# **SOUK MKID Readout**

Release souk\_mkid\_readout-785ae3a:souk\_mkid\_readout-0.0.1-8305bd3d-dirty

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# **CONTENTS:**

1	Insta	ıllation		1		
	1.1	Get the	Source Code	1		
	1.2	Install I	Prerequisites	1		
		1.2.1	Firmware Requirements	1		
2	F-En	igine Sys	tem Overview	3		
	2.1	-	ew	3		
		2.1.1	Initialization	4		
		2.1.2	Block Descriptions	4		
3	Cont	ontrol Interface				
	3.1		2W	5		
	3.2		idReadout Python Interface	5		
		3.2.1	Top-Level Control	6		
		3.2.2	FPGA Control	7		
		3.2.3	Timing Control	9		
		3.2.4	RFDC Control	12		
		3.2.5	Input Control	12		
		3.2.6	PFB Control	13		
		3.2.7	PFB TVG Control	14		
		3.2.8	Auto-correlation Control	16		
		3.2.9	Channel Sub-Select Control	18		
		3.2.10	Mixer Control	19		
		3.2.11	Accumulator Control	20		
		3.2.12	Generator	21		
		3.2.13	Output	22		
4	Indic	ces and t	ables	25		
In	dex			27		
LII	uLA					

**CHAPTER** 

ONE

# INSTALLATION

The SOUK MKID Readout pipeline firmware and software is available at https://github.com/realtimeradio/souk-firmware. Follow the instructions here to download and install the pipeline.

Specify the build directory by defining the BUILDDIR environment variable, eg:

```
export BUILDDIR=~/src/
mkdir -p $BUILDDIR
```

# 1.1 Get the Source Code

Clone the repository and its dependencies with:

```
# Clone the main repository
cd $BUILDDIR
git clone https://github.com/realtimeradio/souk-firmware
# Clone relevant submodules
cd souk-firmware
git submodule init
git submodule update
```

# 1.2 Install Prerequisites

# 1.2.1 Firmware Requirements

The SOUK MKID Readout firmware can be built with the CASPER toolflow, and was designed using the following software stack:

- Ubuntu 18.04.0 LTS (64-bit)
- MATLAB R2021a
- Simulink R2021a
- MATLAB Fixed-Point Designer Toolbox R2021a
- Xilinx Vivado HLx 2021.2
- Python 3.8

It is *strongly* recommended that the same software versions be used to rebuild the design.

# F-ENGINE SYSTEM OVERVIEW

# 2.1 Overview

A block diagram of the readout system – which is also the top-level of the Simulink source code for the firmware – is shown in Fig. 2.1.

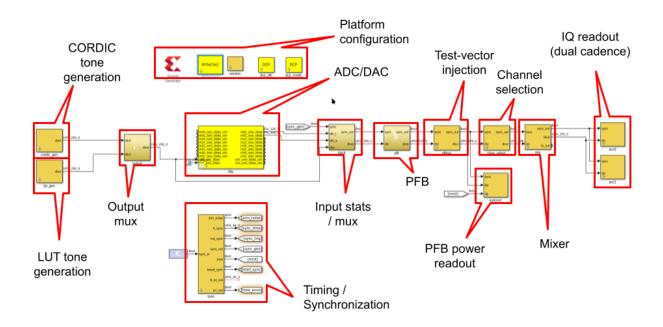


Fig. 2.1: Top-level Simulink diagram.

# 2.1.1 Initialization

The functionality of individual blocks is described below. However, in order to simply get the firmware into a basic working state the following process should be followed:

- 1. Program the FPGA
- 2. Initialize all blocks in the system
- 3. Trigger master reset and timing synchronization event.

In a multi-board system, the process of synchronizing a board can be relatively involved. For testing purposes, using single board, a simple software reset can be used in place of a hardware timing signal to perform an artificial synchronization. A software reset is automatically issued as part of system initialization.

The following commands bring the F-engine firmware into a functional state, suitable for testing. See Section 3 for a full software API description

```
# Import the SNAP2 F-Engine library
from souk_mkid_readout import SoukFirmwareReadout

# Instantiate an SoukFirmwareReadout instance, connecting to a board with
# hostname 'my_zcu111'
f = SoukFirmwareReadout('my_zcu111', config_file='my_config_file.yaml')

# Program a board
f.program() # Load whatever firmware was listed in the config file

# Initialize all the firmware blocks
# and issue a global software reset
f.initialize()
```

# 2.1.2 Block Descriptions

Each block in the firmware design can be controlled using an API described in Section 3.

**CHAPTER** 

THREE

# **CONTROL INTERFACE**

# 3.1 Overview

A Python class SoukMkidReadout is provided to encapsulate control of individual blocks in the firmware DSP pipeline. The structure of the software interface aims to mirror the hierarchy of the firmware modules, through the use of multiple Block class instances, each of which encapsulates control of a single module in the firmware pipeline.

In testing, and interactive debugging, the SoukMkidReadout class provides an easy way to probe board status for a RFSoC board on the local network.

