1 準備:幾何学

定義 1. Let X be a set. A topology on X is a collection of subsets of X, such that:

- (1) the empty set ϕ and the set X are open;
- (2) the union of an arbitrary collection of open sets is open;
- (3) the intersection of a finite number of open sets is open.

問題 2. X の部分集合族 O を用いて、上記の位相空間の定義を書き直せ.

定義 3. 位相空間 M が次の条件 (1),(2) を満足する時, M を m dimensional topological manifold という.

- (1) M is Hausdorff space.
- (2) For $\forall p \in M$ m 次元座標近傍 (U,φ) が存在する.

定義 4. Given any C^k manifold M, of dimension n, with $k \ge 1$, for any $p \in M$, a tangent vector to M at p is any equivalence class of C^1 curves through p on M, modulo the equivalence relation defined in below.

$$\gamma_1: (-\epsilon_1, \epsilon_1) \to M \gamma_2: (-\epsilon_2, \epsilon_2) \to M$$
 are equivalent $\Leftrightarrow^\exists (U, \varphi)$ s.t $\frac{d(\varphi \circ \gamma_1)}{dt}(0) = \frac{d(\varphi \circ \gamma_2)}{dt}(0)$ (1) 次に逆写像定理が重要となる.

定理 5. M,N を C^r 級多様体, $f:M\to N$ を C^r 級写像とする. $(df)_p:T_p(M)\stackrel{\sim}{\longrightarrow} T_{f(p)}N$ なら, $p\in^\exists U,f(p)\in^\exists V$ s.t $f|U:U\stackrel{\sim}{\longrightarrow} V$.