## プログラミング言語周りノート

2021年7月13日

# 目次

第1章	Preliminaries	3
1.1	基本的な表記	4
第2章	Basic Calculus	7
2.1	WIP: (Untyped) $\lambda$ -Calculus	8
2.2	Simply Typed $\lambda$ -Calculus	9
2.3	WIP: System-T	12
2.4	WIP: PCF	13
2.5	System-F	14
2.6	System-F $\omega$	19
2.7	$\lambda~\mu\text{-Calculus}$	26
2.8	WIP: Lambda Bar Mu Mu Tilde Calculus	30
2.9	WIP: $\pi$ -Calculus	31
第3章	Modules and Phase Distinction	33
3.1	Light-Weight F-ing modules	34
3.2	F-ing modules	40
第4章	Control Operators	49
第5章	Coherent Implicit Parameter	51
第6章	Polymorphic Record Type	53
第7章	Type Checking and Inference	55
第8章	Static Memory Management and Regions	57
第9章	Dynamic Memory Management and Gabage Collection	59
第 10 章	I/O Management and Concurrency	61
第 11 章	Code Generation and Virtual Machines	63
第 12 章	Program Stability and Compatibility	65
第 13 章	Program Separation and Linking	67
第 14 章	Syntax and Parsing	69
14.1	WIP: Parsing by LR Method	70
14.2	Syntax and Semantics of PEG	71
第 15 章	Analysis and Optimizations	75

第 16 章	Meta-Programming and Multi-Stage Programming	77
第 17 章	Generic Programming	79
第 18 章	Advanced Calculus	81
第 19 章	Some Notes of Quell Ideas	83
19.1	WIP: Implementation Note of PEG Parser	84
19.2	Quell Syntax and Identations	88
19.3	Quell Modules	89
10.0		

# 第1章

# **Preliminaries**

第1章 Preliminaries

### 1.1 基本的な表記

**量化子** (quantifier) の束縛をコンマ (,) で続けて書く. 束縛の終わりをピリオド (.) で示す. 例えば,

$$\forall x_1 \in X_1, x_2 \in X_2. \exists y_1 \in Y_1, y_2 \in Y_2. x_1 = y_1 \land x_2 = y_2$$

は,

$$\forall x_1 \in X_1. \ \forall x_2 \in X_2. \ \exists y_1 \in Y_1. \ \exists y_2 \in Y_2. \ x_1 = y_1 \land x_2 = y_2$$

と等しい. また,量化子の束縛において, such that を省略し,コンマ (,)で繋げて書く. 例えば,

$$\forall x \in \{0, 1\}, x \neq 0. x = 1$$

は,

$$\forall x \in \{0,1\}. x \neq 0 \implies x = 1$$

と等しい. また,  $\Rightarrow$ ,  $\iff$  が他の記号と混同する場合, それぞれ implies, iff を使用する.

集合 (set) について、以下の表記を用いる.

- 集合 A について、その**濃度** (cardinality) を |A| と表記する. なお、A が有限集合 (finite set) の時、濃度とは要素の個数のことである.
- 集合 A について、 $a \in A$  を a : A と表記する.
- **自然数** (*natural number*) の集合を  $\mathbb{N} = \{0,1,...\}$  と表記する.また,n 以上の自然数の集合を  $\mathbb{N}_{\geq n} = \{n,n+1,...\}$  と表記する.
- 自然数 *n* ∈ N について, {1,...,*n*} を [*n*] と表記する.
- 集合 A の**冪集合**を  $\mathcal{P}(A) = \{X \mid X \subseteq A\}$ ,有限冪集合を  $\mathcal{P}_{fin}(A) = \{X \in \mathcal{P}(X) \mid X \$ は有限集合  $\}$  と表記する.
- 集合  $A_1, ..., A_n$  の直積 (cartesian product) を  $A_1 \times \cdots \times A_n = \{(a_1, ..., a_n) \mid a_1 \in A_1, ..., a_n \in A_n\}$  と表記する. 集合 A の n 直積を  $A^n = A \times \cdots \times A$  と表記する. 特に、 $A^0 = \{\epsilon\}$  である.

n 項

- 集合  $A_1, ..., A_n$  の**直和**  $(disjoin\ union)$  を  $A_1 \uplus \cdots \uplus A_n = (A_1 \times \{1\}) \cup \cdots (A_n \times \{n\})$  と表記する. なお,文脈から明らかな場合,直和の添字を省略し, $a \in A_i$  に対して, $a \in A_1 \uplus \cdots \uplus A_n$  と表記する.
- 集合  $A \cap B$  との**差集合**を  $A \setminus B = \{a \in A \mid a \notin B\}$  と表記する.

