Curl of Curl Michael Albrecht

## Exercise 1.

Let  $\mathbf{f} = (f_x, f_y, f_z)$  be a vector function in three dimensions. Compute the quantity

$$\operatorname{curl}\left(\operatorname{curl}\mathbf{f}\right)\tag{1}$$

in components.

## Solution 1.

We recall the formula for the curl in Cartesian coordinates. If  $\mathbf{f} = (f_x, f_y, f_z)$ , then the curl of  $\mathbf{f}$  in components is given by

$$\operatorname{curl}(\mathbf{f}) = \hat{\mathbf{i}} \left( \frac{\partial f_z}{\partial y} - \frac{\partial f_y}{\partial z} \right) + \hat{\mathbf{j}} \left( \frac{\partial f_x}{\partial z} - \frac{\partial f_z}{\partial x} \right) + \hat{\mathbf{k}} \left( \frac{\partial f_y}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial f_x}{\partial y} \right). \tag{2}$$

For convenience, let's define  $\operatorname{curl} \mathbf{f} = \mathbf{A}$  as a new vector  $\mathbf{A}$ . The components of A are then

$$A_{x} = \frac{\partial f_{z}}{\partial y} - \frac{\partial f_{y}}{\partial z},$$

$$A_{y} = \frac{\partial f_{x}}{\partial z} - \frac{\partial f_{z}}{\partial x},$$

$$A_{z} = \frac{\partial f_{y}}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial f_{x}}{\partial y}.$$
(3)

Now we wish to compute  $\operatorname{curl}(\operatorname{curl} \mathbf{f})$ , which is just  $\operatorname{curl} \mathbf{A}$ . Using (2), the  $\hat{\mathbf{i}}$  component of this vector is

$$(\operatorname{curl} \mathbf{A})_x = \frac{\partial A_z}{\partial y} - \frac{\partial A_y}{\partial z}.$$
 (4)

To compute each of these derivatives, we must use the components of A given in (3). The first of these

$$\frac{\partial A_z}{\partial y} = \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left( \frac{\partial f_y}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial f_x}{\partial y} \right) 
= \frac{\partial^2 f_y}{\partial x \partial y} - \frac{\partial^2 f_x}{\partial y^2}.$$
(5)