

Manoj M Mallya

200905130

Section : C2

Roll no. : 23

LAB – 7 – GENREICS

Lab Exercises :

1. Write a generic method to exchange the positions of two different elements in an array.

Code :

```
public class generic_swap
{
    static <T>
    void swap(T[] a,int i,int j)
    {
        T t = a[i];
        a[i] = a[j];
        a[j] = t;
    }

    public static void main(String args[])
    {
        String a[] = {"it","is","marvellous"};
```

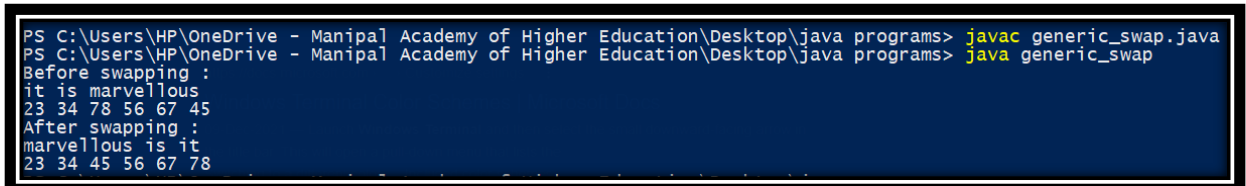
```
System.out.println("Before swapping : ");  
for(int i=0;i<a.length;i++)  
{  
    System.out.print(a[i]+" ");  
}  
System.out.println();  
swap(a,0,2);  
Integer b[]={ 23,34,78,56,67,45};  
for(int i=0;i<b.length;i++)  
{  
    System.out.print(b[i]+" ");  
}  
swap(b,2,5);  
System.out.println("\nAfter swapping :");  
for(int i=0;i<a.length;i++)  
{  
    System.out.print(a[i]+" ");  
}  
System.out.println();  
for(int i=0;i<b.length;i++)  
{  
    System.out.print(b[i]+" ");  
}
```

```

        System.out.println();
    }
}

```

Output :



```

PS C:\Users\HP\OneDrive - Manipal Academy of Higher Education\Desktop\java programs> javac generic_swap.java
PS C:\Users\HP\OneDrive - Manipal Academy of Higher Education\Desktop\java programs> java generic_swap
Before swapping :
it is marvellous
23 34 78 56 67 45
After swapping :
marvellous is it
23 34 45 56 67 78

```

2. Define a simple generic stack class and show the use of the generic class for two different class types Student and Employee class objects.

Code :

```
import java.util.*;
```

```

class stack<T>
{
    T[] stk = (T[]) new Object[20];
    static int max = 20;
    int top = -1;

    void push(T ele)
    {
        if(top==max-1)
        {
            System.out.println("Stack is full.");
            return;

```

```
    }  
    stk[++top]=ele;  
}
```

```
T pop()  
{  
    if (top==-1)  
    {  
        System.out.println("Stack is empty.");  
    }  
    return stk[--top];  
}
```

```
void display()  
{  
    for(int i=top;i>=0;i--)  
    {  
        System.out.print(stk[i].toString());  
    }  
    System.out.println();  
}
```

```
}
```

```
class Student
{
    String first;
    String last;
    String email;
    int section;

    public Student(String first,String last,String email,int section)
    {
        this.first = first;
        this.last = last;
        this.email = email;
        this.section = section;
    }

    public String toString()
    {
        return section + " " + first + " " + last + " " + email + "\n" ;
    }
}
```

```
class Employee
{
    String first;
```

```

String last;

String email;

int empid;//employee id

public Employee(String first,String last,String email,int empid)
{
    this.first = first;

    this.last = last;

    this.email = email;

    this.empid = empid;
}

public String toString()
{
    return empid + " " + first + " " + last + " " + email + "\n" ;
}
}

```

```

public class generic_stack
{

    public static void main(String args[])
    {
        stack <Student> stu = new stack <Student> ();

        stack <Employee> emp = new stack <Employee> ();
    }
}

```

```

System.out.println("Student details : ");

stu.push(new Student("Harish","Dash","hdash2002@gmail.com",1));
stu.push(new Student("Sharan","Pandey","pandeyji@gmail.com",2));
stu.push(new Student("Mahima","Poojary","mahi1359@gmail.com",3));

stu.display();

stu.pop();

System.out.println("After first pop : ");

stu.display();

System.out.println("Employee details : ");

emp.push(new
Employee("Farhad","Bandhiwala","rockxyz@gmail.com",101));

emp.push(new
Employee("Rakesh","Kumar","rakumar@gmail.com",103));

emp.push(new
Employee("Shreshta","Pai","shreshta1996@gmail.com",105));

emp.display();

System.out.println("After two consecutive pops : ");

emp.pop();

emp.pop();

emp.display();

}

}

```

Output :

```

PS C:\Users\HP\OneDrive - Manipal Academy of Higher Education\Desktop\java programs> javac generic_stack.java
Note: generic_stack.java uses unchecked or unsafe operations.
Note: Recompile with -Xlint:unchecked for details.
PS C:\Users\HP\OneDrive - Manipal Academy of Higher Education\Desktop\java programs> java generic_stack
Student details :
3 Mahima Poojary mahi1359@gmail.com
2 Sharan Pandey pandeyji@gmail.com
1 Harish Dash hdash2002@gmail.com

After first pop :
2 Sharan Pandey pandeyji@gmail.com
1 Harish Dash hdash2002@gmail.com

Employee details :
105 Shreshta Pai shreshta1996@gmail.com
103 Rakesh Kumar rakumar@gmail.com
101 Farhad Bandhiwala rockxyz@gmail.com

After two consecutive pops :
101 Farhad Bandhiwala rockxyz@gmail.com

```

3. Write a program to demonstrate the use of wildcard arguments.

Code :

```

class NumFns<T extends Number> {

    T num;

    NumFns(T n) {

        num = n;

    }

    boolean absEqual (NumFns<?> ob) {

        if(Math.abs(num.doubleValue()) == Math.abs(ob.num.doubleValue()))

            return true;

        return false;

    }

}

public class wildcard_arg{

    public static void main(String[] args) {

        NumFns<Integer> i = new NumFns<Integer> (8);

        NumFns<Double> d = new NumFns<Double> (-8.0);
    }
}

```



```
NumFns<Long> l = new NumFns<Long> (6L);

System.out.println("Demonstrating WildCard Arguments : ");

if(i.absEqual(d))

System.out.println("Integer = Double");

else

System.out.println("Integer != Double");

if(i.absEqual(l))

System.out.println("Integer = Long");

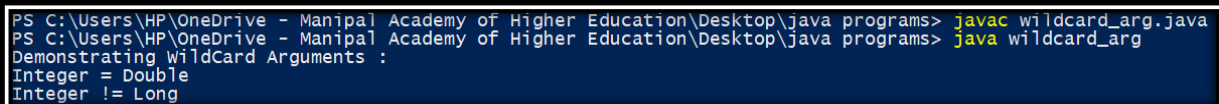
else

System.out.println("Integer != Long");

}

}
```

Output :



```
PS C:\Users\HP\OneDrive - Manipal Academy of Higher Education\Desktop\java programs> javac wildcard_arg.java
PS C:\Users\HP\OneDrive - Manipal Academy of Higher Education\Desktop\java programs> java wildcard_arg
Demonstrating WildCard Arguments :
Integer = Double
Integer != Long
```
