# Esercizio Unit2 S1L2

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### Scansioni Nmap su Metasploitable

Relazione tecnica – Tecniche di scansione

#### Traccia: Tecniche di scansione con Nmap

- Si richiede allo studente di effettuare le seguenti scansioni sul target Metasploitable:
- OS fingerprint.
- Syn Scan.
- TCP connect trovate differenze tra i risultati della scansioni TCP connect e SYN?
- Version detection. E la seguente sul target Windows:
- OS fingerprint.

## Topologia del laboratorio

Sistema	IP	Sistema Operativo	Ruolo
Kali Linux	192.168.100.10	Kali Linux Rolling	Scanner/Attaccante
Metasploitable 2	192.168.100.2	Linux vulnerabile	Bersaglio
Windows 10 Pro	192.168.100.30	Windows 10 Pro	Bersaglio

Tutte le VM sono collegate in modalità "Rete Interna" (VirtualBox), consentendo il traffico diretto tra loro.

sudo nmap -0 192.168.100.2 effettua un fingerprinting passivo del sistema operativo, analizzando il comportamento TCP/IP del target.

```
—(kali⊛kali)-[~]
$\sudo nmap -0 192.168.100.2
Starting Nmap 7.95 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2025-07-29 09:51 EDT
Nmap scan report for 192.168.100.2
Host is up (0.0017s latency).
Not shown: 977 closed tcp ports (reset)
        STATE SERVICE
21/tcp open ftp
22/tcp open ssh
23/tcp open telnet
25/tcp open smtp
53/tcp open domain
80/tcp open http
111/tcp open rpcbind
139/tcp open netbios-ssn
445/tcp open microsoft-ds
512/tcp open exec
513/tcp open login
514/tcp open shell
1099/tcp open rmiregistry
1524/tcp open ingreslock
2049/tcp open nfs
2121/tcp open ccproxy-ftp
3306/tcp open mysql
5432/tcp open postgresql
5900/tcp open vnc
6000/tcp open X11
6667/tcp open irc
8009/tcp open ajp13
8180/tcp open unknown
MAC Address: 08:00:27:8A:E5:30 (PCS Systemtechnik/Oracle VirtualBox virtual NIC)
No exact OS matches for host (If you know what OS is running on it, see https://nmap.org/submit,
TCP/IP fingerprint:
OS:SCAN(V=7.95%E=4%D=7/29%OT=21%CT=1%CU=40099%PV=Y%DS=1%DC=D%G=Y%M=080027%T
OS:M=6888D20A%P=x86 64-nc-linux-gnu)SFO(SP=C2%GCD=1%ISR=CF%TI=7%CI=7%II=I%T
```

sudo nmap -sS 192.168.100.2

La scansione SYN è una tecnica stealth che invia solo il pacchetto iniziale del handshake TCP. Non completa la connessione, riducendo la probabilità di rilevamento.

```
-$ <u>sudo</u> nmap -sS 192.168.100.2
Starting Nmap 7.95 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2025-07-29 09:54 EDT
Nmap scan report for 192.168.100.2
Host is up (0.0035s latency).
Not shown: 977 closed tcp ports (reset)
PORT STATE SERVICE
21/tcp open ftp
22/tcp open ssh
23/tcp open telnet
25/tcp open smtp
111/tcp open rpcbind
139/tcp open netbios-ssn
513/tcp open login
514/tcp open shell
1099/tcp open rmiregistry
1524/tcp open ingreslock
2049/tcp open nfs
2121/tcp open ccproxy-ftp
3306/tcp open mysql
5432/tcp open postgresql
5900/tcp open vnc
6000/tcp open X11
6667/tcp open irc
8009/tcp open ajp13
8180/tcp open unknown
MAC Address: 08:00:27:8A:E5:30 (PCS Systemtechnik/Oracle VirtualBox virtual NIC)
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 13.39 seconds
```

nmap -sT 192.168.100.2 Questa modalità esegue un handshake TCP completo. È utile quando l'utente non ha privilegi root, ma è più facile da rilevare da firewall o IDS.

```
–(kali⊛kali)-[~]
-$ nmap -sT 192.168.100.2
Starting Nmap 7.95 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2025-07-29 09:54 EDT
Nmap scan report for 192.168.100.2
Host is up (0.016s latency).
Not shown: 977 closed tcp ports (conn-refused)
PORT STATE SERVICE
21/tcp open ftp
22/tcp open ssh
23/tcp open telnet
25/tcp open smtp
53/tcp open domain
80/tcp open http
111/tcp open rpcbind
139/tcp open netbios-ssn
445/tcp open microsoft-ds
512/tcp open exec
513/tcp open login
514/tcp open shell
1099/tcp open rmiregistry
1524/tcp open ingreslock
2049/tcp open nfs
2121/tcp open ccproxy-ftp
3306/tcp open mysql
5432/tcp open postgresql
5900/tcp open vnc
6000/tcp open X11
6667/tcp open irc
8009/tcp open ajp13
8180/tcp open unknown
MAC Address: 08:00:27:8A:E5:30 (PCS Systemtechnik/Oracle VirtualBox virtual NIC)
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 13.31 seconds
```

# Confronto: SYN vs TCP Connect

Caratteristica	SYN Scan (-sS)	TCP Connect (-sT)
Privilegi richiesti	Sì (sudo)	No

Sì (sudo)

Handshake parziale (stealth)

Handshake completo

Bassa (non loggato)

