

# Rust at Sentry 7 Years Later

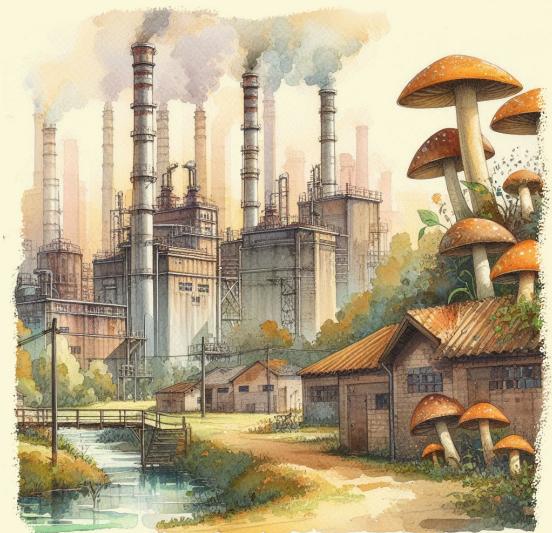
Armin @mitsuhiko Ronacher



*What's happening?*

# Who am I

- Armin Ronacher
- @mitsuhiko
- <https://lucumr.pocoo.org/>
- I love Open Source
- Flask, Insta, Jinja2, MiniJinja, ...



# What's Sentry

- <https://sentry.io/>
- Error and Crash Monitoring
- Application Performance Monitoring
- Session Replays etc.
- Open Source (\*)
- A Python Shop

*\*: some is BUSL licensed with a 3 year Apache 2 cliff*



# Errors and Crashes

Stack Trace

Most Relevant Full Stack Trace ↑ Newest ...

**TypeError**

i?.filter is not a function

mechanism generic handled true

**JS** ./app/components/forms/fields/sentryMemberTeamSelectorField.tsx in ensureUserIds at line 37:21 ⓘ In App

```
32     const currentItems = form?.getValue(props.name) as string[] | null;
33
34     // Ensure the current value of the fields members is loaded
35     const ensureUserIds = useMemo(
36         () =>
37             currentItems?.filter(item => item.startsWith('member:')).map(user => user.slice(7)),
```

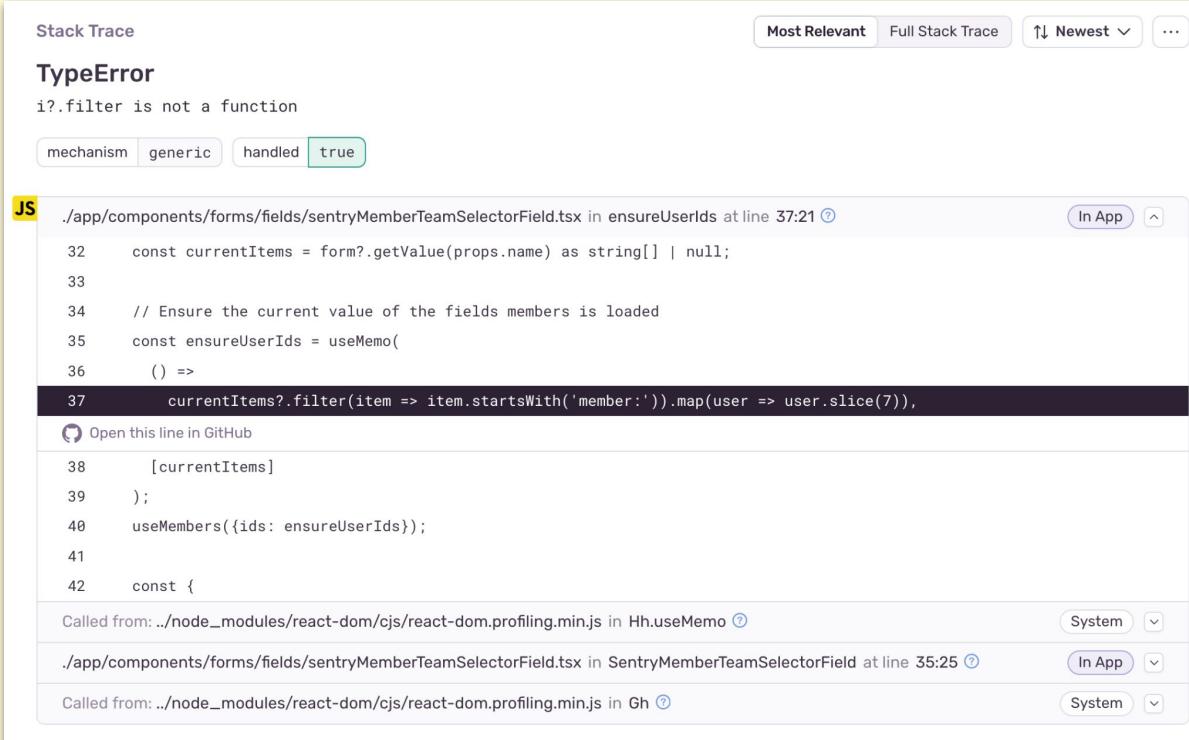
Open this line in GitHub

```
38         [currentItems]
39     );
40     useMembers({ids: ensureUserIds});
41
42     const {
```

