

Give Me Gestalt! Final Paper

Bayesian Analysis

```
library(tidyverse)
```

```
## -- Attaching packages ----- tidyverse 1.2.1 --
```

```
## v ggplot2 3.1.1      v purrr  0.3.2
## v tibble  2.1.1      v dplyr  0.8.0.1
## v tidyr   0.8.3      v stringr 1.4.0
## v readr   1.3.1      v forcats 0.4.0
```

```
## -- Conflicts ----- tidyverse_conflicts() --
## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## x dplyr::lag()    masks stats::lag()
```

```
library(brms)
```

```
## Loading required package: Rcpp
```

```
## Loading 'brms' package (version 2.8.0). Useful instructions
## can be found by typing help('brms'). A more detailed introduction
## to the package is available through vignette('brms_overview').
```

```
library(ggplot2)
library(ggpubr)
```

```
## Loading required package: magrittr
```

```
##
## Attaching package: 'magrittr'
```

```
## The following object is masked from 'package:purrr':
##
##      set_names
```

```
## The following object is masked from 'package:tidyr':
##
##      extract
```

```
# read in the filtered csv results and select the columns needed for analysis
d = read_csv2("C:/Users/annik/Desktop/uni/4 Semester/Psycho Lab/HW/3/rotation-task-with-_babe-master/GiveMeGestalt_filtered_results.csv") %>%
  filter(trial_name %in% c("rating_scale_object", "rating_scale_like")) %>%
  select(submission_id, trial_name, response, picture_nr, artist)
```

```
## Using ',' as decimal and '.' as grouping mark. Use read_delim() for more control.
```

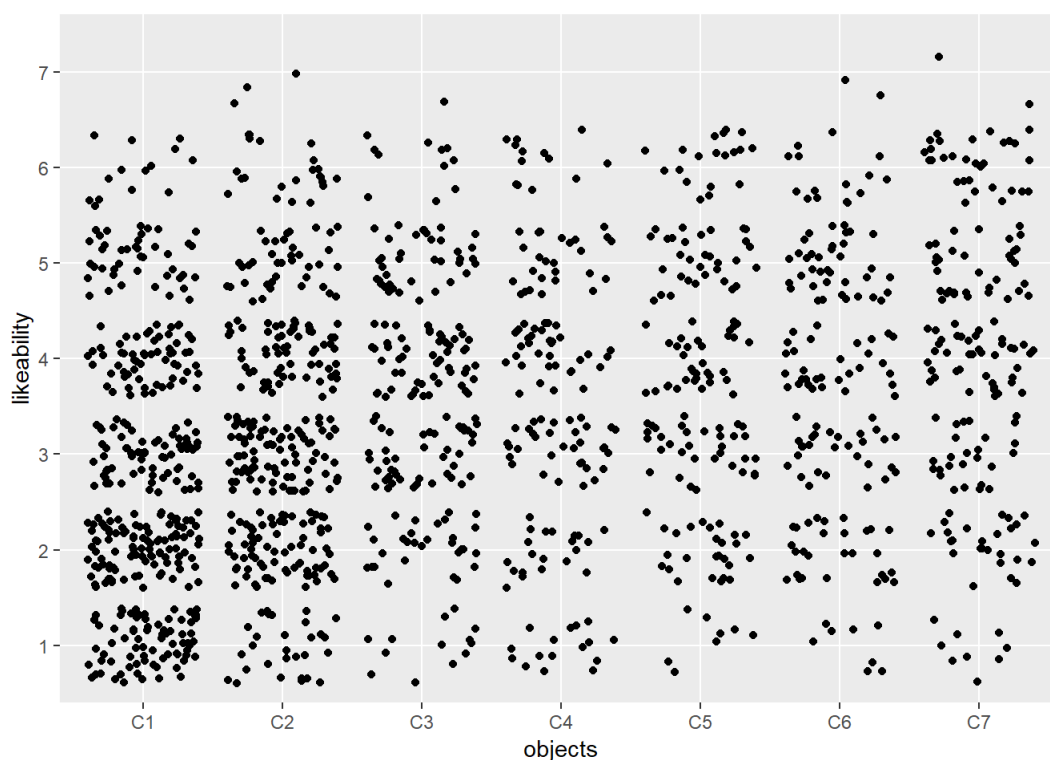
```
## Warning: Missing column names filled in: 'X27' [27], 'X28' [28]
```

```
## Parsed with column specification:
## cols(
##   .default = col_character(),
##   submission_id = col_double(),
##   QUD = col_logical(),
##   RT = col_double(),
##   age = col_double(),
##   endTime = col_double(),
##   experiment_id = col_double(),
##   min_chars = col_double(),
##   picture_nr = col_double(),
##   startTime = col_double(),
##   timeSpent = col_number(),
##   trial_number = col_double(),
##   X27 = col_logical(),
##   X28 = col_double()
## )
```

```
## See spec(...) for full column specifications.
```

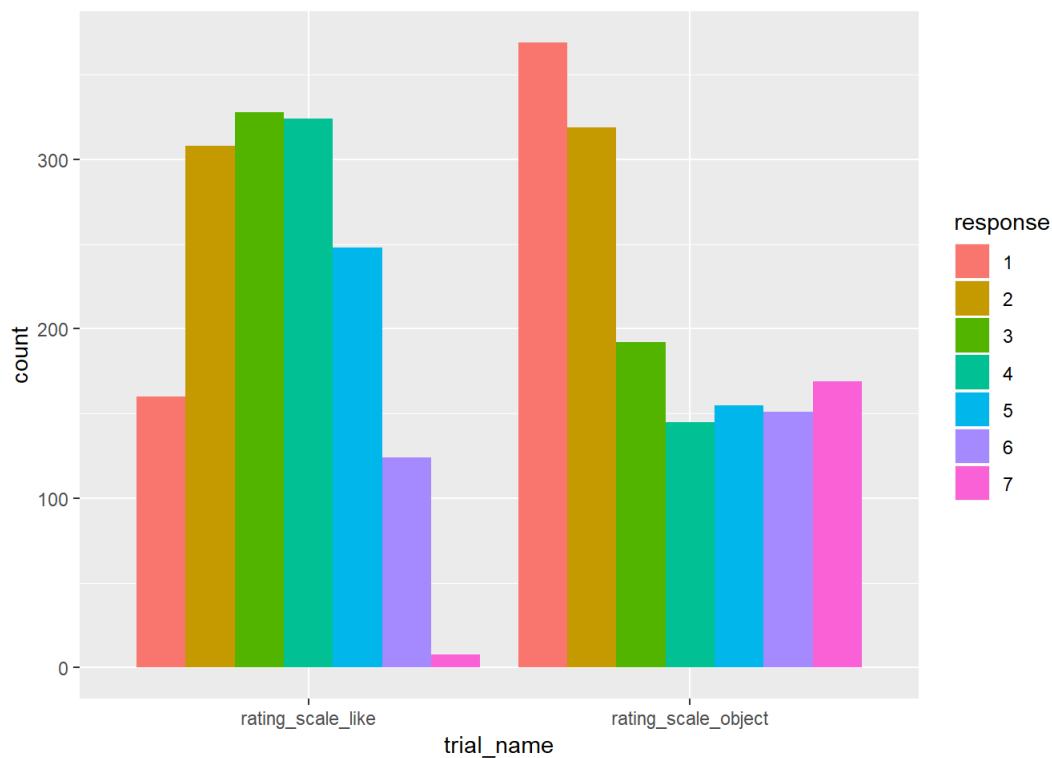
```
# cast data into appropriate type
d_wide = spread(d, key = trial_name, value = response) %>%
  mutate(likeability = factor(rating_scale_like, ordered = T),
         objects = factor(paste0("C", rating_scale_object), ordered = T),
         artist = factor(artist),
         picture_nr = factor(picture_nr),
         submission_id = factor(submission_id),
         objects_forward = objects)

# inspect data
ggplot(d_wide, aes(x = objects, y = likeability)) + geom_jitter() + geom_smooth(method = "lm")
```

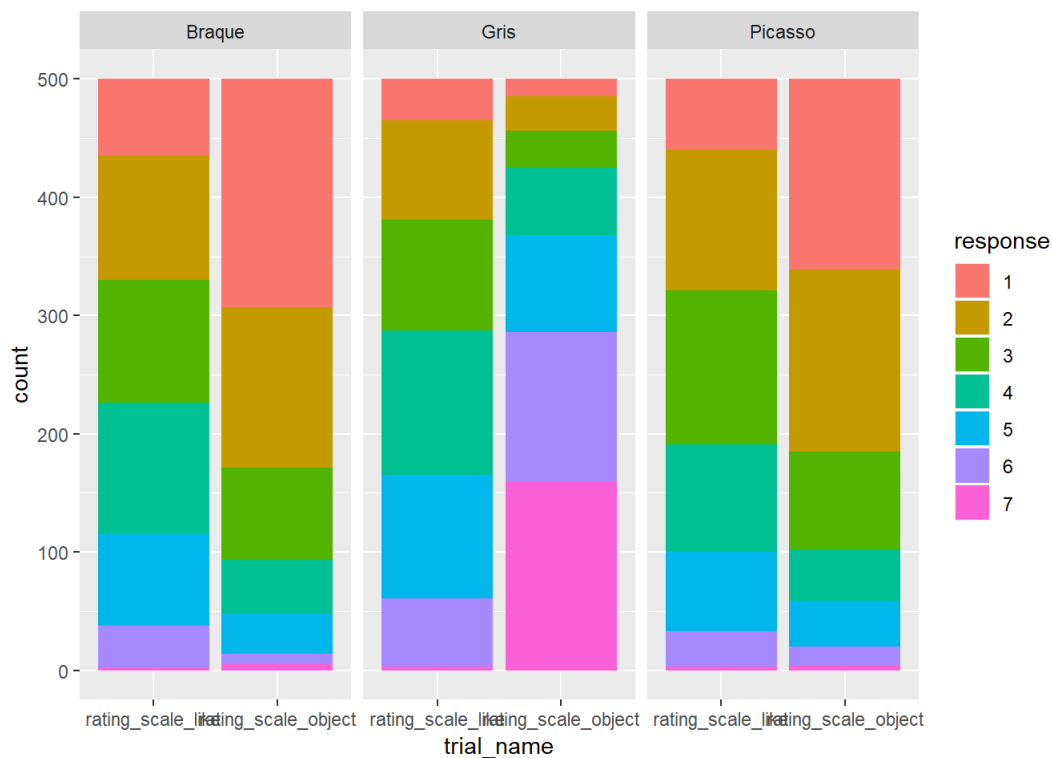


Visual display of the data

```
# absolute frequency of likeability and detecting objects
a <- ggplot(data=d)+
  geom_bar(mapping= aes(x = trial_name, fill = response), position = "dodge")
a
```



```
# absolute frequency of likeability and detecting objects regarding the artists
b <- ggplot(data=d)+
  geom_bar(mapping= aes(x = trial_name, fill = response))+
  facet_wrap(~artist)
b
```



Section 1:

the first three models treat the object-ratings as ordinal using the new brms monotonic models

