1. Multiple ATMs are accessing and updating a shared bank account. With out proper synchronization, two withdrawals might result in an overdraft. Write a multi-threaded program simulating ATM withdrawals using a mutex to protect the shared account balance from race conditions.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <pthread.h>
                                                                Compiled Successfully. memory: 1664 time: 0 exit code: 0
                                                                 Attempting to withdraw 700...
int account_balance = 1000;
                                                                 Withdrawal successful. New balance: 300
pthread mutex taccount mutex;
                                                                 Failed to withdraw 500. Insufficient funds.
                                                                  Current balance: 300
void* perform_withdrawal(void* arg) {
  int withdrawal amount = *((int*)arg);
  pthread_mutex_lock(&account_mutex);
  if (account balance >= withdrawal amount) {
    printf("Attempting to withdraw %d...\n", withdrawal_amount);
    account_balance -= withdrawal_amount;
    printf("Withdrawal successful. New balance: %d\n", account_balance);
  } else {
    printf("Failed to withdraw %d. Insufficient funds. Current balance: %d\n", withdrawal_amount,
account balance);
  }
  pthread_mutex_unlock(&account_mutex);
  return NULL:
}
int main() {
  pthread_t atm1, atm2;
  int amount1 = 700, amount2 = 500;
  pthread_mutex_init(&account_mutex, NULL);
  pthread_create(&atm1, NULL, perform_withdrawal, &amount1);
  pthread_create(&atm2, NULL, perform_withdrawal, &amount2);
  pthread_join(atm1, NULL);
  pthread_join(atm2, NULL);
  pthread_mutex_destroy(&account_mutex);
  return 0;
}
2. Multiple users try to book the same seat in a theater simultaneously. Only one should succeed; the
 rest should get a "seat already booked" message. Design a thread-safe seat reservation system
 where each seat can be booked by only one thread. Use a mutex to prevent double booking.
#include <stdio.h>
#include <pthread.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
bool isSeatBooked = false;
pthread_mutex_t seatMutex;
```

```
void* tryToBookSeat(void* arg) {
  int userId = *((int*)arg);
  pthread_mutex_lock(&seatMutex);
  if (!isSeatBooked) {
    isSeatBooked = true;
                                                                       Compiled Successfully. memory: 1792 time: 0 exit code: 0
    printf("User %d booked the seat successfully.\n", userId);
                                                                         User 1 booked the seat successfully.
  } else {
                                                                         User 3 failed: Seat already booked.
    printf("User %d failed: Seat already booked.\n", userId);
                                                                         User 2 failed: Seat already booked.
                                                                         User 4 failed: Seat already booked.
  pthread_mutex_unlock(&seatMutex);
                                                                         User 5 failed: Seat already booked.
  return NULL;
}
int main() {
  pthread_t userThreads[5];
  int userIds[5] = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\};
  pthread_mutex_init(&seatMutex, NULL);
  for (int i = 0; i < 5; i++) {
    pthread_create(&userThreads[i], NULL, tryToBookSeat, &userIds[i]);
  for (int i = 0; i < 5; i++) {
    pthread_join(userThreads[i], NULL);
  pthread_mutex_destroy(&seatMutex);
  return 0;
}
3. A group of users wants to book 3 consecutive seats together (e.g., For a family). Multiple such
group threads attempt to book, and they should only succeed if 3 adjacent seats are available. Design
a thread-safe booking system where each group (thread) checks for and books 3 consecutive available
seats. Use mutexes to ensure that no race condition occurs.
#include <stdio.h>
#include <pthread.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
                                                               Compiled Successfully, memory: 1664 time: 0 exit code: 0
#define TOTAL SEATS 10
bool seatAvailable[TOTAL_SEATS] = {false};
                                                                Team 1 booked seats 0, 1, 2
pthread_mutex_t seatLock;
                                                                Team 2 booked seats 3, 4, 5
                                                                Team 3 booked seats 6, 7, 8
                                                                Team 4 failed to book 3 consecutive seats.
void* reserveSeats(void* arg) {
  int teamID = *((int*)arg);
  pthread mutex lock(&seatLock);
  for (int i = 0; i <= TOTAL_SEATS - 3; i++) {
    if (!seatAvailable[i] && !seatAvailable[i+1] && !seatAvailable[i+2]) {
       seatAvailable[i] = seatAvailable[i+1] = seatAvailable[i+2] = true;
       printf("Team %d booked seats %d, %d, %d\n", teamID, i, i+1, i+2);
       pthread_mutex_unlock(&seatLock);
       return NULL;
```

```
}
  printf("Team %d failed to book 3 consecutive seats.\n", teamID);
  pthread_mutex_unlock(&seatLock);
  return NULL;
}
int main() {
  pthread_t teamThreads[4];
  int teamIDs[4] = \{1, 2, 3, 4\};
  pthread_mutex_init(&seatLock, NULL);
  for (int i = 0; i < 4; i++) {
    pthread\_create(\&teamThreads[i], NULL, reserveSeats, \&teamIDs[i]);\\
  for (int i = 0; i < 4; i++) {
    pthread_join(teamThreads[i], NULL);
  pthread_mutex_destroy(&seatLock);
  return 0;
}
```