sanctioned. This is a dystopian idea, at the latest from the moment the use of the digital euro becomes obligatory.

The AfD is against a digital currency issued by the ECB, which would be a gateway for the gradual abolition of cash. The AfD is against total surveillance and control of all financial transactions the party by de facto mandatory electronic payment transactions via a monopolistic "digital euro" and a central asset register. We demand a right to an analogue, unmonitored and free life.

Bitcoin: Preservation of freedom and distance from

the state Bitcoin is a welcome candidate in the competition between currencies as a state-free currency. With a market capitalization in the trillions and a significant circulation, Bitcoin now fulfills

most of the functions of money. However, it is at risk due to increasing national and international regulatory tendencies (EU-MiCAR). The AfD has opposed this political and regulatory pressure for years.

The AfD calls for the extensive deregulation of Bitcoin, Bitcoin wallets and trading platforms. We are committed to maintaining the VAT exemption for Bitcoin transactions, the one-year period for taxing increases in value and the right to self-custody of coins in self-managed wallets. We call for the preservation of freedom and distance from the state through political restraint on taxation and regulation.

Agriculture, environment and climate Clean air and clean water, healthy and responsibly produced food and natural habitats are vital common goods, the protection of which is one of the AfD's priorities. Our policy is based on the goals of sustainability and security of supply as conservative principles.

The many family farms and agricultural cooperatives in Germany are the basis for our security of supply with domestic food. In addition, they protect our natural resources and maintain Germany's cultural landscapes.

The farming families have maintained traditions and customs for many generations and are therefore irreplaceable for the regional identity.

These important and diverse achievements deserve recognition - it is therefore in the interest of society as a whole to preserve German agriculture. Our homeland needs farmers. Agricultural and environmental policy must, above all, be geared to national circumstances and needs.

Ideological Driven by misincentives and particular interests, these prevent the sustainable promotion of forestry and agriculture as well as the preservation and protection of our nature. Excessive bureaucratization of all areas of life is destroying the existence of the regionally rooted farmers and rural areas that have worked for society for generations.

The AfD is fighting for a Germany in which food security and self-sufficiency in domestic food are guaranteed for future generations. It is not important to us whether they come from organic or conventional production, what is crucial is the quality of the products. Deciding on agricultural policy in Germany Under the guise of so-called climate protection policy, lobby interests are directed against an environmental and agricultural policy that is guided by reason and geared to regional needs. The implementation of the "Green Deal" will set in motion a redistribution machine worth billions that will lead to deindustrialization and the destruction of nature. This harms citizens, the environment and agriculture.

In the process, Germany's right to self-determination is being

further undermined. The AfD is committed to strengthening the independence of farmers and bringing market economy principles back to the forefront. Fair remuneration for farmers, livestock farmers and food producers must be ensured for all generations. This can only happen with more independence and without the madness of EU regulations. For this reason, we also reject the Common Agricultural Policy (CAP).

The AfD will give farmers back more freedom to make their own business decisions. We are committed to fair producer prices and a better market position, including through direct marketing. We are gradually reducing the bureaucracy and over-regulation that have gotten completely out of control in order to relieve the burden on farms as much as possible.

Rural Areas and Family Businesses

The various sectors of land management – arable farming, livestock farming, viticulture, forestry, horticulture and beekeeping – contribute to the maintenance of the cultural landscape, the creation of regional jobs and the supply of the population with high-quality food in Germany.

We set We are committed to a reality-based approach to education in "green jobs". Before agricultural policy measures are introduced, it is necessary to examine how they affect

farmers' income and what ecological benefits they bring. We rely on incentives rather than bans.

Agricultural support must take into account the achievements of family businesses and cooperatives and simplify farm succession. Agriculture must be made less bureaucratic in order to ease the burden on farmers. Neither German nor EU authorities should interfere in their economic practices, for example in the choice of crop rotation.

In order to preserve our diverse agricultural structures, we will improve the situation of young farmers who manage their own agricultural land. We will reduce the tax burden on new businesses. In addition, we will oppose the reduction of agricultural land and make it more difficult for non-agricultural investors to access the land market.

Consumer protection

Consumers must be able to meet increasingly global companies on an equal footing. However, for many foods, financial products and physical goods, consumers lack essential information about the origin and quality of the products. The

AfD wants to enable consumers to make an informed purchasing decision.

The AfD supports the model of the responsible citizen. He should not be patronized by the state in his consumption behavior. We therefore reject any form of separate food taxation, such as a meat or sugar tax. This includes educating people about the health risks of fashionable diets and preserving our traditional food culture in public institutions. We value regional and seasonal food from Germany. It ensures our manufacturing and processing companies a sufficient income - while at the same time maintaining high standards in animal and environmental protection. The supply of our own population and the economic viability of domestic food production must be guaranteed.

We demand an efficient rapid alert system for food and feed safety. If there is reasonable suspicion of harmful products, food poisons or animal diseases, we will advocate for rapid, targeted intervention. We will also implement the labelling of products with a clear declaration of content and weight in relation to the selling price in order to prevent consumer deception. This means that there will be no hidden addition of insects to food; instead, these will be clearly labelled. In general, we are in favour of reversing the EU's approval of insects.

Fertilization, plant protection and genetic engineering The current fertilization regulations cause significant losses in yield and quality as well as massive ecological problems, including the loss of soil fertility and humus. The AfD will therefore make it possible to supply crops with nutrients according to their needs in accordance with good professional practice and limit the bureaucratic effort to the absolute minimum.

Effective plant protection in accordance with good professional practice is an important factor in agricultural production. Our farmers must be able to use and trade old cultivated varieties in order to increase the variety of varieties available to consumers.

In research, further progress in new genomic techniques (CRISPR) is important, which is why we support efforts in this direction. However, the use of genetic engineering in agricultural practice should be strictly monitored and constantly checked for its actual benefits.

Animal protection and animal

welfare We are committed to animal husbandry in Germany. The AfD stands for animal protection in the sense of our responsibility for animals as sentient creatures. We will promote species-appropriate husbandry systems in livestock farming. Regional livestock farming close to home reduces the need for animal transport. We are committed to maintaining regional slaughterhouses and the possibility of mobile slaughtering by shooting animals on pastures. In the interests of animal welfare, transport times should not exceed six hours. For breeding purposes, the transport of live animals must be possible under defined conditions and under strict veterinary control by certified companies.

The robust animals that develop in species-appropriate conditions and healthy livestock populations contribute significantly to the prevention of multi-resistant germs by reducing the necessary use of antibiotics. Slaughtering according to religious rituals (slaughtering) is only permitted after sufficient stunning. The duration of stunning must be guaranteed for the entire slaughtering process. The German standard for slaughterhouses must also be applied to imported goods.

Climate

Climate change has always existed. It is a complex phenomenon caused by a multitude of factors. The question of the human contribution to this is scientifically unanswered. A so-called energy transition costing thousands of billions of euros cannot be built on this.

There is therefore no reason to restrict or even prohibit the necessary and sensible use of fossil fuels (i.e. coal, natural gas, oil) (e.g. combustion engine ban). The alleged scientific consensus of "man-made climate change" was already politically constructed. It falls completely apart with the recently published rejection of an alleged "climate crisis" by around 2000 experts, including two Nobel Prize winners.

together

(World Climate Declaration, <https://clintel.org>). The IPCC's predictions are based on inadequate models. The warnings of so-called "climate science" have completely turned from the ice age predicted in the 1970s to the current claim of "global warming". The actual observations of the past 30 years remained far below the disaster scenarios predicted at that time. On the contrary, CO₂ is proving to be a driver of increased global plant growth and thus promotes world food supply. However, there is clear evidence that the climate changes naturally, and that humans' ability to adapt to it is a historical fact. Warm periods in particular were often the heydays of cultures.

Even the frequency of extreme weather events has not increased in recent decades, as even the IPCC has now had to admit. The damage caused by extreme weather events, such as in the Ahr Valley, often goes due to political failure, lack of maintenance and inadequate protective measures, such as missing dams and sewers. Historically known floodplains were irresponsibly developed.

Instead of investing in the country's own infrastructure, money is spent on ideologically motivated climate protection projects such as cycle paths in Peru, the implementation of which is often not monitored. The same applies to CO₂ certificates and "biodiesel" from China. We will deal with the billions in losses and the resulting corruption politically and criminally.

The attempt to control the climate therefore not only threatens our prosperity in Germany, but also diverts public wealth worldwide that is urgently needed to combat poverty, disease and hunger.

The fact that even animals and children are now being portrayed as "climate pests" is a life-threatening moral low point. It is clear that the current "climate policy" is directed against the people, is intended to create fear and thus threatens our freedom.

The "Great Transformation" ("The Great Reset") that has already been initiated because of the alleged "climate catastrophe" threatens our freedom to an alarming extent. The AfD vehemently rejects this goal and the associated social restructuring. This also includes the EU's "Green Deal", which is destroying the European economy and thus our prosperity.

However, the current CO₂-focused policy is already having a devastating impact on our economy, our free way of life and our prosperity: energy-intensive industries are moving away, the automotive industry is faltering and jobs are being lost at an alarming rate. This negative development threatens to accelerate in the coming years. At the same time, the masses are being deprived of well-deserved amenities such as holiday flights and affordable cars.

The only beneficiaries of the current climate policy are politicians, international corporations with their lobbies and NGOs close to politics. Interest groups and the parties supporting their federal office of the Alternative for Germany party | Eichhorster Weg 80 | 13435 Berlin are thus increasingly creating fields of activity for their own clientele - without any added value.

The AfD therefore rejects any policy and any tax that claims to protect the climate, because humans cannot protect the climate.

We also want to Paris Climate Agreement.

The AfD will give our future generations hope and the opportunity to live a dignified life in freedom and prosperity. We

will return the rampant planned and subsidized economy of the past decades to a modern social market economy with which we can master all future challenges. It is not yet too late to restore the willingness to work of broad sections of the population that has been destroyed by left-wing green ideologues.

Environmental protection instead of wind and solar

expansion Wind turbines fundamentally pose a threat to plants and animals and impair people's health and quality of life.

The death of birds, bats and insects in particular is accepted as collateral damage of the left-green energy transformation. The consequences are population declines that can lead to the extinction of protected species. No other form of energy takes such a high toll on the animal world as the wind power industry.

The further effects of soil erosion and wind drag caused by wind turbines must be addressed as quickly as possible

to
explore.

In addition, this type of energy production has massive impacts on soil and water resources.

Further damage to our nature in the name of supposed climate protection must be prevented at all costs. That is why we reject the further expansion of wind energy.

