Computational Photography

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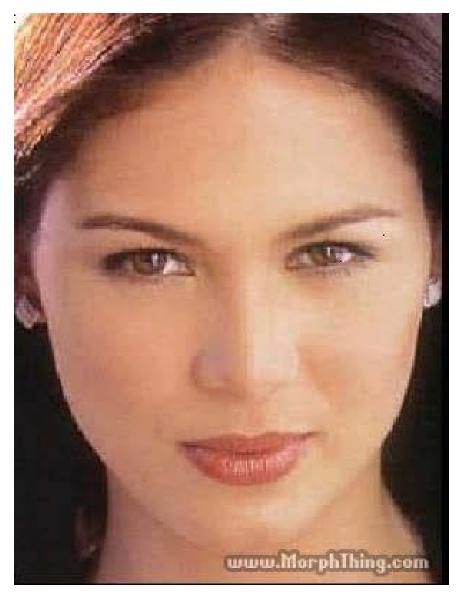
Project 5

- 1. Morph Tool
- 2. Image Rectification
- 3. Panorama Stitching

Demo

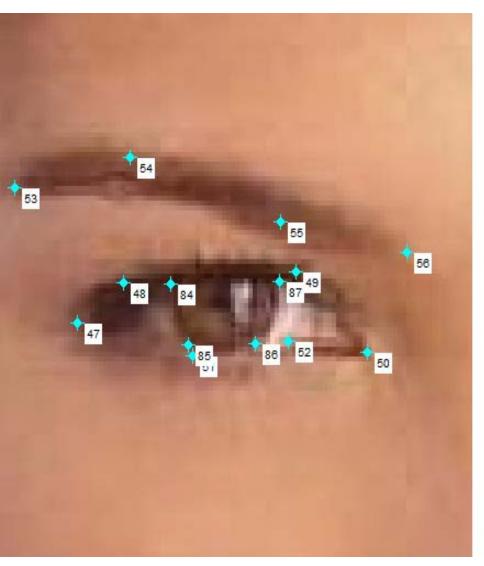
Kristine Hermosa - Angelina Jolie

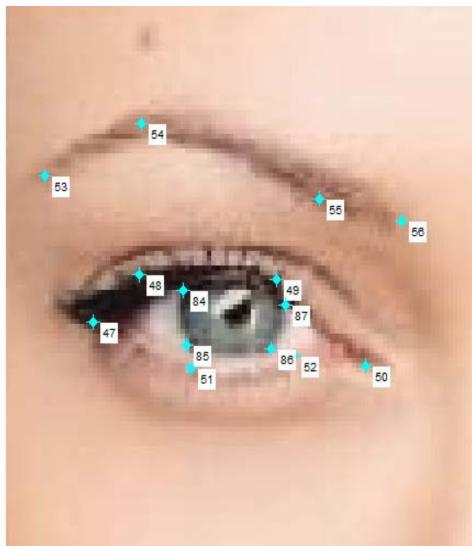
Select Source & Target Images





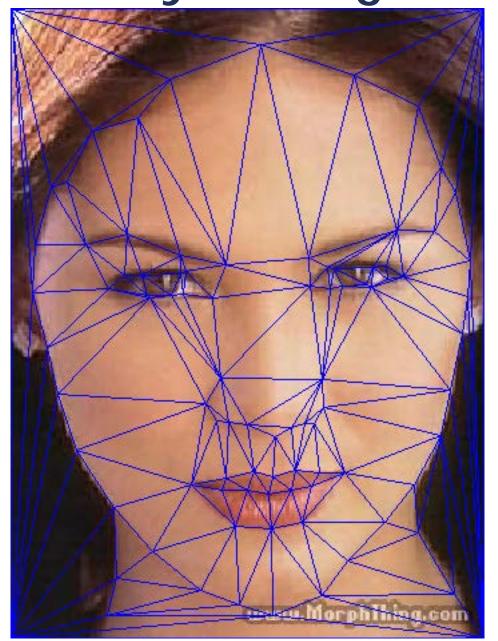
Mark Corresponding Points



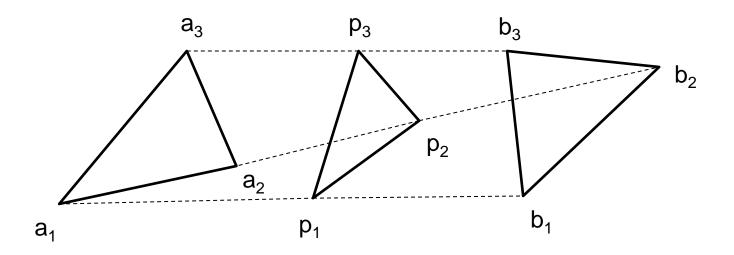


cpselect

Find Delaunay Triangulation

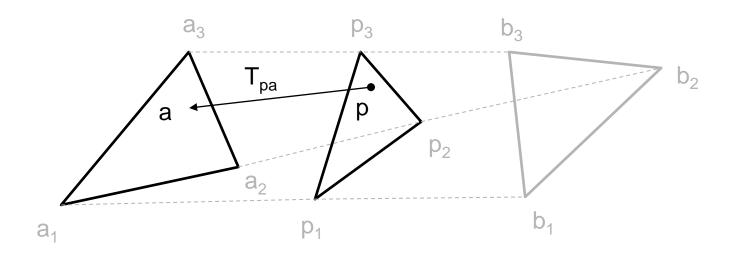


Do Triangle Interpolation



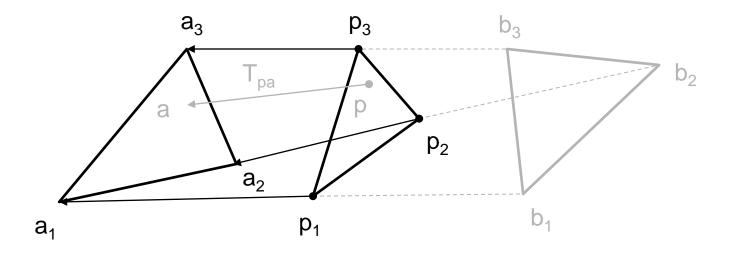
$$p_i = (1-t)a_i + tb_i$$

Affine Transformation



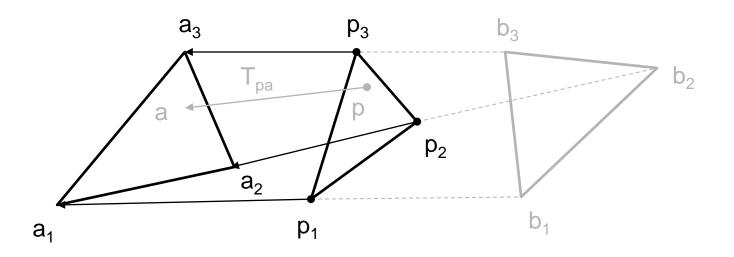
$$\begin{pmatrix} x_a \\ y_a \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = T_{pa} \begin{pmatrix} x_p \\ y_p \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

Constraints



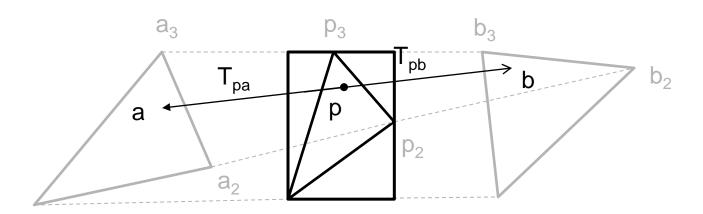
$$\begin{pmatrix} x_{a_i} \\ y_{a_i} \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = T_{pa} \begin{pmatrix} x_{p_i} \\ y_{p_i} \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

Calculate Affine Matrix



