## Object Oriented Programming

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#### Agenda

Slides intro
Course intro
Generalities
Tests
Homework

#### Code snippets will be shown with highlight and execution:

```
1 def fib(n):  # Function definition
2    """Print a Fibonacci series less than n."""
3    a, b = 0, 1
4    while a < n:
5         print(a, end=' ')
6         a, b = b, a+b
7    print()
8
9 fib(2000)  # Call fib function with parameter 2000</pre>
```

——— [finished] —————

At the bottom of my screen you'll see two tabs "Slides" & "Terminal" the active tab is marked in green

The terminal window is a powerfull tool which will allow us to execute commands and programs, you are required to learn how to use the terminal

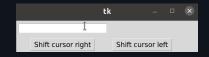




**Powershell** 

I personally prefer text-based rather than graphical interfaces, it's faster!

- Mis-clicks
- Loose the cursor
- Time spent to move coursor



So I rarely use it.

You can use any editor or environment which suits you, I encourage you to <u>learn</u> your tools so you can set them up for your use and confort.

All this slides will be shared, as well as source code and extra material so here's my recommendation:

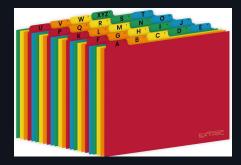
- Take hand written notes in a notebook
- Write down definitions
- · Write down examples or analogies which makes sense to you
- Write down diagrams



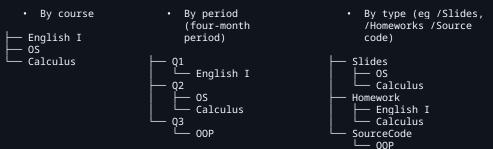
- Why this career?
- Do you enjoy writting code?
- Which is the most complex program you've written?Which programming languages do you know? Favourite?
- WILCH programming languages do you know? Favo
- Which editor/tools do you use to write code?
- Do you know what is git?
- Which Operating system do you use?
- Which Operating system did you use on yout OS class las quarter?
- What's your opinion on tech certificates?
- Do you enjoy reading? (Not limited to books)
- To whom do you write code to?

#### Course intro

Object oriented programming is a programming model which uses objects, linked via functions, to solve problems. The main idea is simple: organize programs in the image and likeness of the organization of real objects in the world



Let's focus on <u>organizing</u> which is the best way to organize the material (source code, notes, slides, etc) you've archived during the career?



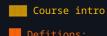
Which is best?

In my opinion there's no general best way, it depends on what's to optimize

- By course is best if we want to search but are unsure of the period
- By period is best if we want to search chronologically
- By type is best of we want to seach if we dont remember the course/period it belong to

In a similar fashion there are multiple way's to organize and structure our source code, each with it's own strengths and weaknesses

- Structured programming: Code execution is seen as sequential best fit for simple flows
- Object Oriented: Code is organized as objects each with a set of atributes and methods, best fit for multi-entity programs
- Functional: Code is organized into pure functions without state, best fit for crital and secure code execution
- Data Oriented: Code is organized based on physical locallity, best fit for execution performance



### Object Oriented Programming is a paradigm Paradigm

 Noun. A model of something, or a very clear and typical example of something

A theory or set of theories whose central core is accepted without question and which provides the basis and model for solving problems and advancing knowledge.

#### Programming paradigm

 A high level model to conceptualize and structure a computer program implementation

Course	intro
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#### Implementation

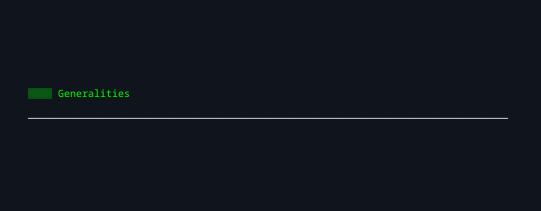
The process of moving an idea from concept to reality

# Are this "implementations" in the room with us right now?



#### YES! Implemetation to get the Fibonacci series

```
1 def fib(n): # Function definition
     a, b = 0, 1
     while a < n:
      print(a, end=' ')
         a, b = b, a+b
     print()
 fib(2000) # Call fib function with
```



#### Requirements:

#### Mandatory:

- Computer
- Master your source code editor
- Master programming fundamentals (variables, if, for, functions)
- Commitment
- Computers ready to share (adapters)

#### Optional but recommended:

- Physical notebooks
- · Get a lot of tokens
- Disable AI assistants (copilot, chatgpt, etc)
- Disable autocompletion in your editor

#### Formal definitions have this format:

Formal definition: Explains the concept at an academic level (descriptions found in books, articles, official documentation etc)

Formal definitions might be a little abstract or lack context explanations So:

 In this slides you'll find informal definitions coloured red to explain the same concept in easier words

The ideal solution is for you to understand informal definitions as context for the formal definitions, use both to solve tests

# Tests

#### Tests

Most tuesdays we'll have one of the following tests:

#### 1. Weekly test

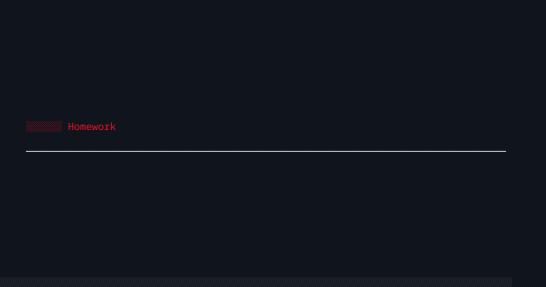
- Are solved by hand
- Have NO grade valuePerfect score is traded for 2 tokens

#### 2. Partial test

- 1st Partial = 30%
- 2nd Partial = 30%
- 3rd Partial = 40%

#### Partial test

- 1st Partial = 30%
  - Theorical evaluation = 50%
  - Practical evaluation (paper based, NO computer) = 50%
- 2nd Partial = 30%
  - Theorical evaluation = 40%
  - Practical evaluation (paper based, NO computer) = 60%
- 3rd Partial = 40%
  - Theorical evaluation = 40%
  - Practical evaluation (paper based, NO computer) = 60%



#### Master your code editor:

- Search in a single file
- Search in multiple files
- Know filename and file path of open file

- Go to definition
- Split screen
- Go to a specific line in a file
- Find and replace in a single file
- Find and replace in multiple files

Bring your computer next session

Master how to keypress () [] {}

Upskill your english

Practice PascalCase with shift key



#### References

PROGRAMACIÓN ORIENTADA A OBJETOS CON C++. Ceballos, 5th EDITION. (2018). https://dle.rae.es/paradigma?m=form https://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/paradigm