Lab no: 5 – 1D ARRAYS

Q1. Find the largest and smallest element in a 1D array.

```
/*Finding the largest and the smallest element in the array*/
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
int main()
{
  printf("Name : MANOJ M MALLYA\n\n");
  int a[100],i,n,min,max;
  printf("Enter no of elements : ");
  scanf("%d",&n);
  printf("Enter the elements : \n");
  for(i=0; i<n; i++) // input 1D array
  {
    scanf("%d",&a[i]);
  }
  min = a[0];
  \max = a[0];
  for (i=1;i<n;i++)
    if (a[i]<min)
```

```
min = a[i];
}
if (a[i]>max)
{
    max = a[i];
}

printf("\nThe largest element is %d.\nThe smallest element is %d.\n",max,min);
return 0;
}
```

```
"D:\manoj MIT\1st sem\CS\code blocks programs\week 5.1\bin\Debug\week 5.exe"

Name : MANOJ M MALLYA

Enter no of elements : 5

Enter the elements :

-1

0

3

6

10

The largest element is 10.
The smallest element is -1.

Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time : 18.530 s

Press any key to continue.
```

Q2. Print all the prime numbers in a given 1D array.

```
/*Printing the prime numbers in a given 1D array*/
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <math.h>
int main()
{
  printf("Name : MANOJ M MALLYA\n\n");
  int i,n,j,a[100],b[100],flag,k=0;
  printf("Enter the number of elements : ");
  scanf("%d",&n);
  printf("Enter the elements : \n");
  for(i=0;i<n;i++)
    scanf("%d",&a[i]);
  }
  for(i=0;i<n;i++)
  {
    flag = 1;
    for(j=2;j<=sqrt(a[i]);j++)
       if(a[i]\%j==0)
       {
         flag = 0;
```

```
break;
}

if((flag==1)&&(a[i]>1))
{
    b[k]=a[i];
    k++;
}

printf("\nThe prime numbers present in the array are : ");
for (j=0;j<k;j++)
{
    printf("%d ",b[j]);
}
return 0;
}</pre>
```

```
"D:\manoj MIT\1st sem\CS\code blocks programs\week 5.2\bin\Debug\week 5.exe"

Name : MANOJ M MALLYA

Enter the number of elements : 11

Enter the elements :

0

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

11

The prime numbers present in the array are : 2 3 5 7 11

Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time : 22.325 s

Press any key to continue.
```

Q3. Arrange the given elements in a 1D array in ascending and descending order using bubble sort method. [Hint: use switch case (as case 'a' and case'd') to specify the order].

Program:

//Arranging the given elements in a 1D array in ascending and descending order using bubble sort and switch statement.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
int main()
{
  printf("Name : MANOJ M MALLYA\n\n");
  int arr[100],i,j,n,temp;
  char order;
  printf("Enter the number of elements : ");
  scanf("%d",&n);
  printf("Enter your elements : \n");
  for(i=0; i<n; i++)
  {
     scanf("%d",&arr[i]);
  }
  fflush(stdin);//to clear the input buffer
  printf("\nEnter 'a' to sort in ascending order\nEnter 'd' to sort in descending
order\n");
  printf("Enter your choice : ");
  scanf("%c",&order);
```

```
switch (order)
case 'a':
  printf("\nThe ascending order of array elements : ");
  for(i=0; i<n-1; i++)
  {
     for(j=0; j< n-i-1; j++)
       if(arr[j]>arr[j+1])
        {
          temp = arr[j];
          arr[j] = arr[j+1];
          arr[j+1] = temp;
        }
     }
  }
  for (i=0; i<n; i++)
  {
     printf("%d ",arr[i]);
  }
  break;
case 'd':
  printf("\nThe descending order of array elements : ");
  for(i=0; i<n-1; i++)
```

```
for(j=0; j< n-i-1; j++)
        if(arr[j] < arr[j+1])
        {
          temp = arr[j];
          arr[j] = arr[j+1];
          arr[j+1] = temp;
     }
  for (i=0; i<n; i++)
  {
     printf("%d ",arr[i]);
   }
default:
  printf("\nEnter proper choice.\n");
}
printf("\n");
return 0;
```

