```
I typed in the following program. It compiles fine,
       but when I execute it, I get the error
      java.lang.NoSuchMethodError: main".
            What am I doing wrong?
public class Hello {
   public static void main() {
      System.out.println("Doesn't execute");
```

Is there any difference between

$$a += b$$

and

$$a = a + b$$
,

where a and b are primitive types?

What does the following sequence of statements do?

```
t = x;
x = y;
y = t;
```

What does the following code fragment print out?

```
double x = (double) (3/5)
System.out.println(x);
```

What does the compiler do if you try to write the following expression:

double x;
System.out.println(x);

What does the following statement do where grade is a variable of type int?

```
if (97 <= grade <= 100)
    System.out.println("A+)
else
    System.out.println("Try harder");</pre>
```

What of the following statements is legal?

```
boolean b = 1;
boolean b = true;
boolean b = "true";
boolean b = True;
```

What is wrong with the following code fragment?

```
double x = -32.2;
boolean isPositive = (x > 0);
if (isPositive = true)
   System.out.println(x+"is positive");
else
   System.out.println(x+"is not
   positive");
```

What is the value of i after the following confusing code is executed?

```
int i = 10;
i = i++;
i = ++i;
i = i++ + ++i;
```

What is wrong with the following code?

```
class Wrong {
    public static void main(String args[])
    int x = 3;
    printx();
    }

    public static void printx() {
        System.out.println("x is " + x);
    }
}
```

Can you fix it?

Why can't you write a swap method in Java?

How would you, in Java, get a random number between 5 and 10?

Write a method called coinToss that returns 0 for heads and 1 for tails.

Write a recursive method to compute the sum of numbers from 1 to some N.

```
public static int sum(int N) {
}
```

Rewrite the following section of code using a for loop instead of a while loop.

```
int sum = 0;
int count = -5;
while ( count <= 15 )
{
    sum = sum + count;
    count++;
}</pre>
```

Fix the error in the following code fragment. It is intended that the loop will find the minimum element of array v.

```
int[] v = new int[10];
... // values are assigned to elements of v
int min = v[0];
for (int i = 1; i <= 10; i++)
   if (v[i] < min)
      min = v[i];</pre>
```

Which of the following expressions would correctly extract the digit in the tens column of a four-digit decimal number store in value?

- value / 100
- 10 * value % 100
- value % 100 / 10
- value value % 10
- none of the above

What does a compiler do?

- 1. Run your application.
- 2. Translate source code to byte code.
- 3. Check syntax.
- 4. 2 and 3
- 5. 1, 2, and 3

For an integer variable i, which of the following is NOT equivalent to the others?

$$i=i+1$$

 $i++$
 $i+=1$
 $i+1=i$

What is the output of the while statement below?

```
int x = 1;
while (x < 10) {
    x = x + 2;
    System.out.print(x);
}</pre>
```

Consider the code segment written below.

```
int x=3;
switch(x){
    case 4:     x=2;     break;
    case 3:     x=1;     break;
    case 2:     x=0;     break;
    default:     x=4;     break;
}
```

- 1. What is the value of x at the end of the statement?
- 2. What would the value of x be, if the break statements were missing?

Which statement is not true?

- <u>A.</u> Parameters and arguments do not have to have the same name.
- <u>B.</u> Changes made to a parameter will affect the value of the corresponding argument.
- <u>C.</u> Arguments are passed to a method using the pass-by-value scheme.
- <u>D.</u> The number of arguments in the method call must match the number of parameters in the method definition.

The value of the expression

$$(1 < 2 \&\& 3 > 2) || 4 == 5$$

A. true B. false C. null D. void

Good WK