Problem 1 - Hogwarts



Welcome, wizard. We have been waiting for you here, in Hogwarts. Get ready to learn a lot of new potions and spells to fight The one who shall not be named. Your first class is Spellcasting.

First, you will receive a spell that needs to be deciphered. Next, you will be receiving commands split by a single space until you get the "Abracadabra" command. There are 5 possible commands:

- "Abjuration"
 - Replace all letters with upper case and print the result.
- "Necromancy"
 - o Replace all letters with lower case and print the result.
- "Illusion {index} {letter}"
 - o Replace the letter at the index with the given one and print "Done!"
 - If the index is invalid, print: "The spell was too weak."
- "Divination {first substring} {second substring}"
 - Replace the first substring (all matches) with the second and print the result.
 - o If the substring does not exist, skip the command.
- "Alteration {substring}"
 - Remove the substring from the string and print the result.
 - If the substring does not exist, skip the command.

If the input command is not in the list, print "The spell did not work!".

Input / Constraints

- On the 1st line, you are going to receive the string.
- On the next lines, until you receive "Abracadabra", you will be receiving commands.
- All commands are case-sensitive.

Output

Print the output of the commands in the format described above.

Input

- The **possible** commands are:
 - o "Abracadabra"
 - o "Abjuration"
 - "Necromancy"
 - o "Illusion {index} {letter}"
 - o "Divination {first substring} {second substring}"
 - o "Alteration {substring}"

Output

- The **possible** outputs are:
 - o "The spell did not work!"
 - "The spell was too weak."
 - o "Done!"

Examples

JS Examples

Input	Output		
(["A7ci0",	Done!		
"Illusion 1 c",	Done!		
"Illusion 4 o",	ACCIO		
"Abjuration",			
"Abracadabra"])			
(["TR1GG3R",	tr1gg3r		
"Necromancy",	The spell was too weak.		
"Illusion 8 m",	The spell was too weak.		
"Illusion 9 n",			
"Abracadabra"])			
(["SwordMaster",	The spell did not work!		
"Target Target Target",	SWORDMASTER		
"Abjuration",	swordmaster		
"Necromancy",	sword		
"Alteration master",			
"Abracadabra"])			

Problem 2 - Message Decrypter



Create a program that checks if inputs have a valid message and decrypt it. On the first line, you will receive a number that indicates how many inputs you will receive on the following lines.

A message is valid when:

- There is nothing else before and after it
- It starts with a tag, which is surrounded by either "\$" or "%" (but not both at the same time). The tag
 itself has to be minimum 3 characters long, start with an uppercase letter, followed only by lowercase
 letters
- . There is a colon and a single white space after the tag
- There are 3 groups consisting of numbers between "[" and "]", followed by a pipe ("|")

Example for a valid message:

"\$Request\$: [73]|[115]|[32]|"

You must check if the message is valid, and if it is - decrypts it. If it isn't - print the following message:

"Valid message not found!"

Decrypting a message means taking **all numbers** and **turn** them **into ASCII symbols**. After successful decrypt, print it in the following format:

"{tag}: {decryptedMessage}"

Input

- On the first line n the count of inputs.
- On the next n lines input that you have to check if it has a valid message.

Output

Print all results from each input, each on a new line.

Input

Example for a valid message:

"<mark>\$Request\$</mark>: <mark>[</mark>73<mark>]|[</mark>115]|[32]|</mark>"

Output

- The **possible** outputs are:
 - o "{tag}: {decryptedMessage}"
 - o "Valid message not found!"

Examples

JS Examples

The input will be provided as an array of strings.

Input	Output	Comment
(["4", "\$Request\$: [73] [115] [105] ", "%Taggy\$: [73] [73] ", "%Taggy%: [118] [97] [108] ", "\$Request\$: [73] [115] [105] [32] [75] "])	Request: Isi Valid message not found! Taggy: val Valid message not found!	We have 4 input lines to check. The first one follows the rules and is valid. The second one doesn't because the tag is surrounded by both '%' and '\$'. The third one also is a valid message. The last one is invalid because it has more than 3 groups of numbers.
(["3", "This shouldnt be valid%Taggy%: [118] [97] [108] ", "\$tAGged\$: [97][97][", "\$Request\$: [73] [115] [105] true"])	Valid message not found! Valid message not found! Valid message not found!	

Problem 3 - Hero Recruitment



Create a program that keeps track of enrolled heroes and their collection of spells (spellbook). You will be receiving the following commands until you receive the command "End":

- "Enroll {HeroName}":
 - o Adds the hero to your collection of heroes.
 - If the hero is already present in your collection, print: "{HeroName} is already enrolled."
- "Learn {HeroName} {SpellName}":
 - o Adds the spell to the hero's spellbook.
 - If the hero does not exist in the collection, print: "{HeroName} doesn't exist."
 - If the hero already has the spell in his spellbook, print: "{HeroName} has already learnt {SpellName}."
- "Unlearn {HeroName} {SpellName}":
 - o Removes the spell from the hero's spellbook.
 - If the hero doesn't exist in the collection, print: "{HeroName} doesn't exist."
 - If the spell doesn't exist in the hero's spellbook, print: "{HeroName} doesn't know {SpellName}."

```
After receiving the "End" command, print all the heroes:

"Heroes:

== {name1}: {spell1}, {spell2}, {spelln}

== {name2}: {spell1}, {spell2}, {spelln}

...

== {nameN}: {spell1}, {spell2}, {spelln}"
```

Input / Constraints

· You will be receiving lines until you receive the "End" command.

Output

Print the heroes in the format described above.

Input

- The **possible** commands are:
 - o "End"
 - o "Enroll {HeroName}"
 - o "Learn {HeroName} {SpellName}"
 - o "Unlearn {HeroName} {SpellName}"

Output

• The **possible** outputs are:

```
"{HeroName} is already enrolled."
"{HeroName} doesn't exist."
"{HeroName} has already learnt {SpellName}."
"{HeroName} doesn't know {SpellName}."
"Heroes:
== {name1}: {spell1}, {spell2}, {spelln}
== {name2}: {spell1}, {spell2}, {spelln}
...
== {nameN}: {spell1}, {spell2}, {spelln}
```

Examples

JS Examples

The input will be provided as an array of strings.

Input	Output		
(["Enroll Stefan",	Stefan is already enrolled.		
"Enroll Peter",	John doesn't exist.		
"Enroll Stefan",	George doesn't exist.		
"Learn Stefan ItShouldWork",	Heroes:		
"Learn John ItShouldNotWork",	== Stefan:		
"Unlearn George Dispel",	== Peter:		
"Unlearn Stefan ItShouldWork",			
"End"])			
(["Enroll Stefan",	Stefan has already learnt ItShouldWork.		
"Learn Stefan ItShouldWork",	Stefan doesn't know NotFound.		
"Learn Stefan ItShouldWork",	Heroes:		
"Unlearn Stefan NotFound",	== Stefan: ItShouldWork		
"End"])			
(["Enroll Stefan",	Heroes:		
"Enroll Peter",	== Stefan: Spell		
"Enroll John",	== Peter: Dispel		
"Learn Stefan Spell",	== John:		
"Learn Peter Dispel",			
"End"])			