# 3.2 SoukMkidReadout Python Interface

The SoukMkidReadout class can be instantiated and used to control a single RFSoC board running LWA's F-Engine firmware. An example is below:

```
# Import the RFSoC F-Engine library
from souk_mkid_readout import SoukMkidReadout
# Instantiate a SoukMkidReadout instance to a board with
# hostname 'my_zcu111'
f = SoukMkidReadout('my_zcu111', configfile='my_config.yaml')
# Program a board (if it is not already programmed)
# and initialize all the firmware blocks
if not f.fpga.is_programmed():
  f.program() # Load whatever firmware is in flash
  # Initialize firmware blocks
  f.initialize()
# Blocks are available as items in the SoukMkidReadout `blocks`
# dictionary, or can be accessed directly as attributes
# of the SoukMkidReadout.
# Print available block names
print(sorted(f.blocks.keys()))
# Returns:
# ['rfdc', 'input', 'autocorr', 'pfb', 'pfbtvg', 'chanreorder', 'mix',
# 'gen_lut', 'gen_cordic', 'output', 'accumulator0', 'accumulator1']
```

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```
# Grab some ADC data from the ADC
adc_data = f.input.get_adc_snapshot()
```

Details of the methods provided by individual blocks are given in the next section.

# 3.2.1 Top-Level Control

The Top-level SoukMkidReadout instance can be used to perform high-level control of the firmware, such as programming and de-programming FPGA boards. It can also be used to apply configurations which affect multiple firmware subsystems, such as configuring channel selection and packet destination.

Finally, a SoukMkidReadout instance can be used to initialize, or get status from, all underlying firmware modules.

class souk\_mkid\_readout.SoukMkidReadout(host, fpgfile=None, configfile=None, logger=None)

A control class for SOUK MKID Readout firmware on a single board

#### **Parameters**

- host (str) Hostname/IP address of FPGA board
- **fpgfile** (*str*) Path to .fpg file running on the board
- **configfile** (*str*) Path to configuration YAML file for system
- logger (logging.Logger) Logger instance to which log messages should be emitted.

#### configfile

configuration YAML file

#### fpgfile

fpgfile currently in use

# get\_status\_all()

Call the get\_status methods of all blocks in self.blocks. If the FPGA is not programmed with Fengine firmware, will only return basic FPGA status.

#### Returns

(status\_dict, flags\_dict) tuple. Each is a dictionary, keyed by the names of the blocks in self.blocks. These dictionaries contain, respectively, the status and flags returned by the get\_status calls of each of this F-Engine's blocks.

### hostname

hostname of FPGA board

#### initialize(read\_only=False)

Call the `initialize methods of all underlying blocks, then optionally issue a software global reset.

### **Parameters**

**read\_only** (*boo1*) – If True, call the underlying initialization methods in a read\_only manner, and skip software reset.

# is\_connected()

#### Returns

True if there is a working connection to a board. False otherwise.

# Return type

bool

# logger

Python Logger instance

# print\_status\_all(use\_color=True, ignore\_ok=False)

Print the status returned by get\_status for all blocks in the system. If the FPGA is not programmed with F-engine firmware, will only print basic FPGA status.

#### **Parameters**

- **use\_color** (*bool*) If True, highlight values with colors based on error codes.
- **ignore\_ok** (*bool*) If True, only print status values which are outside the normal range.

### program(fpgfile=None)

Program an .fpg file to an FPGA.

#### **Parameters**

**fpgfile** (*str*) – The .fpg file to be loaded. Should be a path to a valid .fpg file. If None is given, *self.fpgfile* will be loaded. If this is None, RuntimeError is raised

# 3.2.2 FPGA Control

The FPGA control interface allows gathering of FPGA statistics such as temperature and voltage levels. Its methods are functional regardless of whether the FPGA is programmed with an LWA F-Engine firmware design.

class souk\_mkid\_readout.blocks.fpga.Fpga(host, name, logger=None)

Instantiate a control interface for top-level FPGA control.

### Parameters

- **host** (*casperfpga*. *CasperFpga*) CasperFpga interface for host.
- name (str) Name of block in Simulink hierarchy.
- logger (logging.Logger) Logger instance to which log messages should be emitted.

#### get\_build\_time()

Read the UNIX time at which the current firmware was built.

# Return build time

Seconds since the UNIX epoch at which the running firmware was built.

# Rtype int

#### get\_connected\_antname()

Fetch the connected antenna name.

# Return self.antname

The name of the connected antennna.

# Rtype str

# get\_firmware\_type()

Read the firmware type register and return the contents as an integer.

### **Return type**

Firmware type

# Rtype str

#### get\_firmware\_version()

Read the firmware version register and return the contents as a string.

#### **Return version**

major\_version.minor\_version.revision.bugfix

### Rtype str

# get\_fpga\_clock()

Estimate the FPGA clock, by polling the sys\_clkcounter register.

#### Returns

Estimated FPGA clock in MHz

#### Return type

float

#### get\_status()

Get status and error flag dictionaries.

# Status keys:

- programmed (bool): True if FPGA appears to be running DSP firmware. False otherwise, and flagged as a warning.
- flash\_firmware (str): The name of the firmware file currently loaded in flash memory.
- flash\_firmware\_md5 (str): The MD5 checksum of the firmware file currently loaded in flash memory.
- timestamp (str): The current time, as an ISO format string.
- host (str): The host name of this board.
- antname (str): The name of the antenna connected to this board.
- sw\_version (str): The version string of the control software package. Flagged as warning if the version indicates a build against a dirty git repository.
- fw\_version (str): The version string of the currently running firmware. Available only if the board is programmed.
- fw\_type (int): The firmware type ID of the currently running firmware. Available only if the board is programmed.
- fw\_build\_time (int): The build time of the firmware, as an ISO format string. Available only if the board is programmed.
- sys\_mon (str): 'reporting' if the current firmware has a functioning system monitor module. Otherwise 'not reporting', flagged as an error.
- temp (float): FPGA junction temperature, in degrees C. (Only reported is system monitor is available). Flagged as a warning if outside the recommended operating conditions. Flagged as an error if outside the absolute maximum ratings. See DS892.
