

来

B

• *As either 1 or 9*

• But A can't be 1 if the product is 3-digit

• Therefore Arts be 9

• *Must be* ✓

- A and B stands for 2 different digits

1

A

\times

A

1

B

1

求 B

- A and B stands for 2 different digits

$$\begin{array}{r} 1A \\ \times A \\ \hline 1B1 \end{array}$$

- A is either 1 or 9
- But A can't be 1 if the product is 3-digit
- Therefore A must be 9
- B must be 7

求 D

	1	A	B	4		i. 5
						ii. 6
×					C	
<hr/>						
1	0	7	4	D		iii. 4
						iv. 3

- We can eliminate 5 and 3.
- For D to be 6, C is either 4 or 9 ($1194 \times 9 = 10,746$)
- For D to be 4, C is either 1 or 6 (impossible)