

1. Determine the values $\int_1^2 e^x \sin(4x) dx$ with $h=0.1$ by

- Use the composite trapezoidal rule
- Use the composite Simpsons' method
- Use the composite midpoint rule

Problem 1:

a. Trapezoidal rule result: 0.3961475922
b. Simpson's rule result: 0.3856635960
c. Midpoint rule result: 0.3808047984
Exact value: 0.3859357293

2. Approximate $\int_1^{1.5} x^2 \ln x dx$ using Gaussian Quadrature with $n=3$ and $n=4$. Then compare the result to the exact value of the integral.

Problem 2:

Gaussian quadrature (n=3) result: 0.1436482150
Gaussian quadrature (n=4) result: 0.1436482464
Exact value : 0.1436482466

3. Approximate $\int_0^{\pi/4} \int_{\sin x}^{\cos x} (2y \sin x + \cos^2 x) dy dx$ using

- Simpson's rule for $n=4$ and $m=4$
- Gaussian Quadrature, $n=3$ and $m=3$
- Compare these results with the exact value.

Problem 3:

a. Simpson's rule (n=4, m=4) result: 0.1252849847
b. Gaussian quadrature (n=3, m=3) result: 0.0833466191
c. Exact value: 0.1250000000
Error (Simpson): 0.0002849847
Error (Gaussian): 0.0416533809

4. Use the composite Simpson's rule and $n=4$ to approximate the

improper integral a) $\int_0^1 x^{-1/4} \sin x dx$, b) $\int_1^\infty x^{-4} \sin x dx$ by use the transform

$$t = x^{-1}$$

Problem 4:

a. $\int_0^1 \sin(x) * x^{(-1/4)} dx = 0.5290497849$
Exact value: 0.5284080812
Error: 0.0006417037
b. $\int_1^\infty \sin(x) * x^{(-1)} dx = 0.8186777635$
Exact value: 0.8121200686
Error: 0.0065576949