1 2 3 4 5	ROBERT A. BUCCOLA, ESQ. / SBN: 112880 JASON J. SIGEL, ESQ. / SBN: 235761 DREYER BABICH BUCCOLA WOOD CAMPO 20 Bicentennial Circle Sacramento, CA 95826 Telephone: (916) 379-3500 Facsimile: (916) 379-3599 DBBWC-ESERVICE@dbbwc.com	ELECTRONICALLY FILED by Superior Court of CA, County of Yolo, on 11/24/2021 11:42 AM By: A. Sagara, Deputy	
6	Attorneys for Plaintiffs		
7	Accomeys for Fidingins		
8	SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA		
9	COUNTY OF YOLO		
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11	SHAWNA GREINER, ERIK GREINER,	Case No.: CV2021-2093	
12	Plaintiffs,	COMPLAINT FOR DANGEROUS CONDITION OF PUBLIC PROPERTY,	
13	v.	PERSONAL INJURIES, AND LOSS OF CONSORTIUM.	
14	CITY OF DAVIS, DAVID ALBERT BAUM, and DOES 1 through 100, inclusive, Defendants.		
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17	Plaintiffs SHAWNA GREINER, ERIK GREINER, complain against Defendants CITY OF DAVIS,		
18	DAVID ALBERT BAUM and DOES, inclusive, and each of them, and allege as follows:		
19	THE	<u>PARTIES</u>	
20	1. Plaintiff SHAWNA GREINER is n	ow, and at all relevant times was, a resident of the	
21	County of Yolo, State of California.		
22	2. Plaintiff ERIK GREINER is now, and at all relevant times was, a resident of the		
23	County of Yolo, State of California.		
24	3. The incident which is the subject	ct of this action occurred in the County of Yolo, State	
25	of California.		
26	4. Defendant CITY OF DAVIS is a public entity.		
27	5. Plaintiffs are informed and believe and thereon allege Defendant DAVID ALBERT		
28	BAUM is now, and at all relevant times was, a	resident of the County of Yolo, State of California.	
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Complaint for Personal Injuries

- 6. The true names and capacities, whether individual, corporate, associate or otherwise, of Defendants DOES 1 through 100, are unknown to Plaintiffs, who therefore sue such Defendants by such fictitious names, and Plaintiffs will amend this complaint to show their true names and capacities when their names have been ascertained. Plaintiffs are informed and believe and thereon allege that each DOE defendant is legally responsible in some manner, whether in negligence, contract, warranty, strict liability, or otherwise, for the events and occurrences described herein, and thereby proximately caused injuries and damages to Plaintiffs as herein alleged.
- 7. Plaintiffs are informed and believe and thereon allege that at all relevant times, Defendants DOES 1 through 100, and each of them, were agents, employees, contractors, or otherwise acting on behalf of the named defendants and/or other DOE defendants, and each of them, and that at all relevant times, DOES 1 through 100, and each of them, were acting within the course and scope of their agency, employment or contractual relationship with the named defendants or DOES.
- 8. Plaintiffs are informed and believe and thereon allege that at all relevant times, Defendants CITY OF DAVIS, DAVID ALBERT BAUM, and DOES, and each of them, were agents, employees, contractors, or otherwise acting or failing to act on behalf of each other, and in acting or failing to act as alleged herein, said defendants were acting or failing to act within the course and scope of their agency, employment or contractual relationship.

GOVERNMENT TORT CLAIMS ACT

- 9. On or about July 1, 2021, Plaintiffs presented claims to Defendants CITY OF DAVIS, in compliance with Government Code section 810 et seq. ("Tort Claims Act") based on the events and occurrences described and complained of herein.
- 10. Plaintiffs' claims against Defendant CITY OF DAVIS were rejected on or about August 16. 2021.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

11. Venue is proper because the incident that gives rise to this action occurred in the County of Yolo, State of California, and the amount in controversy exceeds the jurisdictional

FACTUAL BACKGROUND

12. On or about January 9, 2021, Plaintiffs Shawna Greiner and Erik Greiner, were standing on the southeast corner of Pole Line Road's intersection with East Covell Boulevard waiting to continue westbound on East Covell Boulevard. Plaintiff Shawna Greiner was injured when the vehicle driven by Defendant David Baum struck the light standard on the southeast corner of the intersection of Pole Line Road and East Covell Boulevard. Due its improper and defective installation, maintenance, inspection, upkeep, and operation, the light standard came loose from its base and struck Plaintiff Shawna Greiner causing a traumatic head injury and spinal fractures that required fusion surgery at the C1/C2 level to repair. Plaintiff was transported by ambulance to UC Davis Medical Center on the date of the subject incident and Plaintiff's neck surgery was performed by Dr. Kee Kim at UC Davis Medical Center on January 12, 2021. Plaintiff Erik Greiner was standing next to his wife when the incident occurred and, as such, was in the zone of danger.