We reject the construction of new photovoltaic systems as agro-PV on agricultural land due to the high land consumption. In addition, these increase the heating of the microclimate and intensify the pressure on agricultural production areas. Photovoltaic systems generally lead to a change in the microclimate and cause a rise in temperature.

Hunting, species protection and fishing

Hunting is nature conservation in practice. The AfD supports ethical hunting in harmony with nature. We stand for the tried and tested principle of forest with game. We clearly reject the "forest before game" ideology that is prevalent in left-green circles and that degrades game species to pests. This is because it contradicts animal protection and wildlife biology – and thus ethical hunting. Through active management, problematic wild animal population sizes can be monitored and corrected regionally in a timely manner. As the example

of the wolf shows, a sense of reality must take precedence over uncontrolled settlement. The wolf population must be understood as a uniform European population. It is spatially and numerically regulated according to Swedish and be regulated according

to the Norwegian model. The AfD will implement the possibility of population regulation and the designation of wolf-free areas.

wake of the global Goods traffic penetrate along the
major Long-distance trade routes and international ports increasingly

Alien invaders are entering local ecosystems and disrupting the ecological balance. It is clear that alien species not only have a negative impact on our local nature, but also cause financial and health damage. We will make greater efforts to prevent the introduction of invasive animal and plant species and to contain their spread.

Prevention and early detection must play an even more important role. Invasive properties are enshrined in law as a reason for removal.

Fishing is a cultural asset. The AfD rejects all ideologically based restrictions on professional fishing and angling. We support the elimination of competitive disadvantages and stand for a pragmatic determination of catch quantities. We reject a ban on gillnet fishing in the Baltic Sea, the expansion of the core nature conservation zones and the linking of the catch quota to the cutter. Smaller fishing companies must not be driven to ruin and hobby fishing will not be more strictly regulated. We are committed to real sustainability in close coordination with our local fishermen and anglers. This is of course done in the interests of nature conservation in order to preserve resources in the long term.

Forest care and forestry Over a third of the total area of our country is forested. In order to maintain a healthy forest with game, forestry measures are needed that are in harmony with the economy, ecology and local recreation. The AfD is committed to promoting wood as a building material and energy source in order to achieve sustainable management and protection of the forests. We will implement the reduction of the excessive bureaucracy in documentation in the forestry industry.

The benefits of forests as water reservoirs, suppliers of natural building materials and wood as an energy source are undisputed. Sustainable management over generations must be the unchangeable goal be. We reject the

further closure of forest areas in the sense of a misunderstood idea of protection. Due to its dense population, Germany needs a rational balancing of interests when using forests. Professional management is essential for the preservation of the forest. In this context, the AfD stands for sustainable forest conversion.

The lobbying work of self-proclaimed environmental associations in favour of the wind power industry, which has been carried out for years under the auspices of the EU, must be stopped

as soon as possible. We firmly reject the deforestation of the cultural asset of forests for wind turbines in order to protect wild species and to hand over an intact natural environment to our children.

Water protection and drinking water supply Water protection does not belong in the hands of the EU, but in Germany and the individual federal states. In coordinated cooperation with representatives of municipalities, agriculture and other actors, they can ensure water protection much more effectively.

The AfD supports regional water supply by municipalities and special purpose associations. Ownership of water resources,

extraction systems, water treatment and the pipeline network must remain in public hands and thus in the hands of the citizens. In this context, we reject the introduction of further taxes and levies for water withdrawals.

EU-wide liberalization and commercialization of the water market must be prevented at all costs. There must be no general privatization of water or waterworks, as encouraged by EU directives. Wells owned by private property owners who obtain their drinking water from them are exempt from this.

Time for Security External Security

Foreign policy must be realpolitik in Germany's

interest The prerequisite for German foreign policy is a sovereign Germany that guarantees freedom, justice and prosperity as well as the security of its citizens.

The “values-based” foreign policy of recent decades has not made the world safer and has not prevented the outbreak of the largest war in Europe since 1945.

The Alternative for Germany sees itself as a party in which diplomacy and peaceful conflict resolution are a priority.

We stand for a Europe of fatherlands and firmly reject the centralist aspirations of the European Union (EU). This union of European nations,

which we strive for as an economic and interest community, preserves the extensive sovereignty of its member states internally and enables coordination in their external appearance.

German foreign policy must once again be guided by real-political requirements rather than unrealistic ideologies.

The AfD rejects the communitisation of the European Foreign and Security Policy (CFSP) and the European External Action Service (High Representative CFSP / EU Defence Commissioner).

The AfD is committed to the principles of international law, in particular the Charter of the United Nations (UN). In

the spirit of the Helsinki Treaty, the AfD votes for the principle that no country may interfere in the internal affairs

of another. The

right of peoples to self-determination

must not be undermined by the agendas of intergovernmental organizations, non-governmental organizations (NGOs) and the increasing power of global corporations.

We demand that foreign NGOs operating in Germany disclose their sources of funding.

A stable European peace order requires balanced cooperation based on the legitimate security interests of all

European states.

We reject an eastward expansion of the EU and the North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO).

The world is undergoing a transition to a multipolar world order. Germany must not become the object of foreign interests. Together with our European partners, we want to shape and ensure a stable peace

order in the future. We must expand our sovereignty, confidently formulate our national interests and pursue them rigorously.

The AfD supports the security policy concept of strategic autonomy for Europe and its development into its own center of power in the changing world order.

A stable peace order in Europe and the world also secures vital foreign trade relations and Germany's primary energy needs. We therefore pursue an interest-driven relationship with the world's major powers, with China and the USA, as well as with the Russian Federation.

Until In order to build an independent and effective European military alliance, membership in NATO and an active role for Germany in the Organisation for Security and Cooperation in Europe (OSCE) remain central elements of our security strategy.

Defense policy – restoring Germany's defense capability The German armed forces

are not capable of defending themselves. With the “turning point” proclaimed in February 2022, this

was also recognized by the federal government.

Nevertheless, the necessary measures for the reconstruction of the Bundeswehr are not

being taken. Due to chronic underfunding over decades, the ongoing transfer of operational material and weapons systems from the Bundeswehr's stocks to Ukraine and the constant strain on the troops caused by the training of Ukrainian soldiers, the German armed forces are in a desolate state. There is a lack of personnel and operational equipment.

In order to be able to fulfill the main mission of national and alliance defense again, our Bundeswehr must not only be well equipped financially, but must also be given back its operational readiness, particularly in terms of material and personnel.

In order to avoid conflicts of loyalty, service in the armed forces should be reserved exclusively for German citizens.

Privatization and centralization should only be used where they are demonstrably necessary to increase the operational capability of the troops. Responsibility must be returned to the inspectors and commanders who are responsible for fulfilling the mission.

The AfD calls for the development of an autonomous and efficient defense industry in Germany.

The new hybrid threats and cyberattacks by state and non-state actors must be addressed by massively strengthening the

Bundeswehr in this area. We also call for the development of offensive cyber capabilities to deter potential opponents from attacks on critical infrastructure.

In addition to strengthening the operational readiness of personnel and material, the Bundeswehr must also be revitalized ideologically.

Motivation and loyalty of our soldiers to Germany are crucial in determining victory or defeat in the event of a defense.

The Bundeswehr should therefore once again cultivate a strong esprit de corps, its traditions and German

values. The virtues of the soldier are honor, loyalty, camaraderie and bravery. The Bundeswehr must live the best traditions of German military history. These help to manifest soldierly attitudes and virtues - also in public. Military songs and customs are part of this.

Expanding civil protection in Germany With

the end of the Cold War, civil protection measures in Germany were gradually reduced, so that the protection of the population in the event of a defense is no longer guaranteed. There are not enough operational shelters available. We therefore call for the development and expansion of an operational infrastructure for the civilian population.

Germany in Europe and the world We

welcome the development towards a multipolar world and want to exploit its opportunities and minimise its risks.

The United Nations must be reformed to take account of the changing priorities in the world.

We are striving for a permanent seat for Germany on the UN Security Council and the removal of the enemy state clause directed against Germany from the United Nations Charter. We also want to terminate the UN Global Compact for Migration and the UN Global Compact on Refugees.

A new peace order on the European continent A stable peace order in Europe requires balanced cooperation between all European states, whose legitimate security interests

to must be taken into account.

The role of the OSCE in stabilizing crisis regions in Europe and its periphery must be further developed. All opportunities for dialogue must be used. There must be no new "Iron Curtain" in Europe.

We are committed to strengthening and expanding control mechanisms in nuclear and conventional armaments as well as to renegotiating suspended treaties (INF, START, ABM, MBFR, etc.).

We reject demands for reparations, such as those put forward by Poland and Greece, because these questions have already been conclusively settled under international law. The legal and peaceful order that has developed in Europe must not be called into question by unacceptable demands.

The relationship with selected countries USA Good

relations with the United States (USA) are of essential importance for Germany and Europe, especially those of economic, technological

and scientific cooperation.

The geopolitical and economic interests of the USA are increasingly diverging from those of Germany and other European countries. An example of this is the energy supply, such as the massive attempt by the USA to prevent the Nord Stream gas pipeline from going into operation. Germany must not allow itself to be drawn into conflicts by decisions made by the USA that set the course for other powers.

We reject the planned stationing of long-range US weapons systems (cruise missiles, drones and rockets) in Germany. Russia For decades, Russia has been a reliable supplier and guarantor of affordable energy supplies, which is the Achilles heel of the German economy due to our energy-intensive industry. Restoring uninterrupted trade with Russia includes the immediate lifting of economic sanctions against Russia and the repair of the Nord Stream pipelines.

Germany's relations with the Eurasian Economic Union are to be expanded.

Ukraine

The war in Ukraine has thrown the European peace order into disarray. We see the future of Ukraine as a neutral state outside NATO and the EU.

European Neighbourhood Turkey may not be part of Europe culturally, but it is an important strategic and economic partner for us.

We reject interference in our internal affairs through ideological or financial support of Islamist and nationalist groups from abroad.

The path to peace in the Middle East does not lead through terror, war or international interference, but through confidence-building measures. The goal is a just peace based on international law, equality and mutual recognition.

Our primary interests are preventing new mass migration and a warlike conflagration in the Middle East.

China

The relationship with the People's Republic of China must be oriented towards Germany's real political interests. We want to expand our economic, scientific and cultural contacts with China. China is of outstanding importance as a trading partner for Germany as competitors and partners at the same time. It is in our interest to further promote relations, but only under strict adherence to equality and fair competition and with protection against the siphoning off and selling off of German technology.

The Chinese leadership has started a global infrastructure project that has become known as the "New Silk Road" and is intended to strengthen Chinese influence in the world. To the extent that this presents opportunities for the German economy, we want to take advantage of them.

All development aid to China must be stopped with immediate effect.

