```
void interleaveQueue(queue<int>& q){
    int n = q.size();
    int half = n / 2;
    queue<int> firstHalf;
   queue<int> secondHalf;
    // Split the elements into two halves
    for (int i = 0; i < half; i++) {
        firstHalf.push(q.front());
        q.pop();
   while (!q.empty()) {
        secondHalf.push(q.front());
        q.pop();
    // Interleave the elements
   while (!firstHalf.empty() && !secondHalf.empty()) {
        q.push(firstHalf.front());
        firstHalf.pop();
        q.push(secondHalf.front());
        secondHalf.pop();
```

```
bool isBipartite(vector<vector<int>> graph) {
    int n = graph.size();
    int color[1001];
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++){
        color[i] = -1;
    queue <int> q;
    bool check;
    for (int u = 0; u < n; u++){
        if (color[u] == -1 ){
        check = true;
        q.push(u); // them dinh u vao dau hang doi
        color[u] = 0; // 0 : red , 1 : blue
        while (!q.empty()){
            int v = q.front(); // lay phan tu o dau hang doi
            q.pop(); // xoa phan tu dau hang doi
            for (int x : graph[v]){
            // neu nhu dinh chua duoc to mau thi cho dinh do co mau doi voi dinh u
            if (color[x] == -1){
    color[x] = 1 - color[v];
                q.push(x);
            else if (color[x] == color[v]) return false;
    return true;
```

```
void bfs(vector<vector<int>> graph, int start) {
    int n = graph.size();
   bool visited[1001];
   for (int i = 0; i < n; i++){
           visited[i] = false;
   queue <int> q;
   q.push(start);
   visited[start] = true;
   while (!q.empty()){
       int v = q.front(); // lay dinh ow dau hang doi
       q.pop(); //xoa dinh o dau hang doi
       cout << v << " ";
       for (int x : graph[v]){
            if (!visited[x]){
               q.push(x);
               visited[x] = true;
```

```
void push(T item) {
    // TODO: Push new element into the end of the queue
    list.add(item);
T pop() {
    // TODO: Remove an element in the head of the queue
    return list.removeAt(0);
T top() {
    // TODO: Get value of the element in the head of the queue
    return list.get(0);
bool empty() {
   // TODO: Determine if the queue is empty
    return list.empty();
int size() {
   // TODO: Get the size of the queue
    return list.size();
void clear() {
    // TODO: Clear all elements of the queue
   list.clear();
```

```
// iostream, vector and queue are included
// You can write helper methods
long long nthNiceNumber(int n) {
   if (n == 1) {
        return 2LL;
    queue<long long> q;
    q.push(2LL);
   q.push(5LL);
    long long niceNumber = 0;
   while (n > 0) {
        niceNumber = q.front();
        q.pop();
        q.push(niceNumber * 10 + 2);
        q.push(niceNumber * 10 + 5);
        n--;
    return niceNumber;
```

```
int secondsToBeRotten(vector<vector<int>>& grid) {
    int n = grid.size();
    int m = grid[0].size();
    vector<pair<int, int>> directions = {{1, 0}, {-1, 0}, {0, 1}, {0, -1}};
    queue<pair<int, int>> rottenApples;
    int freshApples = 0;
    int minutes = 0;
    // Find all the rotten apples and count fresh apples
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        for (int j = 0; j < m; j++) {
            if (grid[i][j] == 2) {
                rottenApples.push({i, j});
            } else if (grid[i][j] == 1) {
                freshApples++;
    while (!rottenApples.empty()) {
        int size = rottenApples.size();
        while (size--) {
            int x = rottenApples.front().first;
            int y = rottenApples.front().second;
            rottenApples.pop();
```

```
while (!rottenApples.empty()) {
    int size = rottenApples.size();
   while (size--) {
        int x = rottenApples.front().first;
        int y = rottenApples.front().second;
        rottenApples.pop();
        for (const auto& dir : directions) {
            int newX = x + dir.first;
            int newY = y + dir.second;
            if (newX >= 0 && newX < n && newY >= 0 && newY < m && grid[newX][newY] == 1) {
                grid[newX][newY] = 2;
                freshApples--;
                rottenApples.push({newX, newY});
    if (!rottenApples.empty()) {
        minutes++;
return freshApples == 0 ? minutes : -1;
```

```
int sumOfMaxSubarray(vector<int>& nums, int K) {
    int N = nums.size(), res = 0;
    std::deque<int> Qi(K);
    int i;
    for (i = 0; i < K; ++i) {
        while ((!Qi.empty()) && nums[i] >= nums[Qi.back()])
            Qi.pop_back();
        Qi.push_back(i);
    for (; i < N; ++i) {
        res += nums[Qi.front()];
        while ((!Qi.empty()) && Qi.front() <= i - K)</pre>
            Qi.pop_front();
        while ((!Qi.empty()) && nums[i] >= nums[Qi.back()])
            Qi.pop_back();
        Qi.push_back(i);
    res += nums[Qi.front()];
    return res;
```