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

Dangerous Condition of Public Property – Gov't Code § 830, et seq.
(Plaintiffs SHAWNA GREINER and ERIK GREINER against CITY OF DAVIS and DOES 1 through 25.)

- 13. Plaintiffs expressly incorporate by reference paragraphs 1 through 12 herein as though set forth in full.
- 14. At all times relevant, Defendant CITY OF DAVIS, its agents, employees, contractors and DOES, and each of them, and their agents, employees and contractors, were charged with the duty of maintenance, design, installation, marking, warning, building, inspection and repair of the light standards at the scene of the subject accident and, therefore, owed a duty and obligation to area around the light standards, where it is foreseeable that pedestrians will be standing, in a reasonably safe condition and free from any dangerous conditions.
- 15. On or about January 9, 2021, Plaintiffs were pedestrians walking in the vicinity of the subject accident location and were at all times acting with due care and in a manner which was reasonably foreseeable to Defendant CITY OF DAVIS and DOES, and each of them.

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- 16. As of January 9, 2021, and at all times relevant, the employees, agents or contractors of Defendant CITY OF DAVIS and DOES, and each of them, in the course and scope of the employment, agency or contractual relationship, negligently and carelessly designed, controlled, built, tested, developed, manufactured, fabricated, assembled, distributed, inspected, serviced, warranted, operated, repaired, and maintained the lights standards at the intersection where the subject accident occurred so as to create a dangerous condition of public property thereby creating reasonably foreseeable risks of the kind of serious injuries and damages suffered by Plaintiffs.
- 17. As a direct result of the negligent design, maintenance, construction, installation, supervision, monitoring, inspection, control, and management of the light standard that collapsed in the subject incident, employees and/or representatives of Defendant CITY OF DAVIS, a dangerous condition of public property was created pursuant to Government Code Section 835, et. seq. Said dangerous condition was evidence by the following non-exclusive list: installation below grade which led to excessive corrosion of mounting hardware, substandard anchoring hardware that was not of the appropriate specification and/or configuration, substandard footing upon which the subject light standard is mounted. As a result of the foregoing, the accident location was unsafe for the movement of vehicles through the intersection where the subject incident occurred. As a result, Plaintiff Shawna Greiner suffered injuries. Employees and/or representatives of Defendant CITY OF DAVIS had actual and/or constructive knowledge of the unsafe conditions, and/or created the unsafe conditions, within a sufficient time prior to the subject accident in order to report said unsafe condition, and/or to take corrective measures, and failed to either make such report or reports, and further failed to take such corrective measures. It should be noted that Plaintiffs have not yet completed their investigation, and therefor they cannot at this time state with specificity each and every reason why the accident location was a dangerous condition of public property pursuant to Government Code Section 835.
- 18. Plaintiffs are informed and believe and thereon allege that, Defendant CITY OF DAVIS failed to select a competent and safe contractor or contractors to work on the light

standards at or near the accident location, and failed to supervise, monitor, inspect, control, and manage the activity of said contractor or contractors so as to avoid the creation and maintenance of the dangerous condition of public property alleged herein, or Defendant has accepted said dangerous conditions from third party contractors.

- 19. As a direct result of the improper design, maintenance, construction, supervision, monitoring, inspection, control, and management of the accident location by Defendant CITY OF DAVIS, as alleged herein, and the failure of Defendant to comply with its mandatory duty to properly design, install, maintain, construct, supervise, monitor, inspect, control, and manage the accident location, a dangerous, condition of public property was thereby created, resulting in injuries and damages to Plaintiffs.
- 20. Plaintiffs are informed and believe that Defendants CITY OF DAVIS, its agents and employees, and DOES, and each of them created the dangerous condition that existed at the scene of the subject accident and caused the subject accident. Accordingly, Defendants CITY OF DAVIS, its agents and employees, and DOES had actual knowledge of the dangerous condition within the meaning of Government Code section 835, subdivision (b). Alternatively, Plaintiffs allege, on information and belief, that prior to the subject accident Defendant CITY OF DAVIS, its agents and employees, and DOES, and each of them, knew or should have known, through reasonable inspection, that the light standard at the scene of the subject incident, was in a dangerous condition, thus providing notice within the meaning of Government Code section 835, subsection (b). Plaintiff is informed and believes that Defendant CITY OF DAVIS, its agents and employees, and DOES, and each of them knew that the condition of the light standard that struck Plaintiff Shawna Greiner had existed for such a length of time that a public entity, in the exercise of due care, should have discovered the condition.
- 21. Defendant CITY OF DAVIS, its agents and employees, and DOES, and each of them, had actual or constructive notice of the dangerous condition in reasonable time, prior to January 9, 2021, to have obtained funds and carried out the necessary remedial work to bring the stretch of I-5 in the vicinity of the subject accident back into conformity with a reasonable design or plan, so as to protect the public against the dangerous conditions.

