LAB - 1

- 1.a. Write a method isPrime() to accept one integer parameter and to check whether that parameter is prime or not.
- 1.b. Using this method, generate first N prime numbers in the main method.

```
Code:
import java.util.Scanner;
class isPrime {
       //main function
       public static void main(String[] args) {
              int N, count = 0, k = 2;
              Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
              System.out.println("Enter the limit:");
              N = sc.nextInt();
              System.out.println("First " + N + " prime numbers are : ");
              while (count < N) {
                     if (isPrime(k)) {
                            System.out.print(k + " ");
                            count++;
                     }
                     k++;
              }
       }
       //method
       public static boolean isPrime(int n) {
              int flag = 1;
              for (int i = 2; i \le Math.sqrt(n); i++) {
                     if (n \% i == 0) {
                            flag = 0;
                            break:
                     }
              if (flag == 1) {
                     return (true);
              } else {
                     return (false);
              }
       }
}
```

Output:

```
student@V310Z-000:~/Desktop/200905130/Lab 1$ pwd
/home/student/Desktop/200905130/Lab 1
student@V310Z-000:~/Desktop/200905130/Lab 1$ ls
isPrime.class isPrime.java
student@V310Z-000:~/Desktop/200905130/Lab 1$ javac isPrime.java
student@V310Z-000:~/Desktop/200905130/Lab 1$ java isPrime
Enter the limit :
10
First 10 prime numbers are :
2  3  5  7  11  13  17  19  23  29  student@V310Z-000:~/Desktop/200905130/Lab 1$ java isPrime
Enter the limit :
3
First 3 prime numbers are :
2  3  5  student@V310Z-000:~/Desktop/200905130/Lab 1$ |
```

2. Arrange the elements in ascending and descending order using Bubble sort method.

```
Code:
import java.util.Scanner;
class bubble sort {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
     Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
     int i, j, n;
     int [] a = new int[30];
     System.out.println("Enter the number of elements: ");
     n = sc.nextInt();
     System.out.println("Populate the array: ");
     for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        a[i] = sc.nextInt();
     }
     //ascending order
     for (i = 0; i < n - 1; i++) {
        for (i = 0; i < n - i - 1; i++)
          if (a[j + 1] < a[j]) {
             int temp = a[j + 1];
             a[j + 1] = a[j];
             a[j] = temp;
          }
        }
     }
     //printing ascending order
     System.out.print("\nThe ascending order of numbers : ");
     for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        System.out.print(a[i] + " ");
     }
     //descending order
     for (i = 0; i < n - 1; i++) {
        for (j = 0; j < n - i - 1; j++) {
          if (a[j + 1] > a[j]) {
             int temp = a[j + 1];
             a[j + 1] = a[j];
```

a[j] = temp;

```
}
}

//printing descending order
System.out.print("\n\nThe descending order of numbers : ");
for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
    System.out.print(a[i] + " ");
}
}</pre>
```

Ouput:

3. Find the addition of two matrices and display the resultant matrix.

```
Code:
```

import java.util.Scanner;

```
class matrix addition {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
     Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
     int [][] a = new int [10][10],b = new int [10][10],c = new int [10][10];
     int m, n, p, q, i, j;
     System.out.println("Enter the dimensions of the 1st matrix: ");
     m = sc.nextInt();
     n = sc.nextInt();
     System.out.println("Enter the dimensions of the 2nd matrix: ");
     p = sc.nextInt();
     q = sc.nextInt();
     if ((m != p) || (n != q)) {
       System.out.println("\nThese two matrices cannot be added as they are of different
order.");
       System.exit(0);
     } else {
       System.out.println("\nEnter the elements of 1st matrix : ");
```

```
for (i = 0; i < m; i++) {
          for (j = 0; j < n; j++) {
             a[i][j] = sc.nextInt();
           }
        }
        System.out.println("\nEnter the elements of 2nd matrix: ");
        for (i = 0; i < p; i++) {
          for (i = 0; i < q; i++) {
             b[i][i] = sc.nextInt();
        }
        //Addition of two matrices
        for (i = 0; i < m; i++) {
          for (j = 0; j < n; j++) {
             c[i][j] = a[i][j] + b[i][j];
          }
        }
        //Printing the resultant matrix
        System.out.println("\nThe resultant matrix is : ");
        for (i = 0; i < m; i++) {
          for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
             System.out.print(c[i][j] + " ");
          System.out.println();
       }
     }
  }
}
```

Ouput:

```
student@V310Z-000:-/Desktop/200905130/Lab 1$ pwd
/home/student/Desktop/200905130/Lab 1$ ls
tudent@V310Z-000:-/Desktop/200905130/Lab 1$ ls
lss.png 1 2ss.png bubble sort.class bubble_sort.java isPrime.class isPrime.java matrix_addition.java
student@V310Z-000:-/Desktop/200905130/Lab 1$ javac matrix_addition.java
student@V310Z-000:-/Desktop/200905130/Lab 1$ java matrix_addition
Enter the dimensions of the 1st matrix :
2
Enter the dimensions of the 2nd matrix :
2
Enter the elements of 1st matrix :
1
2
Enter the elements of 2nd matrix :
4
Enter the elements of 2nd matrix :
4
The resultant matrix is :
5 5
```