Hierarchical model with only fixed effects

```
model_1 = brm(data = d_wide,
              formula = likeability ~ mo(objects),
              family=cumulative("logit")
            )
```

```
## Compiling the C++ model
```

```
## Start sampling
```

```
##
## SAMPLING FOR MODEL '43fb6a6fcb32083957aalb13fbc3d9fd' NOW (CHAIN 1).
## Chain 1:
## Chain 1: Gradient evaluation took 0.001 seconds
## Chain 1: 1000 transitions using 10 leapfrog steps per transition would take 10 seconds.
## Chain 1: Adjust your expectations accordingly!
## Chain 1:
## Chain 1:
## Chain 1: Iteration:    1 / 2000 [  0%] (Warmup)
## Chain 1: Iteration:   200 / 2000 [ 10%] (Warmup)
## Chain 1: Iteration:   400 / 2000 [ 20%] (Warmup)
## Chain 1: Iteration:   600 / 2000 [ 30%] (Warmup)
## Chain 1: Iteration:   800 / 2000 [ 40%] (Warmup)
## Chain 1: Iteration:  1000 / 2000 [ 50%] (Warmup)
## Chain 1: Iteration:  1001 / 2000 [ 50%] (Sampling)
## Chain 1: Iteration:  1200 / 2000 [ 60%] (Sampling)
## Chain 1: Iteration:  1400 / 2000 [ 70%] (Sampling)
## Chain 1: Iteration:  1600 / 2000 [ 80%] (Sampling)
## Chain 1: Iteration:  1800 / 2000 [ 90%] (Sampling)
## Chain 1: Iteration:  2000 / 2000 [100%] (Sampling)
## Chain 1:
## Chain 1: Elapsed Time: 29.348 seconds (Warm-up)
## Chain 1:                17.187 seconds (Sampling)
## Chain 1:                46.535 seconds (Total)
## Chain 1:
##
## SAMPLING FOR MODEL '43fb6a6fcb32083957aalb13fbc3d9fd' NOW (CHAIN 2).
## Chain 2:
## Chain 2: Gradient evaluation took 0.001 seconds
## Chain 2: 1000 transitions using 10 leapfrog steps per transition would take 10 seconds.
## Chain 2: Adjust your expectations accordingly!
## Chain 2:
## Chain 2:
## Chain 2: Iteration:    1 / 2000 [  0%] (Warmup)
## Chain 2: Iteration:   200 / 2000 [ 10%] (Warmup)
## Chain 2: Iteration:   400 / 2000 [ 20%] (Warmup)
## Chain 2: Iteration:   600 / 2000 [ 30%] (Warmup)
## Chain 2: Iteration:   800 / 2000 [ 40%] (Warmup)
## Chain 2: Iteration:  1000 / 2000 [ 50%] (Warmup)
## Chain 2: Iteration:  1001 / 2000 [ 50%] (Sampling)
## Chain 2: Iteration:  1200 / 2000 [ 60%] (Sampling)
## Chain 2: Iteration:  1400 / 2000 [ 70%] (Sampling)
## Chain 2: Iteration:  1600 / 2000 [ 80%] (Sampling)
## Chain 2: Iteration:  1800 / 2000 [ 90%] (Sampling)
## Chain 2: Iteration:  2000 / 2000 [100%] (Sampling)
## Chain 2:
## Chain 2: Elapsed Time: 31.959 seconds (Warm-up)
## Chain 2:                16.563 seconds (Sampling)
## Chain 2:                48.522 seconds (Total)
## Chain 2:
##
## SAMPLING FOR MODEL '43fb6a6fcb32083957aalb13fbc3d9fd' NOW (CHAIN 3).
## Chain 3:
## Chain 3: Gradient evaluation took 0 seconds
## Chain 3: 1000 transitions using 10 leapfrog steps per transition would take 0 seconds.
## Chain 3: Adjust your expectations accordingly!
## Chain 3:
## Chain 3:
## Chain 3: Iteration:    1 / 2000 [  0%] (Warmup)
## Chain 3: Iteration:   200 / 2000 [ 10%] (Warmup)
## Chain 3: Iteration:   400 / 2000 [ 20%] (Warmup)
```

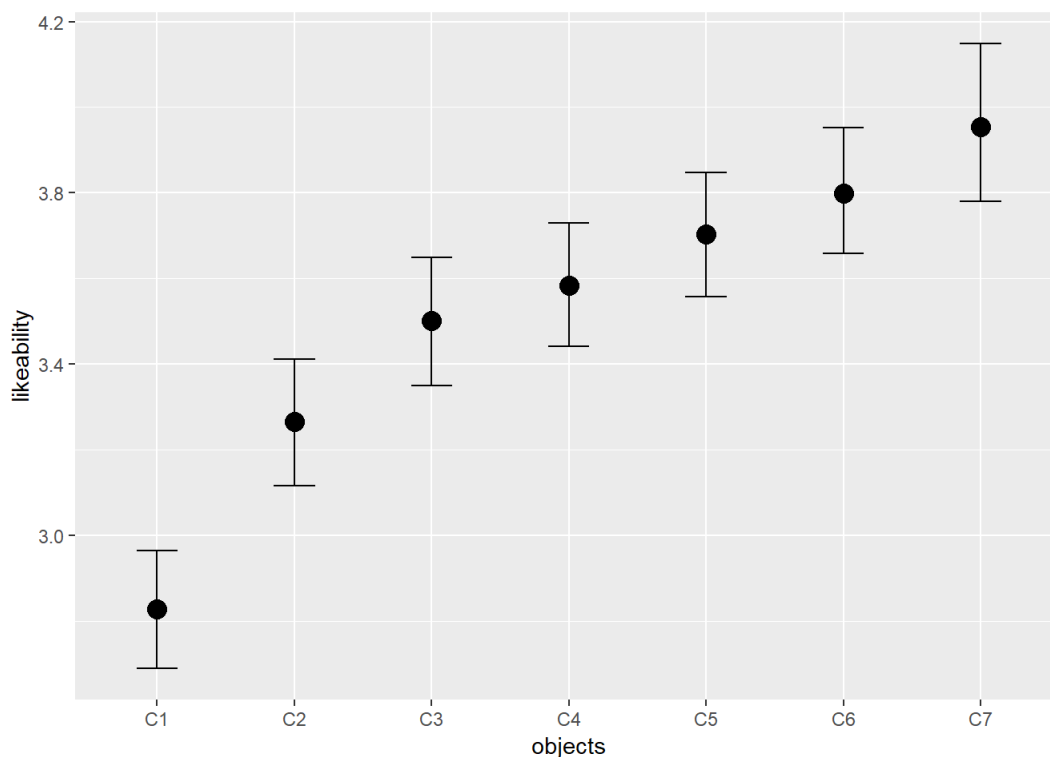
```
## Chain 3: Iteration: 600 / 2000 [ 30%] (Warmup)
## Chain 3: Iteration: 800 / 2000 [ 40%] (Warmup)
## Chain 3: Iteration: 1000 / 2000 [ 50%] (Warmup)
## Chain 3: Iteration: 1001 / 2000 [ 50%] (Sampling)
## Chain 3: Iteration: 1200 / 2000 [ 60%] (Sampling)
## Chain 3: Iteration: 1400 / 2000 [ 70%] (Sampling)
## Chain 3: Iteration: 1600 / 2000 [ 80%] (Sampling)
## Chain 3: Iteration: 1800 / 2000 [ 90%] (Sampling)
## Chain 3: Iteration: 2000 / 2000 [100%] (Sampling)
## Chain 3:
## Chain 3: Elapsed Time: 28.646 seconds (Warm-up)
## Chain 3: 20.776 seconds (Sampling)
## Chain 3: 49.422 seconds (Total)
## Chain 3:
##
## SAMPLING FOR MODEL '43fb6a6fcb32083957aa1b13fbc3d9fd' NOW (CHAIN 4).
## Chain 4:
## Chain 4: Gradient evaluation took 0.001 seconds
## Chain 4: 1000 transitions using 10 leapfrog steps per transition would take 10 seconds.
## Chain 4: Adjust your expectations accordingly!
## Chain 4:
## Chain 4:
## Chain 4: Iteration: 1 / 2000 [ 0%] (Warmup)
## Chain 4: Iteration: 200 / 2000 [ 10%] (Warmup)
## Chain 4: Iteration: 400 / 2000 [ 20%] (Warmup)
## Chain 4: Iteration: 600 / 2000 [ 30%] (Warmup)
## Chain 4: Iteration: 800 / 2000 [ 40%] (Warmup)
## Chain 4: Iteration: 1000 / 2000 [ 50%] (Warmup)
## Chain 4: Iteration: 1001 / 2000 [ 50%] (Sampling)
## Chain 4: Iteration: 1200 / 2000 [ 60%] (Sampling)
## Chain 4: Iteration: 1400 / 2000 [ 70%] (Sampling)
## Chain 4: Iteration: 1600 / 2000 [ 80%] (Sampling)
## Chain 4: Iteration: 1800 / 2000 [ 90%] (Sampling)
## Chain 4: Iteration: 2000 / 2000 [100%] (Sampling)
## Chain 4:
## Chain 4: Elapsed Time: 35.343 seconds (Warm-up)
## Chain 4: 20.65 seconds (Sampling)
## Chain 4: 55.993 seconds (Total)
## Chain 4:
```

model_1

```
## Family: cumulative
## Links: mu = logit; disc = identity
## Formula: likeability ~ mo(objects)
## Data: d_wide (Number of observations: 1500)
## Samples: 4 chains, each with iter = 2000; warmup = 1000; thin = 1;
##          total post-warmup samples = 4000
##
## Population-Level Effects:
##           Estimate Est.Error l-95% CI u-95% CI Eff.Sample Rhat
## Intercept[1]   -1.51     0.11   -1.72   -1.30     3155 1.00
## Intercept[2]   -0.12     0.10   -0.31    0.07     3922 1.00
## Intercept[3]    0.85     0.10    0.65    1.04     3925 1.00
## Intercept[4]    1.85     0.11    1.64    2.06     4137 1.00
## Intercept[5]    3.15     0.13    2.90    3.40     4578 1.00
## Intercept[6]    6.10     0.38    5.40    6.90     6009 1.00
## moobjects      1.41     0.15    1.11    1.71     4438 1.00
##
## Simplex Parameters:
##           Estimate Est.Error l-95% CI u-95% CI Eff.Sample Rhat
## moobjects1[1]    0.39     0.08    0.23    0.56     3226 1.00
## moobjects1[2]    0.21     0.09    0.03    0.41     2941 1.00
## moobjects1[3]    0.07     0.06    0.00    0.23     5419 1.00
## moobjects1[4]    0.10     0.07    0.01    0.27     6046 1.00
## moobjects1[5]    0.09     0.06    0.00    0.24     6448 1.00
## moobjects1[6]    0.13     0.08    0.01    0.30     5607 1.00
##
## Samples were drawn using sampling(NUTS). For each parameter, Eff.Sample
## is a crude measure of effective sample size, and Rhat is the potential
## scale reduction factor on split chains (at convergence, Rhat = 1).
```

```
plot(marginal_effects(model_1), categorical = T)
```

```
## Warning: Predictions are treated as continuous variables in
## 'marginal_effects' by default, which is likely invalid for ordinal
## families. Please set 'categorical' to TRUE.
```