Maggiore

Modalità

Visibilità

Velocità

Accuratezza

E Leggermente inferiore

Alta

Alta

Alta (più facile da tracciare)

nmap -sV 192.168.100.2

Il flag -sV effettua una scansione di banner e fingerprint dei servizi attivi per identificarne nome e versione.

```
-$ nmap -sV 192.168.100.2
Starting Nmap 7.95 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2025-07-29 09:56 EDT
Stats: 0:01:27 elapsed; 0 hosts completed (1 up), 1 undergoing Service Scan
Service scan Timing: About 69.57% done; ETC: 09:58 (0:00:32 remaining)
Stats: 0:01:29 elapsed; 0 hosts completed (1 up), 1 undergoing Service Scan
Service scan Timing: About 69.57% done; ETC: 09:58 (0:00:33 remaining)
Stats: 0:02:54 elapsed; 0 hosts completed (1 up), 1 undergoing Service Scan
Service scan Timing: About 95.65% done; ETC: 09:59 (0:00:07 remaining)
Stats: 0:02:58 elapsed; 0 hosts completed (1 up), 1 undergoing Script Scan
NSE Timing: About 99.90% done; ETC: 09:59 (0:00:00 remaining)
Stats: 0:03:00 elapsed; 0 hosts completed (1 up), 1 undergoing Script Scan
NSE Timing: About 99.90% done; ETC: 09:59 (0:00:00 remaining)
Stats: 0:03:00 elapsed; 0 hosts completed (1 up), 1 undergoing Script Scan
NSE Timing: About 99.90% done; ETC: 09:59 (0:00:00 remaining)
Nmap scan report for 192.168.100.2
Host is up (0.00097s latency).
Not shown: 977 closed tcp ports (reset)
PORT STATE SERVICE VERSION
21/tcp open ftp
22/tcp open ssh
                           OpenSSH 4.7p1 Debian 8ubuntu1 (protocol 2.0)
23/tcp open telnet?
53/tcp open domain
                           ISC BIND 9.4.2
80/tcp open http
                           Apache httpd 2.2.8 ((Ubuntu) DAV/2)
111/tcp open rpcbind
                          2 (RPC #100000)
139/tcp open netbios-ssn Samba smbd 3.X - 4.X (workgroup: WORKGROUP)
445/tcp open netbios-ssn Samba smbd 3.X - 4.X (workgroup: WORKGROUP)
512/tcp open exec?
513/tcp open login?
514/tcp open shell?
1099/tcp open java-rmi
                           GNU Classpath grmiregistry
1524/tcp open bindshell
                          Metasploitable root shell
                           2-4 (RPC #100003)
2049/tcp open nfs
2121/tcp open ccproxy-ftp?
3306/tcp open mysql?
5432/tcp open postgresql PostgreSQL DB 8.3.0 - 8.3.7
                           VNC (protocol 3.3)
 5900/tcp open vnc
6000/tcp open X11
                           (access denied)
6667/tcp open irc
                           UnrealIRCd
                           Apache Jserv (Protocol v1.3)
 8009/tcp open ajp13
8180/tcp open http
                           Apache Tomcat/Coyote JSP engine 1.1
MAC Address: 08:00:27:8A:E5:30 (PCS Systemtechnik/Oracle VirtualBox virtual NIC)
 Service Info: Host: irc.Metasploitable.LAN; OSs: Unix, Linux; CPE: cpe:/o:linux:linux_kernel
Service detection performed. Please report any incorrect results at https://nmap.org/submit/ .
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 193.45 seconds
```

sudo nmap -0 --osscan-guess 192.168.100.30

Su sistemi Windows, il firewall può bloccare i pacchetti usati per il fingerprint. Con --osscan-guess, Nmap tenta una stima anche con informazioni parziali.

```
-$ <u>sudo</u> nmap -0 --osscan-guess -Pn 192.168.100.30
Starting Nmap 7.95 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2025-07-29 10:09 EDT
Nmap scan report for 192.168.100.30
Host is up (0.0012s latency).
Not shown: 982 closed tcp ports (reset)
        STATE SERVICE
//tcp open echo
)/tcp open discard
 3/tcp open daytime
17/tcp open qotd
 9/tcp open chargen
35/tcp open msrpc
139/tcp open netbios-ssn
445/tcp open microsoft-ds
1801/tcp open msmq
2103/tcp open zephyr-clt
2105/tcp open eklogin
2107/tcp open msmq-mgmt
3389/tcp open ms-wbt-server
5432/tcp open postgresql
8009/tcp open ajp13
8080/tcp open http-proxy
8443/tcp open https-alt
MAC Address: 08:00:27:AD:90:9E (PCS Systemtechnik/Oracle VirtualBox virtual NIC)
Device type: general purpose
Running: Microsoft Windows 10
OS CPE: cpe:/o:microsoft:windows_10
OS details: Microsoft Windows 10 1507 - 1607
Network Distance: 1 hop
```

#### Conclusioni

La suite di scansioni Nmap ha permesso di: Mappare accuratamente i servizi esposti su Metasploitable e Windows

Identificare versioni di software obsolete o potenzialmente vulnerabili

Comparare due approcci di scansione TCP (SYN vs TCP Connect) Comprendere i limiti del fingerprinting su sistemi moderni protetti (es. Windows 10)

Questo tipo di ricognizione rappresenta una fase fondamentale nel ciclo di un penetration test. Per un report più dettagliato allegherò anche il report di nmap in html, è stato bellissimo anche con qualche difficolta su windows e le varie macchine.