$$T_{pa} = \begin{vmatrix} x_{a1} & x_{a2} & x_{a3} \\ y_{a1} & y_{a2} & y_{a3} \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \end{vmatrix} \begin{vmatrix} x_{p1} & x_{p2} & x_{p3} \\ y_{p1} & y_{p2} & y_{p3} \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \end{vmatrix}^{-1}$$

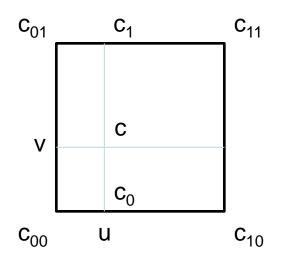
Do Triangle Rasterization



For each point in bounding box

- Inside triangle test (we provide rasterize)
- 2. Affine transform to source and target triangles
- 3. Lookup colors using bilinear interpolation
- 4. Blend using interpolation parameter

Bilinear Interpolation



$$c_0 = (1 - u) c_{00} + u c_{10}$$

$$c_1 = (1 - u) c_{01} + u c_{11}$$

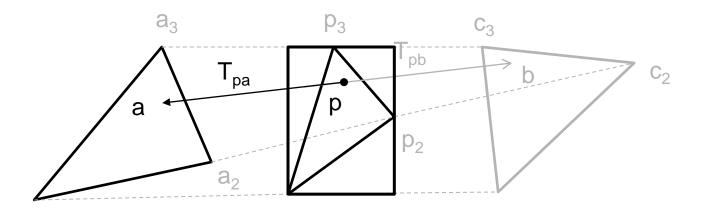
$$c = (1 - v) c_0 + v c_1$$

Video Assembly

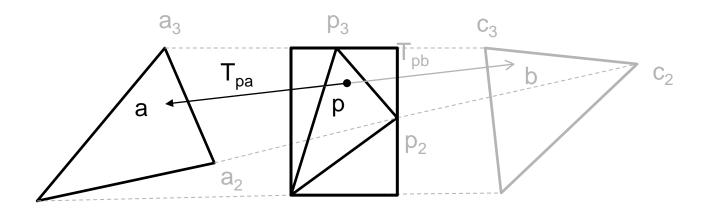
- Create movie in Matlab
 - Convert image to frame with im2frame.
 - Play movie with movie.
 - Save movie by creating an avi file with avifile and add frames with addframe. Don't forget to close (with close) the file.
- Create movie outside Matlab
 - Save images with imwrite.
 - Assemble the images with *VirtualDub* (Windows), *SequImago* (Mac) or *ffmpeg*.