Trade policy – Germany must expand its economic strengths The global economy is currently caught in the tension between a further expansion of global interdependencies and their moderate return to decentralized, regionally focused value creation structures.

German foreign trade policy must ensure non-discriminatory access to foreign import and export markets for German companies. This includes access to raw materials and freedom of trade routes.

Its core task is therefore to maintain reliable trade rules and to develop them further in line with the interests of our country. We reject ideologically motivated solo efforts, such as the Supply Chain Act.

We support the reform of the World Trade Organization (WTO) and promote cooperation with the BRICS countries and regional organizations such as ASEAN and Mercosur.

We also call for greater control and

consideration of Germany's overall economic and defense policy interests when German companies are taken over by foreign corporations and financial investors. Security- relevant and basic service-relevant areas must be protected from takeovers.

We consider decisions of foreign courts and authorities that have extraterritorial effect to be null and void, and unilaterally imposed sanctions against economic projects in our country to be contrary to international law.

Germany's foreign cultural and educational policy The task of Germany's foreign cultural policy must be to build bridges to other peoples, to deepen knowledge of German culture and history and to support the domestic economy and tourism by establishing and maintaining international contacts.

The German foreign broadcasters, the Goethe Institutes and various cultural projects are intended to convey a positive image of Germany in the world and promote our rich cultural heritage. A better understanding of our cultural values, traditions and history creates trust.

The AfD expressly acknowledges Germany's duty of care towards German minorities abroad. Therefore, one focus of our foreign cultural policy must be to support these minorities in preserving their cultural and linguistic identity.

The AfD is committed to ensuring that the European Charter for Regional and Minority Languages is observed.

In the EU institutions, the German language must actually be given equal status to the procedural languages English and French, in accordance with its legal status and its prevalence.

Reshaping development policy German development policy has failed.

The AfD calls for a development policy that takes German security and economic interests into account. In particular, the granting of development aid is exclusively dependent on the willingness of the partner countries

to withdrawal of their out of Germany and their rapid and effective cooperation in determining their citizenship or ethnic origin.

Help must be help for self-help – and not support for corrupt systems. Complete control over the use of the funds provided is the

The basis of all development cooperation. We call for an increase in in-kind contributions (e.g. local training assistance, infrastructure projects) and a reduction in financial contributions.

The

promotion from questionable gender and WOKE ideology-based development projects must be stopped.

In addition, we are committed to bringing the EU's development aid policy back to the level of the member states in order to better represent the interests of the nation states.

Development aid to China and India, or to nuclear powers such as Pakistan, must be cut.

In general, due to the extremely difficult budgetary situation, we see the need to significantly reduce funding for development cooperation.

Asylum and migration policy In recent decades, the political framework in Germany has been designed in such a way that the country has become the main attraction, especially for poverty migrants from the Near and Middle East and from Africa.

In addition, German social systems have an enormous pull effect and are setting in motion huge migration flows. In conjunction with the irresponsible policy of open borders, which is fuelling uncontrolled immigration in the millions, the federal government is sending signals that are completely contrary to the interests of our country. out of. The consequences of this are uncontrolled population growth, excessive demands on public finances, significantly increasing crime, and endangerment of social security systems and the housing market. While some of our European neighbors have recognized the problem and taken effective countermeasures to reduce mass immigration to an absolute minimum, German politicians remain inactive. Instead of reforming asylum law, the government has committed itself to legalizing illegal immigration.

An existential question such as immigration must be decided on a national level through free self-determination. This means that Germany alone decides who is allowed to come to Germany. Controls and the associated rejections at the border

must be seen as a natural right of sovereign states.

The AfD will initiate a clear turnaround in the previous migration policy and will once again control the national borders. The freedom of movement regulations within the EU will remain unaffected. In future, only those who are permitted to do so will be allowed to enter the country. All migration policy regulations initiated in recent years that are not in Germany's interest will be withdrawn. Anyone who does not have the right to remain and is staying in Germany illegally will be deported.

Regulate immigration nationally again German law excludes entry for the purpose of granting asylum if applicants come from a safe third country. Contrary to this legal situation, however, such entries have been tolerated for years. Dublin transfers back to the responsible EU country of first entry usually fail due to the unwillingness of these EU member states. In reality, almost every asylum seeker, even those who have entered the country illegally, therefore stays here permanently. This situation is intolerable. The reference to an allegedly necessary review of responsibility for the asylum procedure expressly does not apply here, as this would also be possible in the already safe neighboring EU country that was previously passed through.

Measures to maintain public safety and protect internal security also take precedence over European provisions on asylum and immigration law. In addition, the abandonment of internal border controls at the time only was agreed on the condition that external border

security is guaranteed and that all EU member states comply with the standards for the implementation of asylum procedures and the Dublin regulations. In addition, the mass migration to the EU since 2015 was not foreseeable when the EU Treaty was ratified in 1993.

This means that the basis of the European asylum regulation has ceased to exist, which is why Germany no longer has any obligation in this regard.

The "Common European Asylum System" (CEAS) has completely failed, which is why we will not continue down this wrong path. Instead, as with Denmark, we will no longer participate in the EU's common policy on asylum, subsidiary protection and temporary protection as part of an "opt-out".

Instead, we will control our borders ourselves again and use the Federal Police as a border authority to

effectively prevent illegal entries and to be able to consistently turn back people entering the country illegally at the border. This will also help combat cross-border crime. We will continue to ensure the flow of commuters, holidaymakers and goods.

We will also implement the following measures in compliance with the rule of law: Establishment of detention centres at the border to ensure measures to terminate residence Termination

of the UN Migration and Refugee Pact Initiation of a reform of the Geneva Refugee Convention (GCR) and the European Convention on Human Rights (ECHR) with the aim of adapting to current circumstances since 2015 Conversion of the individual right of asylum into an institutional guarantee or a simple statutory regulation The legal right to admission for the purpose of the asylum procedure is limited to persons who are directly and specifically threatened Closing the asylum paradise of Germany Due to its government policy and its legal effects, Germany has borne the brunt of illegal immigration to Europe since 2015. The AfD will address this problem with a comprehensive catalogue of measures to

restoration of orderly conditions.

We will work to ensure that asylum procedures and applications for subsidiary protection are submitted and processed outside of Germany in the future. No blanket immigration quotas and redistribution quotas, regardless of whether they are national, European or non-European. Termination of the voluntary admission programs for Afghanistan. Investigation of the "Afghanistan local staff scandal" within the framework of a parliamentary committee of inquiry. No admission of migrants as part of a "European solution" who reach Europe through misuse of sea rescue. Rather, in accordance with international maritime law, those affected must always be disembarked at the nearest seaport. Federal headquarters of the Alternative for Germany party | Eichhorster Weg 80 | 13435 Berlin We will immediately stop funding for so-called civil sea rescue in the

Mediterranean and conclude agreements with the Maghreb states that ensure the transfer of rescued migrants to the states concerned Application for asylum and other protection status only with proven identity and nationality Abolition of the right to asylum in the event of false statements about identity in the asylum procedure Significant expansion of the number of safe countries of origin

Combating the misuse of legally issued visas for the purpose of applying for asylum by tightening up the visa procedures with the relevant states
Loss of protection status and re-entry ban after asylum seekers and those granted subsidiary protection travel to their country of origin
Abolition of the basic right to family reunification for family members of those granted subsidiary protection
Permanent right of residence for recognized asylum seekers only after 10 years, combined with an annual review of the continued existence of grounds for asylum over ten years
Ending the uncontrolled growth of asylum procedure advice and support. Procedural advice may only be provided in accordance with current law. State funding of NGOs in this area must be stopped
No more work permits outside of compulsory non-profit work opportunities for asylum seekers and rejected asylum seekers
Accommodation in central reception centers for the duration of the asylum procedure
We will streamline the asylum procedures before the administrative courts within the framework of the rule of law. We will increase staff to reduce old cases
Reduce economic incentives
As international comparisons show, the material benefits for asylum seekers in Germany are too high. They have an attractive effect and overtax our country's financial capacity. Even rejected asylum seekers and those required to leave the country cause costs in the tens of billions due to their stay, which must be borne by taxpayers and contributors.

Currently, asylum recognition leads to immediate equality in all social security systems, without any prior personal contribution. This is unfair in terms of social and tax policy.

The AfD therefore calls for a reduction in incentives and for social justice to be maintained: social benefits for asylum seekers should, if possible, be provided in kind, otherwise by means of a payment card if the provision of benefits in kind is not possible with reasonable effort.

Benefits for those required to leave the country must be reduced to a humane minimum subsistence level
In addition, recognition must no longer mean automatic, immediate, temporally and substantively unlimited entitlement to all welfare state benefits.

Benefit cuts for asylum seekers if job opportunities are rejected. Germany needs a comprehensive repatriation offensive
The German failure to repatriate is no longer acceptable. This applies equally to deportations to the country of origin and to Dublin returns to the EU country of first entry. The current situation is the opposite of the rule of law and is an expression of the continued failure of the state in migration policy.

Repatriation measures are being circumvented with the help of old and new residence permit regulations, thus perpetuating illegal residence. This is also the purpose of the widely used instrument of tolerating persons required to leave the country, a practice with which these people are sometimes given a residence permit that is constantly being extended in the form of a chain toleration. In principle, a toleration is only a certificate of the temporary suspension of deportation. Under no circumstances, however, should the granting of a toleration constitute the basis for permanent residence. With the newly introduced so-called opportunity residence right, tolerated persons who had lived in Germany for 5 years as of January 1, 2022 were even given the chance to receive a residence permit within months if they met the most minimal requirements.

In conclusion, it can be said that the basic intention of the right of residence, the control and limitation of the influx of foreigners, has been turned into the opposite and downright perverted for years. The permanent stays of rejected asylum seekers fundamentally undermine the meaning of the actual concept of protection.

An AfD-led federal government will put an end to this state failure, consistently deport persons who are not entitled to stay and are required to leave the country, and take the following measures to remedy the blatant enforcement deficits in this area: implement:
Consistent deportation of all persons required to leave the country in the sense of a strict application of existing law; abolition of all regulations on the right of residence for persons required to leave the country, in particular the training and employment toleration and the right of residence based on opportunity; replacement of the toleration with a certificate of the obligation to leave the country; massive pressure on countries of origin that are not prepared to take back the person, e.g. through economic sanctions, suspension of development aid and the visa lever; promotion of voluntary return.

Revocation of humanitarian residence permits once the reason for fleeing no longer applies.
Immediate repatriation of foreign threats, extremists and serious criminals either to their countries of origin or to third countries willing to accept them.

Consistent punishment of NGOs preventing deportation
Federal office of the Alternative for Germany party | Eichhorster Weg 80 | 13435 Berlin
Expansion of detention and custody places near the border and at the

international airports.

