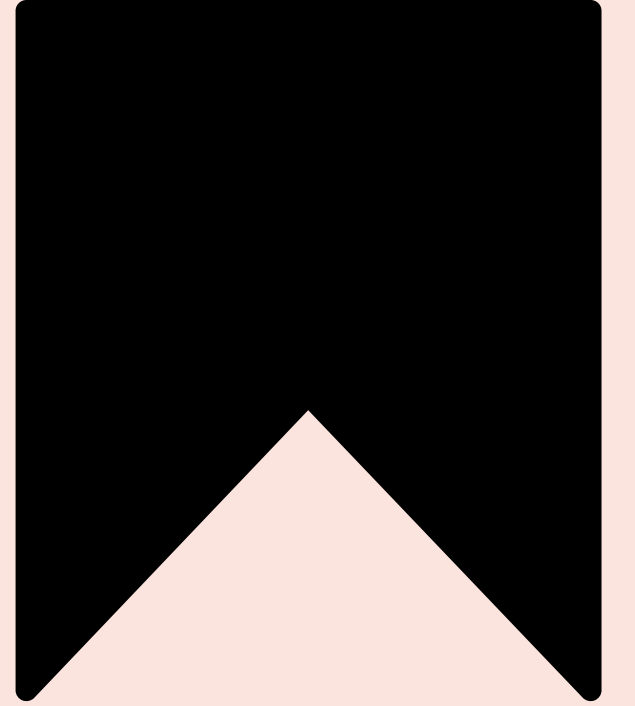
A large, faint watermark of the Instagram logo is centered in the background. It consists of a rounded square frame with a gradient from light purple at the top to light orange at the bottom. Inside the frame is a camera icon, represented by a circle with a dot in the center.