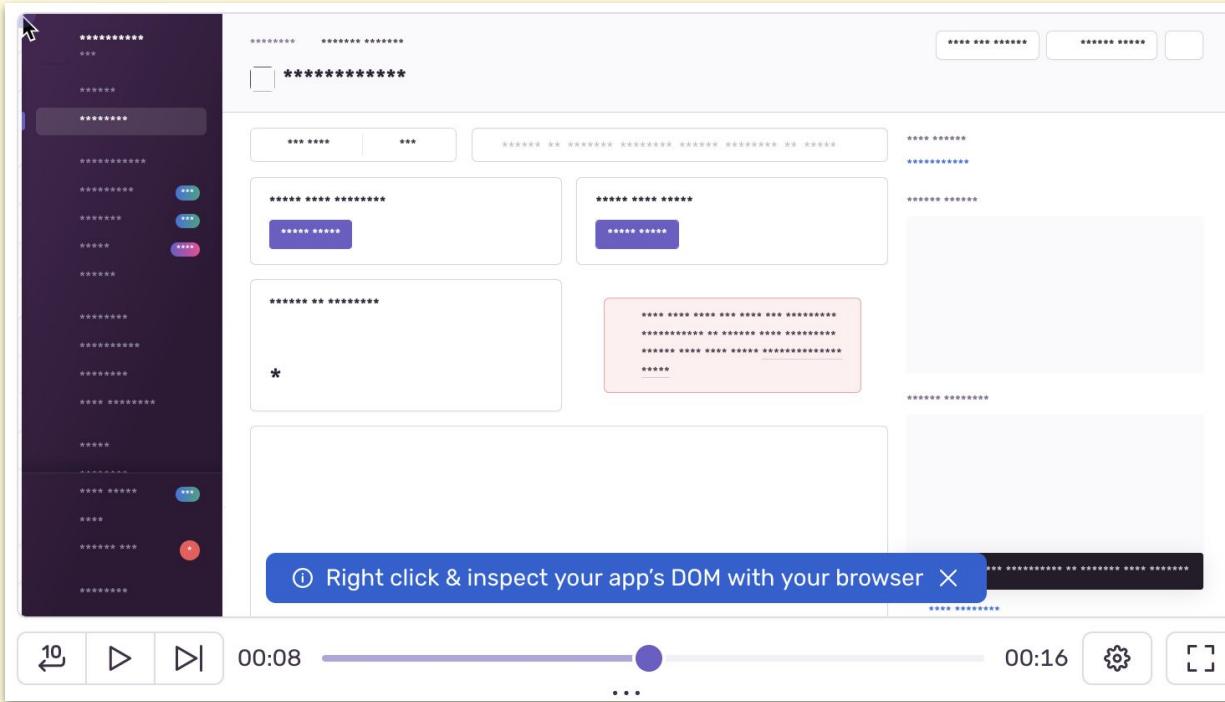
Called from: ../node\_modules/react-dom/cjs/react-dom.profiling.min.js in Hh.useMemo ⓘ System

./app/components/forms/fields/sentryMemberTeamSelectorField.tsx in SentryMemberTeamSelectorField at line 35:25 ⓘ In App