Hierarchical model with by-item (pictures) and by-subject random intercepts

```
model_2 = brm(data = d_wide,
               formula = likeability ~ mo(objects) + (1 | picture_nr) + (1 | submission_id),
               family=cumulative("logit")
)
```

```
## Compiling the C++ model
```

```
## Start sampling
```

```
##
## SAMPLING FOR MODEL '73aac43371536bf55caf7bcba11bb5fb' NOW (CHAIN 1).
## Chain 1:
## Chain 1: Gradient evaluation took 0.002 seconds
## Chain 1: 1000 transitions using 10 leapfrog steps per transition would take 20 seconds.
## Chain 1: Adjust your expectations accordingly!
## Chain 1:
## Chain 1:
## Chain 1: Iteration:    1 / 2000 [  0%] (Warmup)
## Chain 1: Iteration:   200 / 2000 [ 10%] (Warmup)
## Chain 1: Iteration:   400 / 2000 [ 20%] (Warmup)
## Chain 1: Iteration:   600 / 2000 [ 30%] (Warmup)
## Chain 1: Iteration:   800 / 2000 [ 40%] (Warmup)
## Chain 1: Iteration:  1000 / 2000 [ 50%] (Warmup)
## Chain 1: Iteration:  1001 / 2000 [ 50%] (Sampling)
## Chain 1: Iteration:  1200 / 2000 [ 60%] (Sampling)
## Chain 1: Iteration:  1400 / 2000 [ 70%] (Sampling)
## Chain 1: Iteration:  1600 / 2000 [ 80%] (Sampling)
## Chain 1: Iteration:  1800 / 2000 [ 90%] (Sampling)
## Chain 1: Iteration:  2000 / 2000 [100%] (Sampling)
## Chain 1:
## Chain 1: Elapsed Time: 52.765 seconds (Warm-up)
## Chain 1:           39.514 seconds (Sampling)
## Chain 1:           92.279 seconds (Total)
## Chain 1:
##
## SAMPLING FOR MODEL '73aac43371536bf55caf7bcba11bb5fb' NOW (CHAIN 2).
## Chain 2:
## Chain 2: Gradient evaluation took 0.001 seconds
## Chain 2: 1000 transitions using 10 leapfrog steps per transition would take 10 seconds.
## Chain 2: Adjust your expectations accordingly!
## Chain 2:
## Chain 2:
## Chain 2: Iteration:    1 / 2000 [  0%] (Warmup)
## Chain 2: Iteration:   200 / 2000 [ 10%] (Warmup)
## Chain 2: Iteration:   400 / 2000 [ 20%] (Warmup)
## Chain 2: Iteration:   600 / 2000 [ 30%] (Warmup)
## Chain 2: Iteration:   800 / 2000 [ 40%] (Warmup)
## Chain 2: Iteration:  1000 / 2000 [ 50%] (Warmup)
## Chain 2: Iteration:  1001 / 2000 [ 50%] (Sampling)
## Chain 2: Iteration:  1200 / 2000 [ 60%] (Sampling)
## Chain 2: Iteration:  1400 / 2000 [ 70%] (Sampling)
## Chain 2: Iteration:  1600 / 2000 [ 80%] (Sampling)
## Chain 2: Iteration:  1800 / 2000 [ 90%] (Sampling)
## Chain 2: Iteration:  2000 / 2000 [100%] (Sampling)
## Chain 2:
## Chain 2: Elapsed Time: 47.385 seconds (Warm-up)
## Chain 2:           40.453 seconds (Sampling)
## Chain 2:           87.838 seconds (Total)
## Chain 2:
##
## SAMPLING FOR MODEL '73aac43371536bf55caf7bcba11bb5fb' NOW (CHAIN 3).
## Chain 3:
## Chain 3: Gradient evaluation took 0.002 seconds
## Chain 3: 1000 transitions using 10 leapfrog steps per transition would take 20 seconds.
## Chain 3: Adjust your expectations accordingly!
## Chain 3:
## Chain 3:
## Chain 3: Iteration:    1 / 2000 [  0%] (Warmup)
## Chain 3: Iteration:   200 / 2000 [ 10%] (Warmup)
## Chain 3: Iteration:   400 / 2000 [ 20%] (Warmup)
## Chain 3: Iteration:   600 / 2000 [ 30%] (Warmup)
## Chain 3: Iteration:   800 / 2000 [ 40%] (Warmup)
## Chain 3: Iteration:  1000 / 2000 [ 50%] (Warmup)
## Chain 3: Iteration:  1001 / 2000 [ 50%] (Sampling)
## Chain 3: Iteration:  1200 / 2000 [ 60%] (Sampling)
## Chain 3: Iteration:  1400 / 2000 [ 70%] (Sampling)
```

```

## Chain 3: Iteration: 1600 / 2000 [ 80%] (Sampling)
## Chain 3: Iteration: 1800 / 2000 [ 90%] (Sampling)
## Chain 3: Iteration: 2000 / 2000 [100%] (Sampling)
## Chain 3:
## Chain 3: Elapsed Time: 52.663 seconds (Warm-up)
## Chain 3: 48.386 seconds (Sampling)
## Chain 3: 101.049 seconds (Total)
## Chain 3:
##
## SAMPLING FOR MODEL '73aac43371536bf55caf7bcba11bb5fb' NOW (CHAIN 4).
## Chain 4:
## Chain 4: Gradient evaluation took 0.001 seconds
## Chain 4: 1000 transitions using 10 leapfrog steps per transition would take 10 seconds.
## Chain 4: Adjust your expectations accordingly!
## Chain 4:
## Chain 4:
## Chain 4: Iteration: 1 / 2000 [ 0%] (Warmup)
## Chain 4: Iteration: 200 / 2000 [ 10%] (Warmup)
## Chain 4: Iteration: 400 / 2000 [ 20%] (Warmup)
## Chain 4: Iteration: 600 / 2000 [ 30%] (Warmup)
## Chain 4: Iteration: 800 / 2000 [ 40%] (Warmup)
## Chain 4: Iteration: 1000 / 2000 [ 50%] (Warmup)
## Chain 4: Iteration: 1001 / 2000 [ 50%] (Sampling)
## Chain 4: Iteration: 1200 / 2000 [ 60%] (Sampling)
## Chain 4: Iteration: 1400 / 2000 [ 70%] (Sampling)
## Chain 4: Iteration: 1600 / 2000 [ 80%] (Sampling)
## Chain 4: Iteration: 1800 / 2000 [ 90%] (Sampling)
## Chain 4: Iteration: 2000 / 2000 [100%] (Sampling)
## Chain 4:
## Chain 4: Elapsed Time: 48.839 seconds (Warm-up)
## Chain 4: 43.504 seconds (Sampling)
## Chain 4: 92.343 seconds (Total)
## Chain 4:

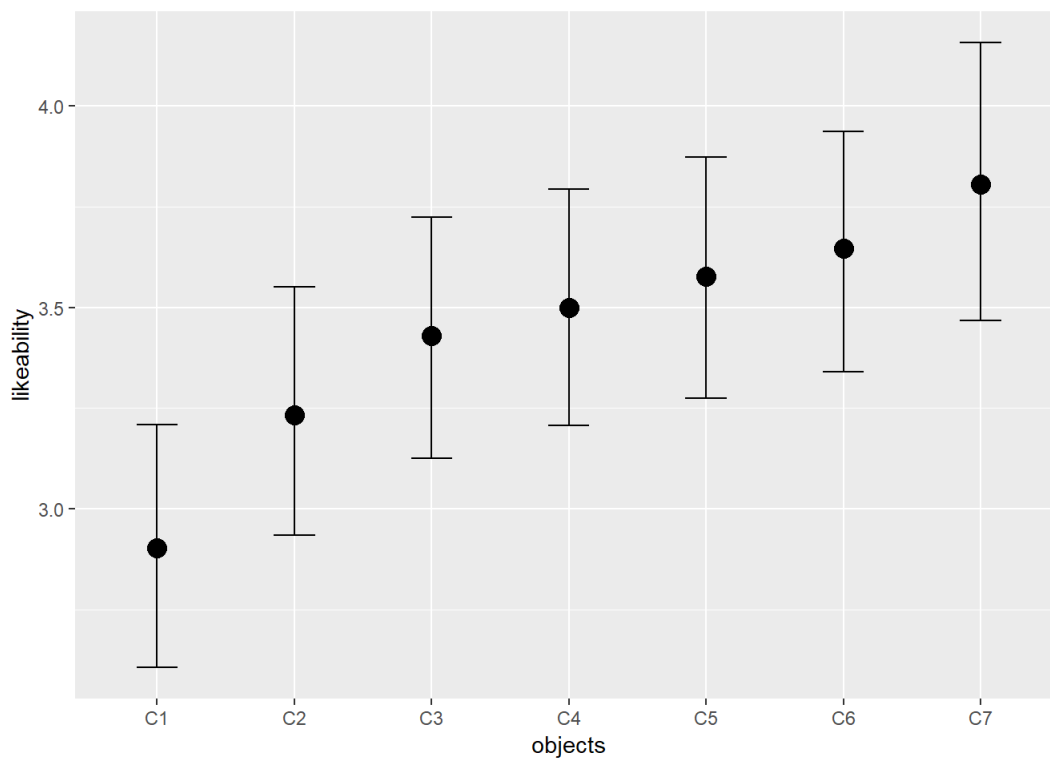
```

model_2


```
## Family: cumulative
## Links: mu = logit; disc = identity
## Formula: likeability ~ mo(objects) + (1 | picture_nr) + (1 | submission_id)
## Data: d_wide (Number of observations: 1500)
## Samples: 4 chains, each with iter = 2000; warmup = 1000; thin = 1;
##          total post-warmup samples = 4000
##
## Group-Level Effects:
## ~picture_nr (Number of levels: 30)
##           Estimate Est.Error l-95% CI u-95% CI Eff.Sample Rhat
## sd(Intercept)    0.46     0.09    0.31    0.66     1441 1.00
##
## ~submission_id (Number of levels: 50)
##           Estimate Est.Error l-95% CI u-95% CI Eff.Sample Rhat
## sd(Intercept)    1.21     0.14    0.97    1.51     1002 1.00
##
## Population-Level Effects:
##           Estimate Est.Error l-95% CI u-95% CI Eff.Sample Rhat
## Intercept[1]    -2.14     0.25    -2.63    -1.65      943 1.00
## Intercept[2]    -0.34     0.24    -0.80     0.13      893 1.00
## Intercept[3]     0.90     0.24     0.44     1.36      905 1.01
## Intercept[4]     2.13     0.24     1.66     2.59      945 1.01
## Intercept[5]     3.59     0.25     3.10     4.07     1031 1.01
## Intercept[6]     6.66     0.44     5.82     7.53     2611 1.00
## moobjects        1.30     0.23     0.86     1.77     2693 1.00
##
## Simplex Parameters:
##           Estimate Est.Error l-95% CI u-95% CI Eff.Sample Rhat
## moobjects1[1]    0.38     0.11     0.18     0.59     4772 1.00
## moobjects1[2]    0.21     0.10     0.03     0.43     4717 1.00
## moobjects1[3]    0.08     0.06     0.00     0.23     5938 1.00
## moobjects1[4]    0.09     0.07     0.00     0.25     6427 1.00
## moobjects1[5]    0.07     0.06     0.00     0.22     6582 1.00
## moobjects1[6]    0.17     0.10     0.01     0.38     4977 1.00
##
## Samples were drawn using sampling(NUTS). For each parameter, Eff.Sample
## is a crude measure of effective sample size, and Rhat is the potential
## scale reduction factor on split chains (at convergence, Rhat = 1).
```

```
plot(marginal_effects(model_2), categorical = T)
```

```
## Warning: Predictions are treated as continuous variables in
## 'marginal_effects' by default, which is likely invalid for ordinal
## families. Please set 'categorical' to TRUE.
```