Summary

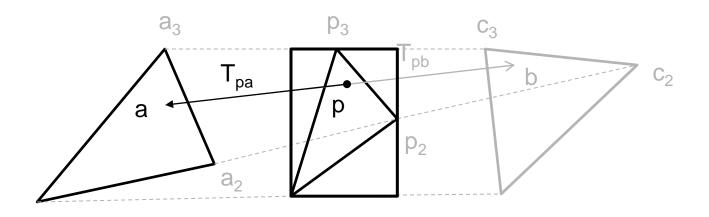
- Load source and target images
- Mark corresponding points: cpselect
- Find Delauney triangulation: delauney
- For each frame
 - Define interpolation parameters
 - For each triangle
 - Find affine transformations
 - Find pixels in triangle: rasterize
 - Color found pixels using the affine transformation. Try to avoid loops here!
- Assemble video: im2frame, avifile, addframe



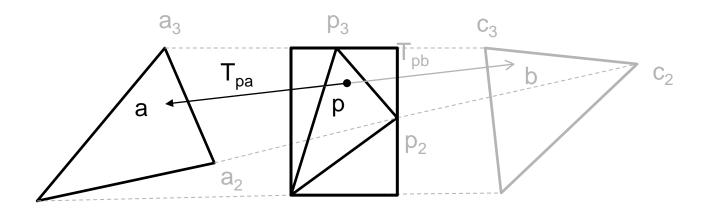
$$\left(egin{array}{c} x_a \ y_a \ 1 \end{array}
ight) = T_{pa} \left(egin{array}{c} x_p \ y_p \ 1 \end{array}
ight)$$



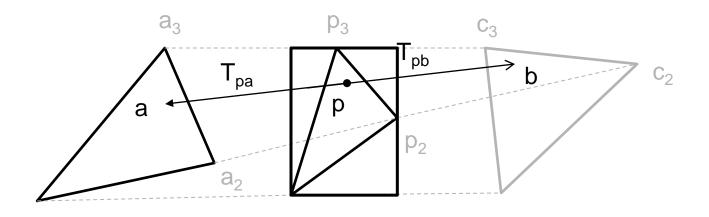
$$\begin{pmatrix} x_a \\ y_a \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} t_{11} & t_{12} & t_{13} \\ t_{21} & t_{22} & t_{23} \\ t_{31} & t_{32} & t_{33} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x_p \\ y_p \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$



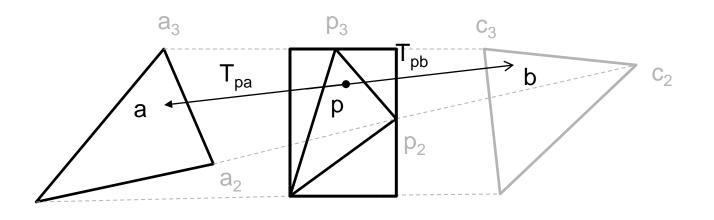
$$\begin{pmatrix} x_a \\ y_a \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} t_{11} & t_{12} & t_{13} \\ t_{21} & t_{22} & t_{23} \\ t_{31} & t_{32} & t_{33} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x_p \\ y_p \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$



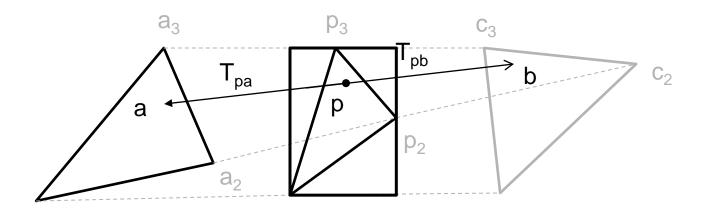
$$\begin{pmatrix} x_a \\ y_a \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} t_{11} & t_{12} & t_{13} \\ t_{21} & t_{22} & t_{23} \\ t_{31} & t_{32} & t_{33} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x_p \\ y_p \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$



$$\begin{pmatrix} x_{a1} & x_{a2} \\ y_{a1} & x_{a2} \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} t_{11} & t_{12} & t_{13} \\ t_{21} & t_{22} & t_{23} \\ t_{31} & t_{32} & t_{33} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x_{p1} & x_{p2} \\ y_{p1} & x_{p2} \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$



$$\begin{pmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_{a1} & x_{a2} \\ y_{a1} & x_{a2} \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} t_{11} & t_{12} & t_{13} \\ t_{21} & t_{22} & t_{23} \\ t_{31} & t_{32} & t_{33} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_{p1} & x_{p2} \\ y_{p1} & x_{p2} \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$



$$\begin{pmatrix} x_{a1} & x_{a2} \\ y_{a1} & x_{a2} \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} t_{11} & t_{12} & t_{13} \\ t_{21} & t_{22} & t_{23} \\ t_{31} & t_{32} & t_{33} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x_{p1} & x_{p2} \\ y_{p1} & x_{p2} \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

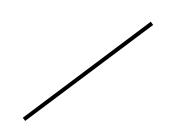
Parallelization

- Call matlabpool
- Replace for with parfor

- 8x speed up with 8 cores
- Constraints:
 - Outer most for loop only
 - Each process (loop iteration) needs to be independent

Define Interpolation Parameter

Linear ramp



$$t = \frac{index - 1}{count - 1}$$

Cosine ramp



$$t' = \frac{1 - \cos \pi t}{2}$$

Debug Tipps

- Use only imshow instead of real frames
- Only one triangle
- Show delauney triangulation in each frame.