Abolition of church asylum. Termination of the church asylum agreement between the Federal Office for Migration and Refugees (BAMF) and the churches.

Following the Syria ruling of the Münster Higher Administrative Court in July (judgment of July 16, 2024, case number 14A 2847/19.a), we will also expressly implement this change of course with the largest group of immigrants since 2014/15 - the Syrians. Following the ruling, there is no longer any serious,

individual threat to the life or physical integrity of civilians in Syria as a result of a civil war. Against this background, we will implement the following measures as part of a repatriation offensive: Initiation of the repatriation of criminals, dangerous persons and all Syrian citizens who are no longer entitled to protection Initiation of revocation procedures for Syrians previously recognised as entitled to subsidiary

protection Initiation of negotiations with the Syrian

government, bilaterally and within the association of EU member states, on the return of Syrian citizens

Offensive promotion of voluntary return in connection with the expansion of federal programs to promote voluntary return to Syria If the conditions are met, we will also proceed analogously with

persons from other asylum countries of origin.

Integration

The guiding principle for any form of immigration must be the ability and willingness of migrants to integrate and the integration possibilities of the host society and its state. The classic immigration

countries such as Canada

and

Australia have

been acting according

to this principle for a long time. Despite

Despite the pressure of millions of immigrants on Germany in recent years - around 15 million have

moved here since 2010, many of them illegally and for illegal reasons - politicians have ignored and repressed the problems that have arisen and are arising as a result. The proportion of EU citizens in this

immigration was around 40%. After balancing immigration with emigration in the same period, there is still an increase in population of around 5 million people.

Integration was originally put forward by the so-called workers' associations as a demand for more acceptance and humanity for guest workers. However, thousands of immigrants have successfully integrated into our country since then without politics contributing much beyond the local level. In view of the massive alienation in our cities and the parallel societies that have grown up must the ability to integrate our state must first be restored.

We will put an end to false incentives in social policy, which has so far made only a small contribution to integration. Participation in our free, democratic society is subject to certain conditions. These include learning the German language and recognizing our values and our constitutional state.

Willingness to perform, willingness to adapt and a conscious affirmation of German living conditions are prerequisites for

being fully accepted and creating added value for everyone. A radical change in German migration policy is therefore required in order to prevent further damage to our country and to reduce the existing problems to a tolerable level.

The AfD therefore demands

that the ability to integrate be restored by strictly limiting access.

No integration of those without residency rights at any price / limit the asylum industry Active participation

of all migrants in successful integration. This includes appropriate language acquisition, at least at

B2 level, within a reasonable time, usually within 2 years, in exceptional cases within 5 years Costs for self-inflicted failed integration

measures (e.g. language courses that are aborted) are to be

reimbursed Acceptance of the basic principles of community life in Germany, which in their legal core arise from the country's

constitution and the legal

system based on it.

German citizenship must not be given away The AfD will reverse the

increasingly lax requirements for acquiring German citizenship and instead return to the legal situation that existed until 1990, i.e. the

acquisition of German citizenship by birth as a child of at least one German parent and as a discretionary decision in the interest of the community.

The following measures are necessary in this context: In the case of

discretionary naturalisation, the naturalising authority must be guided, in making individual decisions, by the fact that only such naturalisations are to be carried out which strengthen the community by adding a loyal new citizen

Multiple nationalities, apart from justified exceptions, in particular those under common Union law, entail the risk of conflicts of loyalty and should therefore be ruled out

again in the future.

We will abolish the acquisition of German citizenship by birth in Germany for children of foreign parents, as well as the right to naturalization due to a long stay in Germany.

Migration and the housing market In order to limit the housing shortage in areas with tight housing markets, especially for young families, the allocation of housing to persons entitled to asylum and especially to asylum seekers in these residential areas must be limited as much as possible.

Likewise, in problem areas that already have parallel or even counter societies of more than 25% non-EU migrants or suffer from increased crime, and where integration has consequently already failed, no further allocation of asylum seekers or persons entitled to asylum should take place, especially not in the form of large accommodation facilities.

We reject the circumvention of German building law through special regulations such as those in Section 246 of the German Building Code for the construction of accommodation for migrants who previously entered the country mostly illegally. Promoting the immigration of qualified specialists We welcome the immigration of qualified specialists who can contribute to the success of our country. This applies to all professional fields in which we have a shortage, for example in the skilled trades, in the health sector, in scientific and IT professions. However, we will put an end to the misguided path of mixing permanent qualified immigration with temporary humanitarian protection.

Before we allow any further immigration of skilled workers from outside Europe, we will first exploit the domestic potential. We will then select suitable non-European workers according to strict criteria, based on demand. We will implement the following measures in this context: The migration of local, mostly highly qualified workers must be prevented with all our might, as must the migration of entire companies. Instead of such migration, we need recovery programs for top performers who have left.

Technological solutions such as artificial intelligence (AI), robotics and digitization or economic productivity increases must also be consistently implemented to combat any shortage of skilled workers. In the case of unskilled persons, the priority is to qualify those who are able to work and who already live legally in Germany. We welcome the admission of European workers who come to Germany, particularly within the framework of the EU's freedom of movement for workers, but at the same time we will resolutely combat any abuses that occur in this regard. The law on skilled immigration from outside Europe needs to be reformed. As part of a selection process, we will introduce a points system with clear selection criteria, such as professional experience, existing employment relationships or contracts, sufficient language skills, etc. and set appropriate sectors and quotas based on needs. For highly qualified non-European applicants, we want to further develop the tried and tested instrument of the EU Blue Card and in future address in particular experts in the MINT professions (mathematics, computer science, natural sciences and technology) as well as skilled workers.

Internal Security One of the basic requirements for internal

security in Germany is controllable borders. Since the terrorist attack on the Berlin Christmas market, people have been exposed to a multitude of from

Knife attacks, further terrorist attacks such as those in Mannheim and Solingen and a significant increase in violent crime and gang rapes. Left-wing extremist violent excesses such as those of Antifa and increasing violent crime by clans, gangs and foreign mafia have eroded internal security. We will combat these untenable conditions effectively.

Effectively combating crime Crime by foreigners: The further increase in the proportion of foreigners committing violent, sexual and drug-related crimes is becoming ever more apparent. In order to combat this effectively, all options under immigration law must be exhausted and expanded beyond criminal prosecution measures. We therefore call for the creation of legal requirements for: Denial of a right of residence for foreign violent offenders and terrorists in Germany Consistent enforcement of the mandatory deportation of convicted foreign criminals and the establishment of the obligation to do so in the criminal judgment Preventive detention for foreign dangerous individuals and terrorists Inadmissibility of naturalisation of convicted criminals Organised crime: The systematic commission of crimes that are of considerable importance individually or as a whole, motivated by the desire for profit or power and often internationally networked, undermines society and the economy to an unacceptable extent.

Clan and gang crime: Ethnically isolated subcultures have now emerged out of dem Arab cultural circles with their own structures and

values have formed in Germany, living in parallel societies with no-go areas. These gangs, as well as national and international gangs, pose an enormous challenge to our constitutional state.

The forms of crime described must be fought against; they must be destroyed. We therefore demand: A significant increase in the number of investigative authorities in terms of staff and equipment, as well as a more attractive design of the job profile, with a guarantee of adequate protection for the investigating officers Assets acquired through criminal activities must be consistently confiscated. To this end, we demand the introduction of a legally standardized obligation to provide evidence of the origin of significant and untraceable assets acquired by criminals and their family members, following the Italian model Creation of the legal requirements for the immediate deportation of foreign criminals and the prior confiscation of assets for damage settlement Creation of the legal requirements for the exclusion of the targeted infiltration of investigative authorities Support for public prosecutors and courts in the federal states to cope with this task for society as a whole by increasing the share of tax revenue Juvenile criminal law The number of juvenile and adolescent criminals has increased significantly in recent years increased; this is particularly noticeable

among people with a migrant background. Children are increasingly being caught committing crimes. The current juvenile criminal law no longer meets the requirements. We therefore demand:

- Reduction of the age of criminal responsibility to 12 years
- Applicability of juvenile criminal law only to young people up to the age of 18
- Imprisonment of persons classified as multiple and intensive offenders
- Regular implementation of biological age determination: in case of doubt as to whether Juvenile criminal law is still applicable, in the case of serious crimes and in the case of repeat offenders
- Strengthening the police
- The police officers at federal and state level ensure public safety with great personal commitment. Politics does not do justice to this with the existing shortage of personnel, structural deficiencies, inadequate equipment and weapons, poor pay and abysmal social security. By deliberately tightening up civil service and disciplinary law, an instrument has been created to politically influence civil servants.

We therefore demand:

- No management of security authorities by political officials
- Fundamental rejection of ideological checks and the consequences resulting from them
- Abolition of all politically installed police commissioners, internal denunciation offices and the reversal of the burden of proof in disciplinary proceedings, as these run counter to all democratic principles and the liberal view of humanity
- Removal of the possibility of immediate dismissal of officials for political reasons
- Uniform national pay and

- appropriate remuneration with risk allowances as well as additional allowances for overtime and special operations for police and rescue services
- Improvement of armament and equipment
- Assumption of the costs for disability and professional liability insurance by the employer and ensuring legal protection for civil servants in official matters
- Adjustment of survivors' benefits to the amount of the pension entitlement of the last office in the event of death due to a qualified work-related accident
- Adaptation of the police's criminal prosecution powers and search options to the current crime trend
- Improving the justice system, criminal enforcement and execution
- The AfD is committed to a rapid improvement in the organization of the justice system, to strengthening our legal system and to effective legal protection for citizens.

In addition to modernizing the procedural code, which dates back to the 19th century, we demand the creation of legal requirements for:

- Suspended sentences for prison sentences only after the minimum period has been served
- Separate accommodation of short-term prisoners and persons serving a substitute prison sentence from the regular prison system
- Increase in judicial staff
- Seriousness of the crime and its consequences as an additional reason for imprisonment

Revise gun law The unstructured gun law urgently needs to be revised. With the changes to the Weapons Act from October 2024, all citizens who carry a small fruit or pocket knife, for example, will now be criminalized. The legal situation created by activists is opaque for authorities, experts and especially citizens.

It completely ignores the real problems. Instead of legal gun owners and

Placing citizens under general suspicion is a way to put a stop to illegal weapons possession and trafficking.

Resolutely combat violence and extremism The AfD is committed to the anti-totalitarian founding consensus of the Federal Republic of Germany. The militant democracy must defend itself against its enemies - regardless of their origin. This applies to right-wing extremism as well as left-wing extremism and religious - mostly Islamist - extremism.

The fight against left-wing extremism, which repeatedly spreads violence, fear and terror, is currently being grossly neglected by the state. The AfD will put an end to this injustice.

