

# Big data platform (Spark) performance acceleration

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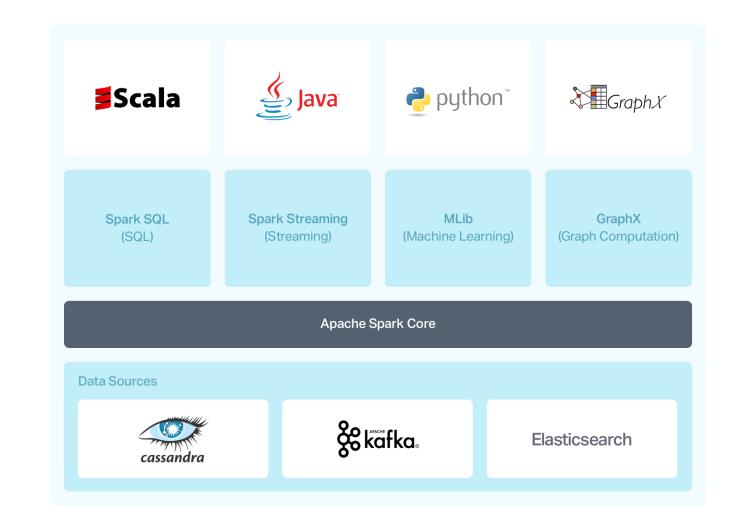


## Sprint Goals

- Set-up environment
- Find the existing spark code
- Read and summarize riffle paper
- Research about the spark architecture and their phases: map, shuffle and reduce

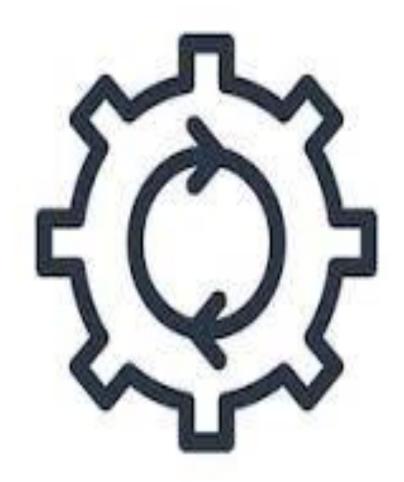
#### What is Spark?

- Open-source distributed generalpurpose clustercomputing framework
- Unified analytics engine for big data processing, with built-in modules for streaming, SQL, machine learning and graph processing.
- Provides an interface for programming entire clusters with implicit data parallelism and fault tolerance.

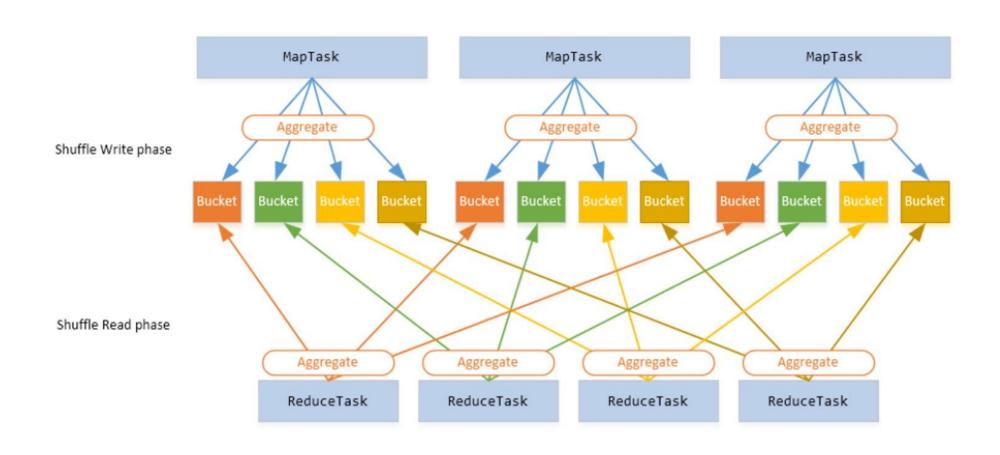


Key difference between MapReduce and Spark

- Processing: Spark can do it inmemory, while Hadoop MapReduce has to read from and write to a disk.
- As a result, the speed of processing differs significantly— Spark may be up to 100 times faster. However, the volume of data processed also differs: Hadoop MapReduce is able to work with far larger data sets than Spark.



