14 01.23 Lemma: Let Fi, Fi, where it is he two Now pour with di= Ai. Then Fi and F, can be mirged Define merge. if F, and F; have as common vertices other than s, t, i.e. V(F° v F; ") ~ V(F; & F; ") - Es, +7. Proof.
The idea is to append Now pair F; to Now pair F; ty redirecting edger.
Let up., up. he such that (s, up.) & E(F.), (s, up. ) & E(F.) and vp., vp. he such that What if upo=t, VF. = 5? (ve, tle E(F, ), (ve, tle E(F, ). Ugdall Now retwork = (V, E, P, s, +, ?) We introduce fire new vertices  $\tilde{u}_{F^0}$ ,  $\tilde{u}_{F^n}$ ,  $\tilde{v}_{F^0}$ ,  $\tilde{v}_{F^n}$ , w. live intuition. We introduce the following align: (s, ", ", ), ("Es, upol, (s, "p,), ( We replace edgen (s, up), (s, up), (vp, +), (vp, + with the bottoming edgen: - (s, ŭp), (s, ũp,), (vp, l), (vp, l) with capacity ∞ (e.g. ∑, d;) - (ũ = , u= ), (ũ = u, u= u) with wouldy ((s, u= ) - ( were used with appuly ( ( & use) - (ve, ve) with againty ((ve, H - (VEN, VEN) with againty ((VEN, F) We update Il low pain to we the new edger instead of the old eges, that is: (F) = E(F, ) - E(s, up) (s, up) (vp, 1, (vp, +) 50 {(E(F, ) = E(F, ) E(Fi)= E(Fi)- {(s, up), (s, up), (vp, +), (vp, +) } v 2(s, 2, 0, 1) ( (s, u, 0) + E(F, 1) U {(s, we, ), (we, ue,): (s, ue, ) e E (F,)} v {(v,,+), ( (v,,,v,,,), (v,,,+): {(v=,v=u),(v=u,L); E(F,") is defined invitative analogoruly. We set  $V(\tilde{F}_i^o) = V(E(\tilde{F}_i^o))$  and  $V(\tilde{F}_i^u) = V(E(\tilde{F}_i^u))$ .

Moreover, we introduce another new vertex w and edges  $(\tilde{V}_{E_i^o}, w), (w, \tilde{V}_{E_i^o}), (w, \tilde{V}_{E_i^o})$ . We uplate throw the How pain F. F. in lottown. We replace How pain F. F. with a new How pair F Iverboaded E(Fi) - E(Fi) - E(VE., 1) = E(VE., WI) v E(Fi) - (s, WE) v E(W, WE) andrian F. E(F E(F?)