- vccaux (float): Voltage of the VCCAUX FPGA power rail. (Only reported is system monitor is available). Flagged as a warning if outside the recommended operating conditions. Flagged as an error if outside the absolute maximum ratings. See DS892.
- vccbram (float): Voltage of the VCCBRAM FPGA power rail. (Only reported is system monitor is available). Flagged as a warning if outside the recommended operating conditions. Flagged as an error if outside the absolute maximum ratings. See DS892.

vccint (float): Voltage of the VCCINT FPGA power rail. (Only reported is system monitor is available). Flagged as a warning if outside the recommended operating conditions. Flagged as an error if outside the absolute maximum ratings. See DS892.

#### Returns

(status\_dict, flags\_dict) tuple. *status\_dict* is a dictionary of status key-value pairs. flags\_dict is a dictionary with all, or a sub-set, of the keys in *status\_dict*. The values held in this dictionary are as defined in *error\_levels.py* and indicate that values in the status dictionary are outside normal ranges.

# is\_programmed()

Check to see if a board is programmed. If the Katcp command *listdev* fails, assume that it isn't

#### Returns

True if programmed, False otherwise.

# Return type

bool

# set\_connected\_antname(antname)

Set the connected antenna name.

#### **Parameters**

**antname** (str) – The antenna name.

# 3.2.3 Timing Control

The Sync control interface provides an interface to configure and monitor the multi-RFSoC timing distribution system.

class souk\_mkid\_readout.blocks.sync.Sync(host, name, clk\_hz=None, logger=None)

The Sync block controls internal timing signals.

### **Parameters**

- **host** (*casperfpga*. *CasperFpga*) CasperFpga interface for host.
- name (str) Name of block in Simulink hierarchy.
- clk\_hz (int) The FPGA clock rate at which the DSP fabric runs, in Hz.
- logger (logging.Logger) Logger instance to which log messages should be emitted.

#### arm\_noise()

Arm noise generator resets.

# arm\_sync(wait=True)

Arm sync pulse generator, which passes sync pulses to the design DSP.

#### Parameters

wait (bool) – If True, wait for a sync to pass before returning.

# count\_ext()

#### Returns

Number of external sync pulses received.

# Rtype int

#### get\_error\_count()

#### Returns

Number of sync errors.

#### Rtype int

# get\_latency()

#### Returns

Number of FPGA clock ticks between sync transmission and reception

# Rtype int

### get\_status()

Get status and error flag dictionaries.

Status keys:

- uptime\_fpga\_clks (int): Number of FPGA clock ticks (= ADC clock ticks) since the FPGA was last programmed.
- period\_fpga\_clks (int): Number of FPGA clock ticks (= ADC clock ticks) between the last two internal sync pulses.
- ext\_count (int): The number of external sync pulses since the FPGA was last programmed.
- int\_count (int): The number of internal sync pulses since the FPGA was last programmed.

#### Returns

(status\_dict, flags\_dict) tuple. *status\_dict* is a dictionary of status key-value pairs. flags\_dict is a dictionary with all, or a sub-set, of the keys in *status\_dict*. The values held in this dictionary are as defined in *error\_levels.py* and indicate that values in the status dictionary are outside normal ranges.

# get\_tt\_of\_ext\_sync()

Get the internal TT at which the last sync pulse arrived.

#### Returns

(tt, sync\_number). tt is the internal TT of the last sync. sync\_number is the sync pulse count corresponding to this TT.

# Rtype int

# get\_tt\_of\_sync()

Get the internal TT of the last system sync event.

### Returns

tt. The internal TT of the last sync.

#### Rtype int

# initialize(read\_only=False)

Initialize block.

#### **Parameters**

**read\_only** (*bool*) – If False, initialize system control register to 0 and reset error counters. If True, do nothing.

# load\_internal\_time(tt, software\_load=False)

Load a new starting value into the \_internal\_ telescope time counter on the next sync.

#### **Parameters**

- tt (int) Telescope time to load
- **software\_load** (*bool*) If True, immediately load via a software trigger. Else load on the next external sync pulse arrival.

# period()

#### Returns

The number of FPGA clock ticks between the last two external sync pulses.

# Rtype int

# reset\_error\_count()

Reset internal error counter to 0.

#### sw\_sync()

Issue a sync pulse from software. This will only do anything if appropriate arming commands have been made in advance.

# update\_internal\_time(fs\_hz=None, offset\_ns=0.0, sync\_clock\_factor=1)

Arm sync trigger receivers, having loaded an appropriate telescope time.

#### **Parameters**

- **fs\_hz** (*int*) The FPGA DSP clock rate, in Hz. Used to set the telescope time counter. If None is provided, self.clk\_hz will be used.
- **offset\_ns** (*float*) Nanoseconds offset to add to the time loaded into the internal telescope time counter.

# Returns

next\_sync\_clocks: The value of the TT counter at the arrival of the next sync pulse. Or, *None*, if the TT counter was loaded late.

# Rtype int

# uptime()

#### Returns

Time in FPGA clock ticks since the FPGA was last programmed. Resolution is 2\*\*32 (21 seconds at 200 MHz)

# Return type

int

#### wait\_for\_sync()

Block until a sync has been received.

# 3.2.4 RFDC Control

The Rfdc control interface allows control of the RFSoC's ADCs and DACs.

**class** souk\_mkid\_readout.blocks.rfdc.**Rfdc**(host, name, logger=None, lmkfile=None, lmxfile=None)
Instantiate a control interface for an RFDC firmware block.

#### **Parameters**

- **host** (*casperfpga*. *CasperFpga*) CasperFpga interface for host.
- name (str) Name of block in Simulink hierarchy.
- logger (logging.Logger) Logger instance to which log messages should be emitted.
- lmkfile (str) LMK configuration file to load to board's PLL chip
- **lmxfile** (*str*) LMX configuration file to load to board's PLL chip

#### get\_status()

Get status and error flag dictionaries.

Status keys:

- lmkfile (str): The name of the LMK configuration file being used.
- lmxfile (str): The name of the LMX configuration file being used.

#### Returns

(status\_dict, flags\_dict) tuple. *status\_dict* is a dictionary of status key-value pairs. flags\_dict is a dictionary with all, or a sub-set, of the keys in *status\_dict*. The values held in this dictionary are as defined in *error\_levels.py* and indicate that values in the status dictionary are outside normal ranges.

initialize(read\_only=False)

# **Parameters**

**read\_only** (boo1) – If False, initialize the RFDC core and PLL chips. If True, do nothing.

# 3.2.5 Input Control

