

## Contents

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## Problem Set 4, Number 1

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```
% set4_prob1
```

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## Exam 2 version

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```
clear; clc; close all

J_fn = @(x) ...
    [ 1+x(2), 1+x(1)    ;
      2*x(1), 2-2*x(2)  ];

fn = @(x) ...
    [ x(1) + x(2) + x(1)*x(2) + 5    ;
      x(1)^2 + 2*x(2) - x(2)^2 - 2  ];

% initialize
xg_arr = [];
f_arr = [];

for i = -10 : 10
    for j = -10 : 10

        xg = [i; j];

        k = 0;
        % first 6 iterates
        while norm(fn(xg)) > 0.00000001

            k = k + 1;
            xg = xg - inv(J_fn(xg)) * fn(xg);

        end

        xg_arr = [xg_arr; i, j, xg(1), xg(2)];
        f = fn(xg);
        f_arr = [f_arr; i, j, f(1), f(2)];

    end
end
```

```
Warning: Matrix is singular to
working precision.
Warning: Matrix is singular to
working precision.
Warning: Matrix is singular to
working precision.
Warning: Matrix is singular to
working precision.
Warning: Matrix is singular to
working precision.
Warning: Matrix is singular to
working precision.
Warning: Matrix is close to
singular or badly scaled. Results
```

```
may be inaccurate. RCOND =  
1.110223e-16.
```

## unique converged values

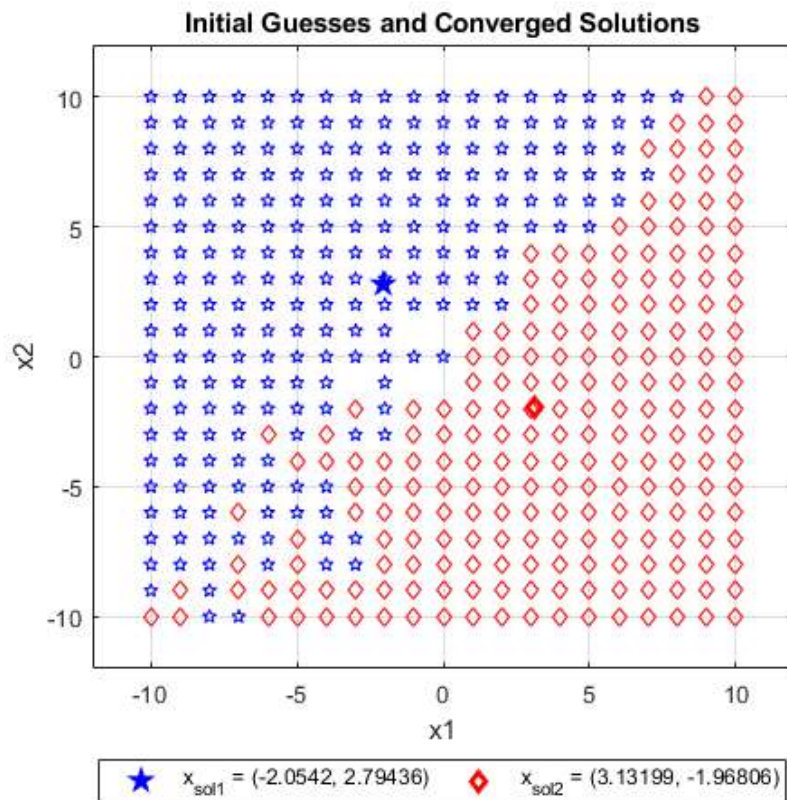
---

```
tol    = 1e-5;  
xg_u   = rmmissing(xg_arr);  
xg_u(:,3) = round(xg_u(:,3), 5);  
xg_u(:,4) = round(xg_u(:,4), 5);  
  
% unique x1  
row_u = unique(xg_u(:,3));  
  
for j = 1:length(row_u)  
    for i = 1:length(xg_u)  
        if xg_u(i,3) == row_u(j)  
            xg_u(i,5) = j;  
        end  
    end  
end  
  
% first unique points  
temp = xg_u(:,3) == row_u(1);  
idx  = find(temp, 1, 'first');  
u1   = xg_u(idx, 3:4);  
  
% second unique points  
temp = xg_u(:,3) == row_u(2);  
idx  = find(temp, 1, 'first');  
u2   = xg_u(idx, 3:4);
```

## plot

---

```
ftitle = 'Initial Guesses and Converged Solutions';  
figure('name', ftitle, 'position', [100 100 500 500])  
  
% plot unique values  
plot(u1(1), u1(2), 'bp', 'linewidth', 2); grid on; hold on;  
plot(u2(1), u2(2), 'rd', 'linewidth', 2);  
  
% plot initial guesses  
for i = 1:length(xg_u)  
    if xg_u(i, 5) == 1  
        plot(xg_u(i,1), xg_u(i,2), 'bp');  
    elseif xg_u(i, 5) == 2  
        plot(xg_u(i,1), xg_u(i,2), 'rd');  
    end  
end  
  
legend(sprintf('x_{sol1} = (%g, %g)', u1(1), u1(2)), ...  
        sprintf('x_{sol2} = (%g, %g)', u2(1), u2(2)), ...  
        'location', 'southoutside', 'orientation', 'horizontal')  
  
xlim([-10 10])  
ylim([-10 10])  
bigger_ylim  
bigger_xlim  
ylabel('x2');  
xlabel('x1');  
  
title(ftitle);
```



## Convergence points

There are 2 convergence points (labelled in the legend). The plot shows that initial guesses that lie closer to either solution will converge towards that respective solution. There is a zone in between the convergence points where Newton's method fails to converge; at those points, the calculated Jacobian is singular, and thus further computations to find a solution fail.

```
% The figure below shows how the nonlinear equations intersect with each
% other and the 0-plane.

x = [-10:1:10];

[X1,X2] = meshgrid(x);
F1 = X1 + X2 + X1.*X2 + 5;
F2 = X1.^2 + 2*X2 - X2.^2 - 2;

% sanity check
for i = 1:length(x)
    for j = 1:length(x)
        temp = fn([x(i),x(j)]);
        F1_test(i,j) = temp(1);
        F2_test(i,j) = temp(2);
    end
end

ftitle = 'Convergence of Nonlinear Equations';
figure('name', ftitle, 'position', [100 100 800 400])
surf(X1,X2,F1, 'FaceColor','g', 'FaceAlpha',0.5, 'EdgeColor','none');
hold on; grid on;
surf(X1,X2,F2, 'FaceColor','b', 'FaceAlpha',0.5, 'EdgeColor','none');
surf(X1,X2,zeros(size(F2)), 'FaceColor','r', 'FaceAlpha',0.2, 'EdgeColor','none');

plot3(u1(1), u1(2), 0, 'bp', 'linewidth', 3)
plot3(u2(1), u2(2), 0, 'rd', 'linewidth', 3)
```

```

xlabel('x1');
ylabel('x2');
zlabel('f');

legend('f_1 = x_1 + x_2 + x_1x_2 + 5', 'f_2 = x_1^2 + 2x_2 - 2x^2 - 2', '0-plane', ...
    sprintf('x_{sol1}', u1(1), u1(2)), ...
    sprintf('x_{sol2}', u2(1), u2(2)), ...
    'location', 'eastoutside');

title(ftitle);

```