In the case of organizations that are associated with violent left-wing extremism, a possible withdrawal of public funding is not enough. These organizations must be banned, and the use of their symbols and signs must be made punishable.

The so-called Antifa is classified as a terrorist organization.

Attacks on critical infrastructure (e.g. gas, water, electricity) and traffic safety have increased dramatically in recent years, particularly due to actions by climate extremists. We demand consistent prosecution, including measures depriving people of their freedom, as well as making it easier to assert and enforce civil claims against those responsible.

Clubs and associations that support extremists are from to exclude state funding.

Danger from Islamist terrorism The AfD fully supports freedom of belief, conscience and religion in accordance with Article 4 of the Basic Law. Muslims who integrate and recognize our basic order and fundamental rights are valued members of our society. However, political Islam, in its sometimes violent form, represents the greatest threat to Christian-Western culture in Germany.

If a liberal Western society turns a blind eye to the dangers that political Islam poses to internal security, these dangers will not diminish, but will become a real threat to the existence of the free society. We will oppose this.

Criminality of the demand for a caliphate The public

demand for the establishment of a caliphate made by parts of the Muslims living in Germany at events and demonstrations is diametrically opposed to the free democratic basic order and is unconstitutional; it must be punishable. With regard to foreign participants, the legal requirements

for measures to terminate the residence of foreigners must be created and enforced; they must be deported.

The operation of so-called Koran schools that teach unconstitutional content must be stopped and banned.

Terrorist organizations aim to eliminate democratic and constitutional structures through their actions. We therefore call for the activities of so-called justices of the peace to be introduced as a criminal

offense in the penal code. The activities of these "justices of the peace" are the actual elimination of the legal order.

We see the necessary legal consequences as the termination of the residence permit, if applicable the termination of the granting of asylum and the confiscation of the assets acquired through the activity. Agents are considered instigators.

No-go areas and parallel societies It is not only

in German cities that Muslim-dominated districts with corresponding parallel societies have emerged, in which the rule of law and the executive play less and less of a role, but so-called justices of the peace determine social life on the basis of Sharia law.

The necessary resources must continue to be made available and measures (such as raids and checkpoints) implemented so that the rule of law can be enforced again in the so-called no-go areas.

The activity of the so-called justice of the peace is equivalent to vigilante justice and is incompatible with the judicial sovereignty and the monopoly of the state on the use of force; it is punishable by law. Federal

Office of the Alternative for Germany Party | Eichhorster Weg 80 | 13435 Berlin. The justice of the peace is not an organ of the administration of justice. His decisions must not have any legal effect.

We oppose further Islamization. The AfD rejects granting Islamic organizations corporate status under public law.

The AfD demands that Islamist associations and mosque communities be consistently banned if the relevant conditions are met.

Criticism of Islam, like any other criticism of religion, is legitimized by the fundamental right to freedom of expression. It is unacceptable to suppress criticism of Islam by accusing it of "Islamophobia" or so-called anti-Muslim racism.

Jewish life in Germany is threatened primarily by anti-Jewish and anti-Israel Muslims. Attacks on Jews and anti-Semitic insults must

be consistently punished criminally. The Al-Quds Days in Berlin, where demonstrators demand the destruction of Israel, must be permanently banned.

We want to prohibit by law the financing of the construction and operation of mosques and organizations in Germany by foreign states. Imams preaching in Germany should commit to our constitution, preach in German if possible, and be trained in Germany. When they are admitted, they must be able to present a C1 certificate for the German language from the Common European Framework of Reference for Languages.

The chairs of Islamic theology at German universities should be abolished and the positions should be transferred to confessionally neutral Islamic studies.

The civil status registers of the registry offices must be made accessible to the job centres in order to prevent misuse of citizen's allowance by second or third wives.

Marriage contracts concerning property and maintenance matters should only be allowed to be concluded under German law.

Polygamy, forced marriage and child marriages

Marriages of Muslims living in Germany that are based on polygamy, forced marriage and child marriages are contrary to German law and public order. They must be annulled. Legal norms must be created to regulate the consequences of such an annulment for those involved.

The AfD opposes the oppression of Muslim women and demands equal rights for men and women in all areas.

Body and face covering We also want

to prohibit the wearing of burqas and niqabs in public in Germany – similar to France, Austria, Denmark, the Netherlands and Switzerland. The ban on face coverings must be enforced in this regard.

Equipping the Federal Police

for National Border Protection In times of almost unhindered

migration as well as cross-border crime and terrorism, the protection of Europe's internal borders is of vital importance.

The Federal Police must be given the legal, personnel and technical means to fulfil this task. In terms of personnel, an incentive to take up this profession must be created by improving pay and benefits.

Emergency personnel should be retired as early as the age of 60, and managers should be retired in stages depending on their assignment, length of service and years of age.

From a technical point of view, we demand the use of the most modern search technology and electronic surveillance systems. From a legal point of view, we demand an extension of the powers of the Federal Police, especially in

Form of an extension of Section 71 of the Residence Act to include general jurisdiction of the Federal Police as a border authority also outside border crossing points.

Time for solidarity

Democracy and the rule of

law - the people are sovereign The federal and state governments have

violated the principles of the German constitution and law on many occasions with their European, migration and corona policies. Even the Federal Constitutional Court had to find that the federal government is not fulfilling its duty to counteract breaches of contract and self-empowerment by supranational institutions. A broad majority of citizens no longer trust that governments and parliaments will find viable solutions to currency crises, migration, Islamization or secure energy supplies.

The parties should participate in the political will-formation of the people (Article 21, paragraph 1).

GG), but do not control them. In our country, however, a political class has emerged that not only pursues the restructuring of the state in line with its left-green ideology, but at the same time also strives to maintain its power, status and material well-being. It is destroying the social and cultural future of our people, our economy and thus our prosperity. Instruments of destruction are globalization, cultural relativism, diversity and supposed "gender justice". To do this, it uses the levers of state power, political education and its informational and media influence on the population.

In order to safeguard civil rights, states and non-governmental organizations work to systematically restrict civil rights and freedoms on the basis of one-sidedly preferred scientific theories.

These include, for example, climate impact research, gender research and pandemic research.

We do not want to live in a state in which the basic rights of citizens are undermined as defensive rights against the state. That is why we will resolutely oppose the disproportionate restrictions and threats to our civil liberties.

Supranational organizations and German sovereignty Supranational

organizations such as the UN and the WHO are increasingly striving to disempower sovereign states and restrict national competencies on the way to a “world government”

The migration pact adopted by the UN General Assembly in 2018 – “Global Compact for safe, orderly and regular Migration” – is a well-known example, the devastating effects of which for Germany through further promotion of migration are obvious.

In 2024, further such agreements were prepared under the names “Compact of the Future” and “Global Digital Compact” of September 23, 2024, in the drafting of which the Federal Government also played a key role. Ostensibly, these supranational agreements are not legally binding, but in fact they are treated like applicable law and grant the UN Secretariat-General authority

to issue instructions without democratic control by parliaments.

The WHO’s planned “pandemic treaty” continues the series of agreements transferring authority to supranational institutions. The AfD firmly rejects this path of interference in national sovereignty and calls for a rejection or termination of these treaties.

Referendums based on the Swiss model We demand

referendums based on the Swiss model for Germany too. Because the unrestricted sovereignty of the people in

its tried and tested form for almost 200 years has secured the Swiss federal state a continuing leading position in prosperity, peace and freedom.

We are the only party represented in the Bundestag who believe that the German people are just as mature as those in Switzerland and other European countries.

Experience shows that citizens make decisions on issues affecting the fate of the nation with more foresight, peace and a focus on the common good than professional politicians. The AfD is therefore calling for the legal conditions to be created for the implementation of the referendums provided for in Article 20, Paragraph 2 of the Basic Law.

This is the lesson of reunification, of the rejection of the ‘EU Constitutional Treaty’ by the French and Dutch peoples and of the decision of the citizens of the United Kingdom to leave the European Union.

Essential prerequisites for the quality of referendums are a pronounced and autonomous process of decision-making, information obligations and rights, and a broad social debate.

The Basic Law cannot be changed and no significant international treaty can be concluded without the consent of the people. We want to give the people the right to keep an eye on their representatives and to change or reject laws passed by parliament.

The people should be given the opportunity to introduce legislative initiatives and also to decide on them by referendum. referendums at the federal level

must be the central subject of every

coalition negotiation. The sovereign should have the right to change or reject laws passed by parliament. And thus force our representatives to work carefully, to have to agree to changes

to the Basic Law and important international treaties and to introduce constitutional amendments and to decide on them by referendum, while observing the limits of Article 79, Paragraph 3 of the Basic Law.

Fundamental right to freedom of

expression - no censorship in public debate Any censorship of expressions of opinion represents an attack on the fundamental right to freedom of expression. A dominant position in social media and in education must not be used to unilaterally influence political decision-making. As a quasi-oligopoly, the major social media providers should be obliged to respect the freedom of expression of their users.

The Internet must be preserved as a place for free expression. We will immediately abolish government censorship regulations and government-imposed agreements with private companies that carry out censorship measures.

Self-appointed “fact checkers” and opinion watchdogs must not receive state funding.

We reject the increasing control and prohibition policy of the Federal Government in the area of media and social networks. In particular, there must be no censorship by state-appointed professional informers.

Subsidies, company investments and Through government advertising funding, the government also exerts influence on private media.

We reject this party-political influence on the media. To protect free and independent opinion-forming, we want to limit participation

from parties to ban media companies.

Ensuring the separation of powers The party-state parliamentary system of government has undermined the separation of powers and led to a shift of state power to party headquarters.

We therefore demand that MPs may not be members of a government at the same time.

The institution of parliamentary state secretaries must be abolished. This also applies to the “political officials” in the state administration – from the ministerial director to the police chief.

The Federal President, as the highest representative of the state, should be elected directly by the people.

Reform of parliamentary law Germany has one of the largest parliaments in the world. We are aiming for 500 representatives, half of whom will be elected by the first and half by the second vote. The first vote is used to directly elect the constituency candidates. With the multiple second vote, citizens can vote for a party and change the order on its list of candidates.

We reject quotas for voters based on gender or other characteristics as an infringement on the principle of "one person, one vote". We also reject lowering the voting age below 18.

We do not agree to an extension of the parliamentary term because it would increase the alienation between Parliament and the voters.

In order to strengthen the free mandate of MPs vis-à-vis their party or parliamentary group, we advocate the possibility of secret votes in parliament.