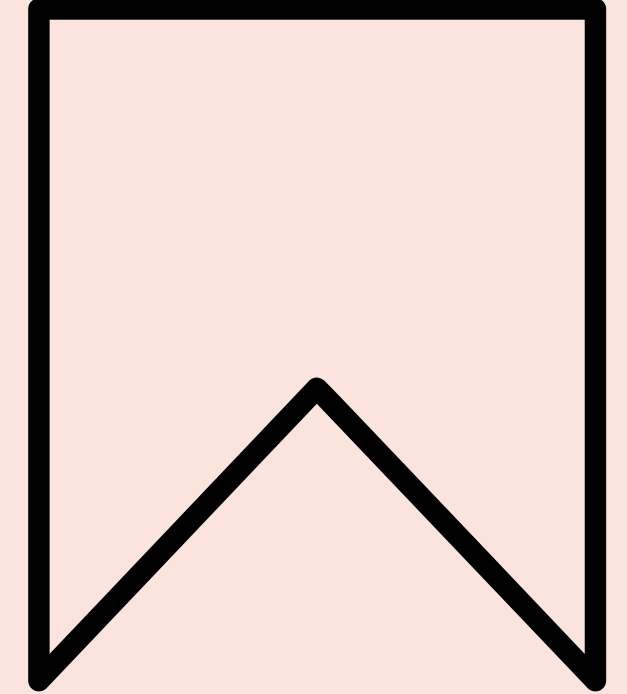
Instagram User Analytics

Trainity Project 2 by Mishree Bagdai



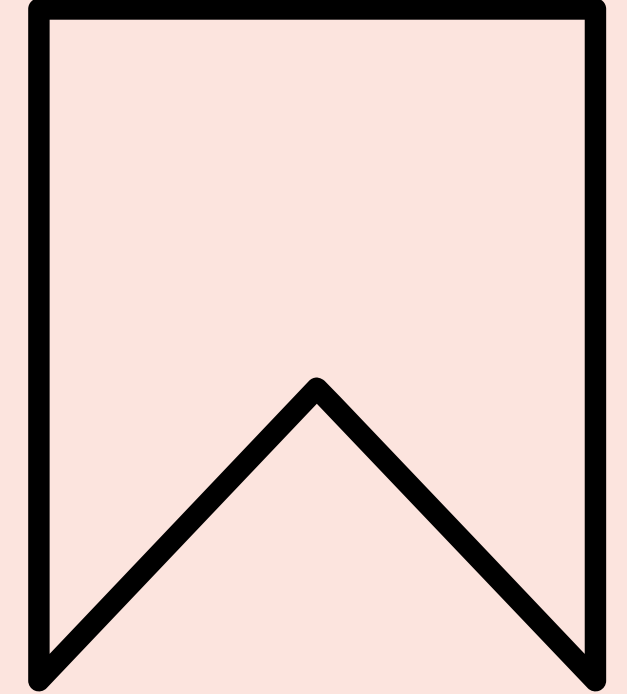
Project Description

The following project is an analysis of Instagram users and multiple insights drawn from the same. Teams from throughout the company utilise these information to develop new marketing campaigns, choose which features to include in apps, gauge the performance of the apps by looking at user interaction, and generally improve the user experience while assisting in business expansion.

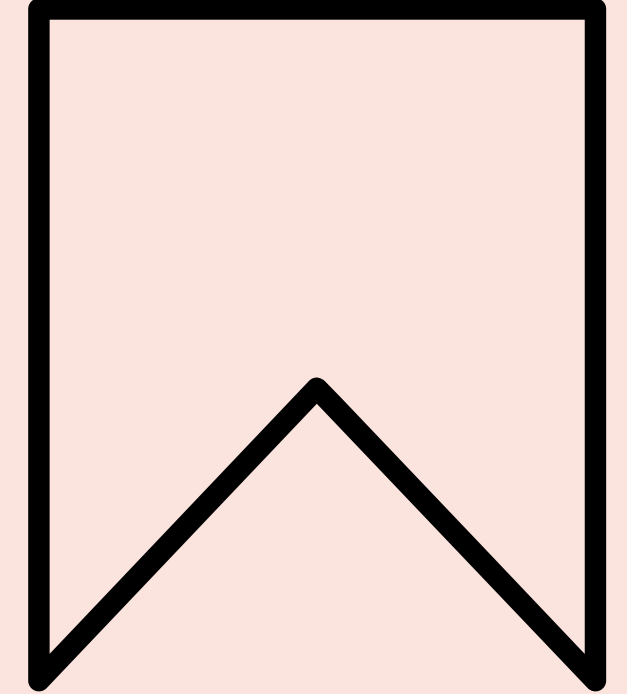


Approach & Tech-Stack Used

To complete the following project I have used a very straight forward and to the point approach; I understood the requirements of the project thoroughly and designed a rough mind map for the same as to how will I go about the project. Once I finished learning all the theory component, I decided to try hands-on learning and installed mySQL for the same. I am currently using the community version of mySQL and mySQL workbench for my project. This is the version of mySQL that I am using: macOS 12 (x86, 64-bit), DMG Archive



Result and Insights



A) Marketing

1. Rewarding most loyal users

Task: Find the 5 oldest users of the Instagram from the database provided

SQL Query:

```
SELECT * FROM ig_clone.users  
order by created_at asc  
limit 5;
```

[illegible]

