## leopena o cyyectbobannon 1

$$\mathbb{R}\setminus\mathbb{Q}\neq\emptyset$$

$$\triangleright$$
 gokaniem 40  $\sqrt{2}$  ER, T.e. 40  $\exists s \in \mathbb{R}$ :  $s^2 = 2$ 

$$\forall x \in X, \forall y \in Y : x < y \iff x^2 < y^2$$

$$A$$
]  $S \in X$ ,  $T.e.$   $S^2 < 2$ 

$$\sqrt{g} = S + \frac{2-S^2}{3S}, \quad 2-S^2 = \Delta, \quad g > S$$

$$9^{2} = \left(S + \frac{\Delta}{3S}\right)^{2} = S^{2} + \frac{2}{3}\Delta + \frac{\Delta^{2}}{9S^{2}} < S^{2} + \frac{2}{3}\Delta + \frac{\Delta}{3} = S^{2} + \Delta = S^{2} + 2 - S^{2} = 2$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
  $g^2 < 2 \Rightarrow g \in X$ 

$$\langle g = S - \frac{S^2 - \lambda}{3S}, S^2 - \lambda = \Delta, g < S$$

$$g^2 = \left(S - \frac{\Delta}{3S}\right)^2 = S^2 - \frac{2}{3}\Delta + \frac{\Delta^2}{3S^2} > S^2 - \frac{2}{3}\Delta - \frac{\Delta}{3} = S^2 - \Delta = S^2 - S^2 + 2 = 2$$

$$\Rightarrow 9^2 > 2 = > 9 \in Y$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 OCTABILL  $S^2 = 2$ 

## Mpunyun Apxumega Va∈R → IneW: n≥a DJJGER: Vnc N: n = a => Jb & R: b= sup N => => ]n EM: n>b-1 (=> n+1>b npotubopeme 40 b=SupM leorena (Mpunyun Apxunege): ] x ∈ R, x >0. Toya Vy ∈ R 3!K ∈ Z : (K-1)x ≤y ∠ Kx Souhoomaga Hax > < T= { t & Z : \$ < t } 2 9 × 1 × = 5 < KX T = & u oul cm3y => Im: infT 3 KET: m < K < m+1 => K-1 < m, K-1 & T => K = min T = m = infT leapena o mothocth (1) & R ] 9,6 eR a < 6 => ] 9 e Q: 9 < 9 < 6 D (β-a) > 0 => ∃n∈W: h< (β-a) $\int Q = \frac{[hq]+1}{n} \in \mathbb{Q}$ $q \leq \frac{n\alpha+1}{n} = \alpha + \frac{1}{n} < \alpha + (\beta - \alpha) = \beta \quad q < \beta$ $Q > \frac{hq+1-1}{h} = Q \qquad q > Q$

## Teopena O mothocru II B R ] 9,6 ER, a26 => ] ( E ] : a < i < b $\exists q \in \mathbb{Q} : a - J_2 < q < b - J_2 \iff a < q + J_2 < b$ Teopena Kantopa In = [an, Bn], an = Bn In - cucy brossenhor orpeskob eine: $I_1 \supset I_2 \supset I_3 \dots I_n \supset \dots$ $\bigcap_{i=1}^{\infty} \overline{I}_i \neq \emptyset \quad ; \quad \bigcap_{i=1}^{\infty} \overline{I}_i = \{a\}$ V nim ∈ M: [ an ; bnim ] c [ an ; bn ] => an ∈ an + m Vn,m ∈ W: [an+m; bn+m] C [am; bm] => bn+m = bm => $Q_n \neq Q_{n+m} \leq \mathcal{B}_{n+m} \leq \mathcal{B}_m => \forall a \in A, \forall b \in B: Q \leq b$ no ax chome herperbibliogra: 9 4 C 6 B, YacA, YBGB => => CE[an; 6n] $\exists \exists c_1 \neq c_2 \quad u \quad \exists c_1 < c_2 \quad => \quad a_n \leq c_1 < c_2 \leq b_n$ T.Q. $0 < C_2 - C_1 < \beta_n - \alpha_n < \varepsilon = > C_2 - C_1 < \varepsilon = >$ C2 - C1 = 0 npo1 whope me

