

## Exercise Running Time Analysis of Functions in C

For the following C functions, determine the asymptotic time complexity depending on  $n$  as upper bounds and as short as possible. (Necessary preprocessor directives using `#include` are omitted for clarity.)

a) `void functionA(int n)`

```
{
    for (int i = n; i > 1; i -= 2)
    {
        printf(i);
    }
}
```

b) `void functionB(int n)`

```
{
    for (int i = 1; i < n; i++)
    {
        for (int j = n; j > n - i; j--)
        {
            printf(j);
        }
    }
}
```

c) `void functionC(int n)`

```
{
    for (int i = n; i > 1; i = i / 2)
    {
        for (int j = 1; j <= n; j++)
        {
            printf("Hello World!");
        }
    }
}
```

d) `int functionD(int n)`

```
{
    int z = 0;
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
    {
        for (int j = 0; j < n; j++)
        {
            for (int k = 0; k < j; k++)
            {
                z = z + 1;
            }
        }
    }
    return z;
}
```

- e) `void functionE(int n)`
- ```
{
    for (int i = n; i <= n; i++)
    {
        for (int j = n; j > 1; j = j / 2)
        {
            printf(j);
        }
    }
}
```
- f) `void functionF(int n)`
- ```
{
    for (int i = 1; i <= n * n; i += 10)
    {
        for (int j = 1; j * j <= n; j++)
        {
            printf("Hello World!");
        }
    }
}
```
- g) `int functionG(int n)`
- ```
{
    int z = 42;
    for (int i = 1; i < n; i++)
    {
        for (int j = 1; j < n * n + 1; j++)
        {
            return z;
        }
    }
}
```
- h) `int functionH(int a, int n)`
- ```
{
    if (n == 1) {
        return a;
    }
    else {
        return a + functionH(a, n/2);
    }
}
```