

λ_0
 $R_1 = 20\Omega$
 $R_2 = 30\Omega$
 $F_A = \rho g V$
 $w = D$
 $w = 0$
 $w = A$
 $P = \bar{S}$
 $w^2 = \frac{mgl}{J}$
 $T = \frac{2\pi}{\omega} = 2\pi \sqrt{\frac{J}{mgl}}$
 $x = x_n$
 $q = \frac{h}{v - s_m}$
 $\begin{cases} x' = x_0 + mt' \\ y' = y_0 + nt' \\ z' = z_0 + pt' \end{cases}$
 $\rho = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$
 \sin
 $\text{Formula for } v$
 $1) \bar{t} = \frac{t}{n}$
 $2) v = \frac{t}{t}$
 $3) T = \frac{1}{f}$
 $4) T = \frac{2\pi}{\omega}$
 $5) v = \frac{2\pi r}{T}$
 $6) v = \frac{v}{2\pi r}$
 $D = \frac{v}{T}$
 $w = BC$
 $w = D$
 $w = A$
 $\frac{dp}{p} + \gamma \frac{dv}{v} = 0$
 $I = \frac{U}{R}$
 $\downarrow \vec{D} = \text{const}$
 $\uparrow \vec{A} = \text{const}$
 $\sum \exp(-n D \omega / k T) R = \frac{p \cdot l}{S}$
 $A m + B n + C p$
 $S = ?$



Sample Visualization