Demo

More Examples

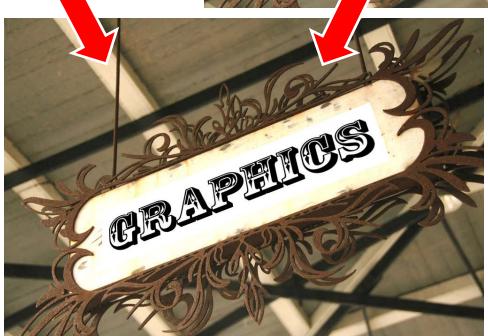






GRAPHICS



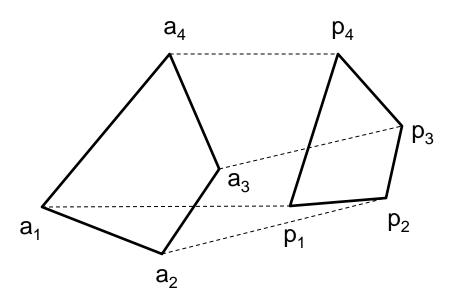




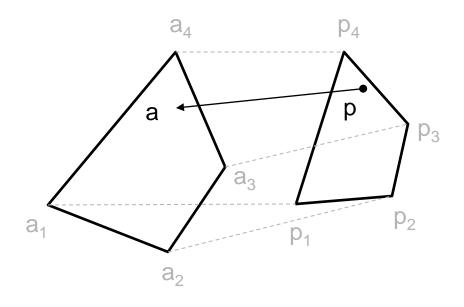
Give clear instruction

- Describe the order the points need to be selected as figure title or something similar OR
- The application is able to find out the order by itself.

4 Corresponding Points

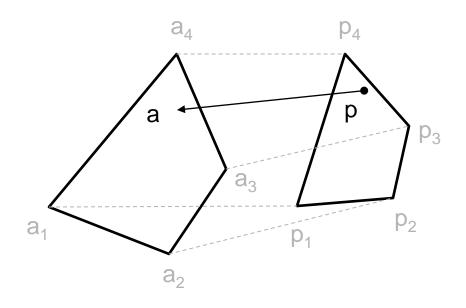


Homography Transform



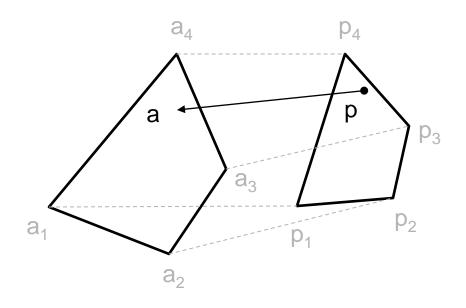
$$\begin{pmatrix} a_x a_z \\ a_y a_z \\ a_z \end{pmatrix} = H_{pa} \begin{pmatrix} p_x \\ p_y \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

Homography Matrix



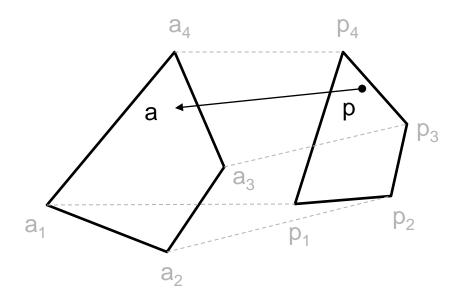
$$\begin{pmatrix} a_x a_z \\ a_y a_z \\ a_z \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} h_{11} & h_{12} & h_{13} \\ h_{21} & h_{22} & h_{23} \\ h_{31} & h_{32} & h_{33} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} p_x \\ p_y \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

Homography Matrix

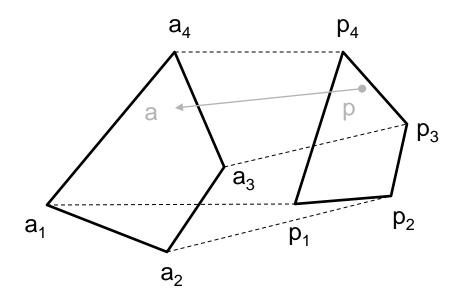


$$\begin{pmatrix} a_x a_z \\ a_y a_z \\ a_z \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} h_{11} & h_{12} & h_{13} \\ h_{21} & h_{22} & h_{23} \\ h_{31} & h_{32} & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} p_x \\ p_y \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

Homography Matrix



Homography Matrix



$$\begin{pmatrix} -p_{1x} & -p_{1y} & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & a_{1x}p_{1x} & a_{1x}p_{1y} & a_{1x} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -p_{1x} & -p_{1y} & -1 & a_{1y}p_{1x} & a_{1y}p_{1y} & a_{1y} \\ \vdots & \vdots \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -p_{4x} & -p_{4y} & -1 & a_{4y}p_{4x} & a_{4y}p_{4y} & a_{4y} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} h_{11} \\ \vdots \\ h_{32} \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ \vdots \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

Singular Value Decomposition

- Solve the equation system
 - singular value decomposition (svd)

$$A = USV$$
 $h = V_{:,9}$

or backslash operator \

$$\begin{pmatrix} -p_{1x} & -p_{1y} & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & a_{1x}p_{1x} & a_{1x}p_{1y} & a_{1x} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -p_{1x} & -p_{1y} & -1 & a_{1y}p_{1x} & a_{1y}p_{1y} & a_{1y} \\ \vdots & \vdots \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -p_{4x} & -p_{4y} & -1 & a_{4y}p_{4x} & a_{4y}p_{4y} & a_{4y} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} h_{11} \\ h_{12} \\ \vdots \\ h_{32} \\ h_{33} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ \vdots \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