Conclusion: The following users, 80, 67, 63, 95 & 38 are the oldest users

Result and Insights

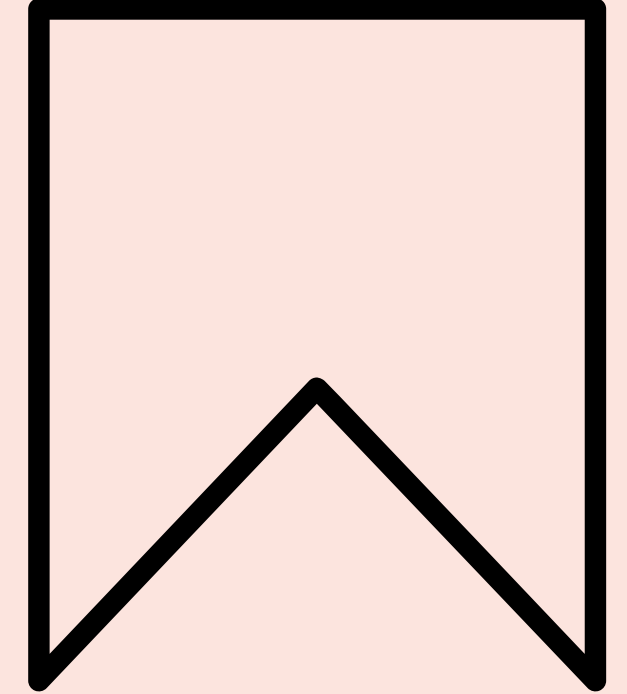
A) Marketing

2. Remind Inactive Users to Start Posting

Task: Find the users who have never posted a single photo on Instagram

SQL Query:

```
SELECT users.id AS UserID, photos.id AS PostID,  
users.username  
FROM ig_clone.users  
LEFT JOIN ig_clone.photos  
ON users.id = photos.user_id WHERE photos.id IS NULL  
ORDER BY username;
```



1	•	SELECT users.id AS UserID, photos.id AS PostID, users.username
2		FROM ig_clone.users
3		LEFT JOIN ig_clone.photos
4		ON users.id = photos.user_id WHERE photos.id IS NULL ORDER BY username;
5		

100%	↕	1:5
------	---	-----

Result Grid	Filter Rows:	Search	Export:
-------------	--------------	--------	---------

	UserID	PostID	username
▶	5	NULL	Aniya_Hackett
	83	NULL	Bartholome.Bernhard
	91	NULL	Bethany20
	80	NULL	Darby_Herzog
	45	NULL	David.Osinski47
	54	NULL	Duane60
	90	NULL	Esmeralda.Mraz57
	81	NULL	Esther.Zulauf61
	68	NULL	Franco_Keebler64
	74	NULL	Hulda.Macejkovic
	14	NULL	Jaclyn81
	76	NULL	Janelle.Nikolaus81
	89	NULL	Jessyca_West
	57	NULL	Julien_Schmidt
	7	NULL	Kasandra_Homenick
	75	NULL	Leslie67
	53	NULL	Linnea59

	UserID	PostID	username
▶	5	NULL	Aniya_Hackett
	83	NULL	Bartholome.Bernhard
	91	NULL	Bethany20
	80	NULL	Darby_Herzog
	45	NULL	David.Osinski47
	54	NULL	Duane60
	90	NULL	Esmeralda.Mraz57
	81	NULL	Esther.Zulauf61
	68	NULL	Franco_Keebler64
	74	NULL	Hulda.Macejkovic
	14	NULL	Jaclyn81
	76	NULL	Janelle.Nikolaus81
	89	NULL	Jessyca_West
	57	NULL	Julien_Schmidt
	7	NULL	Kasandra_Homenick
	75	NULL	Leslie67
	53	NULL	Linnea59
	24	NULL	Maxwell.Halvorson
	41	NULL	Mckenna17
	66	NULL	Mike.Auer39
	49	NULL	Morgan.Kassulke
	71	NULL	Nia_Haag
	36	NULL	Ollie_Ledner37
	34	NULL	Pearl7
	21	NULL	Rocio33
	25	NULL	Tierra.Trantow

Conclusion: The following 25 users are those who have never posted on Instagram, hence, Instagram should send them emails to remind them to post!

Result and Insights

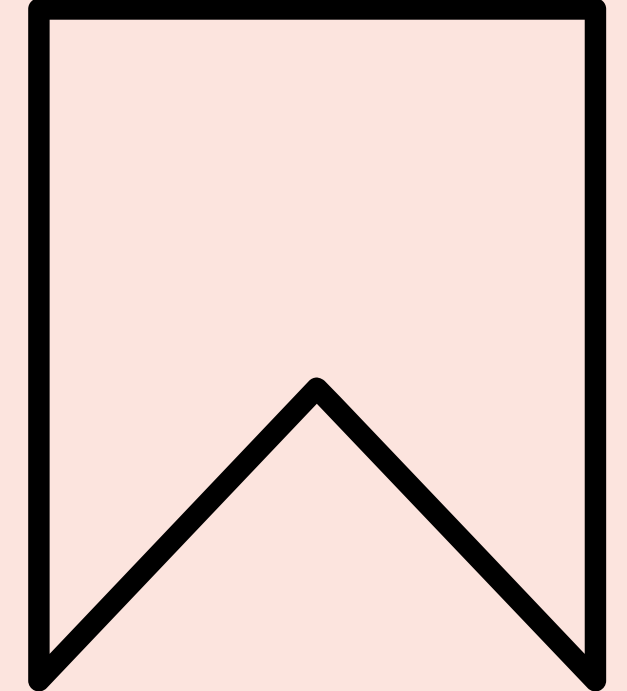
A) Marketing

3. Declaring Contest Winner

Task: Identify the winner of the contest and provide their details to the team (user who gets the most likes on a single photo will win the contest now they wish to declare the winner.)