```
"D:\manoj MIT\1st sem\CS\code blocks programs\week 5.3\bin\Debug\week 5.exe"

Name : MANOJ M MALLYA

Enter the number of elements : 5
Enter your elements : 2

4

3

5

1

Enter 'a' to sort in ascending order
Enter 'd' to sort in descending order
Enter your choice : a

The ascending order of array elements : 1 2 3 4 5

Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time : 10.055 s

Press any key to continue.
```

```
"D:\manoj MIT\1st sem\CS\code blocks programs\week 5.3\bin\Debug\week 5.exe"

Name : MANOJ M MALLYA

Enter the number of elements : 6
Enter your elements :
67
54
72
99
32
55

Enter 'a' to sort in ascending order
Enter 'd' to sort in descending order
Enter your choice : d

The descending order of array elements : 99 72 67 55 54 32
Enter proper choice.

Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time : 24.847 s
Press any key to continue.
```

```
"D:\manoj MIT\1st sem\CS\code blocks programs\week 5.3\bin\Debug\week 5.exe"

Name : MANOJ M MALLYA

Enter the number of elements : 4

Enter your elements :

109

244

345

692

Enter 'a' to sort in ascending order

Enter 'd' to sort in descending order

Enter your choice : m

Enter proper choice.

Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time : 18.591 s

Press any key to continue.
```

Q4. Insert an element into a 1D array by getting an element and the position from the user.

Program:

//Inserting a new element in a 1D array by getting its value and position

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

int main()
{

    printf("Name : MANOJ M MALLYA\n\n");
    int a[100],n,i, pos, ele;
    printf("Enter the number of elements in the array : ");
    scanf ("%d",&n );//getting number of elements
```

```
printf("\nEnter the elements of array : \n");
for(i=0; i<n; i++)
scanf("%d",&a[i]);
printf("\nEnter the element and position of insertion : \n");
scanf("%d %d",&ele,&pos);
for(i=n ; i>=pos ; i--)//shifting the elements to right
a[i]=a[i-1];
}
a[pos-1]=ele;//ele is inserted at the specified pos.
n=n+1;//increment the count of no of elements
  printf("\n array after the insertion would be : \n");
  for(i=0;i<n;i++)
     printf("%d n,a[i]);
return 0;
```

}

```
"D:\manoj MIT\1st sem\CS\code blocks programs\week 5.4\bin\Debug\week 5.exe"
Name : MANOJ M MALLYA
Enter the number of elements in the array : 8
Enter the elements of array :
Enter the element and position of insertion :
The array after the insertion would be :
                            execution time : 17.009 s
Process returned 0 (0x0)
Press any key to continue.
```

Q5. Search the position of the number that is entered by the user and delete that number from the array and display the resultant array elements.

Program:

/*Searching the position of the number that is entered by the user and deleting that number

from the array and displaying the resultant array elements*/

#include <stdio.h>

```
#include <stdlib.h>
int main()
{
  printf("Name : MANOJ M MALLYA\n\n");
  int a[100],n,i,val,pos;
  printf("Enter the number of elements : ");
  scanf("%d",&n);
  printf("\nEnter the elements : \n");
  for(i=0;i<n;i++)
    scanf("%d",&a[i]);
  }
  printf("\nEnter the value of the element to be deleted : ");
  scanf("%d",&val);
  printf("\nThe position of the %d in the array is ",val);
  for (i=0;i<n;i++)
  {
    if(a[i]==val)
     {
       printf("%d\n",i+1);
       pos = i+1;
  }
```

```
for(i=pos-1;i<n-1;i++)//shifting the elements to left
{
    a[i]=a[i+1];
}
n=n-1;

printf("\nThe resultant array would be : ");
for (i=0;i<n;i++)
{
    printf("%d ",a[i]);
}
return 0;
}</pre>
```

```
"D:\manoj MIT\1st sem\CS\code blocks programs\week 5.5\bin\Debug\week 5.exe"

Name : MANOJ M MALLYA

Enter the number of elements : 5

Enter the elements : 44
23
5
87
99

Enter the value of the element to be deleted : 5

The position of the 5 in the array is 3

The resultant array would be : 44 23 87 99

Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time : 10.872 s

Press any key to continue.
```

