Derivative Boot Camp (true form)

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Preface

Welcome to your first year of university! As a university student in engineering, **you must be able to calculate derivatives of "simple" functions** such as

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}x} \frac{x^2 + \tan(\ln x)}{\sinh(2x^2 + 1)}.$$

This Boot Camp is designed to help you prepare for your first year, which is unexpectedly tough for most of you! Take your time, go through each problem carefully, and don't hesitate to ask for help!



Have you have completed the "Derivative Boot Camp (Basic)"? Congratulations! Yes, unfortunately, that was just the beginning of the Boot Camp; the problems you solved were *the minimal problems*.

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This *true form* of the Boot Camp contains more problems for you. They are classified into three categories: *** (basic), ** (intermediate), and * (for motivated students). You don't have to solve all of them, but try to solve as many as you can. Good Luck!

The first step: High-school review

**[N] Let $f(x) = (x+1)^4$. Calculate f'(x), f'(c), f'(0) and f'(1), but only with using high-school level formulae.

A.2 Trigonometric functions

***[0] Calculate the following values.

(1)
$$\sin \frac{7\pi}{6}$$

(1)
$$\sin \frac{7\pi}{6}$$
 (3) $\cos \frac{-3\pi}{2}$ (5) $\cos \frac{-8\pi}{3}$ (7) $\cos^2 \frac{\pi}{6}$ (2) $\tan \frac{8\pi}{3}$ (4) $\sin \frac{-5\pi}{6}$ (6) $\cos(-4\pi)$ (8) $\sin^2 \frac{\pi}{4}$

(5)
$$\cos \frac{-8\pi}{3}$$

(7)
$$\cos^2 \frac{\pi}{6}$$

(2)
$$\tan \frac{8\pi}{3}$$

(4)
$$\sin \frac{-5\pi}{6}$$

(6)
$$\cos(-4\pi)$$

(8)
$$\sin^2 \frac{\pi}{4}$$

***[P] Calculate the following values using calculators.

(2)
$$\cos \pi^2$$

A.3 Get into the University

Recall that derivatives are **defined by** $\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}x}f(x) = \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h}$. For example,

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}x}x^2 = \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{(x+h)^2 - x^2}{h} = \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{2xh + h^2}{h} = \lim_{h \to 0} (2x+h) = 2x. \tag{A.2}$$

*[Q] Calculate the following derivatives, not using formulae but starting from the definition. Namely, do the same thing as (A.2) for each function.

(1)
$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}x}\frac{1}{x}$$

$$(2) \quad \frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}x} \frac{1}{x^2}$$

(3)
$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}x}\sqrt{x}$$

For the last problem, the equation $\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{b} = \frac{a-b}{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{b}}$ will be useful.

***[R] We know that f(x) satisfies f''(x) = 5. Find f(x). If you can, find more than one.

**[S] We know that f(x) satisfies f'(x) = x and f(1) = 3. Find f(x). (Are there more than one?)

*[T] We know that f(x) satisfies f''(x) = a, f'(0) = b, and f(x) = c, where a, b, and c are real constants. Find f(x).

A.4 The formulae you need to memorize

*[U] Prove the following equations.

(1) $\frac{d}{dx} \sin x = \cos x$. Namely, do the same thing as (A.2) for $f(x) = \sin x$. You may use

$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\sin x}{x} = 1 \quad \text{and} \quad 1 + \cos \theta = \frac{1 - \cos^2 \theta}{1 - \cos \theta} = \frac{\sin^2 \theta}{1 - \cos \theta}$$

- (2) Equation (A.5) from from Eqs. (A.3) and (A.4).
- (3) Equations (A.3) and (A.4). [Hint: This is not easy.]

A.5 Workout 1: Practice!

*** [V] Practice more. Here, n is a positive integer.

$$(1) \quad \frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}x} \tan^2 x$$

(4)
$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}x} \frac{x + \sin x}{x + \cos x}$$

(4)
$$\frac{d}{dx} \frac{x + \sin x}{x + \cos x}$$
 (7) $\frac{d}{dx} \frac{x^4 + x^2 + 1}{x^3 + x}$

(2)
$$\frac{d}{dx}(x^2 + 3x)(4x^3 - 2x)$$
 (5) $\frac{d}{dx}(\sin x + \cos x)^2$ (8) $\frac{d}{dx}\frac{\cos x}{x^3}$

(5)
$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}x}(\sin x + \cos x)^2$$

$$(8) \quad \frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}x} \frac{\cos x}{x^3}$$

$$(3) \quad \frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}x} \frac{2x+1}{x^4}$$

(6)
$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}x} \frac{x+1}{x \cos x}$$

(9)
$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}x}x^{-n}\sin x$$

**[W] Use the formula (A.4) repeatedly to calculate the following derivatives.

(1)
$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}x}(x \cdot \tan x \cdot \sin x)$$

$$(4) \quad \frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}x} x (\sin x + \cos x)^2$$

(2)
$$\frac{d}{dx}(x^2+1)(x+1)(x+2)$$

(5)
$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}x} \frac{\sin^2 x}{\cos x}$$

(3)
$$\frac{d}{dx}(x^2+1)^3$$

(6)
$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}x}(x^2+1)\sin^2 x \tan x$$

A.6 One more formula

(No extra problem for this part.)