In order to ensure equal treatment of all parliamentary factions, the AfD advocates that the appointment of the presidiums in parliamentary operations should not be made by election, but by nomination of the parliamentary groups. We reject the direct influence of politically active non-governmental organizations and so-called citizens' councils on the formation of state decision-making. Free list voting and free mandate The current Bundestag electoral law has serious democratic deficiencies. Voters are currently presented with rigid party electoral lists to tick off. The party executive committees de facto determine the composition of parliament via the "safe list places". By making the electoral system more democratic, the AfD wants to give voters the decision on the personnel composition of parliament

We therefore support the "free list election", with the possibility of cumulating and deleting candidates.

Postal voting should again be restricted to exceptional cases, with justification required. Ending the parties' self-service The parties also

decide on their own issues. This includes salaries, parliamentary group and party financing, and the financing of "party-affiliated" foundations.

These foundations alone received 659 million euros in 2024. The amount of this sum alone, which amounts to more than three times the annual party funding, must be a reason to radically limit the amount of foundation funding.

All decisions on one's own behalf must be subject to the unlimited control of the audit offices. Publicity must be ensured. A restrictive restructuring of donation regulations that avoids corruption is also essential.

Fighting the party book economy No

one may be disadvantaged or favored because of their political views (Article 3, Paragraph 3 of the Basic Law). Employees of public administration must perform their duties independently and loyally. Public offices, civil service and judicial positions are to be awarded exclusively on the basis of "suitability, ability and professional performance" (Article 33, Paragraph 2 of the Basic Law); quota systems are to be rejected.

Principles of professional suitability and professional qualifications must also apply to the top personnel of the state. This also applies to the management of all companies controlled by the public sector.

"Party book economy" and patronage of office must be ended. Professional politicians: limit mandates and terms of office The unbroken trend towards professional politicians has encouraged the monopolization of power and has steadily widened the obvious gap between voters and elected officials. Nepotism, corruption, structures that promote corruption and lobbying are the result. In order to realize our ideal of the citizen representative, we call for a limitation of the term of office for the Federal Chancellor to three and for MPs to a total of four legislative periods in the EU Parliament, Bundestag or state parliament.

Controlling lobbying The advice

of our members of the Bundestag by experts and specialists is necessary and permissible.

But lobbying has changed a lot. Today it is institutionalized by EU law and has found new supranational ways, for example through private donations to the WHO. The AfD considers this development unacceptable.

Depoliticization of the judiciary

The AfD wants to prevent political parties from influencing the appointment of judges and prosecutors and thus end the politicization of the judiciary.

We therefore support the German Judges' Association's model proposal to set up a judicial election committee. We call for appointments to be made based on specific qualifications in order to protect the constitutional courts in particular from party-political influence.

We want to abolish the obligation of the public prosecutor's office to follow instructions and thus end the dependence on the justice ministries. The independence of the judiciary must be restored through self-administration, as is the case in many other European countries.

Fundamentally reform the Office for the Protection of

the Constitution The officially organised Office for the Protection of the Constitution has degenerated

into government protection and in its current form no longer fulfils its original tasks. It must be fundamentally reformed. Until then, parliamentary control must be guaranteed by each of the parliamentary groups represented.

Tasks such as counterterrorism and protection against espionage or sabotage are the responsibility of the Federal Intelligence Service and the police authorities.

Whistleblowers protect Violations of applicable

law by government and state institutions, such as in the Corona "pandemic" and the migration crisis, have now reached an intolerable level in Germany. The background to state actions is often concealed, the "fourth estate" fails as a control body, and investigative committees are often refused. Often only alternative media and whistleblowers remain to disclose government injustice and its background, for example as revealed in the RKI protocols or in the analysis of Corona crisis management (BMI paper KM4-51000/29#2), as well as the tax officer of the Hamburg tax administration in connection with the Warburg-Cum-Ex scandal.

We call for a revision of the Whistleblower Protection Act of July 2, 2023 with the aim of including cases of state failure and government injustice.

EU: Disenfranchisement of nation states and citizens The transformation of the EU into a supranational federal state that contradicts the EU treaties has been pushed forward in all areas in recent years. We are experiencing illegitimate de-democratization, centralization, over-regulation and a planned economy emanating from Brussels. The de facto euro transfer union violates the treaties on the euro currency union.

Germany is the largest net contributor to this.

The ongoing crisis of the euro is also a consequence of the failure to enforce stability criteria in the euro area and the taking on of debt that violates the treaty. The EU has failed in important communitarian policy areas such as the common currency, migration policy and cohesion between individual states.

Examples of this are: the comprehensive planned economy “Green Deal” based on the CO2 ideology, the Ukraine military aid funds including the “European Peace Facility” for arms financing, and the ongoing migration crisis fueled by governments, which creates a manifest threat to European democracy.

A programmable currency also has the potential to undermine civil rights; that is why we reject the “digital euro”.

Our goal: A Europe of fatherlands as a union of sovereign states The vehemence with which the European Union has pushed ahead with the transformation to a planned economy superstate in recent years has led us to the realization that our fundamental reform approaches cannot be implemented in this EU. We believe that Germany must leave the European Union and establish a new European community.

We want to replace the European Union with its bureaucracies and institutions with an Economic and Interest Community (EIC), with a confederation of states whose members cooperate constructively and peacefully with one another and work closely together in all areas that can be better managed jointly and are beneficial to all parties involved.

From our point of view, these are the common market, the effective protection of external borders against illegal immigration, the achievement of strategic autonomy in security policy action and the preservation of European culture and its various identities.

The prerequisite for this would be an adjustment of the European articles of the Basic Law on the basis of a referendum.

We are aware that a hard break would be counterproductive. The transition to the new WIG would therefore have to be negotiated by consensus with both the old EU partner states and new interested parties.

That is why we want to once again have self-responsible and sovereign nation states that live together in freedom and self-determination.

Family and Demography The family is the nucleus of our society. It

is protected by the state in accordance with Article 6 Paragraph 1 of the Basic Law and must be promoted. An intact family offers children in particular a protected space of love and security. It is a firm anchor in the stages of life, from birth through school, working life, starting a family of one's own, to retirement and the end of life. It is irrelevant whether the cohabitation involves two or more generations who support and encourage one another.

In one In these unstable times and in a society that is falling apart, family means having a fixed point of contact, a home. From the AfD's point of view, the family therefore stands for security, trust, mutual care, protection and support. A family is the place to share joy, find comfort, recharge your batteries and receive and give love.

The AfD's family policy is aimed at enabling, supporting and specifically promoting this type of coexistence.

Unfortunately, reality is that not every family lives together harmoniously and that relationships fail. The AfD also expressly supports everyone who is not lucky enough to live in a lifelong, stable relationship and everyone who has experienced suffering in their family. This applies in particular to single mothers and fathers and their children, to stepfamilies (patchwork families) and to foster and adoptive families. The AfD's family policy program also provides comprehensive support for these groups.

One of the most important goals of the AfD family policy is therefore to create conditions under which relationships and families can develop well and can cope well with stress. Parents are committed to their children: in terms of time, personally and financially. The tasks mentioned take up time, which is why ideally the father or mother should be able to stay at home at least during the toddler phase or work part-time if they so wish without financial loss. The AfD's family policy contains corresponding funding programs and support services that make this possible and thus strengthen the family bond.

Children not only ensure the continued existence of our society because they are the link between the generations. They also give meaning to parents and give life meaning beyond material goods. Children represent both a constantly changing future and the passing on of their own culture, traditions and the skills of their people. Through an activating family policy, the AfD aims to increase the

birth rate and thus bring about a demographic turnaround in Germany, which not only ensures the individual happiness of parents, but also the passing on of our culture and stabilizes the social systems.

Strong families for a strong society Families today

are exposed to massive pressures. Transgender hype, early sexualization and the pitting of young people and children against their parents disguised as children's rights education are putting family cohesion at risk. Household work is greatly devalued and the value of family and child-rearing work is completely underestimated. In the "woke" society, mothers only count if they work and, if possible, put their children into state full-time care when they are still babies.

Families should be a safe haven and must once again be at the centre of society, both economically and socially. The state must not interfere in families, but must ensure good and healthy conditions.

AfD demands: Children's rights should not be included in the Basic Law, as children already have all basic rights. Ultimately, "children's rights" also represent the state's right to intervene against the parents' rights to raise their children. But that is exactly what the Basic Law is intended to protect against.

Children should be taught at school about marriage, partnership and family cohesion so that they can later start stable families. Intergenerational solidarity with grandparents and great-grandparents should be promoted.

Demographic change for Germany's future The birth rate in Germany has been well below the level needed to maintain the population since the mid-1970s. There is now an urgent need for action, as this threatens not only a collapse of culture, but also the collapse of our social insurance system. The reasons for the decline in births are manifold: the pension reform of 1957 finally decoupled old-age provision from the number of children. We are concerned that parts of society are putting their desire to have children on hold in favour of income, career or self-fulfillment. Parents who stay at home partly or completely to do family work are devalued in our society. Work and family are particularly difficult to reconcile for parents who work two jobs. In addition, there are additional child-related costs for

Housing, care and education, which are only minimally compensated for when taxes and social insurance are assessed. This places a massive burden on middle-income families in particular, so that their birth rate is alarmingly low. Finally, fewer and fewer couples are financially able to take on the work of raising children. All of this leads to smaller families on average or to voluntary childlessness.

The AfD will counter these anti-child factors with a positive image of the family and an activating family policy. Numerous surveys show that many young parents in Germany want more time for their children instead of multiple burdens and role conflicts. In addition, young people in particular strive for a stable marriage and several children (JID24 - Trend Study Youth in Germany). The AfD will create an environment in which couples can fulfill this wish without major restrictions. Family policy impulses should give couples the opportunity to realize their desire to have children or to have more children.

In addition to financial support for children, the aim is also to reduce the amount of time parents spend with.

States and municipalities should be encouraged to promote multi-generational concepts. Employers should create a working environment in which parents can easily combine childcare and work if they so wish, through teleworking, flexible working hours and company

kindergartens.

Ideally, families should be able to live on one salary and not have to rely on dual employment.

AfD demands: To ensure fairness of burdens, a repayment of €20,000 in pension contributions or a corresponding exemption from future payments should be made at the birth of each child. The subsequent benefit will not be reduced.

With a childcare allowance up to the child's third birthday, parents should be given real freedom of choice between external care and self-care. Several studies show that children under three feel most comfortable with their parents (e.g. large-scale study "The NICHD Study of Early Child Care and Youth Development", 1991 and 2007). The childcare allowance for parents or grandparents should correspond roughly to the average net wage before the birth of the first child.

A child-friendly society should be included in the constitution as a state goal.

Social marketing is intended to encourage couples to fulfill their desire to have children.

The AfD wants to relieve the burden on middle-income families in particular by splitting family taxes and increasing the child allowance.

