

		<b>POWER BI</b>			
<b>QUESTION 1</b>	<b>What is Power BI and why is it used in businesses?</b>				
<b>ANSWER</b>	<p>Power BI is a Business Intelligence (BI) tool developed by Microsoft.</p> <p>It helps businesses analyze data and create interactive reports and dashboards.</p> <p>Power BI converts raw data into meaningful insights using charts, graphs, and dashboards.</p>				
	<p><b>1) Why is Power BI used in businesses?</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Data Visualization</li> <li>Bar charts</li> <li>Pie charts</li> <li>Line graphs</li> <li>KPI cards</li> </ul>				
	<p><b>2) Decision Making</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Total Sales</li> <li>Profit</li> <li>Customer Growth</li> <li>Monthly Performance</li> </ul>				
	<p><b>3) Connects to Multiple Data Sources</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Excel</li> <li>SQL Database</li> <li>Cloud services</li> </ul>				

		APIs						
			<b>4) Real-Time Monitoring</b>					
			Daily sales					
			Inventory levels					
			Website traffic					
				<b>5) KPI Tracking</b>				
			Revenue Growth					
			Profit Margin					
			Customer Retention					

<b>QUESTION 2</b>	<b>Name and explain the three main components of Power BI</b>
<b>ANSWER</b>	<p>The three main components of Power BI are:</p> <p><b>Power BI Desktop</b></p> <p>This is the main development tool.      It is a Windows application used to:      Connect to data sources (Excel, SQL, etc.)      Clean and transform data (Power Query)      Create data models (relationships between tables)      Build reports and dashboards</p>
	<b>Power BI Service (PowerBI.com)</b>
	<p>This is the cloud-based online platform provided by Microsoft.      Publish reports created in Desktop      Share dashboards with others      Schedule data refresh      Collaborate with team members</p>
	<b>Power BI Mobile</b>
	<p>This is the mobile application.      View dashboards on phone/tablet      Monitor KPIs in real time      Get alerts</p>

<b>QUESTION 3</b>	<b>Explain the Power BI workflow</b>			
<b>ANSWER</b>	<b>1) Data Collection (Get Data)</b>			
	First, we collect data from different sources:			
	Excel			
	SQL Database			
	CSV files			
	Cloud services			
	<b>2) Data Transformation (Power Query – ETL Process)</b>			
	After loading data, we clean and transform it.			
	Removing duplicates			
	Handling missing values			
	Changing data types			
	Renaming columns			
	Creating new columns			
	<b>3) Data Modeling</b>			
	Now we create relationships between tables.			
	For example:			

	Sales table				
	Customer table				
	Product table				
<b>4) Data Visualization (Report Creation)</b>					
Now we design reports using:					
	Bar charts				
	Line charts				
	Pie charts				
	KPI cards				
	Tables				
<b>5) Publish to Power BI Service</b>					
After creating reports in Desktop:					
	Click Publish				
	Upload to Power BI Service (cloud platform by Microsoft)				

<b>QUESTION 4</b>	List any four data cleaning tasks that can be performed in Power Query
<b>ANSWER</b>	<b>1) Remove Duplicates</b>
	Removes repeated records from the dataset.
	<b>2) Handle Missing Values (Null Values)</b>
	Replace null values Remove rows with nulls Fill values (Fill Down / Fill Up)
	<b>3) Change Data Types</b>
	Convert columns into proper formats like:  Text Number Date
	<b>4) Rename and Clean Column Names</b>
	Rename columns Remove extra spaces Make names standardized

<b>QUESTION 5</b>	Write step by step instructions to load the above dataset.			
<b>ANSWER</b>	<b>1) Open Power BI Desktop</b>  Launch Power BI Desktop on your system.  Click on Home tab.			
	<b>2) Click “Get Data”</b>  Go to Home → Get Data  Choose your data source:  Excel Text/CSV SQL Server Other sources			
	<b>3) Select the File</b>  Browse your file location. Select the dataset file. Click Open.			
	<b>4) Navigator Window</b>			

		A Navigator window will appear.	
		Select the sheet or table you want to load.	
		Click:	
		Transform Data (recommended) OR	
		Load (if no cleaning required)	
		<b>5: Clean Data in Power Query Editor</b>	
		In Power Query Editor you can:	
		Remove duplicates	
		Handle null values	
		Change data types	
		Rename columns	
		Remove unnecessary columns	
		<b>6: Data Loaded into Model</b>	
		Now:	
		Data will load into the Data Model.	
		You can see tables in the Fields panel.	

<b>QUESTION 6</b>	<b>Define Data View, Report View, and Model View. Explain the purpose of each view.</b>				
<b>ANSWER</b>	<p><b>1) Data View</b></p> <p>Data View shows the table data in rows and columns format (like Excel).</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Check column values</li> <li>Create calculated columns</li> <li>Verify data after cleaning</li> <li>Analyze data at row level</li> </ul>				
	<p><b>2) Report View</b></p> <p>Report View is where you create charts, graphs, and dashboards.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Create visualizations (bar chart, pie chart, line chart, etc.)</li> <li>Build dashboards</li> <li>Add slicers and filters</li> <li>Design report layout</li> </ul>				
	<p><b>3) Model View</b></p> <p>Model View shows the relationships between tables.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Create relationships (Primary Key – Foreign Key)</li> <li>Manage data model</li> <li>View table structure</li> <li>Understand how tables connect</li> </ul>				

<b>QUESTION 7</b>	Discuss the different data sources that Power BI supports			
<b>ANSWER</b>	<p><b>1) File-Based Data Sources</b></p> <p>These are local or stored files.</p> <p>Examples:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Excel (.xlsx)</li> <li>CSV (Comma Separated Values)</li> <li>Text files</li> <li>XML</li> <li>JSON</li> <li>PDF</li> </ul>			
	<p><b>2) Database Sources</b></p> <p>Power BI can connect to relational and non-relational databases.</p> <p>Common Databases:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Oracle</li> <li>MySQL</li> <li>SQL Server</li> <li>PostgreSQL</li> <li>Access</li> </ul>			
	<p><b>3) Cloud-Based Data Sources</b></p>			

			Power BI can connect to online/cloud platforms.	
			Examples:	
			Azure SQL Database	
			SharePoint	
			Salesforce	
			OneDrive	
			Google Analytics	
			<b>4) Web &amp; API Sources</b>	
			Power BI can pull data from:	
			Web URLs	
			REST APIs	
			OData feeds	
			<b>Other Sources</b>	
			Power BI datasets	
			Python scripts	
			Analysis Services	
			R scripts	
			Azure Data Lake	

<b>QUESTION 8</b>	<b>Split Owner Name to create two new columns as First Name and Last Name</b>		
<b>ANSWER</b>	owner name mitesh sonawane vicky shimpi		
	<b>We want to split it into:</b>		
	First Name		
	Last Name		
	Click Transform Data to open Power Query Editor.		
	Select the column Owner Name.		
	Go to the Transform tab.		
	Click Split Column → Choose By Delimiter.		
	Select Space as the delimiter.		
	Choose Split at Left-most delimiter.		
	Click OK.		