```
class souk_mkid_readout.blocks.input.Input(host, name, logger=None)
```

# disable\_loopback()

Set pipeline to feed pipeline from ADC inputs

# enable\_loopback()

Set pipeline to internally loop-back DAC stream into ADC.

# get\_adc\_snapshot()

Get an ADC snapshot.

#### Returns

numpy array of complex valued ADC samples

# **Return type**

numpy.ndarray

#### get\_status()

Get status and error flag dictionaries.

Status keys:

loopback (book): True is system is in internal loopback mode. If True this is flagged with "WARN-ING".

#### Returns

(status\_dict, flags\_dict) tuple. *status\_dict* is a dictionary of status key-value pairs. flags\_dict is a dictionary with all, or a sub-set, of the keys in *status\_dict*. The values held in this dictionary are as defined in *error\_levels.py* and indicate that values in the status dictionary are outside normal ranges.

initialize(read\_only=False)

#### **Parameters**

**read\_only** (*bool*) – If False, disable loopback mode. If True, do nothing.

# loopback\_enabled()

Get the current loopback state.

#### Returns

True if internal loopback is enabled. False otherwise.

#### Return type

bool

# plot\_adc\_snapshot(nsamples=None)

Plot an ADC snapshot.

### **Parameters**

**nsamples** (*int*) – If provided, only plot this many samples

# plot\_adc\_spectrum(db=False)

Plot a power spectrum of the ADC input stream using a simple FFT.

#### **Parameters**

**db** (*boo1*) – If True, plot in dBs, else linear.

# 3.2.6 PFB Control

class souk\_mkid\_readout.blocks.pfb.Pfb(host, name, logger=None, fftshift=4294967295)

# get\_fftshift()

Get the currently applied FFT shift schedule. The returned value takes into account any hardcoding of the shift settings by firmware.

### Returns

Shift schedule

# Return type

int

# get\_overflow\_count()

Get the total number of FFT overflow events, since the last statistics reset.

#### Returns

Number of overflows

### Return type

int

# get\_status()

Get status and error flag dictionaries.

Status keys:

- overflow\_count (int): Number of FFT overflow events since last statistics reset. Any non-zero value is flagged with "WARNING".
- fftshift (str): Currently loaded FFT shift schedule, formatted as a binary string, prefixed with "0b".

#### Returns

(status\_dict, flags\_dict) tuple. *status\_dict* is a dictionary of status key-value pairs. flags\_dict is a dictionary with all, or a sub-set, of the keys in *status\_dict*. The values held in this dictionary are as defined in *error\_levels.py* and indicate that values in the status dictionary are outside normal ranges.

initialize(read\_only=False)

#### **Parameters**

**read\_only** (*bool*) – If False, set the FFT shift to the default value, and reset the overflow count. If True, do nothing.

#### reset\_overflow\_count()

Reset overflow counter.

# set\_fftshift(shift)

Set the FFT shift schedule.

#### **Parameters**

**shift** (*int*) – Shift schedule to be applied.

# 3.2.7 PFB TVG Control

Instantiate a control interface for a post-PFB test vector generator block.

#### **Parameters**

- **host** (*casperfpga*. *CasperFpga*) CasperFpga interface for host.
- name (str) Name of block in Simulink hierarchy.
- logger (logging.Logger) Logger instance to which log messages should be emitted.
- **n\_inputs** (*int*) Number of independent inputs which may be emulated
- **n\_serial\_inputs** (*int*) Number of independent inputs sharing a data bus
- **n\_rams** (*int*) Number of independent bram blocks per input
- n\_samples\_per\_word (int) Number of complex samples per word in RAM
- **n\_chans** (*int*) Number of frequency channels.
- **sample\_format** (*str*) Struct type code (eg. 'h' for 16-bit signed) for each of the real/imag parts of the TVG data samples.

#### get\_status()

Get status and error flag dictionaries.

Status keys:

• tvg\_enabled: Currently state of test vector generator. True if the generator is enabled, else False.

#### Returns

(status\_dict, flags\_dict) tuple. *status\_dict* is a dictionary of status key-value pairs. flags\_dict is a dictionary with all, or a sub-set, of the keys in *status\_dict*. The values held in this dictionary are as defined in *error\_levels.py* and indicate that values in the status dictionary are outside normal ranges.

# initialize(read\_only=False)

Initialize the block.

#### **Parameters**

**read\_only** (*bool*) – If True, do nothing. If False, load frequency-ramp test vectors, but disable the test vector generator.

### read\_input\_tvg(input)

Read the test vector loaded to an ADC input.

#### **Parameters**

**input** (*int*) – Index of input from which test vectors should be read.

#### **Returns**

Test vector array

### Return type

numpy.ndarray

# tvg\_disable()

Disable the test vector generator

# tvg\_enable()

Enable the test vector generator.

### tvg\_is\_enabled()

Query the current test vector generator state.

#### Returns

True if the test vector generator is enabled, else False.

# Return type

bool

#### write\_const\_per\_input()

Write a constant to all the channels of a input, with input i taking the value i.

#### write\_freq\_ramp()

Write a frequency ramp to the test vector that is repeated for all ADC inputs. Data are wrapped to fit into 8 bits. I.e., the test vector value for channel 257 takes the value 1.

# write\_input\_tvg(input, test\_vector)

Write a test vector pattern to a single signal input.