Rasterize Image

For every pixel

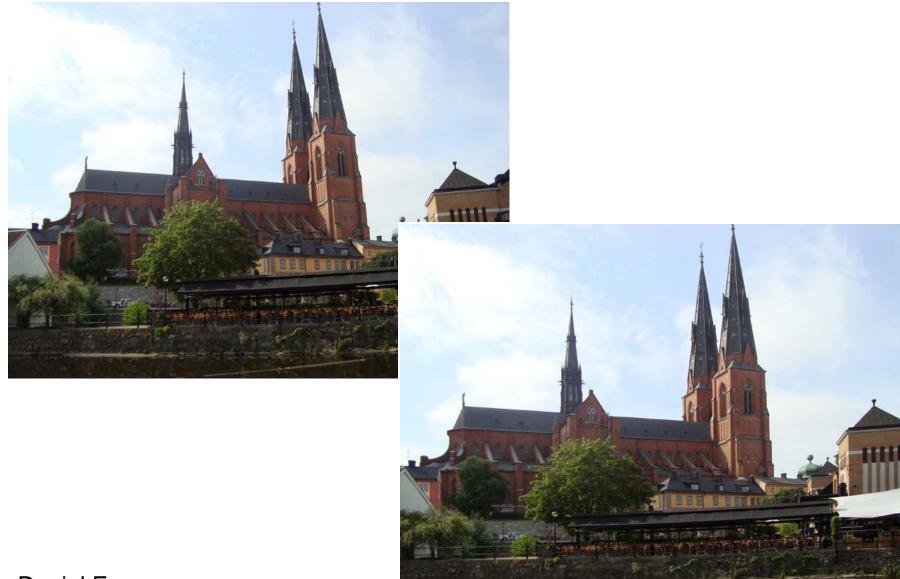
- 1. Transform using homography to source image
- 2. Lookup colors using bilinear interpolation
- 3. Color pixel

Summary

- Load source image(s)
- Select 4 corresponding points: ginput
- Find homography between quadriliterals
- Rasterize image