Lab no: 6 – 2D ARRAYS

Q1. Find whether a given matrix is symmetric or not. [Hint: $A = A^{T}$]

```
//Checking whether a matrix is symmetric or not.
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
int main()
{
  printf("Name : MANOJ M MALLYA\n\n");
  int a[100][100],i,j,m,n,flag=1;
  printf("Enter the dimension of the matrix : \n");
  scanf("%d%d",&m,&n);
  if(m!=n)
  {
    printf("\n\nIT IS NOT A SQUARE MATRIX => IT CAN NEVER BE A
SYMMETRIC MATRIX.\n\n");
  }
  else
  {
    printf("\nEnter the elements of the matrix : \n");//getting the matrix
    for (i=0; i<m; i++)
      for (j=0; j<n; j++)
```

```
{
     scanf("%d",&a[i][j]);
   }
}
printf("\nThe current matrix is : \n");
for (i=0; i<m; i++)
{
  for (j=0; j< n; j++)
     printf("%d ",a[i][j]);
   }
  printf("\n");
}
//checking whether the matrix is equal to its transpose
for (i=0; i<m; i++)
{
  for(j=0; j< n; j++)
   {
     if (a[i][j]!=a[j][i])
     {
        flag=0;
        break;
```

```
if(flag==1)
{
    printf("\nIts a symmetric matrix.\n");
}
else
{
    printf("\nIts not a symmetric matrix.\n");
}
return 0;
}
```

```
"D:\manoj MIT\1st sem\CS\code blocks programs\week 6.1\bin\Debug\week 6.exe"

Name : MANOJ M MALLYA

Enter the dimension of the matrix :
2
3

IT IS NOT A SQUARE MATRIX => IT CAN NEVER BE A SYMMETRIC MATRIX.

Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time : 3.925 s

Press any key to continue.
```

```
"D:\manoj MIT\1st sem\CS\code blocks programs\week 6.1\bin\Debug\week 6.exe"

Name : MANOJ M MALLYA

Enter the dimension of the matrix :
2
2

Enter the elements of the matrix :
1
2
3
4

The current matrix is :
1 2
3 4

Its not a symmetric matrix.

Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time : 4.123 s

Press any key to continue.
```

```
"D:\manoj MIT\1st sem\CS\code blocks programs\week 6.1\bin\Debug\week 6.exe"
Name : MANOJ M MALLYA
Enter the dimension of the matrix :
Enter the elements of the matrix :
0
0
0
1
0
0
0
The current matrix is :
100
010
001
Its a symmetric matrix.
Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time: 8.913 s
Press any key to continue.
```

