

administrivia

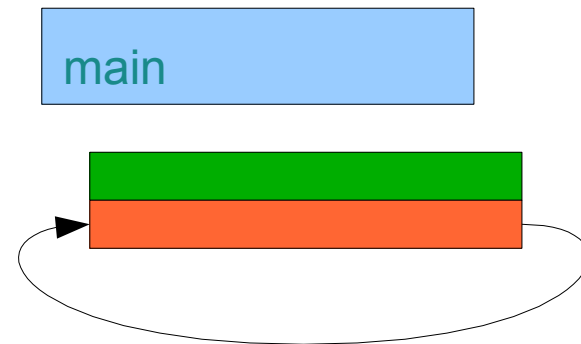
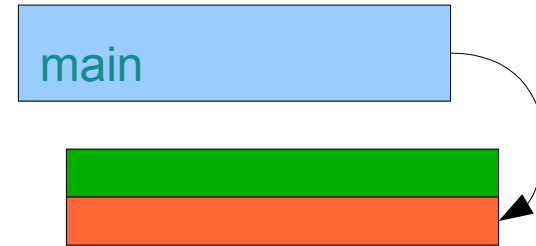
- assignment 2 is graded
- assignment 3 is due 11/1
- midterm is scheduled for 10/27
- omet survey is scheduled for 11/22

... functions ...

```
boolean compareNumbers(int x, int y)
{
    if(x<y)
        return true;
    else
        return false;
}
```

invoking functions/methods

- we can call functions from main()
- we can call functions from other function
- we can call function from itself



recursive functions example

Fibonacci function

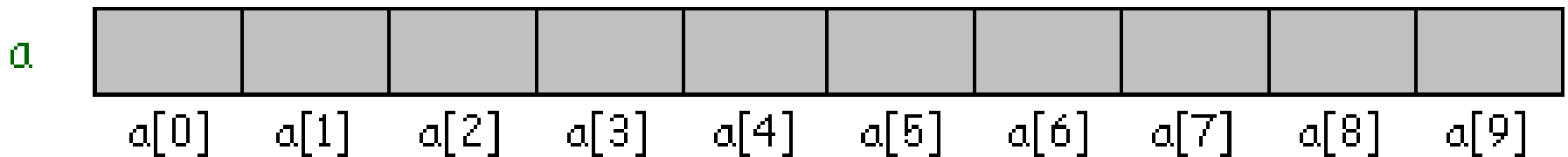
- $\text{fib}(0) = 0$
- $\text{fib}(1) = 1$
- $\text{fib}(n) = \text{fib}(n-1) + \text{fib}(n-2)$
 - for all $n > 1$

Fibonacci function

```
public class Fibonacci {  
  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        int N = 10;  
        for (int i = 1; i <= N; i++)  
            System.out.println(i + ":" + fib(i));  
    }  
  
    public static long fib(int n) {  
        if (n <= 1) return n;  
        else return fib(n-1) + fib(n-2);  
    }  
}
```

Arrays

- big quantities of data
- instead of `double a0, a1, a2, a3, a4, a5, a6, a7, a8, a9;`
we can have `double[] a = new double[10];`
- ordered sequence
- homogeneous values (same type)



```

class Basic_Array {

    public static void main (String[] args) {

        int LIMIT = 15;
        int INCREMENT = 10;

        int[] list = new int[LIMIT];

        for (int index = 0; index < LIMIT; index++)
            list[index] = index * INCREMENT;

        list[5] = 999;

        for (int index = 0; index < LIMIT; index++)
            System.out.print (list[index] + " ");

        System.out.println ();

    }
}

```

0	10	20	30	40	999	60	70
80	90	100	110	120	130	140	

Array of Strings

```
class Children {  
    public static void main (String[] args) {  
        String[] name_list = {"Joshua", "Bethany", "Megan", "Eric"};  
        for (int name = 0; name < name_list.length; name++)  
            System.out.println (name_list[name]);  
    }  
}
```


Can I use == with arrays?

Answer: *Yes, but ...*

```
int[] a = { 1, 2, 3 };  
int[] b = { 1, 2, 3 };
```

```
System.out.println(a == b);
```

Function on arrays

```
public static double mean(double[] a) {  
    double sum = 0.0;  
    for (int i = 0; i < a.length; i++)  
        sum = sum + a[i];  
    return sum / a.length;  
}
```

```
public static void main(String[] args){  
    ...  
    double average = mean(a);  
    ...  
}
```

public static void main(String[] args)?

we are now in position to decipher it:

```
public static void main(String[] args) {  
    for (int i = 0; i < args.length; i++)  
        System.out.println(args[i]);  
}
```

run it on: 10 20 30 Hello 0.50000 "Hi"

Qs!

- If I have one function that calls another function, does it matter in which order they appear in my .java file?
- Can I return more than one value from a function?
- What happens if I write code after a return statement?