Hierarchical model with by-subject random intercepts and fixed effect of artist

```
model_3 = brm(data = d_wide,
               formula = likeability ~ mo(objects) + artist + (1 | submission_id),
               family=cumulative("logit"))
```

```
## Compiling the C++ model
```

```
## Start sampling
```

```
##
## SAMPLING FOR MODEL 'a84b2e54d20b4a8ad3940a14d75398f4' NOW (CHAIN 1).
## Chain 1:
## Chain 1: Gradient evaluation took 0.003 seconds
## Chain 1: 1000 transitions using 10 leapfrog steps per transition would take 30 seconds.
## Chain 1: Adjust your expectations accordingly!
## Chain 1:
## Chain 1:
## Chain 1: Iteration:    1 / 2000 [  0%] (Warmup)
## Chain 1: Iteration:   200 / 2000 [ 10%] (Warmup)
## Chain 1: Iteration:   400 / 2000 [ 20%] (Warmup)
## Chain 1: Iteration:   600 / 2000 [ 30%] (Warmup)
## Chain 1: Iteration:   800 / 2000 [ 40%] (Warmup)
## Chain 1: Iteration:  1000 / 2000 [ 50%] (Warmup)
## Chain 1: Iteration:  1001 / 2000 [ 50%] (Sampling)
## Chain 1: Iteration:  1200 / 2000 [ 60%] (Sampling)
## Chain 1: Iteration:  1400 / 2000 [ 70%] (Sampling)
## Chain 1: Iteration:  1600 / 2000 [ 80%] (Sampling)
## Chain 1: Iteration:  1800 / 2000 [ 90%] (Sampling)
## Chain 1: Iteration:  2000 / 2000 [100%] (Sampling)
## Chain 1:
## Chain 1: Elapsed Time: 38.794 seconds (Warm-up)
## Chain 1:           49.487 seconds (Sampling)
## Chain 1:           88.281 seconds (Total)
## Chain 1:
##
## SAMPLING FOR MODEL 'a84b2e54d20b4a8ad3940a14d75398f4' NOW (CHAIN 2).
## Chain 2:
## Chain 2: Gradient evaluation took 0.004 seconds
## Chain 2: 1000 transitions using 10 leapfrog steps per transition would take 40 seconds.
## Chain 2: Adjust your expectations accordingly!
## Chain 2:
```

```

## Chain 2:
## Chain 2: Iteration:    1 / 2000 [  0%] (Warmup)
## Chain 2: Iteration:   200 / 2000 [ 10%] (Warmup)
## Chain 2: Iteration:   400 / 2000 [ 20%] (Warmup)
## Chain 2: Iteration:   600 / 2000 [ 30%] (Warmup)
## Chain 2: Iteration:   800 / 2000 [ 40%] (Warmup)
## Chain 2: Iteration:  1000 / 2000 [ 50%] (Warmup)
## Chain 2: Iteration: 1001 / 2000 [ 50%] (Sampling)
## Chain 2: Iteration: 1200 / 2000 [ 60%] (Sampling)
## Chain 2: Iteration: 1400 / 2000 [ 70%] (Sampling)
## Chain 2: Iteration: 1600 / 2000 [ 80%] (Sampling)
## Chain 2: Iteration: 1800 / 2000 [ 90%] (Sampling)
## Chain 2: Iteration: 2000 / 2000 [100%] (Sampling)
## Chain 2:
## Chain 2: Elapsed Time: 37.601 seconds (Warm-up)
## Chain 2:           38.668 seconds (Sampling)
## Chain 2:           76.269 seconds (Total)
## Chain 2:
##
## SAMPLING FOR MODEL 'a84b2e54d20b4a8ad3940a14d75398f4' NOW (CHAIN 3).
## Chain 3:
## Chain 3: Gradient evaluation took 0.001 seconds
## Chain 3: 1000 transitions using 10 leapfrog steps per transition would take 10 seconds.
## Chain 3: Adjust your expectations accordingly!
## Chain 3:
## Chain 3:
## Chain 3: Iteration:    1 / 2000 [  0%] (Warmup)
## Chain 3: Iteration:   200 / 2000 [ 10%] (Warmup)
## Chain 3: Iteration:   400 / 2000 [ 20%] (Warmup)
## Chain 3: Iteration:   600 / 2000 [ 30%] (Warmup)
## Chain 3: Iteration:   800 / 2000 [ 40%] (Warmup)
## Chain 3: Iteration:  1000 / 2000 [ 50%] (Warmup)
## Chain 3: Iteration: 1001 / 2000 [ 50%] (Sampling)
## Chain 3: Iteration: 1200 / 2000 [ 60%] (Sampling)
## Chain 3: Iteration: 1400 / 2000 [ 70%] (Sampling)
## Chain 3: Iteration: 1600 / 2000 [ 80%] (Sampling)
## Chain 3: Iteration: 1800 / 2000 [ 90%] (Sampling)
## Chain 3: Iteration: 2000 / 2000 [100%] (Sampling)
## Chain 3:
## Chain 3: Elapsed Time: 51.188 seconds (Warm-up)
## Chain 3:           56.319 seconds (Sampling)
## Chain 3:           107.507 seconds (Total)
## Chain 3:
##
## SAMPLING FOR MODEL 'a84b2e54d20b4a8ad3940a14d75398f4' NOW (CHAIN 4).
## Chain 4:
## Chain 4: Gradient evaluation took 0.003 seconds
## Chain 4: 1000 transitions using 10 leapfrog steps per transition would take 30 seconds.
## Chain 4: Adjust your expectations accordingly!
## Chain 4:
## Chain 4:
## Chain 4: Iteration:    1 / 2000 [  0%] (Warmup)
## Chain 4: Iteration:   200 / 2000 [ 10%] (Warmup)
## Chain 4: Iteration:   400 / 2000 [ 20%] (Warmup)
## Chain 4: Iteration:   600 / 2000 [ 30%] (Warmup)
## Chain 4: Iteration:   800 / 2000 [ 40%] (Warmup)
## Chain 4: Iteration:  1000 / 2000 [ 50%] (Warmup)
## Chain 4: Iteration: 1001 / 2000 [ 50%] (Sampling)
## Chain 4: Iteration: 1200 / 2000 [ 60%] (Sampling)
## Chain 4: Iteration: 1400 / 2000 [ 70%] (Sampling)
## Chain 4: Iteration: 1600 / 2000 [ 80%] (Sampling)
## Chain 4: Iteration: 1800 / 2000 [ 90%] (Sampling)
## Chain 4: Iteration: 2000 / 2000 [100%] (Sampling)
## Chain 4:
## Chain 4: Elapsed Time: 63.762 seconds (Warm-up)
## Chain 4:           34.323 seconds (Sampling)
## Chain 4:           98.085 seconds (Total)
## Chain 4:

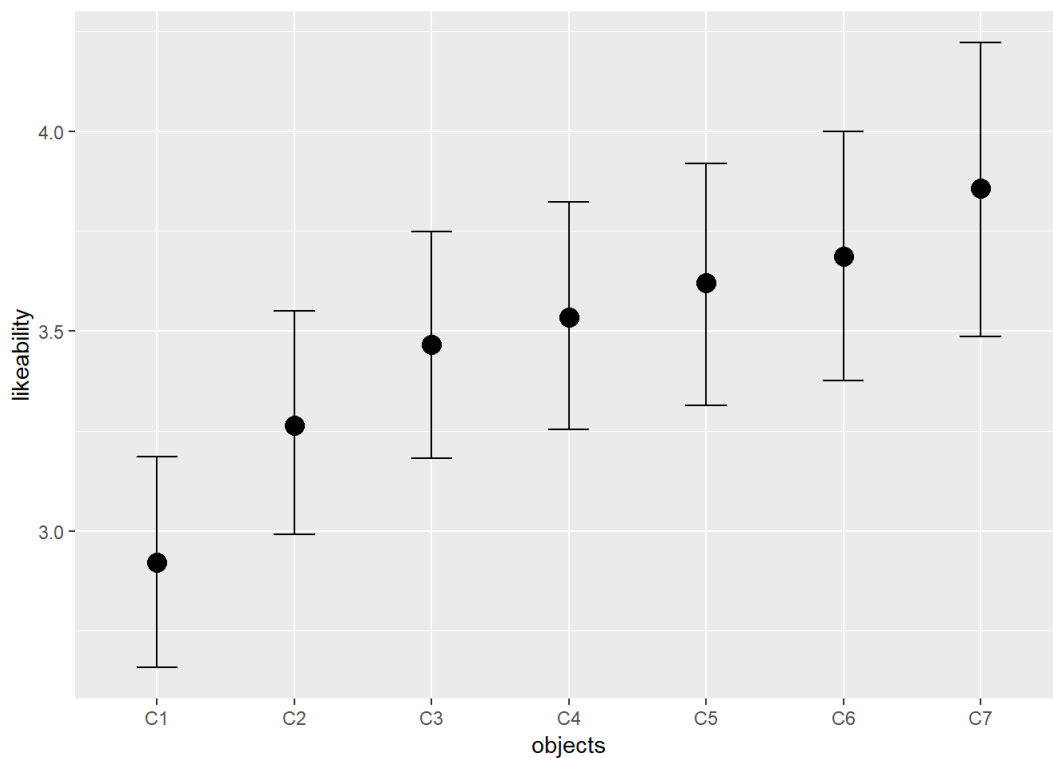
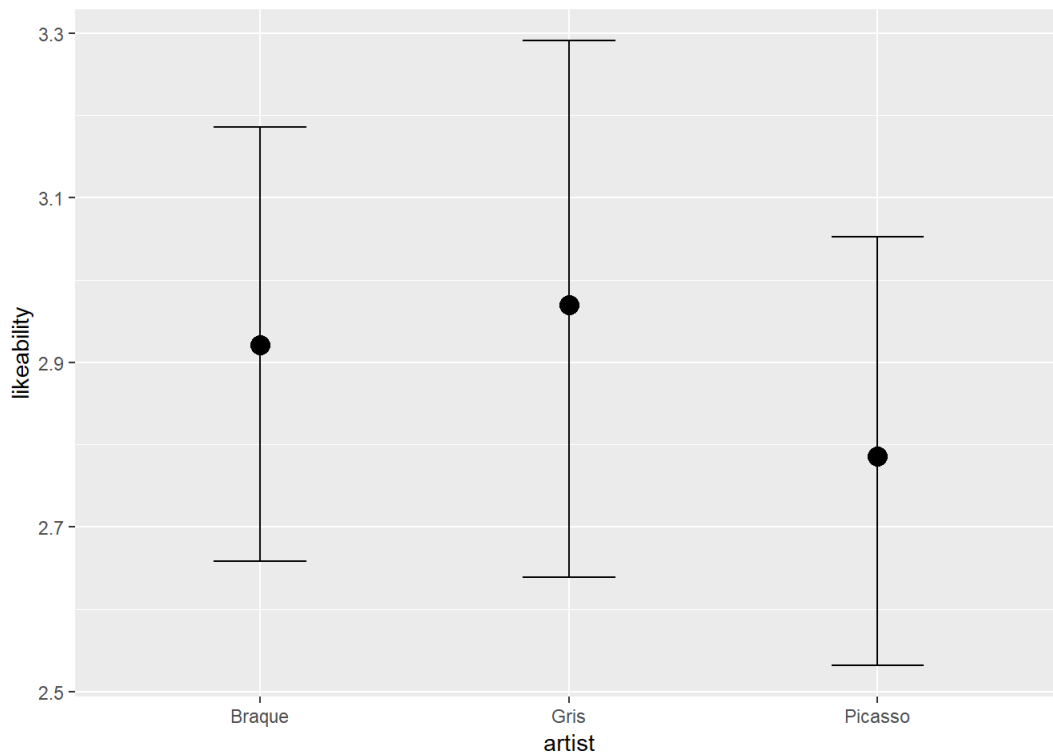
```

```
## Family: cumulative
## Links: mu = logit; disc = identity
## Formula: likeability ~ mo(objects) + artist + (1 | submission_id)
## Data: d_wide (Number of observations: 1500)
## Samples: 4 chains, each with iter = 2000; warmup = 1000; thin = 1;
##          total post-warmup samples = 4000
##
## Group-Level Effects:
## ~submission_id (Number of levels: 50)
##          Estimate Est.Error l-95% CI u-95% CI Eff.Sample Rhat
## sd(Intercept)    1.16     0.14    0.93    1.45      850 1.00
##
## Population-Level Effects:
##          Estimate Est.Error l-95% CI u-95% CI Eff.Sample Rhat
## Intercept[1]    -2.09     0.21   -2.50   -1.67      839 1.00
## Intercept[2]    -0.34     0.20   -0.73    0.06      848 1.00
## Intercept[3]     0.85     0.20    0.46    1.26      922 1.00
## Intercept[4]     2.04     0.21    1.64    2.45      889 1.00
## Intercept[5]     3.47     0.22    3.04    3.91     1079 1.00
## Intercept[6]     6.50     0.41    5.72    7.36     2502 1.00
## artistGris       0.07     0.15   -0.23    0.36     4024 1.00
## artistPicasso   -0.20     0.12   -0.43    0.03     4585 1.00
## moobjects        1.32     0.23    0.88    1.79     3374 1.00
##
## Simplex Parameters:
##          Estimate Est.Error l-95% CI u-95% CI Eff.Sample Rhat
## moobjects1[1]    0.38     0.11    0.17    0.59     4253 1.00
## moobjects1[2]    0.22     0.11    0.03    0.44     4209 1.00
## moobjects1[3]    0.07     0.06    0.00    0.22     4955 1.00
## moobjects1[4]    0.09     0.07    0.00    0.25     5191 1.00
## moobjects1[5]    0.07     0.06    0.00    0.22     5522 1.00
## moobjects1[6]    0.17     0.10    0.01    0.36     3874 1.00
##
## Samples were drawn using sampling(NUTS). For each parameter, Eff.Sample
## is a crude measure of effective sample size, and Rhat is the potential
## scale reduction factor on split chains (at convergence, Rhat = 1).
```

```
plot(marginal_effects(model_3), categorical = T)
```

```
## Warning: Predictions are treated as continuous variables in
## 'marginal_effects' by default, which is likely invalid for ordinal
## families. Please set 'categorical' to TRUE.
```

```
## Warning: Predictions are treated as continuous variables in
## 'marginal_effects' by default, which is likely invalid for ordinal
## families. Please set 'categorical' to TRUE.
```



