Simple Calculator Project - Week 1

Project Overview

Build a command-line calculator that performs basic arithmetic operations. This project will reinforce Python fundamentals and give you your first real portfolio piece.

Learning Objectives

- Practice functions and user input
- Handle errors gracefully
- Use control structures (if/else, while loops)
- Apply mathematical operations
- Create a user-friendly interface

Project Structure

coding-journey/
hello.py (already created)
calculator.py (new file)
README.md (we'll create this

Step-by-Step Implementation

Step 1: Create the Basic Calculator (15 minutes)

Create a new file called calculator.py in your coding-journey folder:

```
def add(x, y):
  """Add two numbers"""
  return x + y
def subtract(x, y):
  """Subtract two numbers"""
  return x - y
def multiply(x, y):
  """Multiply two numbers"""
  return x * y
def divide(x, y):
  """Divide two numbers"""
  if y == 0:
    return "Error: Cannot divide by zero!"
  return x / y
def calculator():
  """Main calculator function"""
  print("34 Simple Calculator")
  print("=======")
  while True:
    # Display menu
    print("\nSelect operation:")
    print("1. Add")
    print("2. Subtract")
    print("3. Multiply")
    print("4. Divide")
    print("5. Exit")
    choice = input("\nEnter choice (1-5): ")
    if choice == '5':
      print("Thanks for using the calculator! 👋 ")
      break
    if choice in ['1', '2', '3', '4']:
      try:
         num1 = float(input("Enter first number: "))
         num2 = float(input("Enter second number: "))
```

```
if choice == '1':
            result = add(num1, num2)
            print(f"\n{num1} + {num2} = {result}")
         elif choice == '2':
            result = subtract(num1, num2)
            print(f"\n{num1} - {num2} = {result}")
         elif choice == '3':
            result = multiply(num1, num2)
            print(f"\n{num1} \times {num2} = {result}")
         elif choice == '4':
            result = divide(num1, num2)
            print(f"\n{num1} \div {num2} = {result}")
       except ValueError:
         print("X Error: Please enter valid numbers!")
     else:
       print("X Invalid choice! Please select 1-5.")
# Run the calculator
if __name__ == "__main__":
  calculator()
```

Step 2: Test Your Calculator (10 minutes)

- 1. Save the file (calculator.py)
- 2. Run it in Terminal:

bash

python3 calculator.py

3. Test each operation:

• Try addition: 5 + 3

• Try subtraction: 10 - 4

• Try multiplication: 6 × 7

• Try division: 15 ÷ 3

• Try division by zero: 10 ÷ 0

Try invalid input: letters instead of numbers

• Exit with option 5

Step 3: Add Advanced Features (20 minutes)

Let's enhance your calculator with more features. Add these functions to your calculator.py):

```
import math

def power(x, y):
    """Calculate x to the power of y"""
    return x ** y

def square_root(x):
    """Calculate square root"""
    if x < 0:
        return "Error: Cannot calculate square root of negative number!"
    return math.sqrt(x)

def percentage(x, y):
    """Calculate x% of y"""
    return (x / 100) * y</pre>
```

Update your menu in the calculator() function:

```
print("\nSelect operation:")

print("1. Add")

print("2. Subtract")

print("3. Multiply")

print("4. Divide")

print("5. Power (x^y)")

print("6. Square Root")

print("7. Percentage (x% of y)")

print("8. Exit")
```

And add the new cases:

```
python
```

```
if choice == '8':
    print("Thanks for using the calculator! ♥ ")
    break

if choice in ['1', '2', '3', '4', '5', '7']:
    # ... existing code for two numbers ...

elif choice == '6':
    try:
        num = float(input("Enter number: "))
        result = square_root(num)
        print(f"\n√{num} = {result}")
        except ValueError:
        print("X Error: Please enter a valid number!")
```

Step 4: Create a README File (10 minutes)

Create a (README.md) file in your coding-journey folder:

markdown

My Coding Journey

Welcome to my coding journey! This repository tracks my progress as I learn software engineering and AI automat

Projects

1. Simple Calculator

A command-line calculator that performs basic arithmetic operations.

Features:

- Addition, subtraction, multiplication, division
- Power calculations (x^y)
- Square root calculations
- Percentage calculations
- Error handling for invalid inputs
- User-friendly interface

How to run:

```bash

python3 calculator.py

#### Skills learned:

- · Python functions
- User input handling
- Error handling with try/except
- While loops and control structures
- Mathematical operations

## **Learning Plan**

Following an 8-month comprehensive plan to become job-ready in software engineering and Al automation.

Current Progress: Week 1 - Python Fundamentals ✓

```
Step 5: Push to GitHub (5 minutes)

```bash
git add .
git commit -m "Add simple calculator with advanced features and README"
git push
```

Challenge Extensions (Optional)

If you finish early, try these challenges:

Challenge 1: Memory Feature

Add the ability to store and recall previous results:

```
python

def calculator():
    memory = 0

# Add these menu options:
    print("9. Memory Store (MS)")
    print("10. Memory Recall (MR)")
    print("11. Memory Clear (MC)")
```

Challenge 2: History Feature

Keep track of the last 5 calculations and display them.

Challenge 3: Scientific Calculator

Add trigonometric functions (sin, cos, tan) and logarithms.

What You've Learned

By completing this project, you've practiced:

- V Python functions and parameters
- V User input and data validation
- **V** Error handling with try/except
- While loops and conditional statements
- V Mathematical operations and the math module
- Code organization and documentation
- V Git version control
- **Creating professional README files**

Next Steps

Once you complete this calculator:

- 1. Test all features thoroughly
- 2. Push your code to GitHub
- 3. Share your project (post about it on LinkedIn!)
- 4. Move on to the number guessing game
- 5. Start planning your expense tracker project

Time to complete: 1-2 hours **Difficulty:** Beginner **Skills:** Python fundamentals, functions, error handling