

Introduction.

Mitaxi Mehta
Lecture 1

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- Each lecture will have an associated set of exercises, you don't need to do more problems than that but if you would like more practice, I suggest you look up online resources like MIT OCW, NPTEL, EDEX etc.

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- Please note that the goal of the course is to learn, not to be tested.

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- I shall regularly upload Jupyter notebooks on github for you to play with, to visualize some of the concepts learnt and to get some coding practice.

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- Final exam 50%. The last exam has the highest weight, to give you a chance to catch-up in case you have been lagging behind.

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insults, “You Riemann zeta zero, Ziglin’s theorem, Logarithm.”

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If you cut it in half,
For it stays in one piece when divided.

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- Many recreational mathematics webpages are there.

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(a vector function of a real variable)

$$\vec{V}(t) = (V_x(t), V_y(t), V_z(t))$$

.

We shall work mainly with scalar function of one real variable.

Functions of a real variable.

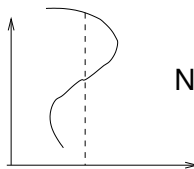
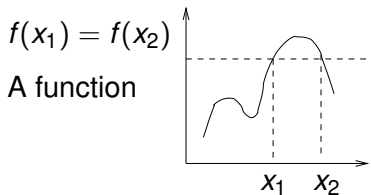
- Note: One input one output value. Mathematically a real function can have the same value for different values of the variable.
i.e., $f(x_1) = f(x_2)$ is possible
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- Note: In all of the previous cases, the variables (t, T) and the functions T, \vec{V}, R are real.

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- Give examples of (1) real functions of many real variables.
(2) Complex functions of one real variable.

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(3) Intensity of light $I(x,y,z,t)$.

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(3) Concentrations of two chemicals in a chemical reaction

$$C(t) = C_1(t) + i C_2(t)$$

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- There are special type of complex functions called analytic functions, which are very useful in applications. You shall encounter them in detail later courses.