CSCI-1302

Software Design Spring 2014

Project 2

Inheritance & Polymorphism Hangman

Learning Outcomes By completing this programming assignment, you will demonstrate the ability to:

- 1) Implement inheritance, polymorphism, and interfaces in a software project
- 2) Understand and experience the principles behind pair programming
- 3) Implement a client class using a predefined class, given API documentation

Points

This project is worth 75 points

Due Date

This project is due by 11 pm on March 4, 2014

The UML design document is due by 11 pm on February 25, 2014.

Late Penalty

For the final project only, 12% off the maximum original point value is deducted for each 24-hour period the programming assignment is late for up to two days late. The UML diagram will not be accepted late.

Collaboration Policy

For this assignment, you may only collaborate with your assigned pair programming partner. Do not discuss any code or concepts with any other classmate in person or via email, but you may use Piazza to post and answer questions that are not based on code.

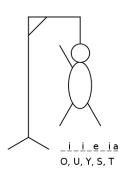
We expect you to abide by standard pair programming policies; all code that is written that is submitted must be written with both parties co-located at the same computer. Individuals who do not follow pair programming policies will be penalized.

The Java API, Java Tutorials, and the course textbooks are fair resources for this project.

Project Introduction

In this project, pair programming teams will be randomly assigned and announced in class. Each team will be required to design and implement a hangman game.

In this project, pair programming teams will be randomly assigned and announced in class. Each team will be required to design and implement a souped-up version of the classic game, Hangman. Hangman is traditionally a pen-and-paper game where one player thinks of a word and the second person tries to



guess it by suggesting letters. The word to guess is represented by "blanks" where the number of blanks is equal to the number of letters in the word. If the guessing player correctly guesses a letter in the word, the other player will write all occurrences of that letter in the word. If the guessed letter is not in the word, the other player will draw one element in the hangman diagram, which is a rudimentary image depicting a hanging man. An example image is shown on the left, an image that is part of the public domain, designed by Kyle Siehl.

Let's take a look at a sample run (which is excerpted from the Wikipedia entry on "Hangman", found at http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Hangman (game)

Word: Guess: E Misses:	
Word: Guess: T Misses:e	
Word: Guess: A Misses:e,t	
Word: _ A A _ Guess: O Misses:e,t	4
Word: _ A A _ Guess: I Misses:e,o,t	\$
Word: _ A A _ Guess: N Misses:e,i,o,t	\$
Word: _ A N A N Guess: S Misses:e,i,o,t	\$
Word: _ A N A N Guess: H Misses:e,i,o,s,t	5

Word: HAN__AN
Guess: R
Misses:e,i,o,s,t

Word: HAN__AN
Guess:
Misses: e,i,o,r,s,t

GUESSER LOSES ⊞

The game ends when either 1) the guesser has exhausted the number of misses (6: head, torso, right arm, left arm, right leg, left leg) or 2) correctly guesses the word

You will implement capabilities for both **human and computer players**; that is, you can have one of the following combinations:

Computer (guesser) Computer (hangman operator)
Human (guesser) Computer (hangman operator)

You are required to use Github for this programming project.

Each team must design and implement the following classes named as they are stated below. You may choose to add more classes, if necessary:

In the case of an error, a human player should be prompted again to enter an open spot to mark. Your team's program <u>must not crash or have any undesirable behavior</u> when processing input.

Furthermore, three types of computer players must be programmed: NaiveComputerPlayer, RandomComputerPlayer, and CutThroatComputerPlayer. The NaiveComputerPlayer will guess the first letter, alphabetically, that has not been already guessed or played. The RandomComputerPlay will randomly choose a letter not already guessed. The CutThroatComputerPlayer will use the provided guessing code to make an educated guess, HangmanAI.class. The public method of HangmanAI include a default constructor and a method makeGuess:

public char makeGuess (String in word, String already guessed);

where in_word is the current word, including – for unguessed letters, and already_guessed in a string consisting of the already guessed letters.

Hint: you should create a test program to try out the HangmanAI code before you fully integrate it into your project. You must also include the dictionary.data file in the current working directory with your code.

Each team must design and implement all of the following classes named as they are stated below. Your team may choose to add more classes if necessary.