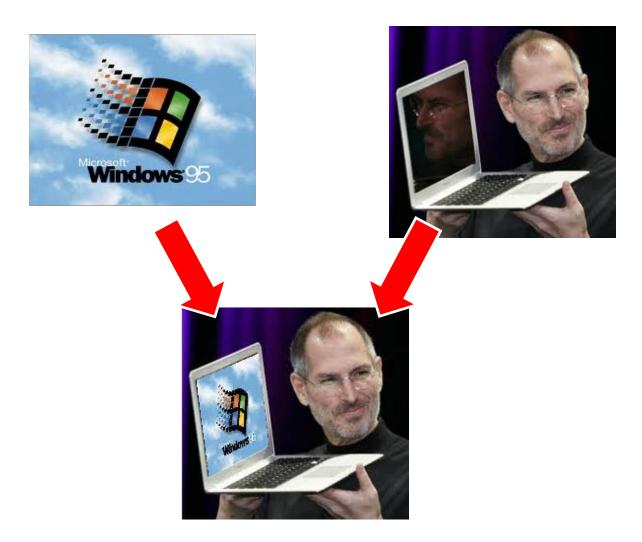




Tiziano Portenier





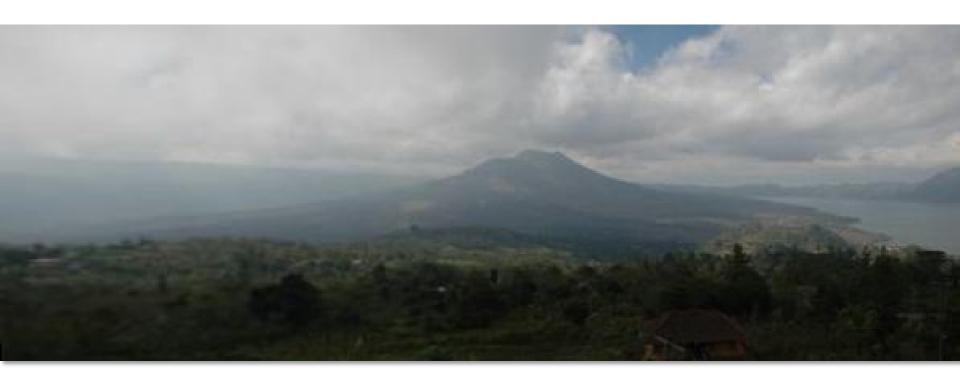


Panorama Stitching

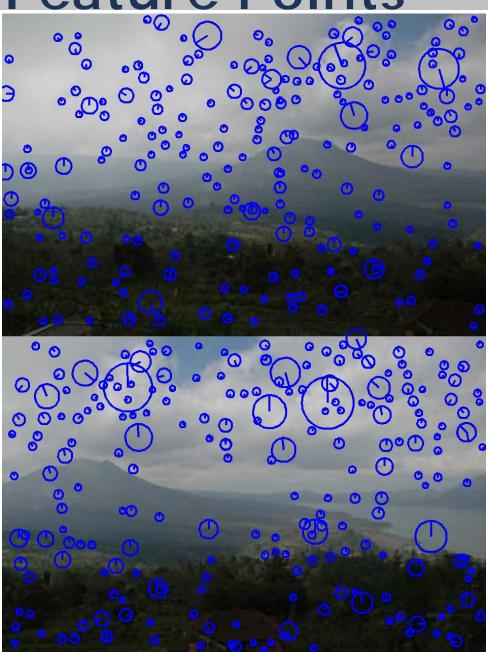




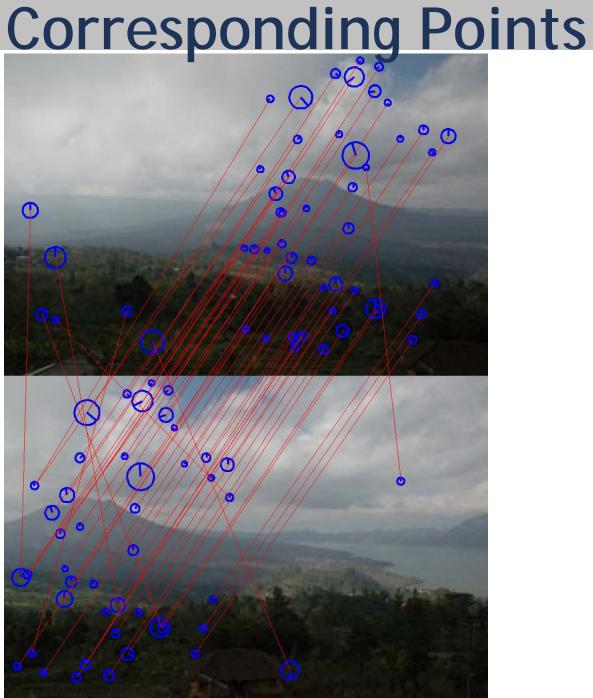
Panorama Stitching



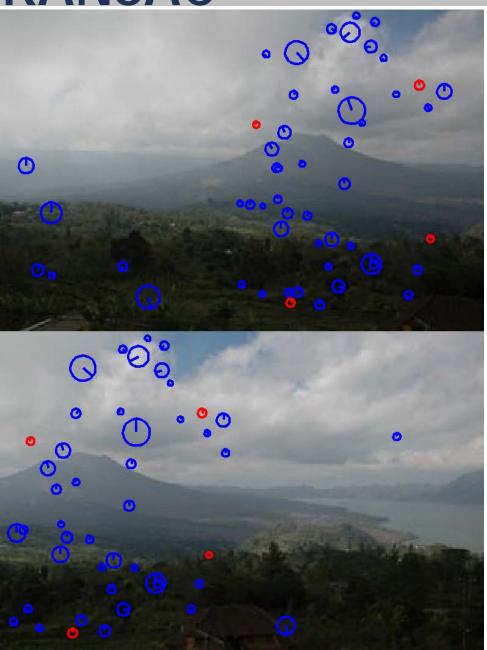
Feature Points



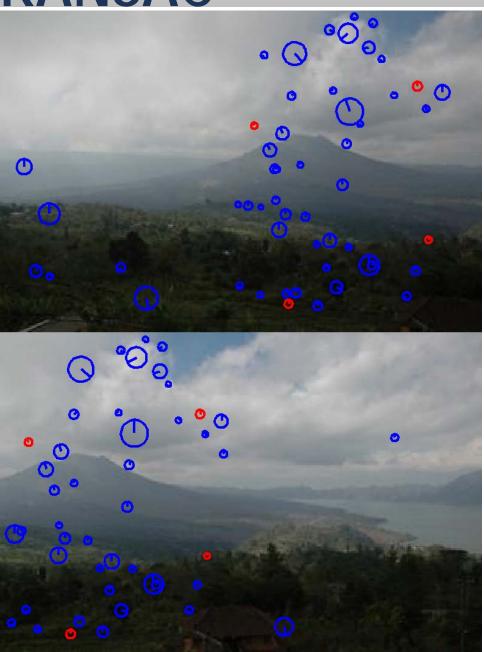
vl_sift



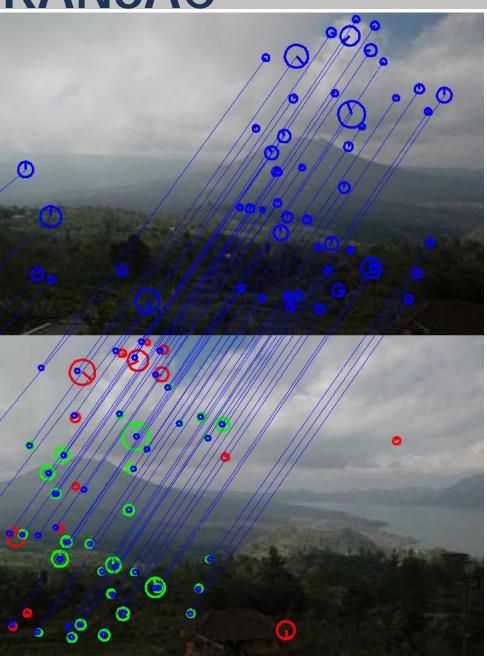
vl_ucbmatch



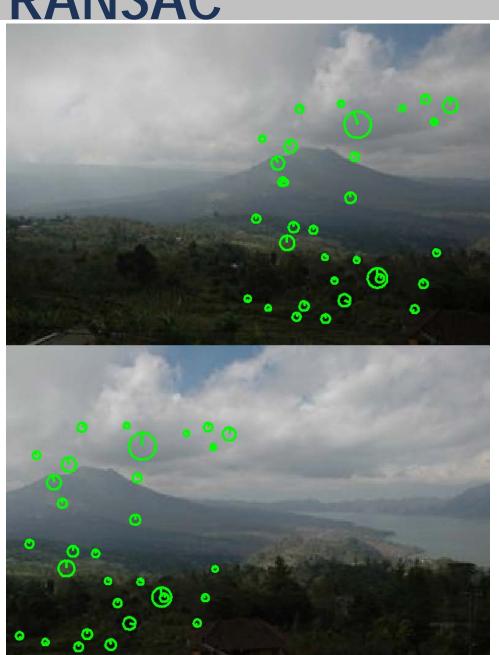
1. Choose 4 random corresponding points



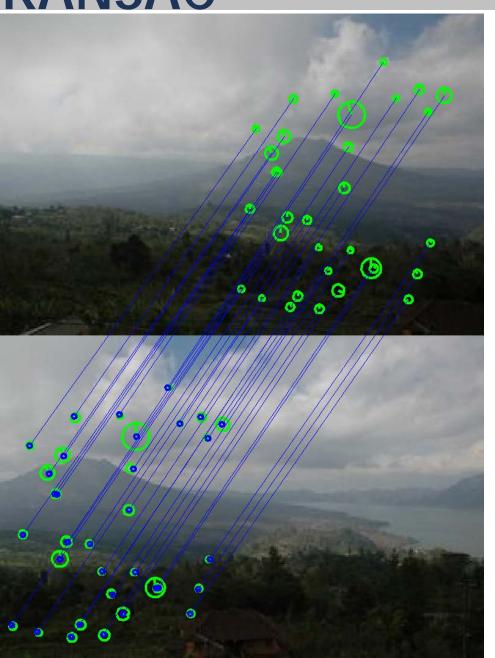
- 1. Choose 4 random corresponding points
- 2. Find homography



- 1. Choose 4 random corresponding points
- 2. Find homography
- 3. Transform points to other image using homography



- 1. Choose 4 random corresponding points
- 2. Find homography
- 3. Transform points to other image using homography