A.7 The last step: Composite functions

**[X] Practice with the following problems, which are a bit tough.

(1)
$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}x}\cos(\sin x)$$

(4)
$$\frac{d}{dx} \frac{1}{\sqrt{5x^2 + 7x}}$$

(7)
$$\frac{d}{dx} \tan(6x^2 - 5x)$$

(2)
$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}x}\sin(3x^2+2x)$$
 (5) $\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}x}\sin\sqrt{x}$

(5)
$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}x}\sin\sqrt{x}$$

(8)
$$\frac{d}{dx} \tan x^3$$

$$(3) \quad \frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}x}\sqrt{5x^2+7x}$$

(6)
$$\frac{d}{dx}(3x^2+1)^{5/2}$$

(9)
$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}x}\tan(\tan x)$$

A.8 Workout 2: Practice, Practice!

***[Y] (intermediate-level problems)

(1)
$$\frac{d}{dx}(5x^2-2x+1)^3$$

(6)
$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}x} \left(\frac{1}{x} + x \right)^2$$

$$(11) \quad \frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}x} \frac{x^3}{\cos x}$$

$$(2) \quad \frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}x}\sqrt{x^4+1}$$

$$(7) \quad \frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}x} x^{-1/2} \cos x$$

$$(12) \quad \frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}x} \frac{x}{\cos 2x}$$

(3)
$$\frac{d}{dx}\sin(x^2 + 2x + 2)$$
 (8) $\frac{d}{dx}x^2\tan 2x$ (13) $\frac{d}{dx}\frac{x^2}{\cos x^2}$

(8)
$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}x}x^2\tan 2x$$

$$(13) \quad \frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}x} \frac{x^2}{\cos x^2}$$

(9)
$$\frac{d}{dx}(x-1)^{-1/4}$$

(14)
$$\frac{d}{dx}\cos(x^2+1)^2$$

(5)
$$\frac{d}{dx} \frac{(x+1)^2}{(x-1)^2}$$

(10)
$$\frac{d}{dx} \frac{2}{(x-1)^{1/4}}$$

(15)
$$\frac{d}{dx} \tan^2(x^2 + 1)$$

**[Z] (a bit tough problems)

(1)
$$\frac{d}{dx}(5x^2 - 2x + 1)^{-3}$$
 (6) $\frac{d}{dx}\frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2 + 4}}$

$$(6) \quad \frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}x} \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2 + 4}}$$

$$(11) \quad \frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}x} \frac{x^3 \tan x}{\cos x}$$

(2)
$$\frac{d}{dx}(x^4+1)^{-3/5}$$

(2)
$$\frac{d}{dx}(x^4+1)^{-3/5}$$
 (7) $\frac{d}{dx}x^{-1/2}\cos x^2$

$$(12) \quad \frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}x} \frac{x \sin x}{\cos 2x}$$

(3)
$$\frac{d}{dx} \sin^2[(x^2 + 2x)^2]$$
 (8) $\frac{d}{dx} x^2 \sin x \tan 2x$

$$(8) \quad \frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}x} x^2 \sin x \tan 2x$$

$$(13) \quad \frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}x} \frac{x^2 \sin^2 x}{\cos x^2}$$

(4)
$$\frac{d}{dx} \tan \left(x + \sqrt{2x} \right)$$
 (9) $\frac{d}{dx} x(x-1)^{-3/4}$

(9)
$$\frac{d}{dx}x(x-1)^{-3/4}$$

(14)
$$\frac{d}{dx} \frac{x^3 + 1}{\sqrt{x - 1}}$$

$$(5) \quad \frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}x} \frac{\sin(x^2 + 1)}{\sin(x - 1)}$$

(10)
$$\frac{d}{dx} \frac{2 \sin x}{(x-1)^{3/4}}$$

$$(15) \quad \frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}x} \tan^2 \left(x \sqrt{x} \right)$$

Afterwords

Have you finished all the problems? Great job! You're now 100% ready for your university learning! If you are going to take Sho's lecture, you can email your answers to Sho. Sho will look at it and give you feedback. This will not be included in the grade evaluation, but Sho will acknowledge see your hard work and you might get some recognition for your effort.