MAT 168, Fall 2017

Homework 4

(due before class on Wednesday, November 8)

- A. Chapter 5: Exercises 5.6, 5.15, and 5.16
- B. Chapter 7: Exercise 7.1
- C. Let x and x' be two different optimal solutions of a linear program in standard form. Prove that for any number $t \in \mathbb{R}$ with $0 \le t \le 1$,

$$x_t := t x + (1 - t) x'$$

is also an optimal solution of the same linear program.

- D. For an infeasible linear program, show that if its dual linear program is feasible, then the dual linear program must be unbounded.
- E. The dictionary

$$D^* = \begin{bmatrix} b^* & A^* \\ -\zeta^* & (c^*)^T \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -2 & 1 & 1 & 1 & -2 \\ 1 & 1 & 3 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 1 \\ -10 & 0 & -1 & 0 & -2 & -3 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$
(1)

is optimal for the linear program

$$\begin{array}{lllll}
\max & 7x_1 + 14x_2 + 3x_3 - 6x_4 \\
\text{s.t.} & 2x_1 + 4x_2 + x_3 - x_4 \leq 3 \\
& x_1 + 3x_2 - x_4 \leq 1 \\
& x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4 \geq 0.
\end{array} \tag{2}$$

- (a) For the dictionary D^* , determine the set B of basic indices and the set N of nonbasic indices. Write down an optimal solution of (2).
- (b) Determine the matrix F in the relation

$$D^* = FD_0$$

that connects the optimal dictionary D^* with the initial dictionary D_0 associated with (2).

(c) Determine the optimal solution y^* of the dual linear program of (2).

- F. Consider the linear program (2). Let D^* be the dictionary (1), which is optimal for (2).
 - (a) The right-hand side b of the inequality constraints of (2) is modified as follows:

$$b = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \longrightarrow b(t) = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} + t \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \text{ where } t \in \mathbb{R}.$$

Determine the range of all $t \in \mathbb{R}$ for which a suitable modification of D^* is optimal for the modified version of (2). What is the corresponding optimal solution?

(b) The first and last coefficients, c_1 and c_4 , of the objective function of (2) are modified as follows:

$$c_1 = 7 \longrightarrow c_1(t) = 7 + t$$
 and $c_4 = -6 \longrightarrow c_4(t) = -6 + t$, where $t \in \mathbb{R}$.

Determine the range of all $t \in \mathbb{R}$ for which a suitable modification of D^* is optimal for the modified version of (2). What is the corresponding optimal solution?

(c) An additional decision variable $x_0 \ge 0$ is added to (2). Its contribution to the left-hand side of the inequality constraints $Ax \le b$ of (2) is as follows:

$$Ax \le b \longrightarrow a_0x_0 + Ax \le b$$
, where $a_0 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$.

The coefficient c_0 of x_0 in the objective function of the modified version of (2) is a real parameter. Determine the range of all $c_0 \in \mathbb{R}$ for which a suitable modification of D^* is optimal for the modified version of (2). What is the corresponding optimal solution?