Question-1 => Implement a dynamic array (that is a C++ vector). You are only allowed to use C style arrays. Assume the datatype is an int.

```
#include <iostream>
class DynamicArray {
private:
  int* array;
  int capacity;
  int size;
public:
  DynamicArray() : capacity(1), size(0) {
    array = new int[capacity];
  }
  ~DynamicArray() {
    delete[] array;
  }
  void push back(int element) {
    if (size == capacity) {
      // Double the capacity
      int new_capacity = capacity * 2;
      int* new_array = new int[new_capacity];
      for (int i = 0; i < size; ++i) {
         new array[i] = array[i];
      }
       delete[] array;
       array = new_array;
       capacity = new_capacity;
    array[size++] = element;
  }
  int& operator[](int index) {
    if (index < 0 \mid | index >= size) {
       std::cerr << "Index out of bounds\n";</pre>
       exit(1);
    }
```

```
return array[index];
  }
  int getSize() const {
    return size;
  }
};
int main() {
  DynamicArray dynArray;
  // Adding elements
  for (int i = 0; i < 10; ++i) {
    dynArray.push_back(i);
  }
  // Accessing elements
  for (int i = 0; i < dynArray.getSize(); ++i) {</pre>
    std::cout << dynArray[i] << " ";
  }
  std::cout << std::endl;</pre>
  return 0;
}
```