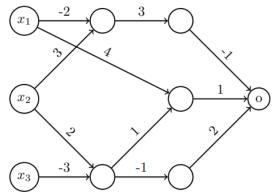
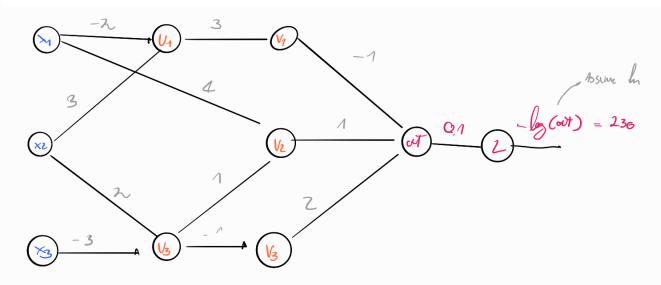
## 2022/00/01

## Exercise 3

Consider the following network where on each edge (i,j) the value of  $\frac{\partial y(j)}{\partial y(i)}$  is given; y(k) denotes the activation of node k.



The output o is equal to 0.1 and the loss function is L = -log(o). Compute the value of  $\frac{\partial L}{\partial x_i}$  for each input  $x_i$  using the backpropagation method.



$$\frac{2L}{2\omega T} = -\frac{1}{\omega T} = -10$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial v_1} = \frac{\partial L}{\partial u} \cdot \frac{\partial at}{\partial v_1} = -10 \cdot -1 = 10$$

$$\frac{\partial Z}{\partial v_2} = \frac{\partial Z}{\partial ct} \cdot \frac{\partial ct}{\partial v_2} = -10.7 = -10$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial V_3} = \frac{\partial L}{\partial V_3} = \frac{\partial V_3}{\partial V_3} = -10 \cdot \lambda = -\lambda 0$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial U_1} = \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial V_1} \cdot \frac{\partial V_2}{\partial U_1} = \frac{10 \cdot 3 = 30}{30}$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial V_3} = \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial V_2} \cdot \frac{\partial V_2}{\partial V_3} + \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial V_3} \cdot \frac{\partial V_3}{\partial V_3} = (-10.1) + (-20.-1) = 10$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial x_{1}} = \frac{\partial L}{\partial u_{1}} \cdot \frac{\partial U_{1}}{\partial x_{1}} + \frac{\partial L}{\partial v_{2}} \cdot \frac{\partial U_{1}}{\partial u_{1}} = (30 \cdot -2) + (-10 \cdot 4) = -60 - 40 = -100$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial x_{1}} = \frac{\partial L}{\partial u_{1}} \cdot \frac{\partial U_{1}}{\partial x_{2}} + \frac{\partial L}{\partial v_{3}} \cdot \frac{\partial U_{3}}{\partial x_{2}} = (30 \cdot 3) + (10 \cdot 2) = 90 + 20 = 110$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial x_{2}} = \frac{\partial L}{\partial u_{1}} \cdot \frac{\partial U_{3}}{\partial x_{2}} + \frac{\partial L}{\partial v_{3}} \cdot \frac{\partial U_{3}}{\partial x_{2}} = (30 \cdot 3) + (10 \cdot 2) = 90 + 20 = 110$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial x_{2}} = \frac{\partial L}{\partial u_{1}} \cdot \frac{\partial U_{3}}{\partial x_{2}} + \frac{\partial L}{\partial v_{3}} \cdot \frac{\partial U_{3}}{\partial x_{2}} = (30 \cdot 3) + (10 \cdot 2) = 90 + 20 = 110$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial x_{3}} = \frac{\partial L}{\partial v_{3}} \cdot \frac{\partial U_{3}}{\partial x_{3}} = 10 \cdot -3 = -30$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial x_{3}} = \frac{\partial L}{\partial v_{3}} \cdot \frac{\partial U_{3}}{\partial x_{3}} = 10 \cdot -3 = -30$$