SQL Query:

```
select photos.user_id, count(likes.photo_id) as total_likes, users.username,  
photos.id  
from  
ig_clone.likes  
join ig_clone.photos  
on likes.photo_id = photos.id  
join ig_clone.users  
on photos.user_id = users.id  
group by likes.photo_id  
order by total_likes desc  
limit 1;
```




```
1 select photos.user_id, count(likes.photo_id) as total_likes, users.username, photos.id
2 from
3 ig_clone.likes
4 join ig_clone.photos
5 on likes.photo_id = photos.id
6 join ig_clone.users
7 on photos.user_id = users.id
8 group by likes.photo_id
9 order by total_likes desc
10 limit 1;
11
```

100% 1:11

Result Grid Filter Rows: Search Export: Fetch rows:

	user_id	total_likes	username	id
▶	52	48	Zack_Kemmer93	145

Result Grid Form Editor Field Types Query Stats

	user_id	total_likes	username	id
▶	52	48	Zack_Kemmer93	145

Conclusion: The following user has received the most number of likes and hence Instagram should reward him/her.

Result and Insights

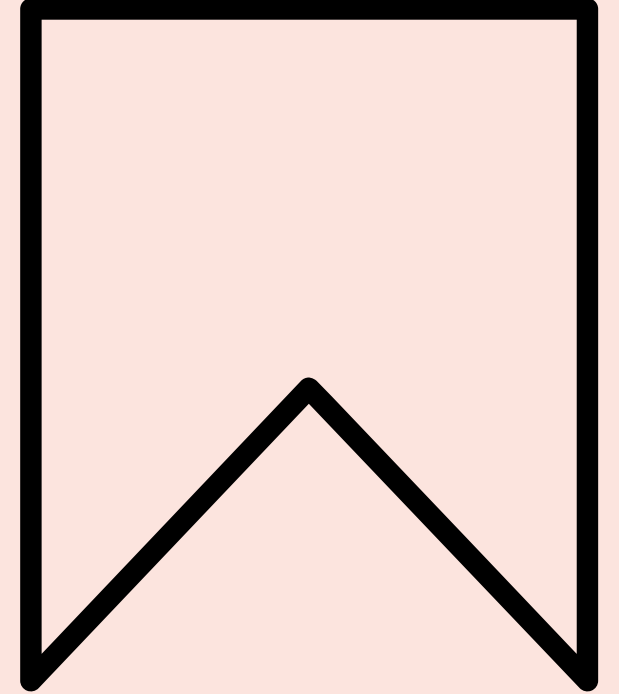
A) Marketing

4. Hashtag Researching

Task: Identify and suggest the top 5 most commonly used hashtags on the platform

SQL Query:

```
select tags.tag_name, photo_tags.tag_id, count(tag_id) as times_used
from ig_clone.photo_tags
join ig_clone.tags
on photo_tags.tag_id = tags.id
group by tag_id
order by times_used desc
limit 5;
```



```
1 select tags.tag_name, photo_tags.tag_id, count(tag_id) as times_used
2 from ig_clone.photo_tags
3 join ig_clone.tags
4 on photo_tags.tag_id = tags.id
5 group by tag_id
6 order by times_used desc
7 limit 5;
8
```

100% 1:8

Result Grid Filter Rows: Search Export: Fetch rows:

	tag_name	tag_id	times_used
▶	smile	21	59
	beach	20	42
	party	17	39
	fun	13	38
	concert	18	24

Result Grid Form Editor Field Types Query Stats

	tag_name	tag_id	times_used
▶	smile	21	59
	beach	20	42
	party	17	39
	fun	13	38
	concert	18	24

Conclusion: These are the top 5 hashtags used, hence the partner brand should target the following tags!