#### **Parameters**

• **input** (*int*) – Index of input to which test vectors should be loaded.

• **test\_vector** (*list or numpy.ndarray*) – *self.n\_chans*-element test vector. Values should be representable in 16-bit integer format, and may be complex.

### 3.2.8 Auto-correlation Control

Instantiate a control interface for an Auto-Correlation block. This provides auto-correlation spectra of post-FFT data.

In order to save FPGA resource, the auto-correlation block may use a single correlation core to compute the auto-correlation of a subset of the total number of ADC channels at any given time. This is the case when the block is instantiated with n\_cores > 1 and use\_mux=True. In this case, auto-correlation spectra are captured n\_signals / n\_cores channels at a time.

#### **Parameters**

- **host** (*casperfpga*. *CasperFpga*) CasperFpga interface for host.
- **name** (*str*) Name of block in Simulink hierarchy.
- logger (logging.Logger) Logger instance to which log messages should be emitted.
- acc\_len (int) Accumulation length initialization value, in spectra.
- **n\_chans** (*int*) Number of frequency channels.
- **n\_signals** (*int*) Number of individual data streams.
- n\_parallel\_streams (int) Number of streams processed by the firmware module in parallel.
- **n\_cores** (*int*) Number of accumulation cores in firmware design.
- use\_mux (boo1) If True, only one core is instantiated and a multiplexer is used to switch
  different inputs into it. If False, multiple cores are instantiated simultaneously in firmware.

# Variables

**n\_signals\_per\_block** – Number of signal streams handled by a single correlation core.

# get\_acc\_cnt()

Get the current accumulation count.

#### **Return count**

Current accumulation count

# Rtype count

int

# get\_acc\_len()

Get the currently loaded accumulation length in units of spectra.

#### Returns

Current accumulation length

# **Return type**

int

 $\label{lock-optimization} \begin{subarray}{ll} \textbf{get\_new\_spectra}(signal\_block=0, flush\_vacc='auto', filter\_ksize=None, return\_list=False) \\ \end{subarray}$ 

Get a new average power spectra.

#### **Parameters**

- **signal\_block** (*int*) If using multiplexing, read data for this signal block. If not using multiplexing, this parameter does nothing, and data from all inputs will be returned. When multiplexing, Each call will return data for inputs self.n\_signals\_per\_block x signal\_block to self.n\_signals\_per\_block x (signal\_block+1) 1.
- **flush\_vacc** (*Bool or string*) If True, throw away a spectra before grabbing a valid one. This can be useful if the upstream analog settings may have changed during the last integration. If False, return the first spectra available. If 'auto' perform a flush if the input multiplexer has changed positions.
- **filter\_ksize** (*int*) If not None, apply a spectral median filter with this kernel size. The kernet size should be odd.
- return\_list (Bool) If True, return a list else numpy.array

#### Returns

Float32 2D list of dimensions [POLARIZATION, FREQUENCY CHANNEL] containing autocorrelations with accumulation length divided out.

### Return type

list

# get\_status()

Get status and error flag dictionaries.

### Status keys:

• acc\_len (int): Currently loaded accumulation length in number of spectra.

#### Returns

(status\_dict, flags\_dict) tuple. *status\_dict* is a dictionary of status key-value pairs. flags\_dict is a dictionary with all, or a sub-set, of the keys in *status\_dict*. The values held in this dictionary are as defined in *error\_levels.py* and indicate that values in the status dictionary are outside normal ranges.

#### initialize(read\_only=False)

Initialize the block, setting (or reading) the accumulation length.

### **Parameters**

**read\_only** (*bool*) – If False, set the accumulation length to the value provided when this block was instantiated. If True, use whatever accumulation length is currently loaded.

plot\_all\_spectra(db=True, show=True, filter\_ksize=None, adc\_srate\_mhz=None)

Plot the spectra of all signals, with accumulation length divided out

# **Parameters**

- **db** (*boo1*) If True, plot 10log10(power). Else, plot linear.
- **show** (bool) If True, call matplotlib's show after plotting
- **filter\_ksize** (*int*) If not None, apply a spectral median filter with this kernel size. The kernet size should be odd.
- adc\_srate\_mhz (float) ADC sample rate in MHz. If provided, plot with an appropriate frequency scale on the X-axis.

#### Returns

matplotlib.Figure

**plot\_spectra**(*signal\_block=0*, *db=True*, *show=True*, *filter\_ksize=None*, *adc\_srate\_mhz=None*)

Plot the spectra of all signals in a single signal block, with accumulation length divided out

#### **Parameters**

- **signal\_block** (*int*) If using multiplexing, plot data for this signal block. If not using multiplexing, this parameter does nothing, and data from all inputs will be plotted. When multiplexing, Each call will plot data for inputs self.n\_signals\_per\_block x signal\_block to self.n\_signals\_per\_block x (signal\_block+1) 1.
- **db** (*boo1*) If True, plot 10log10(power). Else, plot linear.
- **show** (bool) If True, call matplotlib's show after plotting
- **filter\_ksize** (*int*) If not None, apply a spectral median filter with this kernel size. The kernet size should be odd.
- adc\_srate\_mhz (float) ADC sample rate in MHz. If provided, plot with an appropriate frequency scale on the X-axis.

