

Exercises 9

5.05.2014

Rules: The document contains a set of 3 exercises. You need to provide a *separate* PDF file for each exercise. All files must be compressed in a ZIP archive, named FirstName_LastName_exn.zip, where n is the number of the exercise session (see ex_set_1.pdf). The ZIP file must be uploaded on ILIAS until the specified deadline.

Good luck!

Exercise 1. You have a collection of 10000 documents and 4 target terms (see the table below). Term T1 is present in 100 documents, term T2 in 200 documents, etc.

Document (N=10000)	Term	T1	T2	T3	T4
	df	100	200	200	100
D1		4	4	0	1
D2		4	2	10	5
D3		4	2	2	30
...	

- Compute *idf* for the terms in the table. Use \log_{10} for *idf*. (1p)
- Compute the *tf-idf* weighting for each of the terms (use raw counting for *tf*). (1p)
- If you have a query (T3,T4) what would be the order of documents according to *tf-idf* weighting? (2p)

Hint: use cosine similarity. See a detailed example [here](#).

Exercise 2. You have the following contingency table for term T and category C:

	C_i	C_{-i}	
T_k	50	80	130
T_{-k}	900	970	1870
	950	1050	2000

- Compute the Mutual Information (MI) score. (1p)
- Compute the Odds Ratio (OR). (1p)
- Compute the Chi-Squared value. (1p)
- Compute the Information Gain (IR). (1p)

Exercise 3. You have the following input data:

	C1_i	C1_{-i}	
T_k	10	10	20
T_{-k}	35	45	80
	45	55	100

	C2_i	C2_{-i}	
T_k	50	5	55
T_{-k}	20	90	110
	70	95	330

	C3_i	C3_{-i}	
T_k	100	200	300
T_{-k}	300	500	800
	400	700	2200

The tables represent the contingency table for a term T and 3 different categories. Compute the Mutual Information score for the term and each of the categories and derive a global (category-independent) term score. Use the sum function. (Hint: see slide 41 in the Text Categorization lecture). (2p)