Result and Insights

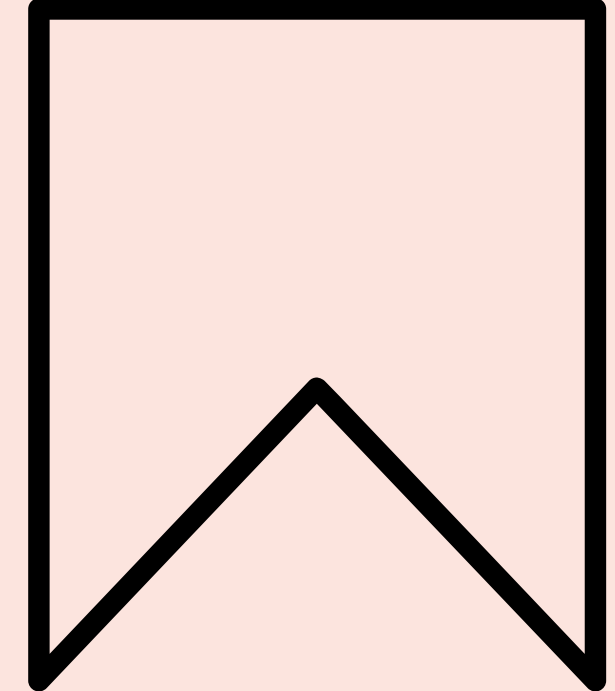
A) Marketing

5. Launch AD Campaign

Task: What day of the week do most users register on? Provide insights on when to schedule an ad campaign

SQL Query:

```
select count(dayofweek(created_at)) as users_reg,  
dayofweek(created_at) as weekday  
from  
ig_clone.users  
group by weekday  
order by users_reg
```



```
1  select count(dayofweek(created_at)) as users_reg, dayofweek(created_at) as weekday
2  from
3  ig_clone.users
4  group by weekday
5  order by users_reg
6
```

100% 1:6

Result Grid Filter Rows: Search Export:

	users_reg	weekday
▶	12	7
▶	13	4
▶	14	3
▶	14	2
▶	15	6
▶	16	5
▶	16	1

Result Grid Form Editor Field Types Query Stats Execution Plan

	users_reg	weekday
▶	12	7
▶	13	4
▶	14	3
▶	14	2
▶	15	6
▶	16	5
▶	16	1

Conclusion: As we can see weekday 1 & 5, i.e. Sunday & Thursday had the highest number of users registered
Note that, 1=Sunday, 2=Monday, 3=Tuesday, 4=Wednesday, 5=Thursday, 6=Friday, 7=Saturday

Result and Insights

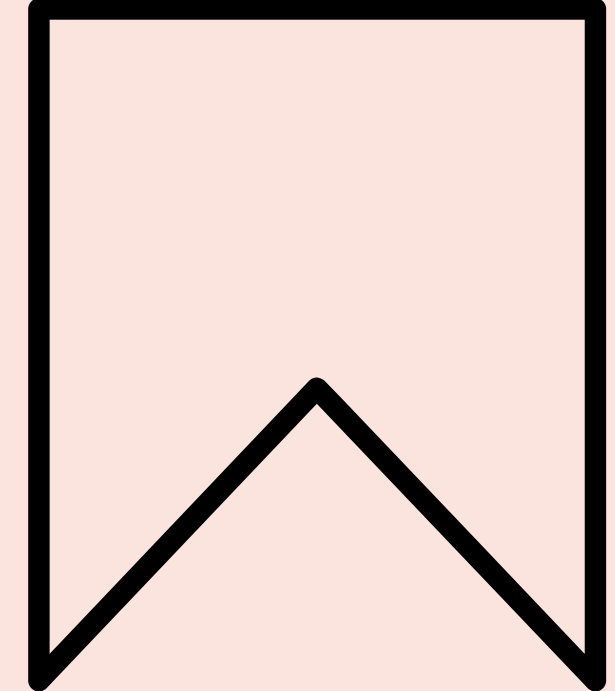
B) Investor metrics

1. User Engagement

Task: Provide how many times does average user posts on Instagram.
Also, provide the total number of photos on Instagram/total number of users

SQL Query:

```
select count(id) as tot_photos, max(user_id) as tot_users,  
count(id)/max(user_id) as avg_posts  
from  
ig_clone.photos
```



[illegible]

	tot_photos	tot_users	avg_posts
▶	257	100	2.5700

Conclusion: Hence we can see, the total number of posts are 257, total users are 100 and hence the avg no of posts is 2.57.

