

## Components

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## Agenda

- └─ Recap
- └─ Components
- └─ Avoid repetition
- └─ Putting it all together

 Recap

## Html recap

Can you help me describe the following html elements?

- <div></div>

It's a content **division** element, allows us to contain and group other elements and structure our page.

- <h1></h1> | <h2></h2> | <h3></h3>

Are several **headers**, to display, titles, subtitles, subsubtitles...

- <p></p>

It's the **paragraph** element, allows us to display text blocks

## Html recap

Can you help me describe the following html elements?

- <a></a>

The **anchor** element, allows to hiperlink pages, emails, locations via URL's

- <ul> <li></li> </ul>

The parent element is for **unordered lists** (ul), to display categorical information, (all elements are equally different).

Inside we find **list items** (li), representing each possible category.

- <br>

Marks a point in html to produce a line **break**

## Previously on...

Let's define a record named "Computer" with:

- ram: String
- model: String
- brand: String
- screenSize: String

And create a variable "myLaptop" of type Computer

Finally, let's make a variable "main" that reduces to:

```
<div>
  <h1>My laptop</h1>
  <div>
    <ul>
      <li>Ram: {{.ram myLaptop}}</li>
      <li>Modelo: {{.model myLaptop}}</li>
      <li>Marca: {{.brand myLaptop}}</li>
      <li>Pulgadas: {{.screenSize myLaptop}}</li>
    </ul>
  </div>
</div>
```

## Previously on...

Let's define a record named "Computer" with:

- ram: String
- model: String
- brand: String
- screenSize:  
String

And create a variable "myLaptop" of type Computer

```
type alias Computer =  
    { ram : String  
    , model : String  
    , brand : String  
    , screenSize : String  
    }
```

```
myLaptop : Computer  
myLaptop =  
    { ram = "32"  
    , model = "Thinkpad x1"  
    , brand = "Lenovo"  
    , screenSize = "13.5"  
    }
```

## Previously on...

Finally, let's make a variable "main" that reduces to:

```
div
└── h1
└── div
    └── ul
        ├── li
        ├── li
        ├── li
        └── li
```

```
<div>
  <h1>My laptop</h1>
  <div>
    <ul>
      <li>Ram: {{.ram myLaptop}}</li>
      <li>Modelo: {{.model myLaptop}}</li>
      <li>Marca: {{.brand myLaptop}}</li>
      <li>Pulgadas: {{.screenSize myLaptop}}</li>
    </ul>
  </div>
</div>
```

## Previously on...

Finally, let's make a variable "main" that reduces to:

```
div
└── h1
└── div
    └── ul
        ├── li
        ├── li
        ├── li
        └── li
```

```
main : Html.Html msg
main =
    Html.div
        []
        [ Html.h1 [] [ Html.text "My laptop" ]
        , Html.div
            []
            [ Html.ul
                []
                [ Html.li
                    []
                    [ Html.text "Some info" ]
                ]
            ]
        ]
```



## Components

A part that combines with other parts to form something bigger  
-> <https://dictionary.cambridge.org>

## Components

A React component is a JavaScript **function** that you can sprinkle with **markup**.  
-> <https://react.dev/learn/your-first-component>

(Hyper Text Markup Language)

Components = Html + Functions

Let's build our first component

## Components = Html + Functions

Let's focus on a specific Html section:

```
<ul>
  <li>Some content</li>
</ul>
```

We are going to begin really simple

```
aList : Html.Html msg
aList =
  Html.ul
    []
      [ Html.li
        []
          [ Html.text "Some content"]
      ]
```

## Components = Html + Functions

Let's start by making the content more flexible i want to change the string literal "Some content" to be a parameter

```
aList : Html.Html msg
aList =
    Html.ul
    []
    [ Html.li
        []
        [ Html.text "Some
content"]
    ]
```

```
aList : String -> Html.Html msg
aList content =
    Html.ul
    []
    [ Html.li
        []
        [ Html.text content ]
    ]
```

## Components = Html + Functions

Let's suppose we have three `list item` elements

```
aList : String -> String -> String -> Html.Html msg
aList content1 content2 content3 =
    Html.ul []
        [ Html.li []
            [ Html.text content1 ]
        , Html.li []
            [ Html.text content2 ]
        , Html.li []
            [ Html.text content3 ]
    ]
```



## Avoid repetition!

It sucks to write code like this!

```
aList : Html.Html msg
aList =
    Html.ul
        []
        [ Html.li [] []
        , Html.li [] []
        , Html.li [] []
        ]
```

- It's redundant
  - I can make typos if i write each
  - I can copy/paste but what if we want to change something? (I would have to do it three times!)
- 

We should aim to write less code because it means directly less possible bugs.

