

OVERVIEW

The workshop aims to provide emergency medicine professionals a brief introduction to the use of Al in triage and emergency assessment. Challenges in emergency triaging, the current situation of emergency medicine in the Philippines, and the role of Al as an adjunct tool in improving the triaging efficacy will be discussed. Live coding sessions will also be provided to immerse the participants to the capabilities of Al in triage settings.



EMERGENCY MEDICINE AND ITS CURRENT SITUATION IN THE PHILIPPINES

- Emergency medicine was recognized as a specialty in the Philippines in 1988 [1].
- Prior to its recognition as a specialty, the emergency department is composed of nurses and doctors who are **tapped on** *as-needed* **basis** [2].
- Emergency medicine in the Philippines has evolved through the years and helped the improve healthcare system in terms of safety, cost-effectiveness, and efficiency.
- But, **further improvements** are still needed for the emergency medicine to be at par with those in other countries.



Pain points



ratio of ED doctors and nurses to patients in the Philippines paled in comparison to that of its neighbors such as Taiwan and Japan



waiting times for inpatient beds were also longer compared to countries like India



Pain points



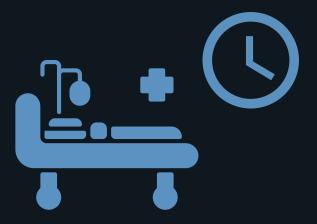
clinical competency

Not all hospitals have trained personnel on triaging



Psychological challenges

Decision making may be affected by fatigue and exhaustion



manpower

Some EDs have limited staff to man the triage area; this implies longer waiting times before being triaged accordingly







EMERGENCY TRIAGING

- Triaging targets to improve the quality of emergency care by clipping the length of stay of patients and has been applied to EDs [5]
- Triaging involves rapidly determining the priority of patient treatment using a triage system [6].
- Commonly used triage systems include:
 - Emergency Severity Index (ESI) in the US
 - Canadian Triage and Acuity Scales (CTAS) in Canada,
 - Australasian Triage Scale (ATS) in Australia.



BRIDGING EMERGENCY TRIAGING AND AI

- Prediction models in medicine aim to improve patient care and increase logistical efficiency in hospital settings [7].
- Promptly identifying ED patients who are likely to require admission helps optimize hospital resources through understanding of ED patient compositions [8].
- Triage scores can be used as proxies for patient acuity [9,10].



[10] Choi, S. W., Ko, T., Hong, K. J. & Kim, K. H. Machine Learning-Based Prediction of Korean Triage and Acuity Scale Level in Emergency Department Patients. Healthc Inform Res 25, 305 (2019).

BRIDGING EMERGENCY TRIAGING AND AI

- Early works on the use of AI on triaging have been documented [8,10-12].
- Most of these works have focused on the use of supervised learning algorithms [8,10].
- Machine learning can be an adjunct tool in anticipating patient outcomes, thereby reducing ED crowding and properly utilize hospital resources [8].







POTENTIAL WORKFLOW











DATA

(Constantly updated with incoming hospital patient data)

MACHINE LEARNING MODEL APPLICATION (web/mobile)



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