

Rajalakshmi Engineering College

Name: Mithran VT
Email: 240701312@rajalakshmi.edu.in
Roll no:
Phone: 9952919350
Branch: REC
Department: CSE - Section 8
Batch: 2028
Degree: B.E - CSE

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2024_28_III_OOPS Using Java Lab

REC_2028_OOPS using Java_Week 6_CY

Attempt : 1
Total Mark : 40
Marks Obtained : 10

Section 1 : Coding

1. Problem Statement

A painter needs to determine the cost to paint different shapes based on their surface area. The program should be designed to handle the area of a sphere and calculate the total painting cost using the following formulas:

Area of sphere: $\text{Area} = 4 * \pi * r^2$ where $\pi = 3.14$
Total painting cost: $\text{Cost} = \text{cost per square meter} * \text{area of sphere}$

The program will consist of three classes:

Shape class: This class should set the shape type and radius.

Area class: This class should extend Shape to calculate the area.
Cost class: This class should extend Area to calculate the total painting cost.

Input Format

The input consists of a string representing the shape type, a double value

representing the radius, and another double value representing the cost per square meter on each line.

Output Format

For a valid shape type of "Sphere":

- The first line prints: "Area of Sphere is: <calculated_area>" rounded to two decimal places.
- The second line prints: "Cost to paint the shape is: <total_painting_cost>" rounded to two decimal places.

For any other shape types, print: "Invalid type".

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: Sphere

3.4

5.8

Output: Area of Sphere is: 145.19

Cost to paint the shape is: 842.12

Answer

```
import java.util.Scanner;

// You are using Java

public class Main {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
        String s = scanner.next();
        Cost shape = new Cost();
        shape.setShape(s, scanner);
        double costToPaint = scanner.nextDouble();
        shape.calculateArea();
        shape.setCost(costToPaint);
        shape.calculateCost();
    }
}
```

Status : **Wrong**

Marks : 0/10

2. Problem Statement

Arun wants to calculate the age gap between the grandfather and the son and determine the father's age after 5 years.

Your task is to assist him in developing a program using three classes: GrandFather, Father, and Son, where the GrandFather stores the grandfather's age, the Father extends GrandFather to include the father's age and calculates his age after 5 years, and Son extends Father to include the son's age and calculate the age difference between the grandfather and the son.

Input Format

The input consists of three integers representing the ages of the grandfather, father, and son, one per line.

Output Format

The first line of output prints "Grandfather and son's age gap:" followed by an integer representing the age gap between the grandfather and the son, ending with "years".

The second line prints "Father's Age:" followed by an integer representing the father's age after 5 years, ending with "years".

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 50

30

3

Output: Grandfather and son's age gap: 47 years

Father's Age: 35 years

Answer

-
Status : Skipped

Marks : 0/10

3. Problem Statement

A bank provides two types of deposit schemes: Fixed Deposits (FD) and Recurring Deposits (RD). Customers want to calculate the interest they can earn based on their selected scheme.

Develop a Java program using inheritance to compute the interest for FD and RD. The program should include:

A base class Account with attributes accountHolder and principalAmount, along with a method for interest calculation. A subclass FixedDeposit that calculates interest for FD. A subclass RecurringDeposit that calculates interest for RD.

Formulas Used:

Interest for FD: $(\text{principal amount} * \text{duration in years} * \text{rate of interest}) / 100$

Interest for RD: $(\text{maturity amount} * \text{duration in months} * \text{rate of interest}) / (12 * 100)$, where maturity amount = monthly deposit * duration in months.

Input Format

The first line of input consists of the choice (1 for FD, 2 for RD).

If the choice is 1, the following lines consist of account holder (string), principal amount (double), duration in years (int), and rate of interest (double).

If the choice is 2, the following lines consist of account holder (string), monthly deposit (int), duration in months (int), and rate of interest (double).

Output Format

The output prints the calculated interest with one decimal place in the following format.

For choice 1: "Interest for FD: <calculated interest >"

For choice 2: "Interest for FD: <calculated interest >"

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 1

Alice

50000.56

5

6.5

Output: Interest for FD: 16250.2

Answer

-

Status : Skipped

Marks : 0/10

4. Problem Statement

Adams has a reputation company with a great number of employees. He must calculate the salary weekly according to the hourly rate and working hours. Create a program to define a class Employee with attributes name and hourly rate. Create a subclass HourlyEmployee that calculates the weekly salary based on the number of hours worked.

(The first 40 hours are based on the regular hour rate. If the work hours are greater than 40 then the work wage is 1.5 times the hourly rate)

Note: Use Math(Math.max, Math.min) functions .

Example

Input:

Chris

10

45

Output:

Weekly Salary: Rs.475.00

Explanation:

Calculation:

The first 40 hours are paid normally: $40 \times 10 = 400.00$ The extra 5 hours are paid at 1.5 times the hourly rate: $5 \times (10 \times 1.5) = 5 \times 15 = 75.00$ Total salary: $400.00 + 75.00 = 475.00$

Input Format

The first line of input consists of a string that represents the name of the employee.

The second line consists of a double value that represents the rate for an hour.

The last line consists of an integer that represents the total hours worked.

Output Format

The output displays the total salary of the employee, where salary is rounded to two decimal places in the format: "Weekly Salary: Rs.<double value>".

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: Dave

10.0

40

Output: Weekly Salary: Rs.400.00

Answer

```
import java.util.Scanner;
import java.text.DecimalFormat;

class Employee {
    String name;
    double hourlyRate;
```

```

Employee(String name, double hourlyRate) {
    this.name = name;
    this.hourlyRate = hourlyRate;
}
}

class HourlyEmployee extends Employee {
    int hoursWorked;

    HourlyEmployee(String name, double hourlyRate, int hoursWorked) {
        super(name, hourlyRate);
        this.hoursWorked = hoursWorked;
    }

    double calculateWeeklySalary() {
        int regularHours = Math.min(hoursWorked, 40);
        int extraHours = Math.max(hoursWorked - 40, 0);
        return (regularHours * hourlyRate) + (extraHours * hourlyRate * 1.5);
    }
}

public class Main {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);

        String name = scanner.nextLine();
        double hourlyRate = scanner.nextDouble();
        int hoursWorked = scanner.nextInt();

        HourlyEmployee employee = new HourlyEmployee(name, hourlyRate,
hoursWorked);

        double weeklySalary = employee.calculateWeeklySalary();
        DecimalFormat df = new DecimalFormat("#.00");
        String formattedSalary = df.format(weeklySalary);
        System.out.println("Weekly Salary: Rs." + formattedSalary);
        scanner.close();
    }
}

```

Status : Correct

Marks : 10/10