Predicting Customer Churn for T-Comm Customers

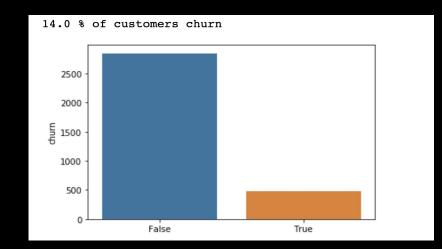
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Overview

- T-Comm, a telecommunications business, contacted us to better understand why some of their customers churn (essentially, end their phone plans).
- For this analysis, we leveraged machine learning algorithms and the data provided*.
 - Example customer features include daily call minutes, whether or not a customer bought an international plan and the number of times customer service was contacted.
- Our primary KPI was recall because we are most concerned with correctly predicting the number of churned customers.

Approach

- We started out by cleaning our data, scaling our data and handling class imbalance.
- Then, we tested multiple algorithms and narrowed our focus to three.
- We then used these three algorithms to perform GridSearchCV in order to improve the model performance.



	model	precision	accuracy	recall	f1
0	Gradient Boosting	0.842105	0.943645	0.768	0.803347
1	Decision Tree	0.629139	0.896882	0.760	0.688406
2	XGBoost	0.846847	0.942446	0.752	0.796610
3	Bagged Trees	0.792793	0.928058	0.704	0.745763
4	Random Forest	0.719008	0.913669	0.696	0.707317
5	Naive Bayes	0.182045	0.544365	0.584	0.277567
6	K Nearest Neighbors	0.251799	0.684652	0.560	0.347395
7	Adaboost	0.518797	0.856115	0.552	0.534884
8	SVM	0.455172	0.834532	0.528	0.488889

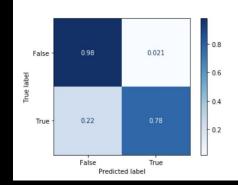
Final Model

- Our XGBoost model using GridSearch CV was our best resulting model.
- We were able to improve all 4 scoring metrics, settling on a final model with 78% recall and 94% accuracy.
 - o Interpretation: our model is correctly predicted churn 78% of the time. The model correctly guessed customer behavior with 94% accuracy.

	Precision	Accuracy	Recall	F1-Score
XGBoost	85%	94%	75%	80%
XGBoost x GridSearchCV	87%	95%	78%	82%

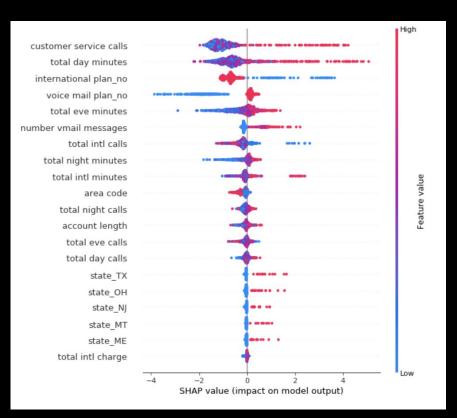
Model: XGBoost GridSearch Train Data ----precision recall f1-score support False 0.99 1.00 2141 0.99 1.00 True 1.00 2141 4282 1.00 accuracy 1.00 1.00 1.00 4282 macro avo weighted ava 1.00 1.00 1.00 4282 Test Data precision recall f1-score support False 0.96 0.98 0.97 709 0.87 0.78 0.82 125 True accuracy 0.91 0.88 0.89 834 macro avg weighted avg 0.95 0.95 834 0.95

Confusion Matrix



Feature Importance (via SHAP)

- Number of customer service calls
 - Customers with a high number of customer service calls are more likely to churn
- Number of daily call minutes and evening minutes
 - The higher the number of minutes, the more likely a customer is to churn
- Users without an international plan are less likely to chun
- Users without an voicemail plan are more likely to chun



Recommendations & Next Steps

- We'd recommend recreating the model with some our strongest features to try to improve our recall score.
- With the information we have, we recommend evaluating the current plan types offered. The high correlation between call time and churn may indicate that customers need more plan flexibility. Consider adding unlimited plans to the current lineup. We can also test including voicemail plans as a part of these plans.
- We also need to further investigate the effectiveness of our current customer service offerings. Moreover, we should be considering offering discounts or incentives to unhappy customers who contact us in order to help improve the relationship.

Thank You!

Sources

- Kaggle Dataset (https://www.kaggle.com/sandipdatta/customer-churn-analysis)
- SHAP Package (created by Scott Lundberg, https://github.com/slundberg/shap)