Keep Learning

GRADE 87.5%

TO PASS 80% or higher

# Week 1 Quiz: Disease detection with computer vision

## **TOTAL POINTS 10**

1.	Which of the following is not one of the key challenges for AI diagnostic algorithms that is discussed in the lecture?				
	Multiple tasks				
	Inflexible models				
	Class imbalance				
	O Dataset size				
	Correct This was not discussed as one of the key challenges, but more complex models can be used to fit data, to avoid underfitting.				

- Oversampling positive examples
- Undersampling negative examples
- Reweighting examples in training loss
- Oversampling negative examples



## Correct

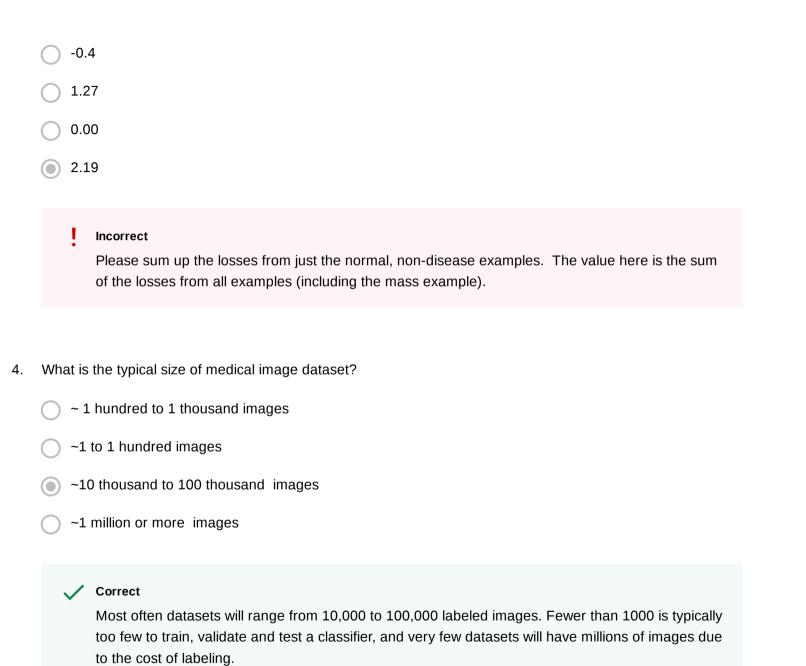
Given that the model is being trained on more negative examples, sampling even more negative samples will bias the model even more towards making a negative prediction.

3. What is the total loss from the normal (non-mass) examples in this example dataset?

Please use the natural logarithm in your calculation. When you use numpy.log, this is using the natural logarithm. Also, to get the total loss, please add up the losses from each 'normal' example.

Example	P(positive)
P1 Normal	0.6
P3 Normal	0.3
P5 Mass	0.4

0 / 1 point



1 / 1 point







None of the above





// C

## Correct

This rotation is most likely to help. This is a realistic transformation. Also, it does not risk changing the label.

6. Which of the following are valid methods for determining ground truth? Choose all that apply.

1/1 point

**/** 

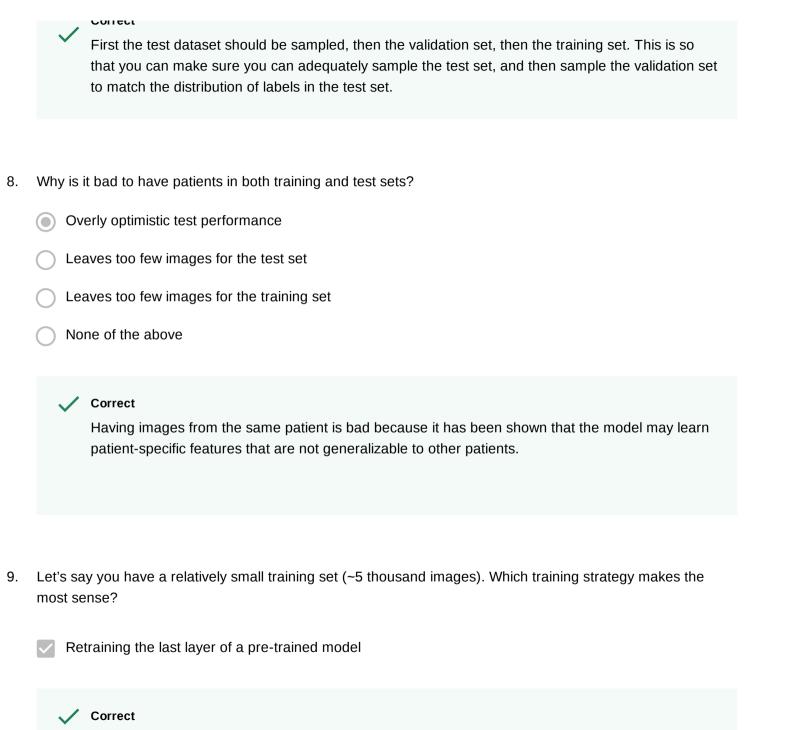
Biopsy



## Correct

Rights is definitely a valid method. Keen in mind that there are likely fewer data examples where

Diopoy to definitely a valid metriod. Theop in mind that there are likely fewer data examples where patients have both the chest x-ray and an additional diagnostic test for the same disease. Confirmation by CT scan Correct A CT scan can provide an objective ground truth. Keep in mind that there are likely fewer data examples where patients have both the chest x-ray and an additional diagnostic test for the same disease. Consensus voting from a board of doctors Correct Consensus is considered less reliable than biopsy verification. However, the limited availability of biopsy data means that consensus voting may still be the best (or only viable) option. In what order should the training, validation, and test sets be sampled? 1 / 1 point Test, Validation, Training Validation, Training, Test Validation, Test, Training Training, Validation, Test



1 / 1 point

1 / 1 point

then fine tune the last few layers using your dataset.
Retraining all layers of a pre-trained model
Train a model with randomly initialized weights
Retraining the first layer of a pre-trained model
Now let's say you have a very large dataset (~1 million images). Which training strategies will make the most sense?
Training a model with randomly initialized weights.
Retraining all layers of a pretrained model
Correct Given the large dataset, you have the option of training all layers of a pre-trained model. Using a pre-trained model may be faster than training a model from randomly initialized weights.
Retraining the first layer of a pretrained model
Retraining the last layer of a pretrained model
You didn't select all the correct answers

10.