Q2. Find the trace and norm of a given square matrix. [Hint: Trace= sum of principal diagonal elements Norm= SQRT (sum of squares of the individual elements of an array)]

```
//Finding trace and norm of a square matrix.
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <math.h>
int main()
{
  printf("Name : MANOJ M MALLYA\n\n");
  int a[100][100],m,n,i,j,trace=0,sum=0;
  float norm;
  printf("Enter the dimension of the square matrix : \n");
  scanf("%d %d",&m,&n);
  if(m!=n)
  {
    printf("\n\nIT IS NOT A SQUARE MATRIX.\n\n");
  }
  else
  {
    printf("\nEnter the elements of the matrix : \n");
    for (i=0; i< m; i++) //getting the matrix
    {
       for(j=0; j<n; j++)
       {
```

```
scanf("%d",&a[i][j]);
  }
}
printf("\nThe current matrix is : \n");//printing the matrix
for (i=0; i<m; i++)
{
  for(j=0; j< n; j++)
  {
     printf("%d ",a[i][j]);
  printf("\n");
}
//finding trace and norm
for (i=0; i<m; i++)
{
  for(j=0; j< n; j++)
     sum+=(a[i][j])*(a[i][j]);
     if(i==j)
       trace+=a[i][j];
   }
norm = sqrt(sum);
printf("\nThe trace of the matrix is %d\n",trace);
printf("The norm of the matrix is %f\n",norm);
```

```
}
return 0;
}
```

```
"D:\manoj MIT\1st sem\CS\code blocks programs\week 6.2\bin\Debug\week 6.exe"

Name : MANOJ M MALLYA

Enter the dimension of the square matrix :
2
4

IT IS NOT A SQUARE MATRIX.

Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time : 7.466 s

Press any key to continue.
```

```
"D:\manoj MIT\1st sem\CS\code blocks programs\week 6.2\bin\Debug\week 6.exe"

Name : MANOJ M MALLYA

Enter the dimension of the square matrix :
3
3

Enter the elements of the matrix :
1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9

The current matrix is :
1 2 3
4 5 6
7 8 9

The trace of the matrix is 15
The norm of the matrix is 16.881943

Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time : 13.094 s
Press any key to continue.
```

Q3. Perform matrix multiplication.

```
//Performing matrix multiplication.
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
int main()
{
  printf("Name : MANOJ M MALLYA\n\n");
  int a[100][100], b[100][100], c[100][100], i, j, k, m, n, p, q;
  printf("Enter the dimensions of the 1st matrix : \n");
  scanf("%d %d",&m,&n);
  printf("Enter the dimensions of the 2nd matrix : \n");
  scanf("%d %d",&p,&q);
  if(n!=p)//if the condition for matrix multiplication is not satisfied
     printf("\n\nMATRIX MULTIPLICATION IS NOT DEFINED FOR
THESE TWO MATRICES (taken in order).\n\n");
  }
  else
  {
     printf("\nEnter the elements of the 1st matrix : \n");
     for (i=0; i<m; i++) //getting the 1st matrix
     {
       for (j=0; j<n; j++)
         scanf("%d",&a[i][j]);
```

```
}
     }
     printf("\nEnter the elements of 2nd matrix : \n");
     for (i=0; i<p; i++) //getting the 2nd matrix
     {
       for (j=0; j<q; j++)
       {
          scanf("%d",&b[i][j]);
       }
     }
     //Multiplying 2 matrices. This involves 3 nested for loops
     for (i=0; i<m; i++) //traverses through every row of 1st matrix
     {
       for (j=0; j<q; j++) //traverses through every column of 2nd matrix
       {
          c[i][j]=0;
          for(k=0; k<n; k++)//forms the sum of the products of corresponding
elements
          {
            c[i][j] += a[i][k]*b[k][j];
     }
     //Printing the dimension of resultant matrix which is of the order 'm x q'
     printf("\n\nThe matrix obtained after multiplication is : \n\n");
```

```
"D:\manoj MIT\1st sem\CS\code blocks programs\week 6.3\bin\Debug\week 6.exe"

Name : MANOJ M MALLYA

Enter the dimensions of the 1st matrix :

2
Enter the dimensions of the 2nd matrix :

3
4

MATRIX MULTIPLICATION IS NOT DEFINED FOR THESE TWO MATRICES (taken in order).

Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time : 5.810 s

Press any key to continue.
```

```
"D:\manoj MIT\1st sem\CS\code blocks programs\week 6.3\bin\Debug\week 6.exe"

Name : MANOJ M MALLYA

Enter the dimensions of the 1st matrix :
2
3
Enter the dimensions of the 2nd matrix :
3
2

Enter the elements of the 1st matrix :
1
2
3
4
5
6

Enter the elements of 2nd matrix :
1
2
3
4
5
6

The matrix obtained after multiplication is :
22 28
49 64

Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time : 10.329 s
Press any key to continue.
```