## How does Spark work?



#### Demo

	follower	followee	
0	1	11553	
1	1	8762940	
2	1	8762941	
3	1	688136	
4	1	8762942	

```
val conf = new SparkConf().setAppName("Link Analysis")
val sc = new SparkContext(conf)
val textFile = sc.textFile(args(0))

val counts = textFile.map(line => line.split(regex = ",")(1))
.map(folowee => (folowee, 1))
.reduceByKey(_ + _)
```

Duration		eeded / total	Inp	ut	Output	Shuffle read	Shuffle write	
10 s	20	) / 20			77.1 MiB	90.7 MiB		
46 s	20/20 1		1.2	.2 GiB			90.7 MiB	
Stage ID	•	Status		Desc	cription			
1 Complete			eted	runJob at SparkHadoopWriter.scala:78				
0 Completed			map at LinkAnalysis.scala:25					

#### Current Issues

ALL-TO-ALL COMMUNICATION REQUIRED BETWEEN MAP AND REDUCE.

WAIT TIME OF REDUCE PHASE.

THE NUMBER OF DISK I/O OPERATIONS
DONE BY THE REDUCE PHASE EQUALS THE
NUMBER OF MAP OUTPUTS GENERATED.

### Observations

WASTE OF TIME TO WAIT BY REDUCE PHASE.

ONE CAN MERGE FRAGMENTED INTERMEDIATE SHUFFLE FILES INTO LARGER BLOCK FILES, AND THUS CONVERT SMALL, RANDOM DISK I/O REQUESTS INTO LARGE, SEQUENTIAL ONES.

REDUCE WILL NOW ACCESS THESE MERGE OUTPUTS, WHICH CAN DECREASE THE NUMBER OF I/O OPERATIONS.

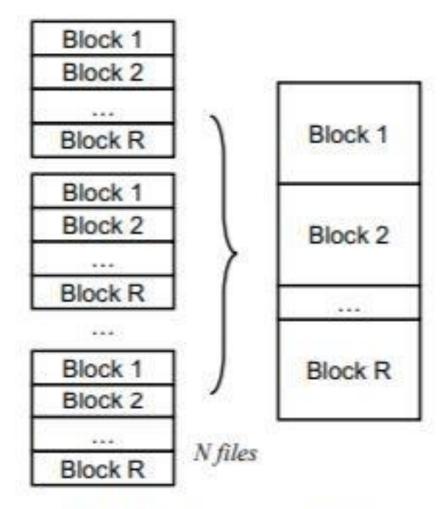
### Riffle

RIFFLE IS THE SHUFFLE MERGE SERVICE THAT KEEPS TRACK OF INTERMEDIATE SHUFFLE FILES AND DYNAMICALLY COORDINATES MERGE OPERATIONS.

KEEPS TRACK OF TASK EXECUTION PROGRESS AND SCHEDULES MERGE OPERATIONS BASED ON CONFIGURABLE STRATEGIES AND POLICIES.

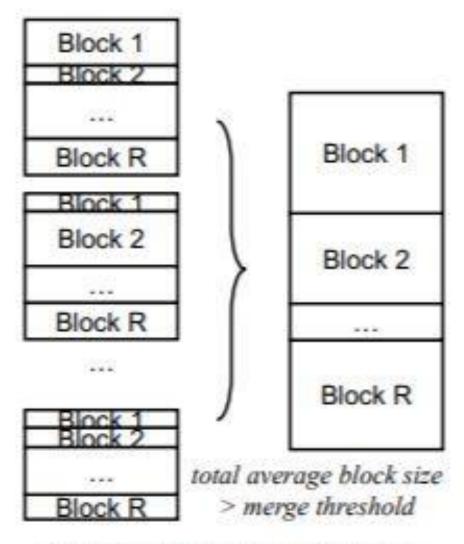
THE INTERMEDIATE FILES ARE SOON
GARBAGE COLLECTED AFTER JOB
COMPLETION, SO THEY OCCUPY DISK SPACE
ONLY TEMPORARILY

Merge with fixed Number of file



(a) Greedy N-way Merge.

# Merge with fixed block size



(b) Fixed Block Size Merge.



## Next Sprint Goals

- Understand existing spark code
- Research on ways to implement the N-Way merge
- Find the appropriate data set
- Start implementing the N-Way merge algorithm



Any Questions?

## Thank You!