# **JS Advanced Exam**

## **Problem 3. Unit Testing**

### **Your Task**

Using Mocha and Chai write JS Unit Tests to test a variable named chooseYourCar, which represents an object. You may use the following code as a template:

```
describe("Tests ...", function() {
    describe("TODO ...", function() {
         it("TODO ...", function() {
             // TODO: ...
         });
     });
     // TODO: ...
});
```

The object that should have the following functionality:

- choosingType (type, color, year) A function that accepts three parameters: string, string, and number.
  - o If the year is less than 1900 and the year is more than 2022, throw an error: "Invalid Year!"
  - o If the value of the string type is different from "Sedan", throw an error: "This type of car is not what you are looking for."
  - o To be picked, the **car** must meet the **following requirement**:
    - If the **year** of the car is **greater** or **equal** to **2010**, **return** the string:

```
"This ${color} ${type} meets the requirements, that you have."
```

- Otherwise, if the above conditions are **not** met, **return** the following message:
  - "This \${type} is too old for you, especially with that \${color} color."
- There is **no** need for **validation** for the **input**, you will always be given two strings, and number.
- brandName (brands, brandIndex) A function that accepts an array and number. The brands array will store the brand names (["BMW", "Toyota", "Peugeot"...]).
  - You must remove an element (brand) from the array that is located on the index specified as a parameter.
  - Finally, return the changed array of brands as a string, joined by a comma and a space.
  - There is a need for validation for the input, an array and index may not always be valid. In case of submitted invalid parameters, throw an error "Invalid Information!":
    - If passed **brands** parameter is **not** an array.
    - If the **index** is not a number and is outside the limits of the array.

















- CarFuelConsumption (distanceInKilometers, consumptedFuelInLitres) A function that accepts two parameters: number, number.
  - O You test drive the car to find out what its consumption is.
  - o You need to calculate liters per 100 kilometers consumption by dividing the fuel consumption by 100 and then **multiply** by distance.
    - The result must be formatted to the second digit after the decimal point.
  - o If the liters/100km is **less** or **equal** to 7L. **return** the following message:
    - "The car is efficient enough, it burns \${litersPerHundredKm} liters/100 km."
  - Else, return the following message:
    - "The car burns too much fuel \${litersPerHundredKm} liters!"
  - You need to validate the input, if the distanceInKilometers and consumptedFuelInLitres are not a numbers, or are a negative numbers, throw an error: "Invalid Information!".

### **JS Code**

To ease you in the process, you are provided with an implementation that meets all of the specification requirements for the chooseYourCar object:

```
chooseYourCar.js
const chooseYourCar = {
    choosingType(type, color, year) {
        if (year < 1900 || year > 2022) {
            throw new Error(`Invalid Year!`);
        } else {
            if (type == "Sedan") {
                if (year >= 2010) {
                    return `This ${color} ${type} meets the requirements, that you have.`;
                } else {
                    return `This ${type} is too old for you, especially with that ${color}
color.`;
                }
            }
            throw new Error(`This type of car is not what you are looking for.`);
        }
   },
   brandName(brands, brandIndex) {
        let result = [];
```











```
if (!Array.isArray(brands) || !Number.isInteger(brandIndex) || brandIndex < 0 ||</pre>
brandIndex >= brands.length) {
            throw new Error("Invalid Information!");
        }
        for (let i = 0; i < brands.length; i++) {</pre>
            if (i !== brandIndex) {
                result.push(brands[i]);
            }
        }
        return result.join(", ");
    },
    carFuelConsumption(distanceInKilometers, consumptedFuelInLiters) {
       let litersPerHundredKm =((consumptedFuelInLiters / distanceInKilometers)* 100).toFixed(2);
        if (typeof distanceInKilometers !== "number" || distanceInKilometers <= 0 ||</pre>
            typeof consumptedFuelInLiters !== "number" || consumptedFuelInLiters <= 0) {</pre>
            throw new Error("Invalid Information!");
        } else if (litersPerHundredKm <= 7) {</pre>
            return `The car is efficient enough, it burns ${litersPerHundredKm} liters/100 km.`;
        } else {
            return `The car burns too much fuel - ${litersPerHundredKm} liters!`;
        }
    }
```

### **Submission**

Submit your tests inside a **describe()** statement, as shown above.