#### **Returns**

matplotlib.Figure

set\_acc\_len(acc\_len)

Set the number of spectra to accumulate.

#### **Parameters**

**acc\_len** (*int*) – Number of spectra to accumulate

# 3.2.9 Channel Sub-Select Control

Instantiate a control interface for a Channel Reorder block.

# **Parameters**

- **host** (*casperfpga*. *CasperFpga*) CasperFpga interface for host.
- name (str) Name of block in Simulink hierarchy.
- logger (logging.Logger) Logger instance to which log messages should be emitted.
- **n\_chans\_in** (*int*) Number of channels input to the reorder
- n\_chans\_out (int) Number of channels output to the reorder
- n\_parallel\_chans\_in (int) Number of channels handled in parallel at the input

# get\_channel\_outmap()

Read the currently loaded reorder map.

#### Returns

The reorder map currently loaded. Entry i in this map is the channel number which emerges in the `i`th output position.

# Return type

list

#### initialize(read only=False)

Initialize the block.

#### **Parameters**

**read\_only** (bool) – If True, this method is a no-op. If False, initialize the block with the identity map. I.e., map channel n to channel n.

# set\_channel\_outmap(outmap)

Remap the channels such that the channel outmap[i] emerges out of the reorder map in position i.

The provided map must be self.n\_chans\_out elements long, else ValueError is raised

#### **Parameters**

**outmap** (*list of int*) – The outmap to which data should be mapped. I.e., if *outmap*[0] = 16, then the first channel out of the reordr block will be channel 16.

#### 3.2.10 Mixer Control

Instantiate a control interface for a Channel Reorder block.

#### **Parameters**

- host (casperfpga.CasperFpga) CasperFpga interface for host.
- name (str) Name of block in Simulink hierarchy.
- logger (logging.Logger) Logger instance to which log messages should be emitted.
- **n\_chans** (*int*) Number of channels this block processes
- n\_parallel\_chans (int) Number of channels this block processes in parallel
- **phase\_bp** (*int*) Number of phase fractional bits

### disable\_power\_mode()

Use phase rotation, rather than power.

# enable\_power\_mode()

Instead of applying a phase rotation to the data streams, calculate their power.

#### get\_phase\_offset(chan)

Get the currently loaded phase increment being applied to channel *chan*.

### Returns

The phase increment being applied to channel *chan* on each successive sample, in radians.

# Return type

float

#### initialize(read only=False)

Initialize the block.

# **Parameters**

**read\_only** (*bool*) – If True, this method is a no-op. If False, set this block to phase rotate mode, but initialize with each channel having zero phase increment.

#### is\_power\_mode()

Get the current block mode.

#### **Returns**

True if the block is calculating power, False if it is applying phase rotation.

# **Return type**

bool

# set\_phase\_step(chan, phase)

Set the phase increment to apply on each successive sample for channel *chan*.

#### **Parameters**

- **chan** (*int*) The channel index to which this phase-rate should be applied
- phase (float) The phase increment to be added each successive sample in units of radians.

# 3.2.11 Accumulator Control

Instantiate a control interface for an Auto-Correlation block. This provides auto-correlation spectra of post-FFT data.

In order to save FPGA resource, the auto-correlation block may use a single correlation core to compute the auto-correlation of a subset of the total number of ADC channels at any given time. This is the case when the block is instantiated with n\_cores > 1 and use\_mux=True. In this case, auto-correlation spectra are captured n\_signals / n\_cores channels at a time.

#### **Parameters**

- **host** (*casperfpga*. *CasperFpga*) CasperFpga interface for host.
- name (str) Name of block in Simulink hierarchy.
- logger (logging.Logger) Logger instance to which log messages should be emitted.
- acc\_len (int) Accumulation length initialization value, in spectra.
- **n\_chans** (*int*) Number of frequency channels.
- n\_parallel\_chans (int) Number of chans processed by the firmware module in parallel.

#### get\_acc\_cnt()

Get the current accumulation count.

### **Return count**

Current accumulation count

# Rtype count

int

# get\_acc\_len()

Get the currently loaded accumulation length in units of spectra.

#### Returns

Current accumulation length

# Return type

int

#### get\_new\_spectra()

Wait for a new accumulation to be ready then read it.

#### Returns

Array of *self.n\_chans* complex-values.

#### Return type

numpy.ndarray

#### get\_status()

Get status and error flag dictionaries.

Status keys:

• acc\_len (int): Currently loaded accumulation length in number of spectra.

#### Returns

(status\_dict, flags\_dict) tuple. *status\_dict* is a dictionary of status key-value pairs. flags\_dict is a dictionary with all, or a sub-set, of the keys in *status\_dict*. The values held in this dictionary are as defined in *error\_levels.py* and indicate that values in the status dictionary are outside normal ranges.

# initialize(read\_only=False)

Initialize the block, setting (or reading) the accumulation length.

#### **Parameters**

**read\_only** (*bool*) – If False, set the accumulation length to the value provided when this block was instantiated. If True, use whatever accumulation length is currently loaded.