Q4. To interchange the primary and secondary diagonal elements in the given Matrix.

```
// Interchanging the primary and secondary diagonal elements of a given matrix.
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

int main()
{
    printf("Name : MANOJ M MALLYA\n\n");
```

```
int a[100][100],m,n,i,j,temp;
printf("Enter the dimension of the square matrix : \n");
scanf("%d %d",&m,&n);
if(m!=n)
{
  printf("\n\nIT IS NOT A SQUARE MATRIX.\n\n");
}
else
{
  printf("\nEnter the elements of the matrix : \n");
  for (i=0; i<m; i++) //getting the matrix
  {
    for(j=0; j< n; j++)
     {
       scanf("%d",&a[i][j]);
     }
  }
  printf("\n\nTHE CURRENT MATRIX : \n");
  for (i=0; i<m; i++)
  {
    for(j=0; j< n; j++)
       printf("%d ",a[i][j]);
     }
    printf("\n");
```

```
}
  for (i=0; i<m; i++)
     for(j=0; j< n; j++)
     {
       if(i==j)
       {
          temp = a[i][i];
          a[i][i] = a[i][n-i-1];
          a[i][n-i-1]=temp;
     }
  }
  printf("\ \ NTHE\ MATRIX\ AFTER\ REQUIRED\ MODIFICATION: \ \ \ \ ");
  for (i=0; i<m; i++)
     for(j=0; j<n; j++)
     {
       printf("%d ",a[i][j]);
     printf("\n");
  }
return 0;
```

}

```
"D:\manoj MIT\1st sem\CS\code blocks programs\week 6.4\bin\Debug\week 6.exe"

Name : MANOJ M MALLYA

Enter the dimension of the square matrix :
2
3

IT IS NOT A SQUARE MATRIX.

Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time : 2.653 s

Press any key to continue.
```

```
■ Select "D:\manoj MIT\1st sem\CS\code blocks programs\week 6.4\bin\Debug\week 6.exe"
Name : MANOJ M MALLYA
Enter the dimension of the square matrix :
Enter the elements of the matrix :
0
0
0
1
0
0
THE CURRENT MATRIX :
100
010
0 0 1
THE MATRIX AFTER REQUIRED MODIFICATION :
001
0 1 0
100
                            execution time: 8.395 s
Process returned 0 (0x0)
Press any key to continue.
```