Section 2:

The following three models treat the object-ratings as interval-scale/ metric

Hierarchical model with only fixed effects

```
model_4 = brm(data = d_wide,
  formula = likeability ~ as.double(objects),
  family=cumulative("logit")
)
```

```
## Compiling the C++ model
```

```
## Start sampling
```

```
##
## SAMPLING FOR MODEL 'd9fe23fafc57c2777615d13508974caf' NOW (CHAIN 1).
## Chain 1:
## Chain 1: Gradient evaluation took 0.001 seconds
## Chain 1: 1000 transitions using 10 leapfrog steps per transition would take 10 seconds.
## Chain 1: Adjust your expectations accordingly!
## Chain 1:
## Chain 1:
## Chain 1: Iteration:    1 / 2000 [  0%] (Warmup)
## Chain 1: Iteration:   200 / 2000 [ 10%] (Warmup)
## Chain 1: Iteration:   400 / 2000 [ 20%] (Warmup)
## Chain 1: Iteration:   600 / 2000 [ 30%] (Warmup)
## Chain 1: Iteration:   800 / 2000 [ 40%] (Warmup)
## Chain 1: Iteration:  1000 / 2000 [ 50%] (Warmup)
## Chain 1: Iteration:  1001 / 2000 [ 50%] (Sampling)
## Chain 1: Iteration:  1200 / 2000 [ 60%] (Sampling)
## Chain 1: Iteration:  1400 / 2000 [ 70%] (Sampling)
## Chain 1: Iteration:  1600 / 2000 [ 80%] (Sampling)
## Chain 1: Iteration:  1800 / 2000 [ 90%] (Sampling)
## Chain 1: Iteration:  2000 / 2000 [100%] (Sampling)
## Chain 1:
## Chain 1: Elapsed Time: 10.718 seconds (Warm-up)
## Chain 1:           11.135 seconds (Sampling)
## Chain 1:           21.853 seconds (Total)
## Chain 1:
##
## SAMPLING FOR MODEL 'd9fe23fafc57c2777615d13508974caf' NOW (CHAIN 2).
## Chain 2:
## Chain 2: Gradient evaluation took 0.001 seconds
## Chain 2: 1000 transitions using 10 leapfrog steps per transition would take 10 seconds.
## Chain 2: Adjust your expectations accordingly!
## Chain 2:
## Chain 2:
## Chain 2: Iteration:    1 / 2000 [  0%] (Warmup)
## Chain 2: Iteration:   200 / 2000 [ 10%] (Warmup)
## Chain 2: Iteration:   400 / 2000 [ 20%] (Warmup)
## Chain 2: Iteration:   600 / 2000 [ 30%] (Warmup)
## Chain 2: Iteration:   800 / 2000 [ 40%] (Warmup)
## Chain 2: Iteration:  1000 / 2000 [ 50%] (Warmup)
## Chain 2: Iteration:  1001 / 2000 [ 50%] (Sampling)
## Chain 2: Iteration:  1200 / 2000 [ 60%] (Sampling)
## Chain 2: Iteration:  1400 / 2000 [ 70%] (Sampling)
## Chain 2: Iteration:  1600 / 2000 [ 80%] (Sampling)
## Chain 2: Iteration:  1800 / 2000 [ 90%] (Sampling)
## Chain 2: Iteration:  2000 / 2000 [100%] (Sampling)
## Chain 2:
## Chain 2: Elapsed Time: 10.971 seconds (Warm-up)
## Chain 2:           13.713 seconds (Sampling)
## Chain 2:           24.684 seconds (Total)
## Chain 2:
##
## SAMPLING FOR MODEL 'd9fe23fafc57c2777615d13508974caf' NOW (CHAIN 3).
## Chain 3:
## Chain 3: Gradient evaluation took 0.001 seconds
## Chain 3: 1000 transitions using 10 leapfrog steps per transition would take 10 seconds.
## Chain 3: Adjust your expectations accordingly!
## Chain 3:
## Chain 3:
## Chain 3: Iteration:    1 / 2000 [  0%] (Warmup)
## Chain 3: Iteration:   200 / 2000 [ 10%] (Warmup)
## Chain 3: Iteration:   400 / 2000 [ 20%] (Warmup)
## Chain 3: Iteration:   600 / 2000 [ 30%] (Warmup)
## Chain 3: Iteration:   800 / 2000 [ 40%] (Warmup)
## Chain 3: Iteration:  1000 / 2000 [ 50%] (Warmup)
## Chain 3: Iteration:  1001 / 2000 [ 50%] (Sampling)
## Chain 3: Iteration:  1200 / 2000 [ 60%] (Sampling)
## Chain 3: Iteration:  1400 / 2000 [ 70%] (Sampling)
## Chain 3: Iteration:  1600 / 2000 [ 80%] (Sampling)
## Chain 3: Iteration:  1800 / 2000 [ 90%] (Sampling)
## Chain 3: Iteration:  2000 / 2000 [100%] (Sampling)
## Chain 3:
## Chain 3: Elapsed Time: 14.134 seconds (Warm-up)
## Chain 3:           10.511 seconds (Sampling)
```

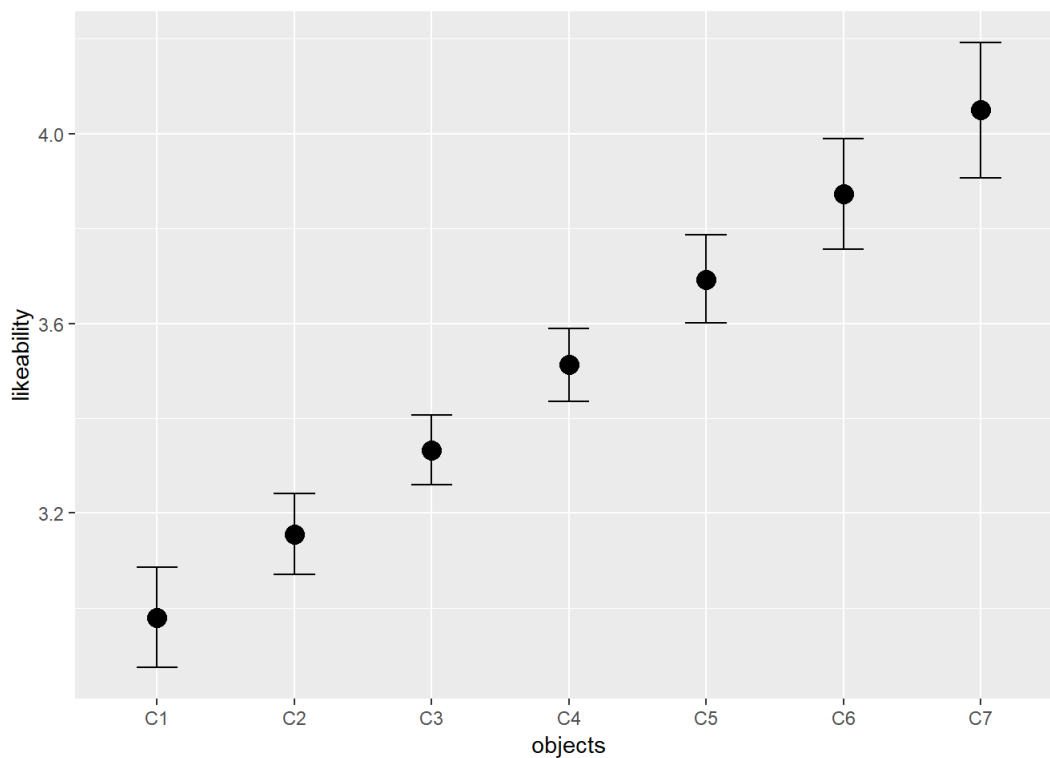
```
## Chain 3:                24.645 seconds (Total)
## Chain 3:
##
## SAMPLING FOR MODEL 'd9fe23fafc57c2777615d13508974caf' NOW (CHAIN 4).
## Chain 4:
## Chain 4: Gradient evaluation took 0.001 seconds
## Chain 4: 1000 transitions using 10 leapfrog steps per transition would take 10 seconds.
## Chain 4: Adjust your expectations accordingly!
## Chain 4:
## Chain 4:
## Chain 4: Iteration:    1 / 2000 [  0%] (Warmup)
## Chain 4: Iteration:   200 / 2000 [ 10%] (Warmup)
## Chain 4: Iteration:   400 / 2000 [ 20%] (Warmup)
## Chain 4: Iteration:   600 / 2000 [ 30%] (Warmup)
## Chain 4: Iteration:   800 / 2000 [ 40%] (Warmup)
## Chain 4: Iteration:  1000 / 2000 [ 50%] (Warmup)
## Chain 4: Iteration:  1001 / 2000 [ 50%] (Sampling)
## Chain 4: Iteration:  1200 / 2000 [ 60%] (Sampling)
## Chain 4: Iteration:  1400 / 2000 [ 70%] (Sampling)
## Chain 4: Iteration:  1600 / 2000 [ 80%] (Sampling)
## Chain 4: Iteration:  1800 / 2000 [ 90%] (Sampling)
## Chain 4: Iteration:  2000 / 2000 [100%] (Sampling)
## Chain 4:
## Chain 4: Elapsed Time: 16.005 seconds (Warm-up)
## Chain 4:                14.275 seconds (Sampling)
## Chain 4:                30.28 seconds (Total)
## Chain 4:
```

model_4

```
## Family: cumulative
## Links: mu = logit; disc = identity
## Formula: likeability ~ as.double(objects)
## Data: d_wide (Number of observations: 1500)
## Samples: 4 chains, each with iter = 2000; warmup = 1000; thin = 1;
##           total post-warmup samples = 4000
##
## Population-Level Effects:
##           Estimate Est.Error l-95% CI u-95% CI Eff.Sample Rhat
## Intercept[1]      -1.47      0.11   -1.67   -1.26     3828 1.00
## Intercept[2]      -0.09      0.09   -0.26    0.09     4973 1.00
## Intercept[3]       0.87      0.09    0.69    1.04     4591 1.00
## Intercept[4]       1.87      0.10    1.67    2.06     4419 1.00
## Intercept[5]       3.17      0.13    2.92    3.42     4477 1.00
## Intercept[6]       6.13      0.38    5.46    6.93     4114 1.00
## as.doubleobjects   0.22      0.02    0.18    0.27     4342 1.00
##
## Samples were drawn using sampling(NUTS). For each parameter, Eff.Sample
## is a crude measure of effective sample size, and Rhat is the potential
## scale reduction factor on split chains (at convergence, Rhat = 1).
```

plot(marginal_effects(model_4))

```
## Warning: Predictions are treated as continuous variables in
## 'marginal_effects' by default, which is likely invalid for ordinal
## families. Please set 'categorical' to TRUE.
```