- 4. Count inliers based on Euclidean distance

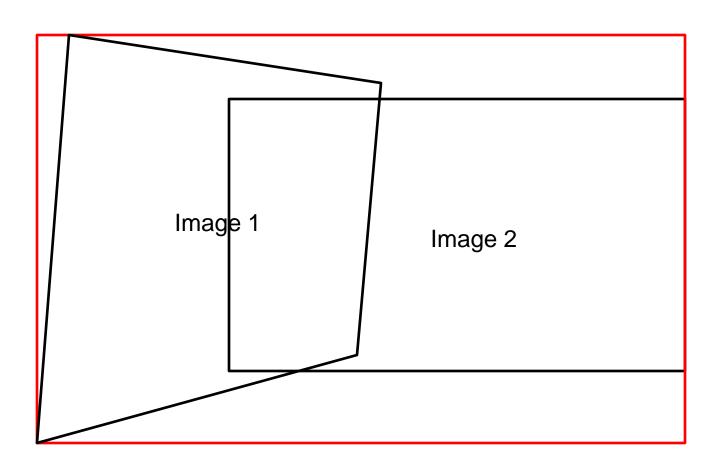


- 1. Choose 4 random corresponding points
- 2. Find homography
- 3. Transform points to other image using homography
- 4. Count inliers based on Euclidean distance
- 5. Keep homography with most inliers

For many iterations

- 1 Choose four random corresponding points
- 2 Find homography
- 3 Transform using homography points from one image to the other
- 4 Count inliers based on Euclidean distance
- 5 Keep homography with max. Inliers

Image Size



Rasterize Image

For every pixel

- 1 Transform to source image using homography
- 2 Bounding box test
- 3 Lookup colors using bilinear interpolation
- 4 Blend image 1/image 2

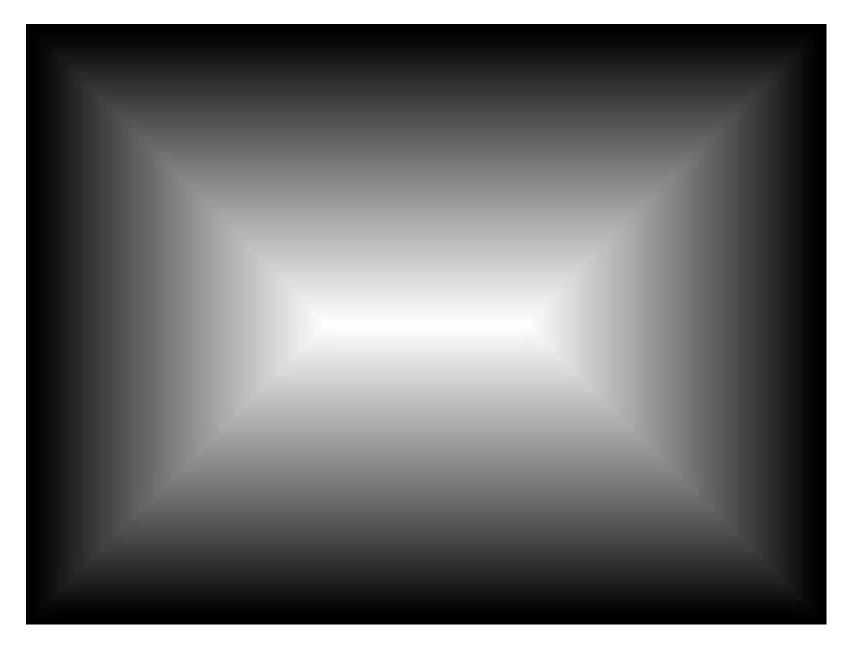
How to blend two images?