Result and Insights

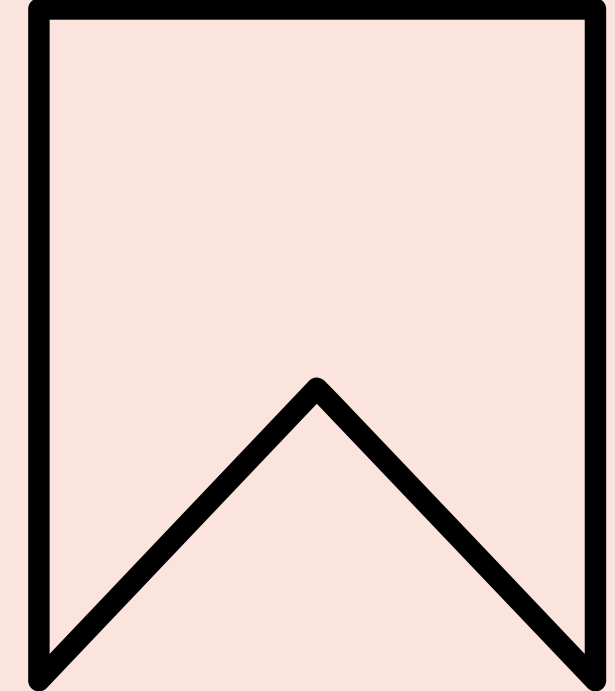
B) Investor metrics

2. Bots & Fake Accounts

Task: Provide data on users (bots) who have liked every single photo on the site (since any normal user would not be able to do this).

SQL Query:

```
select user_id, count(user_id) as posts_liked, users.username
from ig_clone.likes
join ig_clone.users
on likes.user_id = users.id
group by user_id
having count(user_id) = 257
order by posts_liked
```



```
1 select user_id, count(user_id) as posts_liked, users.username
2 from ig_clone.likes
3 join ig_clone.users
4 on likes.user_id = users.id
5 group by user_id
6 having count(user_id) = 257
7 order by posts_liked
8
```

100% 1:8

Result Grid Filter Rows: Search Export:

	user_id	posts_liked	username
▶	5	257	Aniya_Hackett
▶	14	257	Jaclyn81
▶	21	257	Rocio33
▶	24	257	Maxwell.Halvorson
▶	36	257	Ollie_Ledner37
▶	41	257	Mckenna17
▶	54	257	Duane60
▶	57	257	Julien_Schmidt
▶	66	257	Mike.Auer39
▶	71	257	Nia_Haag
▶	75	257	Leslie67
▶	76	257	Janelle.Nikolaus81
▶	91	257	Bethany20

Result Grid Form Editor Field Types Query Stats Execution Plan

	user_id	posts_liked	username
▶	5	257	Aniya_Hackett
▶	14	257	Jaclyn81
▶	21	257	Rocio33
▶	24	257	Maxwell.Halvorson
▶	36	257	Ollie_Ledner37
▶	41	257	Mckenna17
▶	54	257	Duane60
▶	57	257	Julien_Schmidt
▶	66	257	Mike.Auer39
▶	71	257	Nia_Haag
▶	75	257	Leslie67
▶	76	257	Janelle.Nikolaus81
▶	91	257	Bethany20

Conclusion: Hence these are the users which have liked all the posts on Instagram and are probably bots!

Result

As a result, while I was working on this project, I gained knowledge on how to deal with a SQL database and how to use SQL queries to draw useful insights. In addition to that, I became very knowledgeable about the mySQL workbench and how to get the most out of it. Initially I had few problems as to working with the database and figuring out which function is the most relevant while formulating the query, but gradually after practicing all the tasks mentioned in the project I got a hold of the same and I managed to complete the project before the deadline.

Thank You