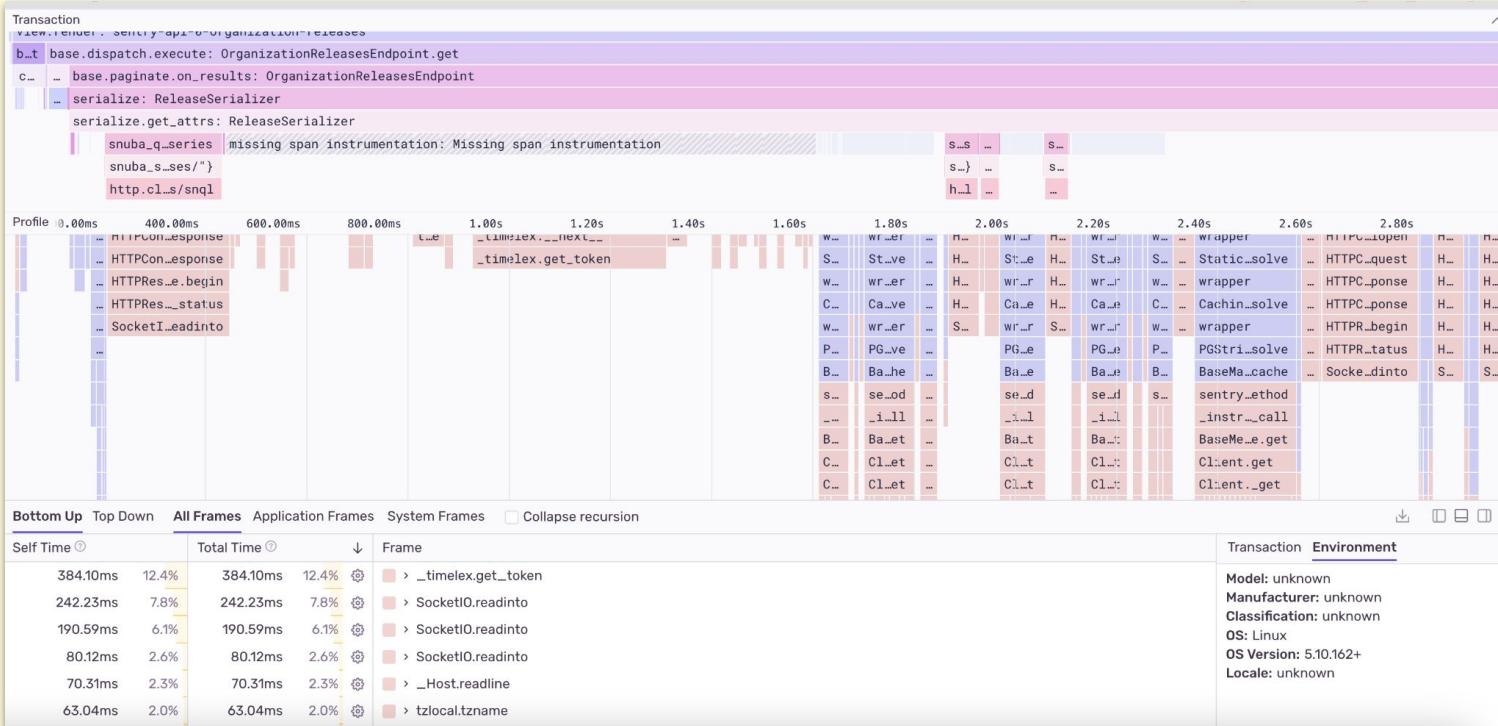
Called from: ../node\_modules/react-dom/cjs/react-dom.profiling.min.js in Gh ⓘ System



# Replays



# Profiles



# Traces



# Why Rust?

- Initially personal interest
- Was really good for redistribution (sentry-cli)
- Was really nice to expose to Python
- Over time: we quite like it
- Predictable at runtime
- Tooling is really good



# A Company's Origin Story is a Legend

- Memory gets foggy over time
- Technology choices are less well informed and more incidental
- Is Jane Street really successful because of OCaml?