Hierarchical model with by-item (pictures) and by-subject random intercepts

```
model_5 = brm(data = d_wide,
  formula = likeability ~ as.double(objects) + (1 | picture_nr) + (1 | submission_id),
  family=cumulative("logit")
)
```

```
## Compiling the C++ model
```

```
## Start sampling
```

```
##
## SAMPLING FOR MODEL 'ef9da17aa5dc87bf80d86915ebda8075' NOW (CHAIN 1).
## Chain 1:
## Chain 1: Gradient evaluation took 0.001 seconds
## Chain 1: 1000 transitions using 10 leapfrog steps per transition would take 10 seconds.
## Chain 1: Adjust your expectations accordingly!
## Chain 1:
## Chain 1:
## Chain 1: Iteration:    1 / 2000 [  0%] (Warmup)
## Chain 1: Iteration:   200 / 2000 [ 10%] (Warmup)
## Chain 1: Iteration:   400 / 2000 [ 20%] (Warmup)
## Chain 1: Iteration:   600 / 2000 [ 30%] (Warmup)
## Chain 1: Iteration:   800 / 2000 [ 40%] (Warmup)
## Chain 1: Iteration:  1000 / 2000 [ 50%] (Warmup)
## Chain 1: Iteration:  1001 / 2000 [ 50%] (Sampling)
## Chain 1: Iteration:  1200 / 2000 [ 60%] (Sampling)
## Chain 1: Iteration:  1400 / 2000 [ 70%] (Sampling)
## Chain 1: Iteration:  1600 / 2000 [ 80%] (Sampling)
## Chain 1: Iteration:  1800 / 2000 [ 90%] (Sampling)
## Chain 1: Iteration:  2000 / 2000 [100%] (Sampling)
## Chain 1:
## Chain 1: Elapsed Time: 34.442 seconds (Warm-up)
## Chain 1:                23.605 seconds (Sampling)
## Chain 1:                58.047 seconds (Total)
## Chain 1:
##
## SAMPLING FOR MODEL 'ef9da17aa5dc87bf80d86915ebda8075' NOW (CHAIN 2).
## Chain 2:
## Chain 2: Gradient evaluation took 0.001 seconds
## Chain 2: 1000 transitions using 10 leapfrog steps per transition would take 10 seconds.
## Chain 2: Adjust your expectations accordingly!
## Chain 2:
## Chain 2:
```



```

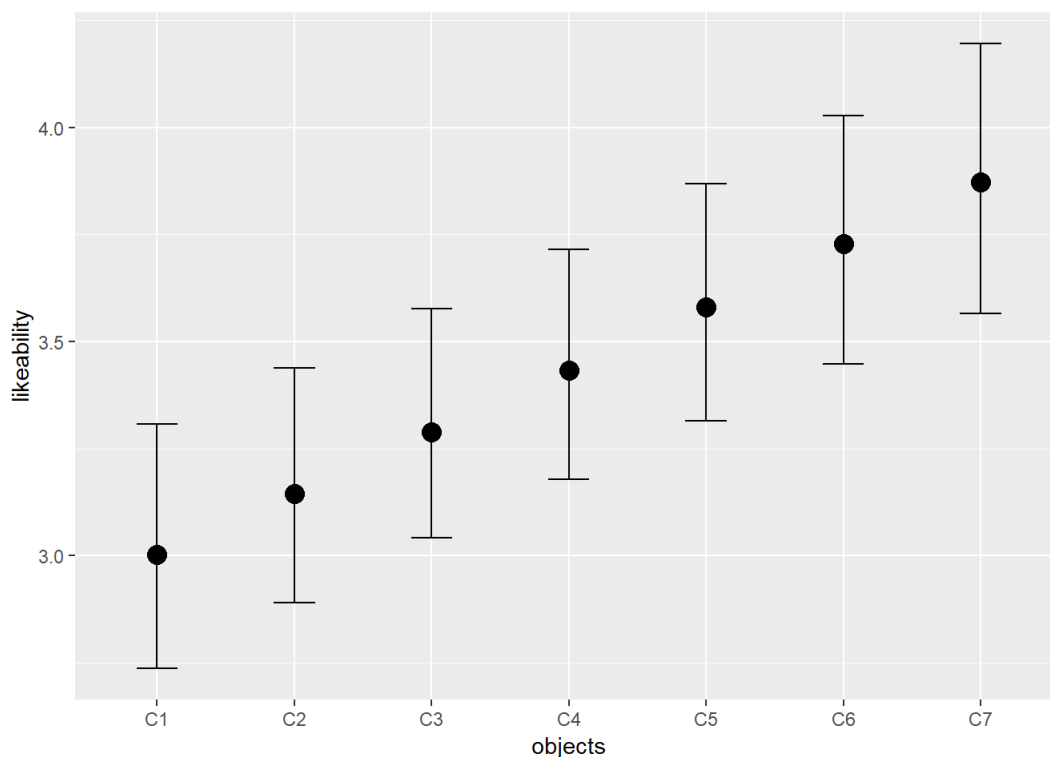
## Chain 2:
## Chain 2: Iteration:    1 / 2000 [  0%] (Warmup)
## Chain 2: Iteration:   200 / 2000 [ 10%] (Warmup)
## Chain 2: Iteration:   400 / 2000 [ 20%] (Warmup)
## Chain 2: Iteration:   600 / 2000 [ 30%] (Warmup)
## Chain 2: Iteration:   800 / 2000 [ 40%] (Warmup)
## Chain 2: Iteration:  1000 / 2000 [ 50%] (Warmup)
## Chain 2: Iteration: 1001 / 2000 [ 50%] (Sampling)
## Chain 2: Iteration: 1200 / 2000 [ 60%] (Sampling)
## Chain 2: Iteration: 1400 / 2000 [ 70%] (Sampling)
## Chain 2: Iteration: 1600 / 2000 [ 80%] (Sampling)
## Chain 2: Iteration: 1800 / 2000 [ 90%] (Sampling)
## Chain 2: Iteration: 2000 / 2000 [100%] (Sampling)
## Chain 2:
## Chain 2: Elapsed Time: 40.449 seconds (Warm-up)
## Chain 2:           48.695 seconds (Sampling)
## Chain 2:           89.144 seconds (Total)
## Chain 2:
##
## SAMPLING FOR MODEL 'ef9da17aa5dc87bf80d86915ebda8075' NOW (CHAIN 3).
## Chain 3:
## Chain 3: Gradient evaluation took 0.001 seconds
## Chain 3: 1000 transitions using 10 leapfrog steps per transition would take 10 seconds.
## Chain 3: Adjust your expectations accordingly!
## Chain 3:
## Chain 3:
## Chain 3: Iteration:    1 / 2000 [  0%] (Warmup)
## Chain 3: Iteration:   200 / 2000 [ 10%] (Warmup)
## Chain 3: Iteration:   400 / 2000 [ 20%] (Warmup)
## Chain 3: Iteration:   600 / 2000 [ 30%] (Warmup)
## Chain 3: Iteration:   800 / 2000 [ 40%] (Warmup)
## Chain 3: Iteration:  1000 / 2000 [ 50%] (Warmup)
## Chain 3: Iteration: 1001 / 2000 [ 50%] (Sampling)
## Chain 3: Iteration: 1200 / 2000 [ 60%] (Sampling)
## Chain 3: Iteration: 1400 / 2000 [ 70%] (Sampling)
## Chain 3: Iteration: 1600 / 2000 [ 80%] (Sampling)
## Chain 3: Iteration: 1800 / 2000 [ 90%] (Sampling)
## Chain 3: Iteration: 2000 / 2000 [100%] (Sampling)
## Chain 3:
## Chain 3: Elapsed Time: 33.399 seconds (Warm-up)
## Chain 3:           23.757 seconds (Sampling)
## Chain 3:           57.156 seconds (Total)
## Chain 3:
##
## SAMPLING FOR MODEL 'ef9da17aa5dc87bf80d86915ebda8075' NOW (CHAIN 4).
## Chain 4:
## Chain 4: Gradient evaluation took 0.001 seconds
## Chain 4: 1000 transitions using 10 leapfrog steps per transition would take 10 seconds.
## Chain 4: Adjust your expectations accordingly!
## Chain 4:
## Chain 4:
## Chain 4: Iteration:    1 / 2000 [  0%] (Warmup)
## Chain 4: Iteration:   200 / 2000 [ 10%] (Warmup)
## Chain 4: Iteration:   400 / 2000 [ 20%] (Warmup)
## Chain 4: Iteration:   600 / 2000 [ 30%] (Warmup)
## Chain 4: Iteration:   800 / 2000 [ 40%] (Warmup)
## Chain 4: Iteration:  1000 / 2000 [ 50%] (Warmup)
## Chain 4: Iteration: 1001 / 2000 [ 50%] (Sampling)
## Chain 4: Iteration: 1200 / 2000 [ 60%] (Sampling)
## Chain 4: Iteration: 1400 / 2000 [ 70%] (Sampling)
## Chain 4: Iteration: 1600 / 2000 [ 80%] (Sampling)
## Chain 4: Iteration: 1800 / 2000 [ 90%] (Sampling)
## Chain 4: Iteration: 2000 / 2000 [100%] (Sampling)
## Chain 4:
## Chain 4: Elapsed Time: 31.373 seconds (Warm-up)
## Chain 4:           29.579 seconds (Sampling)
## Chain 4:           60.952 seconds (Total)
## Chain 4:

