# Boosting

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#### 1 Weak learners to Good one

# 1.1 Simple learners

- E.g. naive Bayes, logistic regression, decision stumps (or shallow decision trees)
- Good: low variance (loosely: are very close to their expectation)
- Bad: high bias (loosely: their expectation is far away from the truth), cannot solve hard learning problems.

#### 1.2 Voting (Emsemble Methods)

Wisdom of the crowds:

- Instead of learning a single (weak) classifier, learn many weak classifiers that are good at different parts of the input space.
- Output class is the vote of each classifier.

#### 1.3 Boosting

- Idea: given a weak learner, run it multiple times on (reweighted) training data, then let learned classifiers vote.
- On each iteration t:
  - weight each training example by how incorrectly it was classified. (focus on incorrectly classified training data)
  - learn a weak hypothesis:  $h_t$

- A strength fo this hypothesis:  $\alpha_t$
- Final classifier:

$$H(X) = sign(\sum \alpha_t h_t(X))$$

- 1.4 Learning from weighted data
- 1.5 AdaBoost

$$D_{t+1}(i) = D_t(i) \exp(-\alpha_t y_i h_t(x_i))/Z_t$$