Q5. Interchange any two Rows & Columns in the given Matrix.

```
//Interchanging any two rows & columns of a given matrix.
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
int main()
{
  printf("Name : MANOJ M MALLYA\n\n");
  int a[100][100],m,n,i,j,c1,c2,r1,r2,temp;
  char choice;
  printf("Enter the dimensions of the matrix : \n");
  scanf("%d %d",&m,&n);
  printf("\nFill the matrix : \n");
  for(i=0; i<m; i++) //getting the matrix
    for(j=0; j<n; j++)
     {
       scanf("%d",&a[i][j]);
     }
  }
  printf("\nThe current matrix is : \n");
  for (i=0;i<m;i++)
     {
```

```
for (j=0; j< n; j++)
          printf("%d ",a[i][j]);
       printf("\n");
  fflush(stdin);
  printf("\nEnter 'r' if rows are to be swapped\nEnter 'c' if columns are to be
swapped");
  printf("\nEnter your choice : ");
  scanf("%c",&choice);
  switch(choice)
  case 'r':
     printf("\nEnter the rows to be inter changed : ");
     scanf("%d %d",&r1,&r2);
     for(i=0; i<n; i++)
       temp=a[r1-1][i];
       a[r1-1][i]=a[r2-1][i];
       a[r2-1][i]=temp;
     }
     printf("\nThe modified matrix is : \n");
     for (i=0;i<m;i++)
     {
```

```
for (j=0;j< n;j++)
       printf("%d ",a[i][j]);
     printf("\n");
  break;
case 'c':
  printf("\nEnter the columns to be inter changed : ");
  scanf("%d %d",&c1,&c2);
  for(i=0; i<m; i++)
     temp=a[i][c1-1];
     a[i][c1-1]=a[i][c2-1];
     a[i][c2-1]=temp;
  }
  printf("\nThe modified matrix is : \n");
  for (i=0;i<m;i++)
     for (j=0;j<n;j++)
     {
       printf("%d ",a[i][j]);
     printf("\n");
  break;
```

```
default:
    printf("\nEnter proper choice.\n");
}
return 0;
}
```

```
■ "D:\manoj MIT\1st sem\CS\code blocks programs\week 6.5\bin\Debug\week 6.exe"
Name : MANOJ M MALLYA
Enter the dimensions of the matrix :
Fill the matrix :
32
45
54
87
90
The current matrix is :
23 32
45 54
87 90
Enter 'r' if rows are to be swapped
Enter 'c' if columns are to be swapped
Enter your choice : r
Enter the rows to be inter changed : 1 2
The modified matrix is :
45 54
23 32
87 90
Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time : 48.977 s
Press any key to continue.
```

```
"D:\manoj MIT\1st sem\CS\code blocks programs\week 6.5\bin\Debug\week 6.exe"
Name : MANOJ M MALLYA
Enter the dimensions of the matrix :
Fill the matrix :
3
The current matrix is :
1 2 3
4 5 6
7 8 9
Enter 'r' if rows are to be swapped
Enter 'c' if columns are to be swapped
Enter your choice : c
Enter the columns to be inter changed : 2 3
The modified matrix is :
1 3 2
4 6 5
7 9 8
Process returned 0 (0x0)
                            execution time : 54.504 s
Press any key to continue.
```

```
Name: MANOJ M MALLYA

Enter the dimensions of the matrix:

2

Fill the matrix:

5

6

7

8

The current matrix is:

5

6

7

8

Enter 'r' if rows are to be swapped Enter 'c' if columns are to be swapped Enter your choice: z

Enter proper choice.

Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time: 12.228 s

Press any key to continue.
```

Q6. Search for an element in a given matrix and count the number of its occurrences.

Program:

//Searching for an element in a given matrix and counting the number of its occurrences.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
int main()
{
  printf("Name : MANOJ M MALLYA\n\n");
  int a[100][100],m,n,i,j,count=0,ele,k=0;
  printf("Enter the dimension of the matrix : \n");
  scanf("%d %d",&m,&n);
  printf("\nPopulate the matrix : \n");
  for (i=0; i<m; i++)
  {
    for (j=0; j< n; j++)
       scanf("%d",&a[i][j]);
     }
  }
  printf("\nThe matrix is : \n");
  for (i=0; i<m; i++)
  {
```

```
for (j=0; j< n; j++)
     printf("%d ",a[i][j]);
  }
  printf("\n");
}
printf("\nEnter the required element : ");
scanf("%d",&ele);
printf("\n%d is found in these positions in this matrix : ",ele);
for(i=0; i<m; i++)
{
  for(j=0; j<n; j++)
     if(a[i][j]==ele)
       printf("(%d,%d) ",i,j);
       count++;
     }
}
if(count==0)
  printf(" Element not found.\n");
```

```
exit(0);
}

printf("\n\nFrequency of %d = %d. \n",ele,count);
return 0;
}
```

```
"D:\manoj MIT\1st sem\CS\code blocks programs\week 6.6\bin\Debug\week 6.exe"

Name : MANOJ M MALLYA

Enter the dimension of the matrix :
2
2
Populate the matrix :
1
2
3
4

The matrix is :
1 2
3 4

Enter the required element : 5
5 is found in these positions in this matrix : Element not found.

Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time : 30.630 s

Press any key to continue.
```

```
Townsoid MIT(Ist sem\CS\code blocks programs\week 6.6\bin\Debug\week 6.exe"

Name: MANOJ M MALLYA

Enter the dimension of the matrix:

3

Populate the matrix:

1

0

0

0

1

The matrix is:

1 0 0

0 1 0

0 1 0

0 1 0

0 1 0

Frequency of 0 = 6.

Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time: 11.878 s

Press any key to continue.
```