```

```
## Family: cumulative
## Links: mu = logit; disc = identity
## Formula: likeability ~ as.double(objects) + (1 | picture_nr) + (1 | submission_id)
## Data: d_wide (Number of observations: 1500)
## Samples: 4 chains, each with iter = 2000; warmup = 1000; thin = 1;
##          total post-warmup samples = 4000
##
## Group-Level Effects:
## ~picture_nr (Number of levels: 30)
##           Estimate Est.Error l-95% CI u-95% CI Eff.Sample Rhat
## sd(Intercept)    0.45     0.08    0.31    0.63      1399 1.00
##
## ~submission_id (Number of levels: 50)
##           Estimate Est.Error l-95% CI u-95% CI Eff.Sample Rhat
## sd(Intercept)    1.21     0.14    0.97    1.51       643 1.00
##
## Population-Level Effects:
##           Estimate Est.Error l-95% CI u-95% CI Eff.Sample Rhat
## Intercept[1]     -2.07     0.25    -2.57   -1.60       698 1.00
## Intercept[2]     -0.29     0.23    -0.76    0.15       644 1.00
## Intercept[3]      0.94     0.24     0.47    1.38       630 1.00
## Intercept[4]      2.17     0.24     1.68    2.64       663 1.00
## Intercept[5]      3.64     0.26     3.12    4.12       745 1.00
## Intercept[6]      6.71     0.44     5.90    7.58      1499 1.00
## as.doubleobjects    0.21     0.04     0.14    0.28      2207 1.00
##
## Samples were drawn using sampling(NUTS). For each parameter, Eff.Sample
## is a crude measure of effective sample size, and Rhat is the potential
## scale reduction factor on split chains (at convergence, Rhat = 1).
```

```
plot(marginal_effects(model_5))
```

```
## Warning: Predictions are treated as continuous variables in
## 'marginal_effects' by default, which is likely invalid for ordinal
## families. Please set 'categorical' to TRUE.
```



Hierarchical model with by-subject random intercepts and fixed effect of artist

```
model_6 = brm(data = d_wide,
  formula = likeability ~ as.double(objects) + artist + (1 | submission_id),
  family=cumulative("logit")
)
```

```
## Compiling the C++ model
```

```
## Start sampling
```

```
##
## SAMPLING FOR MODEL '1b726ff50c235e73d05586071a94906d' NOW (CHAIN 1).
## Chain 1:
## Chain 1: Gradient evaluation took 0 seconds
## Chain 1: 1000 transitions using 10 leapfrog steps per transition would take 0 seconds.
## Chain 1: Adjust your expectations accordingly!
## Chain 1:
## Chain 1:
## Chain 1: Iteration:    1 / 2000 [  0%] (Warmup)
## Chain 1: Iteration:   200 / 2000 [ 10%] (Warmup)
## Chain 1: Iteration:   400 / 2000 [ 20%] (Warmup)
## Chain 1: Iteration:   600 / 2000 [ 30%] (Warmup)
## Chain 1: Iteration:   800 / 2000 [ 40%] (Warmup)
## Chain 1: Iteration:  1000 / 2000 [ 50%] (Warmup)
## Chain 1: Iteration:  1001 / 2000 [ 50%] (Sampling)
## Chain 1: Iteration:  1200 / 2000 [ 60%] (Sampling)
## Chain 1: Iteration:  1400 / 2000 [ 70%] (Sampling)
## Chain 1: Iteration:  1600 / 2000 [ 80%] (Sampling)
## Chain 1: Iteration:  1800 / 2000 [ 90%] (Sampling)
## Chain 1: Iteration:  2000 / 2000 [100%] (Sampling)
## Chain 1:
## Chain 1: Elapsed Time: 25.727 seconds (Warm-up)
## Chain 1:           23.468 seconds (Sampling)
## Chain 1:           49.195 seconds (Total)
## Chain 1:
##
## SAMPLING FOR MODEL '1b726ff50c235e73d05586071a94906d' NOW (CHAIN 2).
## Chain 2:
## Chain 2: Gradient evaluation took 0.002 seconds
## Chain 2: 1000 transitions using 10 leapfrog steps per transition would take 20 seconds.
## Chain 2: Adjust your expectations accordingly!
## Chain 2:
## Chain 2:
## Chain 2: Iteration:    1 / 2000 [  0%] (Warmup)
## Chain 2: Iteration:   200 / 2000 [ 10%] (Warmup)
## Chain 2: Iteration:   400 / 2000 [ 20%] (Warmup)
## Chain 2: Iteration:   600 / 2000 [ 30%] (Warmup)
## Chain 2: Iteration:   800 / 2000 [ 40%] (Warmup)
## Chain 2: Iteration:  1000 / 2000 [ 50%] (Warmup)
## Chain 2: Iteration:  1001 / 2000 [ 50%] (Sampling)
## Chain 2: Iteration:  1200 / 2000 [ 60%] (Sampling)
## Chain 2: Iteration:  1400 / 2000 [ 70%] (Sampling)
## Chain 2: Iteration:  1600 / 2000 [ 80%] (Sampling)
## Chain 2: Iteration:  1800 / 2000 [ 90%] (Sampling)
## Chain 2: Iteration:  2000 / 2000 [100%] (Sampling)
## Chain 2:
## Chain 2: Elapsed Time: 38.263 seconds (Warm-up)
## Chain 2:           17.78 seconds (Sampling)
## Chain 2:           56.043 seconds (Total)
## Chain 2:
##
## SAMPLING FOR MODEL '1b726ff50c235e73d05586071a94906d' NOW (CHAIN 3).
## Chain 3:
## Chain 3: Gradient evaluation took 0.001 seconds
## Chain 3: 1000 transitions using 10 leapfrog steps per transition would take 10 seconds.
## Chain 3: Adjust your expectations accordingly!
## Chain 3:
## Chain 3:
## Chain 3: Iteration:    1 / 2000 [  0%] (Warmup)
## Chain 3: Iteration:   200 / 2000 [ 10%] (Warmup)
## Chain 3: Iteration:   400 / 2000 [ 20%] (Warmup)
## Chain 3: Iteration:   600 / 2000 [ 30%] (Warmup)
## Chain 3: Iteration:   800 / 2000 [ 40%] (Warmup)
## Chain 3: Iteration:  1000 / 2000 [ 50%] (Warmup)
## Chain 3: Iteration:  1001 / 2000 [ 50%] (Sampling)
## Chain 3: Iteration:  1200 / 2000 [ 60%] (Sampling)
## Chain 3: Iteration:  1400 / 2000 [ 70%] (Sampling)
```

```

## Chain 3: Iteration: 1600 / 2000 [ 80%] (Sampling)
## Chain 3: Iteration: 1800 / 2000 [ 90%] (Sampling)
## Chain 3: Iteration: 2000 / 2000 [100%] (Sampling)
## Chain 3:
## Chain 3: Elapsed Time: 26.018 seconds (Warm-up)
## Chain 3: 18.125 seconds (Sampling)
## Chain 3: 44.143 seconds (Total)
## Chain 3:
##
## SAMPLING FOR MODEL '1b726ff50c235e73d05586071a94906d' NOW (CHAIN 4).
## Chain 4:
## Chain 4: Gradient evaluation took 0.001 seconds
## Chain 4: 1000 transitions using 10 leapfrog steps per transition would take 10 seconds.
## Chain 4: Adjust your expectations accordingly!
## Chain 4:
## Chain 4:
## Chain 4: Iteration: 1 / 2000 [ 0%] (Warmup)
## Chain 4: Iteration: 200 / 2000 [ 10%] (Warmup)
## Chain 4: Iteration: 400 / 2000 [ 20%] (Warmup)
## Chain 4: Iteration: 600 / 2000 [ 30%] (Warmup)
## Chain 4: Iteration: 800 / 2000 [ 40%] (Warmup)
## Chain 4: Iteration: 1000 / 2000 [ 50%] (Warmup)
## Chain 4: Iteration: 1001 / 2000 [ 50%] (Sampling)
## Chain 4: Iteration: 1200 / 2000 [ 60%] (Sampling)
## Chain 4: Iteration: 1400 / 2000 [ 70%] (Sampling)
## Chain 4: Iteration: 1600 / 2000 [ 80%] (Sampling)
## Chain 4: Iteration: 1800 / 2000 [ 90%] (Sampling)
## Chain 4: Iteration: 2000 / 2000 [100%] (Sampling)
## Chain 4:
## Chain 4: Elapsed Time: 23.593 seconds (Warm-up)
## Chain 4: 16.334 seconds (Sampling)
## Chain 4: 39.927 seconds (Total)
## Chain 4:

```

model_6

```

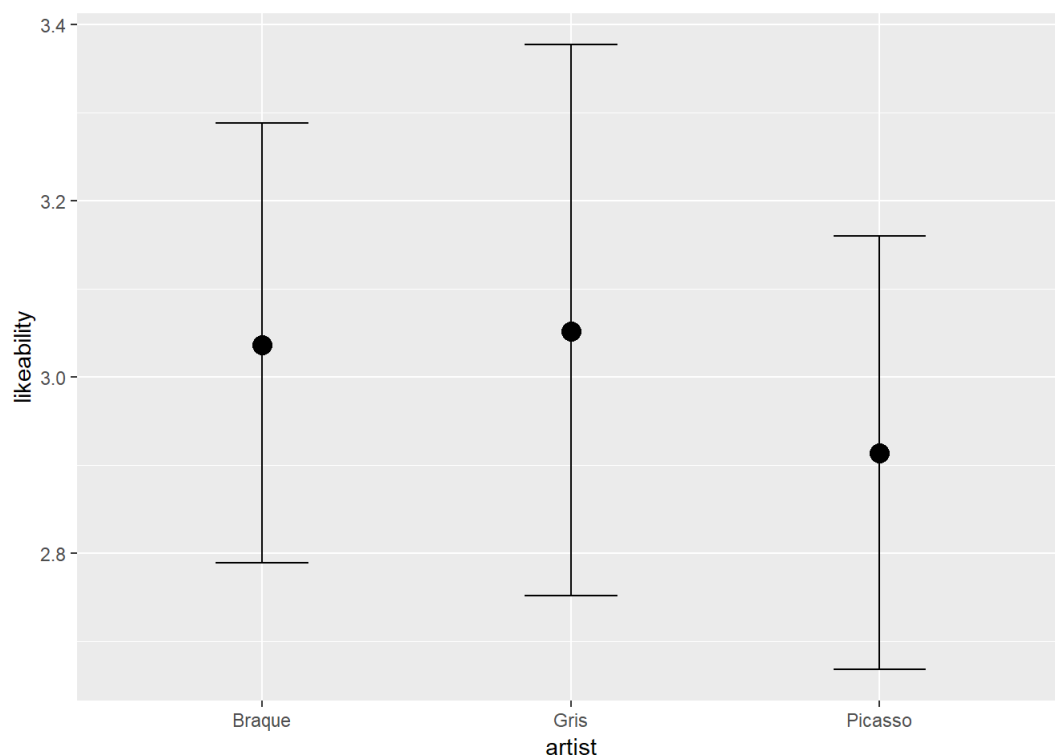
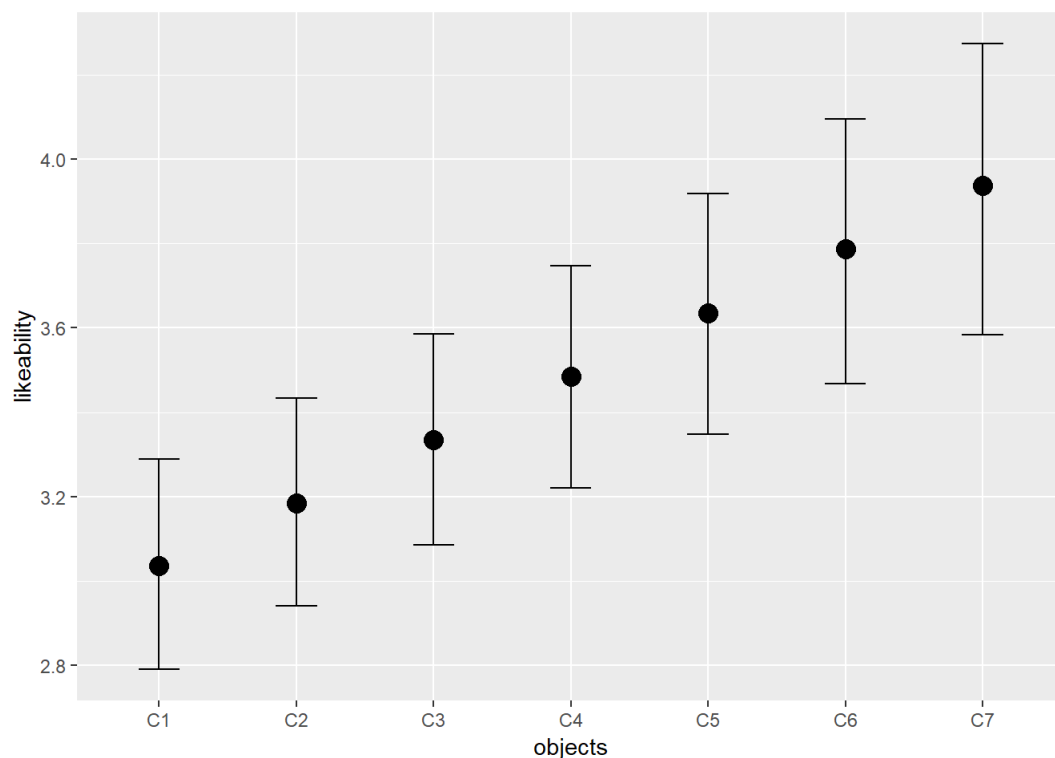
## Family: cumulative
## Links: mu = logit; disc = identity
## Formula: likeability ~ as.double(objects) + artist + (1 | submission_id)
## Data: d_wide (Number of observations: 1500)
## Samples: 4 chains, each with iter = 2000; warmup = 1000; thin = 1;
## total post-warmup samples = 4000
##
## Group-Level Effects:
## ~submission_id (Number of levels: 50)
## Estimate Est.Error l-95% CI u-95% CI Eff.Sample Rhat
## sd(Intercept) 1.16 0.13 0.93 1.45 742 1.00
##
## Population-Level Effects:
## Estimate Est.Error l-95% CI u-95% CI Eff.Sample Rhat
## Intercept[1] -2.03 0.21 -2.45 -1.62 547 1.00
## Intercept[2] -0.30 0.20 -0.69 0.09 523 1.00
## Intercept[3] 0.89 0.20 0.50 1.29 542 1.00
## Intercept[4] 2.08 0.20 1.68 2.49 570 1.00
## Intercept[5] 3.50 0.22 3.08 3.94 662 1.00
## Intercept[6] 6.53 0.41 5.77 7.38 1573 1.00
## as.doubleobjects 0.21 0.04 0.14 0.28 2564 1.00
## artistGris 0.02 0.16 -0.27 0.34 2369 1.00
## artistPicasso -0.18 0.12 -0.41 0.04 3902 1.00
##
## Samples were drawn using sampling(NUTS). For each parameter, Eff.Sample
## is a crude measure of effective sample size, and Rhat is the potential
## scale reduction factor on split chains (at convergence, Rhat = 1).