```
plot_spectra(power=True, db=True, show=True)
```

Plot the spectra of all signals in a single signal\_block, with accumulation length divided out

#### **Parameters**

- **power** (*bool*) If True, plot power, else plot complex
- **db** (*boo1*) If True, plot 10log10(power). Else, plot linear.
- **show** (bool) If True, call matplotlib's show after plotting

#### Returns

matplotlib.Figure

# set\_acc\_len(acc\_len)

Set the number of spectra to accumulate.

#### **Parameters**

acc\_len (int) – Number of spectra to accumulate

# 3.2.12 Generator

```
class souk_mkid_readout.blocks.generator.Generator(host, name, logger=None)
```

```
initialize(read_only=False)
```

#### **Parameters**

**read\_only** (bool) – If True, do nothing. If False, reset phase and generator contents

#### reset\_phase()

Reset the phase of the output(s).

# set\_cordic\_output(n, p)

Set CORDIC output n to increment by phase p every sample.

#### **Parameters**

- **n** (*int*) Which generator to target.
- **p** (*float*) phase increment, in units of radians

# set\_lut\_output(n, x)

Set LUT output n to sample array x.

#### **Parameters**

- **n** (*int*) Which generator to target.
- **x** (list or numpy.array) Array (or list) of complex sample values

set\_output\_freq(n, freq\_mhz, sample\_rate\_mhz=5000.0, amplitude=1.0)

Set an output to a CW tone at a specific frequency.

#### **Parameters**

- **n** (*int*) Which generator to target
- **freq\_mhz** (*float*) Output frequency, in MHz
- sample\_rate\_mhz (float) DAC sample rate, in MHz
- **amplitude** (*float*) Set the output of amplitude of the CW signal. Only applicable for LUT-based generators

# 3.2.13 Output

class souk\_mkid\_readout.blocks.output.Output(host, name, logger=None)

# get\_mode()

Get the current output mode.

#### Returns

string describing output mode, eg. "CORDIC"

# Rval

str

# get\_status()

Get status and error flag dictionaries.

Status keys:

• mode (str): 'CORDIC' or 'LUT'

#### Returns

(status\_dict, flags\_dict) tuple. *status\_dict* is a dictionary of status key-value pairs. flags\_dict is a dictionary with all, or a sub-set, of the keys in *status\_dict*. The values held in this dictionary are as defined in *error\_levels.py* and indicate that values in the status dictionary are outside normal ranges.

initialize(read\_only=False)

# **Parameters**

**read\_only** (*bool*) – If True, do nothing. If False, initialize to LUT mode.

# use\_cordic()

Set output pipeline to use CORDIC generators

# use\_lut()

Set output pipeline to use LUT generators

# **CHAPTER**

# **FOUR**

# **INDICES AND TABLES**

- genindex
- modindex
- search

# **INDEX**

A	<pre>get_acc_cnt() (souk_mkid_readout.blocks.accumulator.Accumulator</pre>				
Accumulator (class in	method), 20				
souk_mkid_readout.blocks.accumulator),	get_acc_cnt() (souk_mkid_readout.blocks.autocorr.AutoCorr				
20	method), 16				
<pre>arm_noise() (souk_mkid_readout.blocks.sync.Sync</pre>	<pre>get_acc_len() (souk_mkid_readout.blocks.accumulator.Accumulator</pre>				
method), 9	get_acc_len() (souk_mkid_readout.blocks.autocorr.AutoCorr				
arm_sync() (souk_mkid_readout.blocks.sync.Sync method), 9	method), 16				
Method), 9 AutoCorr (class in souk_mkid_readout.blocks.autocorr),	<pre>get_adc_snapshot() (souk_mkid_readout.blocks.input.Input</pre>				
16	method), 12				
	<pre>get_build_time() (souk_mkid_readout.blocks.fpga.Fpga</pre>				
C	method), 7				
ChanReorder (class in	<pre>get_channel_outmap()</pre>				
$souk\_mkid\_readout.blocks.chanreorder),$	(souk_mkid_readout.blocks.chanreorder.ChanReorder				
18	<pre>method), 18 get_connected_antname()</pre>				
configfile (souk_mkid_readout.SoukMkidReadout at-	(souk_mkid_readout.blocks.fpga.Fpga				
tribute), 6 count_ext() (souk_mkid_readout.blocks.sync.Sync	method), 7				
method), 9	<pre>get_error_count() (souk_mkid_readout.blocks.sync.Sync</pre>				
_	method), 9				
D	<pre>get_fftshift() (souk_mkid_readout.blocks.pfb.Pfb</pre>				
<pre>disable_loopback() (souk_mkid_readout.blocks.input.In</pre>	nput method), 13				
method), 12	get_firmware_type()				
disable_power_mode()	(souk_mkid_readout.blocks.fpga.Fpga method), 7				
(souk_mkid_readout.blocks.mixer.Mixer	get_firmware_version()				
method), 19	(souk_mkid_readout.blocks.fpga.Fpga				
E	method) 7				
enable loopback() (souk mkid readout blocks input In	get_fpga_clock() (souk_mkid_readout.blocks.fpga.Fpga method), 8				
method), 12	<b>,</b> ,				
enable_power_mode()	<pre>get_latency() (souk_mkid_readout.blocks.sync.Sync</pre>				
(souk_mkid_readout.blocks.mixer.Mixer	method), 10 get_mode() (souk_mkid_readout.blocks.output.Output				
method), 19	method), 22				
F	get_new_spectra() (souk_mkid_readout.blocks.accumulator.Accumulato				
•	method), 20				
Fpga (class in souk_mkid_readout.blocks.fpga), 7 fpgfile (souk_mkid_readout.SoukMkidReadout at-	<pre>get_new_spectra() (souk_mkid_readout.blocks.autocorr.AutoCorr</pre>				
tribute), 6	method), 16				
nome,	<pre>get_overflow_count()</pre>				
G	(souk_mkid_readout.blocks.pfb.Pfb method),				
Generator (class in souk_mkid_readout.blocks.generator), get_phase_offset() (souk_mkid_readout.blocks.mixer.Mixer					
21					

```
method), 19
                                                                                          initialize() (souk mkid readout.SoukMkidReadout
get_status() (souk_mkid_readout.blocks.accumulator.Accumulatormethod), 6
               method), 21
                                                                                          Input (class in souk_mkid_readout.blocks.input), 12
get_status() (souk_mkid_readout.blocks.autocorr.AutoCass_connected() (souk_mkid_readout.SoukMkidReadout
                                                                                                         method), 6
               method), 17
                             (souk_mkid_readout.blocks.fpga.Fpga is_power_mode() (souk_mkid_readout.blocks.mixer.Mixer
get_status()
                                                                                                         method), 19
               method), 8
                           (souk_mkid_readout.blocks.input.Input is_programmed() (souk_mkid_readout.blocks.fpga.Fpga
get_status()
               method), 12
                                                                                                         method), 9
get_status() (souk_mkid_readout.blocks.output.Output
               method), 22
get_status()
                                 (souk mkid readout.blocks.pfb.Pfb
                                                                                          load_internal_time()
               method), 14
                                                                                                          (souk_mkid_readout.blocks.sync.Sync method),
get_status() (souk mkid readout.blocks.pfbtvg.PfbTvg
               method), 15
                                                                                                            (souk_mkid_readout.SoukMkidReadout
                                                                                          logger
get_status()
                              (souk mkid readout.blocks.rfdc.Rfdc
               method), 12
                                                                                          loopback_enabled() (souk_mkid_readout.blocks.input.Input
                              (souk_mkid_readout.blocks.sync.Sync
get_status()
                                                                                                         method), 13
               method), 10
get_status_all() (souk_mkid_readout.SoukMkidReadou