The VAT on children's items is to be reduced to 7%.

Under certain conditions, young couples can receive a marriage start-up loan for the initial purchases when starting a family. Part of the loan is forgiven with each child.

BAföG recipients will be exempted from repayment after successful completion of their studies if a child is born during their training or studies.

For students with children, the standard period of study can be extended by up to 6 semesters upon request.

The proliferation of sometimes pointless representatives should be reduced to a sensible minimum. Family representatives should be created in the process. Welcoming culture for children The right to life is a fundamental human right. Without this right, no other human right can be claimed. Fertilization

turns the egg cell into a human embryo. The unborn child's right to life is diametrically opposed to the mother's wish for an abortion. When carefully weighing up the interests, abortion must remain the absolute exception, e.g. in cases of criminological or medical indication. With around 100,000 abortions reported in Germany each year (of which only due to criminological and medical indications), the children's right to life is not adequately protected, nor can it be assumed that the pregnant women have been adequately informed about the serious consequences of abortion and about the help available.

In many cases, compulsory pregnancy counseling has degenerated into a formal administrative act and promotes a trivialization of this serious intervention. Instead, it must serve to protect unborn life. As stipulated by the Federal Constitutional Court, the effectiveness of the counseling certificate regulation must be regularly reviewed. Despite the continuing extremely high number of abortions, this has not yet been done. The counseling practice is therefore currently no longer covered by the Basic Law (prohibition of under-measures according to case number 2 BvF 2/90).

The high number of abortions shows that these have become normal for many people over the years. In many cases, pressure is put on the mothers from outside. Fear for the future, fear of responsibility and the worry that a child or another child could overwhelm the partnership, prompt many women to take this serious step.

AfD demands: We are committed to ensuring that mothers receive comprehensive support during pregnancy and after birth, especially in difficult life situations.

The freedom of conscience for doctors to refuse abortions must be preserved. Doctors must not advertise abortions. During pregnancy conflict counseling, mothers should

Ultrasound images of the child are shown so that they are clear about the child's developmental stage. We want to further expand and strengthen the possibilities for anonymous or confidential births, as well as ensure the availability of baby hatches and facilitate adoptions.

The AfD rejects any support for organizations or measures that promote or trivialize abortion.

We reject all efforts to declare abortion a human right.

Paid surrogacy is a form of child trafficking. We reject this.

The two sexes are a biological fact. The current government no longer defines gender as a biological fact, but as a social construct that is interchangeable and expandable.

According to the "Self-Determination Act," men and women can define their gender as they wish and can have it formally changed once a year by law. Naming a person according to their actual gender can now even be reported and punished with a fine of up to €10,000.

Children and young people are manipulated by a trans cult in daycare, school, the media, on the Internet and by their peers. This can result in a false perception.

Premature

diagnoses then lead

to gift from

Hormones such

as puberty blockers, which carry a high risk of heart attacks, infertility and depression, even suicide. In addition, mood swings, eating disorders, psychoses, reduced libido, bone and liver damage and stunted brain development can occur. The promotion and administration of puberty blockers and hormones poses a risk to the welfare of children. In the further federal office of the party

Alternative for Germany | Eichhorster Weg 80 |

13435 Berlin As a result, the logical consequence is the initiation of a sex change and thus the irreversible mutilation of young people.

The reality of the binary gender system must be recognized again, even if this cannot be clearly assigned to a tiny number of people. Femininity and masculinity and their different potentials are something positive. This means that women and men can complement each other perfectly.

AfD demands: There must be no indoctrination of children and young people through trans cult, early sexualization and gender ideology. All state funding for this must be stopped.

Treatment for gender reassignment may only be carried out under strict medical supervision and only take place once the person is of legal age. Psychological counseling sessions must take place beforehand. The use of puberty blockers to induce gender reassignment surgery must be banned. Naming reality should not be punishable. Everyone has the right to refer to scientific facts.

The Self-Determination Act, which replaced the Transsexual Act of 1980 on November 1, 2024, must be repealed in its entirety. Responsible childcare Left-wing ideologists have been trying increasingly in recent years to influence children as early as possible. For example, trans cult and climate hysteria are now being introduced to children at preschool age. The "sexual education of diversity" attempts to unsettle children with regard to their sexual identity and to dissolve gender roles. This has a massive impact on their development.

Children have the right to develop their own sexuality without violating their privacy and shame boundaries. Children should grow up free from indoctrination until they are established, primarily in the family, and old enough to face the problems of our world.

AfD demands: Daycare centers and schools must be kept free of fear and hysteria; children must be taught a positive attitude to life. In teacher training, any indoctrination with regard to gender mainstreaming and other ideologies must also be prevented.

Nursery and daycare centers must be staffed with sufficient and qualified staff. The current shortage of skilled workers can be reduced primarily by the childcare salary we require, which will significantly reduce the demand for daycare places.

To better integrate children with a migrant background, German must be made a compulsory language in daycare centers. Appropriate specialist supervision must be set up in the states.
In order to improve the

compatibility of family and career, company kindergartens should be promoted more than before. Reducing the consequences of separation Unfortunately, parental separations are playing an increasingly important role in the lives of children. For them, the loss of the nuclear family is an existential blow, even more so than for the couple who separates. They often feel powerless and left alone. A third of all children of separated parents lose contact with one of their parents, often losing one of their closest caregivers. Yet every child needs a father and a mother throughout their childhood. Each of them helps them in their own way to understand their environment emotionally and intellectually, to enter into healthy relationships and to find their place in the world.

Unfortunately, current custody and maintenance law is massively contributing to the escalation of separation conflicts. Due to rigid care rules in the law, the obligation to pay maintenance in cash is allocated unilaterally, deviating from the actual care time. This is not up to date and often leads to the paying parent being financially overburdened and to unnecessary conflicts.

The AfD wants to create framework conditions for stable marriages and partnerships so that separations do not occur in the first place. Otherwise, both parents should remain active in raising and emotionally bonding with their children even after separation. We want to tie maintenance obligations equally to the time intensity of care and thus distribute costs and burdens more fairly. Maintenance must not make paid work unattractive. We want to defuse mechanisms that grant one-sided manipulation power through custody and run counter to the protection of the child's well-being.

Should one parent nevertheless be unable to take care of the child, the single parent must receive the greatest possible support.

AfD demands: Mediation

should be mandatory before family court proceedings, which should prioritize the child's welfare and provide for timely and effective sanctions in the event of refusal.

After separation, children should, if possible, live alternately with both parents and share everyday life with both parents (alternating model as the rule), provided that the parents agree and live in the same school district.

In the alternating model, the minimum subsistence level of parents and children in both households

must be secured.

Unproven allegations must not lead to a break in contact, which then creates facts for alienation.

A refusal to grant contact must be sanctioned promptly and effectively. In case of repeated cases, custody rights must be questioned.

Uniform regulations for taking children into care and protecting

families Unfortunately, the number of families in Germany who are massively overwhelmed with their parenting and care responsibilities and therefore need outside support is constantly increasing.

This is accompanied by a continuous increase in the number of children taken into care by youth welfare offices. Taking children into care often further traumatizes children who were already traumatized in the family, especially if the decision-making process drags on. There are considerable differences between the federal states and within them between different municipalities.

Taking children into care is usually the last and only acutely effective measure to prevent further, greater harm to children. But time and again, wrong decisions destroy largely intact families, which come under the scrutiny of the responsible youth welfare office for sometimes banal reasons. In addition to inadequate training and power structures that encourage abuse, this is also due to the constant confrontation with failing families and the often precarious staffing situation in youth welfare services. The lack of quality standards for reports further increases the risk of a wrong decision by the courts. In addition, in recent years there has been an overload caused by mass migration.

A child may only be taken into care if the harm would be greater if the child remained in the family. More must be done to prevent wrong decisions and to involve parents in measures wherever possible and to ensure that their rights to protect their children are not violated.

AfD demands: Uniform criteria for taking children into care must be defined at federal and state level

The requirements for reports and experts must be clearly and uniformly defined and ensured by an approval procedure.

Competent family members – for example grandparents – are always preferable to handing over to foster families or residential facilities.

The period of care should be as short as possible and the bond with parents and siblings should be maintained.

Education, science and openness to technology The AfD's

view of humanity sees each individual as being determined by their personal freedom, their right to comprehensive development and their personal responsibility towards their fellow human beings and the community. It is based on humanistic and Western values and norms, at the centre of which is equal opportunities. Strengths can only be developed and weaknesses overcome through an adequate focus on performance. Students must be introduced to the idea of performance in a way that is appropriate to their age and abilities. In this way, schools make an important contribution to the development of students and their ability to shape their lives independently.

Courage to achieve

A performance-oriented, multi-level education system is the basis of our prosperity and an essential part of our culture. While the number of high school graduates has been rising for decades and the grades

on paper are getting better and better, trainees and new students are now lacking basic knowledge and skills.

Instead of lowering performance requirements, the educational standards of all types of schools and educational institutions must be raised to the level of a leading, innovative scientific and industrial nation.

Maintain a multi-level school system The AfD

supports a school system that is differentiated according to ability and that does justice to the different abilities of the students. At the same time, however, permeability should be guaranteed. Highly gifted students should be particularly encouraged.

Class sizes should be reduced in all types of schools.
The Abitur must once again become proof of ability to study; the Hauptschule or Realschule certificate must enable you to undertake vocational training. We will introduce binding criteria

for the transition to high school.
Independently run schools (private schools) are a useful addition to the state education system.

Convert compulsory schooling to compulsory education
Children have a right to education and the state is obliged to ensure this. However, it is not fulfilling this obligation sufficiently. That is why we want to relax the German compulsory schooling, which is very strict by international standards, and convert it to compulsory education. The well-being of the students must always be the priority.

Reintroduction of preschool classes School

performance in Germany has been declining for years. One of the main reasons for this is developmental delays and insufficient German language skills. We are committed to introducing a needs-based preschool in order to support all children to the extent that they can follow regular classes.

Maintaining special schools as an educational opportunity
Inclusion must be done with a sense of proportion, allowing children to experience success, but must not overwhelm students and teachers and must not hinder fellow students from making learning progress. Children with special needs receive comprehensive support in the special school that the regular

school cannot provide.
The AfD is therefore committed to maintaining special schools. Special schools should once again become

the norm for students with special educational needs. Diversity of opinion instead of one-sided ideology
School is not a place for political propaganda. It must give students the freedom to develop their own political ways of thinking without being dictated by curricula and textbooks. Students have the right to express their political views without fear of repression and discrimination by teachers or fellow students.

The teachers themselves are obliged to remain neutral. They are not allowed to call for the election of certain parties or to participate in demonstrations.
Sensible digitization

Basically, schools need
modern, up-to-date IT equipment. This is especially necessary for computer science lessons, for vocational training in technical subjects and for the responsible use of AI systems.