```

plot(marginal_effects(model_6))

```
## Warning: Predictions are treated as continuous variables in
## 'marginal_effects' by default, which is likely invalid for ordinal
## families. Please set 'categorical' to TRUE.
```

```
## Warning: Predictions are treated as continuous variables in
## 'marginal_effects' by default, which is likely invalid for ordinal
## families. Please set 'categorical' to TRUE.
```



Model comparison

```
loo <- loo(model_1, model_2, model_3, model_4, model_5, model_6)
```

```
## Warning: Passing multiple brmsfit objects to 'loo' and related methods is
## deprecated. Please see ?loo.brmsfit for the recommended workflow.
```

```

## Output of model 'model_1':
##
## Computed from 4000 by 1500 log-likelihood matrix
##
##           Estimate    SE
## elpd_loo -2592.9 17.9
## p_loo      9.6  0.4
## looic      5185.8 35.8
## -----
## Monte Carlo SE of elpd_loo is 0.0.
##
## All Pareto k estimates are good (k < 0.5).
## See help('pareto-k-diagnostic') for details.
##
## Output of model 'model_2':
##
## Computed from 4000 by 1500 log-likelihood matrix
##
##           Estimate    SE
## elpd_loo -2356.2 24.8
## p_loo      80.2  2.0
## looic      4712.5 49.6
## -----
## Monte Carlo SE of elpd_loo is 0.2.
##
## All Pareto k estimates are good (k < 0.5).
## See help('pareto-k-diagnostic') for details.
##
## Output of model 'model_3':
##
## Computed from 4000 by 1500 log-likelihood matrix
##
##           Estimate    SE
## elpd_loo -2386.4 24.1
## p_loo      60.2  1.5
## looic      4772.8 48.2
## -----
## Monte Carlo SE of elpd_loo is 0.1.
##
## All Pareto k estimates are good (k < 0.5).
## See help('pareto-k-diagnostic') for details.
##
## Output of model 'model_4':
##
## Computed from 4000 by 1500 log-likelihood matrix
##
##           Estimate    SE
## elpd_loo -2597.6 17.7
## p_loo      7.1  0.4
## looic      5195.2 35.3
## -----
## Monte Carlo SE of elpd_loo is 0.0.
##
## All Pareto k estimates are good (k < 0.5).
## See help('pareto-k-diagnostic') for details.
##
## Output of model 'model_5':
##
## Computed from 4000 by 1500 log-likelihood matrix
##
##           Estimate    SE
## elpd_loo -2360.2 24.6
## p_loo      78.3  1.9
## looic      4720.3 49.2
## -----
## Monte Carlo SE of elpd_loo is 0.2.
##
## All Pareto k estimates are good (k < 0.5).
## See help('pareto-k-diagnostic') for details.
##

```

```
##
## Output of model 'model_6':
##
## Computed from 4000 by 1500 log-likelihood matrix
##
##           Estimate    SE
## elpd_loo  -2390.1 24.0
## p_loo      57.9  1.4
## looic      4780.1 47.9
## -----
## Monte Carlo SE of elpd_loo is 0.1.
##
## All Pareto k estimates are good (k < 0.5).
## See help('pareto-k-diagnostic') for details.
##
## Model comparisons:
##           elpd_diff se_diff
## model_2      0.0      0.0
## model_5     -3.9      2.5
## model_3    -30.1      7.7
## model_6    -33.8      8.1
## model_1   -236.7     20.7
## model_4   -241.4     20.9
```

Frequentist Analysis: Pearson correlation

```
data <- read_csv2("GiveMeGestalt_filtered_results.csv")
```

```
## Using ',' as decimal and '.' as grouping mark. Use read_delim() for more control.
```

```
## Warning: Missing column names filled in: 'X27' [27], 'X28' [28]
```

```
## Parsed with column specification:
## cols(
##   .default = col_character(),
##   submission_id = col_double(),
##   QUD = col_logical(),
##   RT = col_double(),
##   age = col_double(),
##   endTime = col_double(),
##   experiment_id = col_double(),
##   min_chars = col_double(),
##   picture_nr = col_double(),
##   startTime = col_double(),
##   timeSpent = col_number(),
##   trial_number = col_double(),
##   X27 = col_logical(),
##   X28 = col_double()
## )
```

```
## See spec(...) for full column specifications.
```

Data formatting

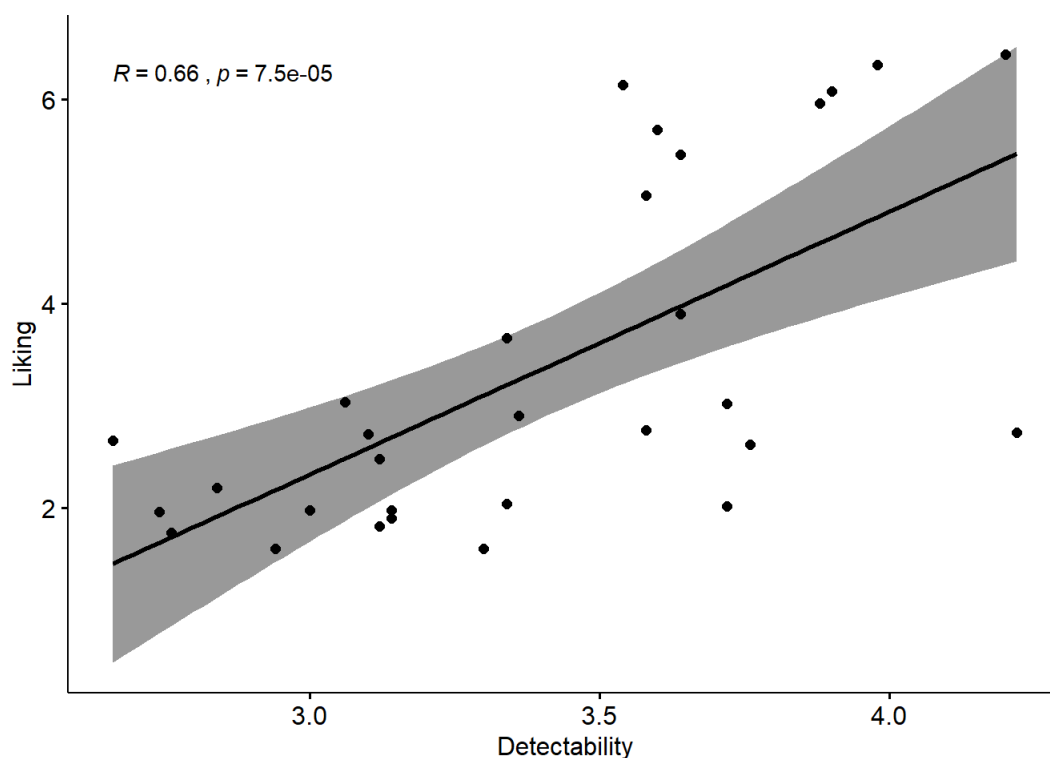
```
data_temp <- as_tibble(data) %>% mutate(response = as.integer(response))
```

```
## Warning: NAs durch Umwandlung erzeugt
```

```
x <- filter(data_temp, trial_name == 'rating_scale_like') %>%
  select(c('response', 'picture_nr')) %>%
  group_by(picture_nr) %>%
  summarise(response = mean(response))
y <- filter(data_temp, trial_name == 'rating_scale_object') %>%
  select(c('response', 'picture_nr')) %>%
  group_by(picture_nr) %>%
  summarise(response = mean(response))
data_formatted <- merge(x,y, by = 'picture_nr')
```

Correlation test and regression graph

```
ggscatter(data_formatted, x = "response.x", y = "response.y",  
  add = "reg.line", conf.int = TRUE,  
  cor.coef = TRUE, cor.method = "pearson",  
  xlab = "Detectability", ylab = "Liking")
```



```
res <- cor.test(data_formatted$response.x, data_formatted$response.y,  
  method = "pearson")  
res
```

```
##  
## Pearson's product-moment correlation  
##  
## data: data_formatted$response.x and data_formatted$response.y  
## t = 4.6356, df = 28, p-value = 7.508e-05  
## alternative hypothesis: true correlation is not equal to 0  
## 95 percent confidence interval:  
## 0.3916580 0.8236774  
## sample estimates:  
## cor  
## 0.6589481
```

```
# extract the p.value  
res$p.value
```

```
## [1] 7.508036e-05
```

```
# extract the correlation coefficient  
res$estimate
```

```
## cor  
## 0.6589481
```

```
# the amount of variance explained  
res$estimate^2
```

```
## cor  
## 0.4342126
```