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- 22. The dangerous condition of public property, as described herein, was a substantial factor in causing the Plaintiffs' injuries and damages as alleged herein.
- 23. Further, Defendant CITY OF DAVIS, its agents and employees, and DOES, and each of them, failed to properly discharge its mandatory duty to design, maintain, construct, supervise, monitor, inspect, control, manage, and entrust the light standard that struck Plaintiff at the scene of the subject accident, in violation of Government Code section 815.6, thereby resulting in the injuries and damages to Plaintiffs, as alleged herein.
- 24. Pursuant to Government Code section 815.4, Defendant CITY OF DAVIS, its agents and employees, and DOES, and each of them, is vicariously liable for the acts or omissions of any contractors hired to perform work on the subject light standard at the scene of the subject accident. This includes the peculiar risk and non-delegable duty doctrines. Plaintiffs are informed and believe that to the extent Defendant CITY OF DAVIS, its agents and employees, and DOES, and each of them, hired contractors to perform work on the subject light standard at the scene of the subject accident, it failed to hire safe and competent contractors to do the work and failed to supervise, monitor, inspect, control, and manage the activity of said contractors so as to avoid the creation or maintenance of the dangerous conditions of the public property.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs pray for judgment against Defendant CITY OF DAVIS, its agents and employees, and DOES 1 through 25, and each of them, for:

- 1. General damages in an amount in excess of the minimum jurisdiction of an unlimited civil action;
 - 2. All medical and incidental expenses according to proof;
 - All loss of earnings according to proof;
 - 4. All property damage and loss of use damages;
 - Prejudgment interest according to law on all general and special damages;
 - 6. All costs of suit; and
 - 7. Such other and further relief as this Court may deem just and proper.

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

Negligence – Dangerous Condition of Public Property. (Plaintiffs SHAWNA GREINER and ERIK GREINER against Defendants CITY OF DAVIS and DOES 26 through 50, and each of them.)

- 25. Plaintiffs expressly incorporate by reference paragraphs 1 through 24 herein as though set forth in full.
- 26. On or about January 9, 2021, Plaintiffs Shawna Greiner and Erik Greiner, were standing on the southeast corner of Pole Line Road's intersection with East Covell Boulevard waiting to continue westbound on East Covell Boulevard. Plaintiff Shawna Greiner was injured when the vehicle driven by Defendant DAVID ALBERT BAUM struck the light standard on the southeast corner of the intersection of Pole Line Road and East Covell Boulevard. Due to its improper and defective installation, maintenance, inspection, upkeep, and operation, the light standard came loose from its base, thereby causing injuries and damages to Plaintiffs.
- 27. At said time and place aforementioned above, Defendants CITY OF DAVIS, and DOES, and each of them, were responsible for the design, installation, construction, maintenance, control, condition, repair, marking, and warning of the light standard as described above.
- 28. Pursuant to Government Code section 815.2, Defendant CITY OF DAVIS, its agents and employees, and DOES, and each of them, is vicariously liable for injuries proximately caused by the acts or omissions of its employees acting within the course and scope of their employment. subject light standard at the scene of the subject accident.
- 29. As a direct, proximate and legal result of the negligence of the Defendants CITY OF DAVIS's employees, and DOES, and each of them, an unreasonably dangerous condition was present on the corner of the intersection of Pole Line Road and East Covell Boulevard, in the vicinity of the subject incident due to said employees' negligence. Due to the dangerous condition of the subject roadway in the vicinity of the subject incident, when Defendant DAVID ALBERT BAUM's vehicle negligently struck the aforementioned light standard where the subject incident occurred, the light standard came loose from its base, thereby causing Plaintiffs' injuries and damages.