✓
               method), 6
                                                                                          Mixer (class in souk_mkid_readout.blocks.mixer), 19
get_tt_of_ext_sync()
               (souk_mkid_readout.blocks.sync.Sync method),
                                                                                          Output (class in souk_mkid_readout.blocks.output), 22
get_tt_of_sync() (souk_mkid_readout.blocks.sync.Sync
               method), 10
Н
                                                                                          period()
                                                                                                                        (souk_mkid_readout.blocks.sync.Sync
                                                                                                          method), 11
hostname
                           (souk mkid readout.SoukMkidReadout
                                                                                          Pfb (class in souk_mkid_readout.blocks.pfb), 13
               attribute), 6
                                                                                          PfbTvg (class in souk_mkid_readout.blocks.pfbtvg), 14
                                                                                          plot_adc_snapshot()
initialize() (souk_mkid_readout.blocks.accumulator.Accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.accumulator.acc
               method), 21
initialize() (souk_mkid_readout.blocks.autocorr.AutoCorr
                                                                                                          (souk_mkid_readout.blocks.input.Input
               method), 17
                                                                                                         method), 13
initialize() (souk_mkid_readout.blocks.chanreorder.ChanReorder
plot_all_spectra() (souk_mkid_readout.blocks.autocorr.AutoCorr
               method), 18
                                                                                                         method), 17
initialize() (souk_mkid_readout.blocks.generator.Generator
plot_spectra() (souk_mkid_readout.blocks.accumulator.Accumulator
               method), 21
                                                                                                         method), 21
initialize() (souk_mkid_readout.blocks.input.Input
                                                                                          plot_spectra() (souk_mkid_readout.blocks.autocorr.AutoCorr
               method), 13
                                                                                                         method), 18
initialize() (souk mkid readout.blocks.mixer.Mixer
                                                                                          print_status_all() (souk_mkid_readout.SoukMkidReadout
               method), 19
                                                                                                         method), 7
initialize()(souk mkid readout.blocks.output.Output
                                                                                          program()
                                                                                                                      (souk_mkid_readout.SoukMkidReadout
               method), 22
                                                                                                          method), 7
initialize()
                                 (souk_mkid_readout.blocks.pfb.Pfb
               method), 14
initialize() (souk_mkid_readout.blocks.pfbtvg.PfbTvg
                                                                                          read_input_tvg() (souk_mkid_readout.blocks.pfbtvg.PfbTvg
               method), 15
                                                                                                         method), 15
                              (souk_mkid_readout.blocks.rfdc.Rfdc
initialize()
                                                                                          reset_error_count()
               method), 12
                                                                                                          (souk mkid readout.blocks.sync.Sync method),
initialize()
                              (souk_mkid_readout.blocks.sync.Sync
               method), 10
```

28 Index

```
W
reset_overflow_count()
                             (souk_mkid_readout.blocks.pfb.Pfb
                                                                                                                                                 method),
                                                                                                                                                                                   wait_for_sync() (souk_mkid_readout.blocks.sync.Sync
                                                                                                                                                                                                                 method), 11
reset\_phase() \ (\textit{souk\_mkid\_readout.blocks.generator.Generator}. Generator. Generator
                             method), 21
                                                                                                                                                                                                                  (souk_mkid_readout.blocks.pfbtvg.PfbTvg
Rfdc (class in souk_mkid_readout.blocks.rfdc), 12
                                                                                                                                                                                                                  method), 15
                                                                                                                                                                                   write_freq_ramp() (souk_mkid_readout.blocks.pfbtvg.PfbTvg
S
                                                                                                                                                                                                                  method), 15
\verb|set_acc_len()| (souk\_mkid\_readout.blocks.accumulator.Agentered_daput\_tvg()| (souk\_mkid\_readout.blocks.pfbtvg.PfbTvg)| (souk\_mkid\_readout.blocks.pfbtvg.P
                             method), 21
                                                                                                                                                                                                                 method), 15
set_acc_len() (souk_mkid_readout.blocks.autocorr.AutoCorr
                             method), 18
set_channel_outmap()
                             (souk_mkid_readout.blocks.chanreorder.ChanReorder
                             method), 19
set_connected_antname()
                             (souk_mkid_readout.blocks.fpga.Fpga
                             method), 9
set_cordic_output()
                             (souk_mkid_readout.blocks.generator.Generator
                             method), 22
set_fftshift()
                                                                  (souk mkid readout.blocks.pfb.Pfb
                             method), 14
set_lut_output() (souk_mkid_readout.blocks.generator.Generator
                             method), 22
set_output_freq() (souk_mkid_readout.blocks.generator.Generator
                             method), 22
set_phase_step() (souk_mkid_readout.blocks.mixer.Mixer
                              method), 20
SoukMkidReadout (class in souk_mkid_readout), 6
sw_sync()
                                                           (souk_mkid_readout.blocks.sync.Sync
                              method), 11
Sync (class in souk mkid readout.blocks.sync), 9
T
tvg_disable() (souk_mkid_readout.blocks.pfbtvg.PfbTvg
                             method), 15
tvg_enable() (souk_mkid_readout.blocks.pfbtvg.PfbTvg
                             method), 15
tvg_is_enabled() (souk_mkid_readout.blocks.pfbtvg.PfbTvg
                             method), 15
U
update_internal_time()
                             (souk mkid readout.blocks.sync.Sync method),
                              11
uptime()
                                                           (souk_mkid_readout.blocks.sync.Sync
                             method), 11
use_cordic() (souk_mkid_readout.blocks.output.Output
                             method), 23
use_lut()
                                              (souk_mkid_readout.blocks.output.Output
                             method), 23
```

Index 29