## Avoiding repetition

Ok I want to tell how all <li></li> elements in my list are going to be **but only once!**

```
aList : String -> String -> String -> Html.Html msg
aList content1 content2 content3 =
    Html.ul []
        [ Html.li []
            [ Html.text content1 ]
        , Html.li []
            [ Html.text content2 ]
        , Html.li []
            [ Html.text content3 ]
    ]
```

## Avoiding repetition

I want to write something like this:

```
aList : String -> String -> String -> Html.Html msg
aList content1 content2 content3 =
    Html.ul []
        [ anItem content1
        , anItem content2
        , anItem content3
        ]
```

Which typeAnnotation does anItem has to have?

```
anItem : String -> Html.Html msg
```

## Avoiding repetition

Which function body (definition) does `anItem` could have?

```
anItem : String -> Html.Html msg
```

```
anItem content =
  Html.li [] [ Html.text content]
```

```
aList : String -> String -> String -> Html.Html msg
aList content1 content2 content3 =
  Html.ul []
    [ anItem content1
    , anItem content2
    , anItem content3
    ]
```

## Avoiding repetition

```
1 anItem : String -> Html.Html msg
2 anItem content =
3     Html.li [] [ Html.text content]
4
5
6 aList : String -> String -> String ->
    Html.Html msg
7 aList content1 content2 content3 =
8     Html.ul []
9         [ anItem content1
10           , anItem content2
11           , anItem content3
12 ]
```

Now if my li element must change I only have to modify it in a single place (Line 3)

## ■ Hardcoded logic

This code is a good refactor but what if I want 4 items? Or 10? Or 1?

```
1 anItem : String -> Html.Html msg
2 anItem content =
3     Html.li [] [ Html.text content]
4
5
6 aList : String -> String -> String -> Html.Html msg
7 aList content1 content2 content3 =
8     Html.ul []
9         [ anItem content1
10            , anItem content2
11            , anItem content3
12        ]
```

## Hardcoded logic

We can change our aList inputs to a list of strings but something would break

```
1 anItem : String -> Html.Html msg
2 anItem content =
3     Html.li [] [ Html.text content]
4
5
6 aList : List String -> Html.Html msg
7 aList contents =
8     Html.ul []
9         [ anItem content1 -- Now I cant access content1
10           , anItem content2 -- or content2
11           , anItem content3 -- or content3
12         ]
```

## ■ Hardcoded logic

What a problem, let's try to see it in context:

```
1 anItem : String -> Html.Html msg
2 anItem content =
3     Html.li [] [ Html.text content]
4
5 aList : List String -> Html.Html msg
6 aList contents =
7     Html.ul []
8         -- Generate a list of Html.Html msg with the <li> from
    anItem
```

- On L:9 I want to transform my List String (contents) into a List Html.Html msg (<li>'s)

## Hardcoded logic

Do we know anything that can help us transform from a List String -> List Html.Html msg?

```
List.map : (a -> b) -> List a -> List b
```

We know that List a is contents (List String) and List b is our <li>'s (List Html.Html msg)

- a = String
- b = Html.Html msg

```
List.map : (String -> Html.Html msg) -> List String -> (List Html.  
Html msg)
```

## Hardcoded logic

Do we know anything that can help us transform from a List String -> List Html.Html msg?

```
anItem : String -> Html.Html msg
anItem content =
    Html.li [] [ Html.text content]

aList : List String -> Html.Html msg
aList contents =
    Html.ul []
        List.map _____ contents
        -- List.map : (String -> Html.Html msg) -> List String -> (List
        Html.Html msg)
```

## ■ Hardcoded logic

Isn't this just beautiful!

```
anItem : String -> Html.Html msg
anItem content =
    Html.li [] [ Html.text content]

aList : List String -> Html.Html msg
aList contents =
    Html.ul []
        List.map anItem contents
```



## Putting it all together

```
main : Html.Html msg
main =
    Html.div
        []
        [ Html.h1
            []
            [ Html.text "My laptop"]
        , Html.div
            []
            [
                aList
                    ["Some text"
                     , "Other text"
                     , "Final text"
                    ]
            ]
        ]
```

```
anItem : String -> Html.Html msg
anItem content =
    Html.li [] [ Html.text content]

aList : List String -> Html.Html msg
aList contents =
    Html.ul []
        List.map anItem contents
```

- Notice I had to wrap aList on []



## Homework

- Create a component "headers" that given a String parameter, generates the following html code:

```
<div>
  <h1>{{param}}</h1>
  <h2>{{param}}</h2>
  <h3>{{param}}</h3>
  <h4>{{param}}</h4>
  <h5>{{param}}</h5>
  <h6>{{param}}</h6>
</div>
```

## Homework

- Create a component "hyperlink" that receives two Strings
  - The url
  - The text That produces the following html:

```
<a href="{{url}}">{{text}}</a>
```