30. As the direct, proximate and legal result of the negligence of employees of Defendant, CITY OF DAVIS, DAVID ALBERT BAUM, and DOES, and each of them, Plaintiffs were hurt and injured in their health, strength and activity, sustaining injury to their body and shock and injury to their nervous systems and person, all of which said injuries have caused and continue to cause Plaintiffs great mental, physical, and nervous pain and suffering. Plaintiffs are informed, believe, and thereon allege that said injuries will result in some permanent disability to Plaintiffs.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs pray for judgment against Defendants, CITY OF DAVIS, and DOES 26 through 50, and each of them, as follows:

- 1. General damages in an amount in excess of the minimum jurisdiction of an unlimited civil action;
 - 2. For all medical and incidental expenses according to proof;
 - All loss of earnings according to proof;
 - 4. All property damage and loss of use damages;
 - 5. Prejudgment interest according to law on all general and special damages;
 - 6. All costs of suit; and,
 - 7. Such other and further relief as this court may deem just and proper.

THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION

Negligence - Personal Injury

(Plaintiffs SHAWNA GREINER and ERIK GREINER against Defendant DAVID ALBERT BAUM and DOES 51 through 75, and each of them.)

- 31. Plaintiffs expressly incorporate by reference paragraphs 1 through 30 herein as though set forth in full.
- 32. On or about January 9, 2021, Plaintiffs Shawna Greiner and Erik Greiner, were standing on the southeast corner of Pole Line Road's intersection with East Covell Boulevard waiting to continue westbound on East Covell Boulevard.
- 33. Plaintiffs are informed and believe that at the same time and general location Defendant DAVID ALBERT BAUM was the owner / operator of the subject vehicle that collided with

 the above referenced light standard.

- 34. On or about January 9, 2021, Defendant DAVID ALBERT BAUM was making a left turn from southbound Pole Line Road onto eastbound E. Covell Boulevard. At said time and general location, Defendant DAVID ALBERT BAUM struck the light standard on the southeast corner of the intersection of Pole Line Road and East Covell Boulevard.
- 35. Due to the dangerous condition of the subject roadway and light standard in the vicinity of the subject incident, when Defendant DAVID ALBERT BAUM's vehicle struck the aforementioned light standard, the light standard came loose from its base, thereby causing Plaintiffs' injuries and damages. This defendant vehicle operator is preliminarily alleged to have been negligent as a co-tortfeasor along with the other named Defendants herein.
- 36. As the direct, proximate and legal result of the negligence of Defendant, DAVID ALBERT BAUM, and DOES, and each of them, Plaintiffs were hurt and injured in their health, strength and activity, sustaining injury to their body and shock and injury to their nervous systems and person, all of which said injuries have caused and continue to cause Plaintiffs great mental, physical, and nervous pain and suffering. Plaintiffs are informed, believe, and thereon allege that said injuries will result in some permanent disability to Plaintiffs.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs pray for judgment against Defendants, DAVID ALBERT BAUM, and DOES 51 through 75, and each of them, as follows:

- 1. General damages in an amount in excess of the minimum jurisdiction of an unlimited civil action;
 - 2. For all medical and incidental expenses according to proof;
 - 3. All loss of earnings according to proof;
 - 4. All property damage and loss of use damages;
 - 5. Prejudgment interest according to law on all general and special damages;
 - 6. All costs of suit; and,
 - 7. Such other and further relief as this court may deem just and proper.

FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION

LOSS OF CONSORTIUM

(Plaintiff, ERIK GREINER, as to Defendants, CITY OF DAVIS, DAVID ALBERT BAUM, and DOES 76 through 100, and each of them.)

- 37. Plaintiff ERIK GREINER re-alleges and incorporates by reference Paragraphs 1 through 36 above, as though fully set forth herein.
- 38. At all times herein mentioned, SHAWNA GREINER and ERIK GREINER were legally married and were husband and wife.
- 39. As a direct, proximate and legal result of the negligence of the defendants, and each of them, as alleged herein, Plaintiff's wife, SHAWNA GREINER, suffered severe personal injuries.
- 40. As a direct, proximate and legal result of the negligence of the Defendants, CITY OF DAVIS, DAVID ALBERT BAUM, and DOES 76 through 100, and each of them, Plaintiff has suffered a loss of consortium, including a loss of comfort, society, love, support, companionship, services to the community, all to his damage in an amount in excess of the minimum jurisdiction for an unlimited civil case, the exact amount according to proof.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff, ERIK GREINER, seeks damages from the Defendants, CITY OF DAVIS, DAVID ALBERT BAUM, and DOES 76 through 100, and each of them, as follows:

- 1. General damages in excess of the jurisdictional limits of this Court;
- 2. Prejudgment interest to the extent permitted by law;
- 3. All costs of suit; and,
- 4. Such other and further relief as this Court may deem just and proper.

DATED: November 24, 2021

DREYER BABICH BUCCOLA WOOD CAMPORA, LLP

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