

The SHA-512 implementation follows the NIST standard and consists of four main steps:

1. **Message Padding:** The input is padded to a multiple of 1024 bits, with the last 128 bits storing the message length.
2. **Message Schedule Generation:** For each 1024-bit block, I create 80 64-bit words. The first 16 come directly from the message block, and the rest are generated using bitwise operations.
3. **Round Processing:** Each block undergoes 80 rounds of processing using special functions:
  - $Ch(x,y,z) = (x \text{ AND } y) \text{ XOR } ((\text{NOT } x) \text{ AND } z)$
  - $Maj(x,y,z) = (x \text{ AND } y) \text{ XOR } (x \text{ AND } z) \text{ XOR } (y \text{ AND } z)$
  - $\text{Sigma0}(x) = \text{ROTR28}(x) \text{ XOR } \text{ROTR34}(x) \text{ XOR } \text{ROTR39}(x)$
  - $\text{Sigma1}(x) = \text{ROTR14}(x) \text{ XOR } \text{ROTR18}(x) \text{ XOR } \text{ROTR41}(x)$
  - $\text{sigma0}(x) = \text{ROTR1}(x) \text{ XOR } \text{ROTR8}(x) \text{ XOR } \text{SHR7}(x)$
  - $\text{sigma1}(x) = \text{ROTR19}(x) \text{ XOR } \text{ROTR61}(x) \text{ XOR } \text{SHR6}(x)$
4. **Hash Update:** After processing each block, the working variables are added to the current hash values to produce the updated hash.