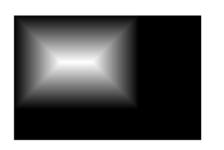
How to blend two images?

How to blend two images?

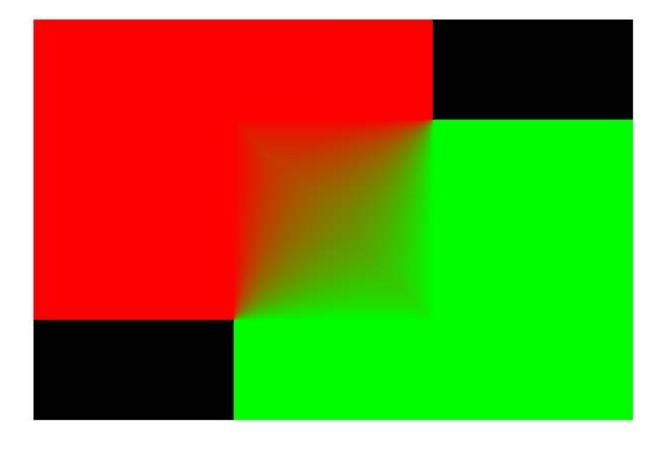
```
mask = mask ./ max(max(mask));
figure
imshow(mask);
```

imshow(mask);







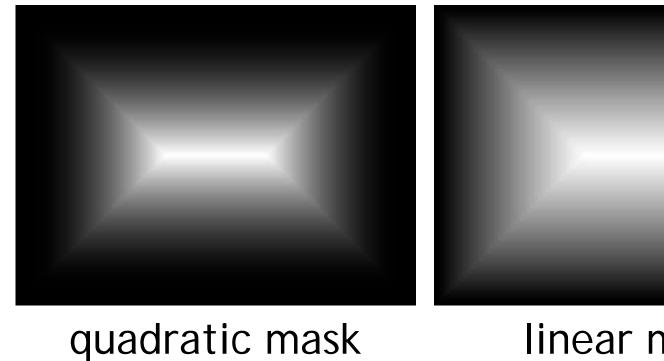


figure

imshow(mask);

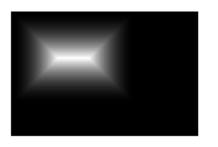
```
mask = mask .* mask;
mask =
                  4
           4
                        4
                                     4
           4
           4
                                           4
           4
                  4
                        4
                                     4
                                           4
mask = mask ./ max(max(mask));
```

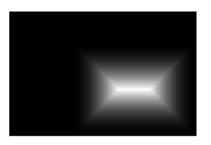
imshow(mask);

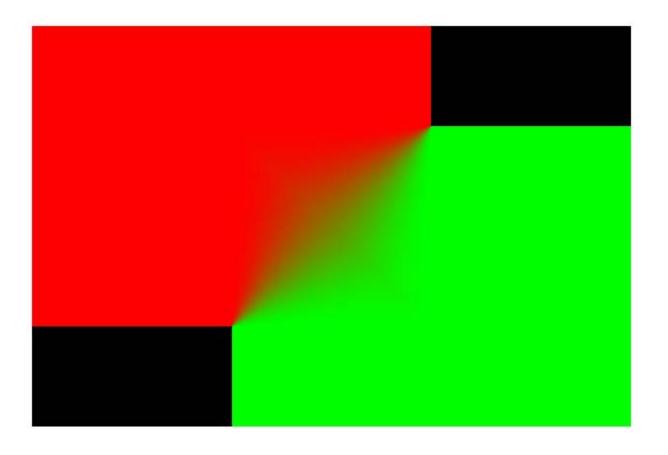


linear mask

quadratic mask



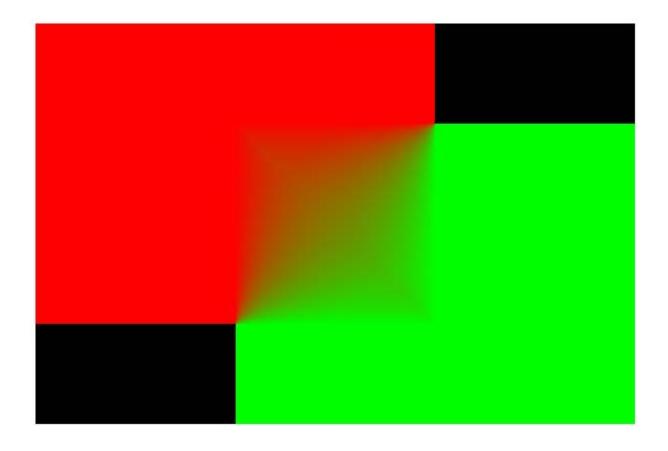




linear mask







Summary

- 1 Load two images to stitch together
- 2 Extract feature points: vl_sift
- 3 Find corresponding points: vl_ucbmatch
- 4 Find best corresponding points: RANSAC
- 5 Find best homography for max. inliers
- 6 Calculate image size and offsets to sources
- 7 Rasterize image and crop