However, digitalization must always be viewed under the premises of meaningfulness and work simplification. The exclusive use of tablets in teaching represents a limitation of the variety of methods. Online teaching should be avoided if possible.

The first four years of school should be predominantly digital-free spaces, as they serve to acquire the basic cultural skills of reading, arithmetic and writing.

Strengthening the disciplinary rights of teachers and schools
In order to fulfill the school's mission, legal security and disciplinary rights must be strengthened.

Strengthening vocational training: more masters instead of masters
Dual training in companies and vocational schools is a successful model. However, the pursuit of ever higher high school graduation rates is endangering the next generation of apprentices in the training professions. Many apprenticeships cannot be filled due to a lack of sufficient

qualified applicants and too many apprentices drop out of their training.

Vocational schools must be strengthened as pillars of vocational education and lifelong learning, and the value of vocational education must be more highly appreciated. Secondary and middle schools should become more attractive through cooperation with companies and the chambers of industry and trade.

Migration and education The integration of migrants is a challenge for the German education system, as many of them come from other cultures and often from less educated backgrounds.

In many cases, a lack of previous education, poor language skills and cultural differences prevent successful qualification for the German labor market. As long as migrants do not speak German sufficiently to attend regular classes, compulsory German lessons must be the priority. End Islamization in German schools Political Islam must not be promoted in German schools.

Muslim students must not be granted special rights based on their faith, such as exemption from swimming and physical education classes. The AfD rejects Islamic education.

This is the only way we can counteract the emergence of parallel societies.

University system and science

Bologna has failed: reintroduce diploma and master's degrees The EU-wide standardization of study programs (Bologna process) has led to the schoolification of studies. Academic freedom has been curtailed, changing study places has become more difficult. Employers criticize the low qualifications of bachelor's graduates.

The AfD wants to reintroduce the tried and tested diploma and master's degree courses. The modularization of the course of study and the accreditation bureaucracy are to be abolished.

Strengthening the autonomy of universities: preserving freedom of research and teaching Science and research must be independent of political, ideological, economic and financial interests.

We want a higher

Basic funding for universities to reduce their dependence on third-party funding. Professors and academic staff should use their time for research and teaching and not for writing applications for third-party funding.

The spectrum of research areas must not be limited by dependence on funding and donors. The AfD is committed to technological openness in research and development.

Universities should have the right to select applicants using standardized aptitude tests and entrance examinations. Universities must ensure that courses and lectures are free from politically motivated disruptions.

The right to award doctorates must remain the preserve of universities. Freedom of teaching and

research must be guaranteed at all costs. The increasing influence of "woke" ideology on universities and the repression against undesirable lecturers must be stopped.

The pressure to level the playing field created by political targets on student numbers, academic success and other quotas must be ended. Equal opportunity officers must be abolished. When filling positions, the applicant's professional qualifications must be the sole deciding factor.

International students from countries not party to the European Economic Area Agreement should be charged reasonable tuition fees.

Research and technology

The AfD trusts in human innovative power, which has found solutions for every challenge. We demand that thinking and acting be open to technology in order to promote prosperity, good medical care and a high quality of life.

Technologies must be evaluated according to whether they serve the well-being of our citizens, the economy and the environment. Politics must create framework conditions based on the current state of science and technology. Safety and economic efficiency are guaranteed in their application.

New technologies are often

rejected for ideological reasons without any scientific basis. The AfD will promote education about the positive influence of technologies on people and the environment.

A depoliticization of the research landscape is urgently needed, for example at the Fraunhofer and Max Planck Institutes. State research funding is crucial for their survival, which means that political guidelines

determine research priorities and

endanger independence.

Subsidies, dirigism and the semiconductor industry The AfD

rejects subsidies for technologies. State planning regularly fails to keep up with the market and harms our innovative power and competitiveness, as is the case, for example, with the decline of the German solar industry, e-mobility, the

The combustion engine ban and the heating law show that technologies that serve strategic independence should be financed directly by the state.

Technologies that meet the needs of the population prevail on their own, as the Internet, smartphones and private motorised transport prove.

Production sites develop where regulations, infrastructure, education and costs enable marketable production.

Government subsidies for the semiconductor industry are a current example of wasted tax money.

Nuclear technology The AfD will create new, urgently needed nuclear research centers and nuclear power plants in Germany, um to regain its leading position in nuclear technology. After the sell-off of German expertise, targeted investments are necessary to develop innovative technologies and train new specialists. This will serve to ensure energy security and prosperity for future generations, as well as environmental protection.

Raw materials and circular economy Recycling technologies can be an effective means of dealing responsibly with resources and waste.

They prevail when it is energy efficient and therefore cost-effective to process materials in a pure form and the recycling of residual materials offers a competitive advantage. Germany is already well positioned in this area.

Research into such technologies in state institutes, in cooperation with industry, could help to drive innovation. The AfD rejects blanket bans, such as those on straws or the ban on entire groups of substances such as Teflon and PFAS being discussed in the EU. Instead, we demand an evidence-based assessment of the risks of individual substances.

The pollution of the world's oceans does not originate in Germany, but mainly in countries with low levels of prosperity. This is where politics must start.

Genetic engineering The use of products from

the genetic engineering industry in food, cosmetics or clothing is widespread in everyday life. Instead of denying this reality, Germany, as a country with few raw materials, must be open to technology. Inhibiting laws in this country include the Genetic Engineering Act (GenTG), which sets strict requirements for cultivation and research, and EU Regulation 1829/2003, which restricts the use of genetically modified organisms (GMOs) in food.

The AfD will lead an open debate on the advantages of genetic engineering and will push through a

pragmatic legal framework. To this end, the GenTG must also be subjected to critical review. In medical technology in particular

a voluntary and conscious decision by citizens should be possible. Aerospace Aerospace is a key technology in which private companies such as SpaceX are revolutionizing space travel through innovations such as reusable rockets. In the New Space Age, private companies such as SpaceX and Eutelsat's OneWeb are driving the commercialization of space with projects such as Starlink, for example through global internet provision. This creates opportunities, but also challenges such as space debris.

The AfD supports competition and innovation, but also government programs for the development and exploration of space. The German space industry must remain competitive. This can be supported by a pragmatic legal framework, such as a space law, and by reducing job and energy costs.

Culture and Media Policy

German Leitkultur instead of

“multiculturalism” Our identity is determined by the

fundamental values that are passed on from generation to generation.

Our identity is shaped by our German language, our values, our history and our culture. The latter are closely linked to Christianity, the Enlightenment and our artistic and scientific works, among others. The German Leitkultur describes our consensus of values, which forms the identity of our people and distinguishes us from others. It ensures the cohesion of society and is a prerequisite for the functioning of our state. The community-building effect of German culture is the foundation of our constitution and cannot be replaced by constitutional patriotism.

The Alternative for Germany upholds the positive values of the Enlightenment and humanism and calls for intellectual and cultural renewal and change at all levels. We want to preserve the achievements of German and European culture and uphold the fundamental values of human dignity, freedom and self-determination in Germany and beyond.

Customs and remembrance

Customs create identity and build community. That is why we want to maintain our customs and our dialects, and local cultural associations make an important contribution to this. The suffering of those who were displaced must not be forgotten.

Architectural monuments and local architecture shape the sense of home and cultural identity. The beauty of historic city centers must be preserved and, if necessary, restored through reconstruction.

German history must be appreciated in its entirety. The official culture of remembrance must not only focus on the low points of our history, it must also keep an eye on the high points. A people without national consciousness cannot survive in the long term.

We oppose the increasingly aggressive attempts at an ideologically influenced, moralizing reinterpretation of history, which is based on the demolition of monuments and the renaming of streets.

The debate about an allegedly necessary “decolonization” of our culture, which is accompanied by a demonization of the “white man,” challenges the self-image of our cultural identity as a whole. The AfD is the only political force that opposes this dismantling of our historical and cultural identity. We reject the so-called "Critical Race Theory", which states that racism against white people is not possible.

The AfD also opposes a blanket return of collection items from colonial contexts.

We are also committed to finally implementing the Bundestag's decision to build a memorial and an information center for the victims of the communist tyranny. In addition, we are committed to ensuring that the SED victim's pension is significantly increased and that health damage caused by persecution can be more easily recognized in the same way as the regulation for injured soldiers.

Protection of the German language

The protection and cultivation of the German language is particularly important to us: We demand that the German language be enshrined in the Basic Law as the state and official language, thus expressing its importance for the unity of the German people. Recognized minority languages should of course continue to have equal rights.

However, ideological distortions such as allegedly gender-neutral language have no place in Germany; their use should be prohibited in public institutions and government agencies in order to ensure ideology-free communication.

Cultural funding

Artistic freedom must be preserved in cultural funding. Political guidelines for state cultural funding must be rejected.

Projects, associations and foundations that receive state funding must commit to the free and democratic basic order.

The AfD is committed to the cultural sovereignty of the federal states and wants to limit the federal government's cultural policy activities.

A balanced culture of commemoration and remembrance is central to the formation of identity in Germany. The memorial sites are adequately financed by the federal and state governments and retain their political independence.

No VAT liability for musicians, artists and freelance teachers Artists, musicians and freelance teachers are often exposed to the most difficult financial conditions as freelancers.

VAT liability is not realistic and forces these people into illegal employment. We will exempt artistic and educational activities in the arts and culture sector from VAT liability up to a reasonable income limit. As teachers, they are often employed on an hourly basis in precarious employment relationships at elementary or music schools. The possibility of social insurance, for example through the artists' social insurance fund, must be guaranteed in every case.

Media policy

BASIC FUNCTION instead of compulsory GEZ fee

With around 9 billion in license fees plus advertising revenue, German public broadcasting is not only the most expensive in the world, but it also has many times more financial and personnel resources than all private media combined. The apparatus, which is structurally, personnel-wise and financially closely linked to the established parties, uses this power against the demands of th

Media State Treaty specifically for opinion-making and even manipulation.

In its current form, public broadcasting is no longer up to date. It must be fundamentally reformed, streamlined and de-ideologised.

The AfD is vehemently

committed to a sustainable structural reform of public broadcasting, whose sole task should be to provide a basic supply of information, cultural and regional programs free of charge.

Film funding

Many of the film classics would no longer exist under today's conditions. Therefore, artistic freedom must once again be the benchmark in film funding.

We reject guidelines from state film funding that aim to thematically anchor ideological themes such as “gender,” “climate protection,” or “diversity” in films in order to enforce them sociopolitically.

Film producers should also be able to act economically and implement projects according to market and audience interests without being restricted in their creative and economic freedom by