- 1. Board An interface class that defines operations of a game board
- 2. HangmanBoard A class the implements the Board interface to hold a hangman board. You may choose to represent your board via an array (or use any other representation that you deem suitable)
- 3. Player A class that represents a player of the game
- 4. HumanPlayer A subclass of Player that represents a human player defined above
- 5. ComputerPlayer A subclass of Player that represents a computer player defined above
- 6. NaiveComputerPlayer A subclass of ComputerPlayer defined above
- 7. RandomComputerPlayer A subclass of ComputerPlayer defined above
- 8. CutThroatComputerPlayer A subclass of ComputerPlayer defined above
- 9. Hangman A class that contains the main method to run a game of hangman

Input and Output requirements

The Hangman class must have a main method that can process two input arguments:

- The first input argument is Operator and the second input argument is Guesser.
- The possible value for the first argument will always computer.
 - The computer will select a word from the dictionary file and display the appropriate number of blanks, a list of the letters guessed, and anything else that is appropriate.
- The possible value for the second argument (Guesser) are human, naive, random, and cutthroat representing a player from the computer class.
- The Boolean flag (-L) indicates whether to log the action to a file called logged-gameplay.output. This is overwritten for each time. This flag/switch can be anywhere in the command line prompt (separated by spaces).
- Your team's program must support the following player combinations:

```
java Hangman computer human
java Hangman computer naive
java Hangman computer cutthroat
java Hangman computer cutthroat
```

At the start of the game, you must display "Hangman Game" and an empty hangman board using print statements as shown in example 1. DO NOT USE ANY GUI COMPONENTS TO DRAW THE BOARD! Notice that "|" is used as a vertical separator, "------" are used as horizontal separators.

For the player's turn, prompt the player (whether it is a human or computer) for input, process the input, and display an updated board if the input is valid. If a human player picks an invalid letter on the board, show the error message that is in example 1 for the corresponding player and re-prompt the player.

At the end of the game:

```
If Player X wins, print out the following

Game Over! You guessed the word!

If Player O wins, print out the following
```

Points

This project is worth 75 points towards your course grade. Grading of this programming project will use the following rubric:

<u>Proper documentation</u>	5 points
(pre & post statements, commenting conditionals, not excessive commenting)	
Reflection Documents	5 points
Includes thoroughness of the reflection of the coding process as well as any design	
justifications that were made.	
<u>UML Diagram</u>	10 points
<u>Github</u>	5 points
Evidence of using Github	
<u>Human Player</u>	10 points
Passing test cases and properly handling "interesting" input	
Computer Player: Random	10 points
Passing test cases and properly handling "interesting" input	
Computer Player: Naive	10 points
Passing test cases and properly handling "interesting" input	
Computer Player: Cutthroat	10 points
Passing test cases and properly handling "interesting" input	
Pair Programming Review	10 points
	Total: 75 points

Note: This is our approximate grading distribution. Point values may vary.

Extra Credit

- 1) Download and use JUnit for this project. By "use", we mean establish test cases and make sure they pass as you develop each method. Your deliverable for this will be including all the source code for test cases, and a screenshot showing the JUnit dialog box / commandline successfully running all your test cases. You should include detailed instructions on how you ran your test cases in your readme.txt file and include a single file that includes all of your screenshots. This is worth up to 5 points of extra credit.
- 2) Implement your own guessing code. If your code is quicker than Doc's, you'll gain an additional bonus. Document that you did this in your readme.txt approach and also have a separate make command called "run_faster" that uses your own guessing code. This is worth up to 5 points of extra credit.

Submission Instructions

One project should be submitted per team

1. Create a folder in an Odin account called **lastname1_lastname2_proj2** where lastname1 and lastname2 are the two different last names of the team members.

- 2. Copy all **thoroughly commented** Java source files in the folder created in step 1.
- 3. Place a working makefile in the folder created in step 1 that has three directives:
 - a. compile: compiles all of the source code
 - b. run: runs an example of your program
 - c. clean: removes all class files
- 4. Add a readme.txt file to the folder created in step 1 which has your name, your partner's name and clear instructions on how to compile and run your team's program.
- 5. Remove all class files before submitting.
- 6. Navigate to the parent directory of the folder created in step 1 on Odin, and issue the command below.
 - submit lastname1_lastname2_proj2 cs1302a
- 7. If the submission was successful, then a file that begins with rec will be created in the submitted folder.