

Cut the sticks

You are given N sticks, where the *length* of each stick is a positive integer. A *cut operation* is performed on the sticks such that all of them are reduced by the length of the smallest stick.

Suppose we have six sticks of the following lengths:
5 4 4 2 2 8

Then, in one *cut operation* we make a cut of length 2 from each of the six sticks. For the next *cut operation* four sticks are left (of non-zero length), whose lengths are the following:
3 2 2 6

The above step is repeated until no sticks are left.

Given the length of N sticks, print the number of sticks that are left before each subsequent *cut operations*.

Note: For each *cut operation*, you have to recalculate the length of smallest sticks (excluding zero-length sticks).

Input Format

The first line contains a single integer N .
The next line contains N integers: a_0, a_1, \dots, a_{N-1} separated by space, where a_i represents the length of i^{th} stick.

Output Format

For each operation, print the number of sticks that are cut, on separate lines.

Constraints

$1 \leq N \leq 1000$
 $1 \leq a_i \leq 1000$

Sample Input #00

```
6
5 4 4 2 2 8
```

Sample Output #00

```
6
4
2
1
```

Sample Input #01

```
8
1 2 3 4 3 3 2 1
```

Sample Output #01

```
8
6
4
```

Explanation*Sample Case #00 :*

sticks-length	length-of-cut	sticks-cut
5 4 4 2 2 8	2	6
3 2 2 _ _ 6	2	4
1 _ _ _ _ 4	1	2
_ _ _ _ _ 3	3	1
_ _ _ _ _	DONE	DONE

Sample Case #01

sticks-length	length-of-cut	sticks-cut
1 2 3 4 3 3 2 1	1	8
_ 1 2 3 2 2 1 _	1	6
_ _ 1 2 1 1 _ _	1	4
_ _ _ 1 _ _ _ _	1	1
_ _ _ _ _ _ _ _	DONE	DONE