# Rust @ Sentry Stats

- rust libraries + services: 180kLOC
- Sentry Python Monolith: 455kLOC
- Sentry TypeScript SPA: 612kLOC

Third most popular language by LOC



*Why we picked it*

# Predictable Runtime Behavior

- Feels like Python
- No whacky memory behavior
  - (aside from suffering of fragmentation – hi jemallocator)
- CPU usage mostly stays predictable
- Performs well for a long time



# Fits into Python

- Great at extension modules
- For us: cffi + milksnake (do not use!)
- Nowadays: PyO3 + maturin



*Unexpected Wins*

# Rust is Outbound

- We quite actively contribute to external crates in Rust
- We rarely do so in Python
- Fork and depend on fork works well!
- **Cargo as tooling changes behavior**



# Standardized Tooling

- One code style
- Almost universally embraced lints
- Rather well established patterns
- Jumping between code-bases feels natural
- Moving code between crates is trivial
- Painless compiler upgrades



# The DX is Dope

- cargo
- rustup
- rust-analyzer
- docs (std + crate)



# Types and Borrow Checker

- Modern Rust makes you a better programmer
- Types for the most part are helpful
- Borrow checker is not too annoying any more
- Makes you suspicious of a lot of Python code



*Unexpected Issues*

# Why is there so much memmove?

- Large error types
- String::clone and friends



# Large Result Types (Large Errors)

- The compiler sometimes is bad at optimizing result mapping

```
7 implementations
pub struct Error {
    repr: Box<ErrorRepr>,
}

0 implementations
struct ErrorRepr {
    kind: ErrorKind,
    detail: Option<Cow<'static, str>>,
    name: Option<String>,
    lineno: usize,
    span: Option<Span>,
    source: Option<Box<dyn std::error::Error + Send + Sync>>,
#[cfg(feature = "debug")]
    debug_info: Option<crate::debug::DebugInfo>,
}
```



# Shlemiel the Painter

- Work gets progressively harder
- Classic case: cstrings (strcat)
- But also OFFSET + LIMIT in SQL

Rust has a family of performance issues that are related

- Fear of lifetimes cause bad lookups
- String assigns become string clones



# Shlemiel Paints the Entire Street For Every Dot

- Add an offset to N tokens, clone entire source for every token

```
... 11 src/types.rs ...
@@ -951,11 +951,12 @@ impl SourceMap {
951     951             let name = original.get_name(token.name_id);
952     952             let source = original.get_source(token.src_id);
953     953
954 -             if let Some(source) = source {
955 -                 let contents = original.get_source_contents(token.src_id);
956 -
957 -                 let new_id = builder.add_source(source);
958 -                 builder.set_source_contents(new_id, contents);
959 +             if !builder.has_source_contents(token.src_id) {
960 +                 if let Some(source) = source {
961 +                     let contents = original.get_source_contents(token.src_id);
962 +                     let new_id = builder.add_source(source);
963 +                     builder.set_source_contents(new_id, contents);
964 +
965             }
966
967             let dst_line = (token.dst_line as i32 + line_diff) as u32;
968
969             if dst_line < 0 || dst_line > builder.line_count() {
970                 panic!("dst_line is out of bounds");
971             }
972
973             builder.set_line(dst_line, token);
974         }
975     }
976 }
```



# Strings are ... not optimal

- Maybe we should use more Arc<str>?
- But Arc<str> is not particularly efficient
- String's extra capacity is odd in public APIs
- Similar issue with Vec<u8> (broadcast to N sockets)



*WCB*

# Errors

- Still no stack trace on std::error::Error
- Errors don't have names (parsing Debug output)



# Life Before Main / Registry

- We would love a supported #[ctor]
- Or a way to register startup functions



*Async and Tokio*

# From Actix to Running our own Show

- Started out with actix + actix-web
- Actor frameworks feel great
- Backpressure management is a giant pain and messy
- Moved from pre-tokio 1.0 to async/await



# How I learned to love the async Bomb

- Use less async
- Use More Channels
- Embrace Backpressure
- (Cancellations are still hard)



*Rust is Good for Us*

*Rust Community: Let's talk*

# Some Thoughts

- Nobody is perfect
- Building things is hard
- Good intentions can still result in bad outcomes
- Rust made it this far, let's work on it together
- We all are more nuanced in Person



