Image transformations

Mitaxi Mehta: Lecture 11

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- If the input vectors are,

$$\left(\begin{array}{c} 0\\0\end{array}\right) \left(\begin{array}{c} 1\\0\end{array}\right) \left(\begin{array}{c} 1\\1\end{array}\right) \left(\begin{array}{c} 0\\1\end{array}\right)$$

The program makes a square.

Use the matrix,

$$A = \left(\begin{array}{cc} 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 1/2 \end{array}\right)$$

to define the transformed vectors $p'_i \uparrow = Ap_j \uparrow$.

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• What will be the new figure with p'_i ↑ as inputs?

What kind of transformation is generated by,

$$\begin{pmatrix} \cos \theta & -\sin theta \\ \sin \theta & \cos \theta \end{pmatrix}$$
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Mayank: Rotation.

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- A simple test is rotate a vector (say, (1,0)) with a specific value of θ (π /2).

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- A simple test is rotate a vector (say, (1,0)) with a specific value of θ (π /2).
- Using the matrix for rotation and $\theta = \pi/2$ rotate the square defined before.