集合  $\Sigma$  について、 $\bigcup_{n\in\mathbb{N}} \Sigma^n$  を  $\Sigma^*$  と表記する.この時、 $\alpha \in \Sigma^*$  を  $\Sigma$  による**列** (sequence) と呼ぶ.列について、以下の表記を用いる.

- $(\sigma_1, ..., \sigma_n) \in \Sigma^n$  について,  $(\sigma_1, ..., \sigma_n)$  を  $\sigma_1 \cdots \sigma_n$  と表記する.
- 列  $\alpha = \sigma_1 \cdots \sigma_n \in \Sigma^*$  について、その長さを  $|\alpha| = n$  と表記する.

集合 A, B について、 $R \subseteq A \times B$  を**関係** (relation) と呼ぶ. また、

$$A \rightharpoonup B \stackrel{\mathrm{def}}{=} \{R \in \mathcal{P}(A \times B) \mid \forall x \in A, (x, y_1), (x, y_2) \in R. \ y_1 = y_2\}$$

という表記を導入し、関係  $f:A \rightarrow B$  を A から B への部分関数 (partial function) と呼ぶ. さらに、

$$A \to B \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \{ f : A \to B \mid \forall x \in A. \, \exists y \in B. \, (x, y) \in f \}$$

という表記を導入し、部分関数  $f: A \rightarrow B$  を (全) 関数 (function) と呼ぶ。関係について、以下の表記を用いる。

- 関係  $R \subseteq A \times B$  について,  $(a,b) \in R$  を a R b と表記する.
- 関係  $R \subseteq A \times B$  について、定義域 (domain) を  $dom(R) = \{a \mid \exists b. (a,b) \in R\}$ , 値域 (range) を  $cod(R) = \{b \mid \exists a. (a,b) \in R\}$  と表記する.

1.1 基本的な表記 5

- 部分関数  $f: A \to B$  について,  $(a,b) \in f$  を f(a) = b と表記する.
- 関係  $R_1 \subseteq A \times B$ ,  $R_2 \subseteq B \times C$  について、その合成 (composition) を  $R_1; R_2 = R_2 \circ R_1 = \{(x, z) \in A \times C \mid \exists y \in B. (x, y) \in R_1, (y, z) \in R_2\}$  と表記する.
- 関係  $R \subseteq A \times B$ , 集合  $X \subseteq A$  について, R の X による制限 (restriction) を  $R \upharpoonright_X = \{(a,b) \in R \mid a \in X\}$  と表記する. 特に関数  $f: A \to B$  の  $X \subseteq A$  による制限は, 関数  $f \upharpoonright_X : X \to B$  になる.
- $a \in A$ ,  $b \in B$  について、その組を  $a \mapsto b = (a,b)$ 、関数  $f: A \to B$  を  $f = x \mapsto f(x)$  と表記する.
- 2 項関係  $R \subseteq A^2$  について,その**推移閉包** (transitive closure),つまり以下を満たす最小の 2 項関係を  $R^+ \subseteq A^2$  と表記する.
  - 任意の  $(a,b) \in R$  について,  $(a,b) \in R^+$ .
  - 任意の  $(a,b) \in R^+$ ,  $(b,c) \in R^+$  について,  $(a,c) \in R^+$ .
- 2 項関係  $R \subseteq A^2$  について、その**反射推移閉包** (reflexive transitive closure) を  $R^* = R^+ \cup \{(a,a) \mid a \in A\}$  と表記する.

集合 I について、その要素で添字付けられた対象の列  $\{a_i\}_{i\in I}$  を I で添字づけられた $\mathbf{K}$  (indexed family) と呼ぶ.族について、以下の表記を用いる.

- 族の集合を  $\prod_{i\in I}A_i=\{\{a_i\}_{i\in I}\mid \forall i\in I, a_i\in A_i\}$  と表記する.
- 集合の族  $A = \{A_i\}_{i \in I}$  について、次の条件を満たす時、A は**互いに素** (pairwise disjoint) であるという.

$$\forall i_1,i_2 \in I, i_1 \neq i_2.A_{i_1} \cap A_{i_2} = \emptyset$$

第2章

Basic Calculus

2.1 WIP: (Untyped)  $\lambda$ -Calculus

## 2.2 Simply Typed $\lambda$ -Calculus

Alias: STLC,  $\lambda^{\rightarrow}$  [GTL89]

#### 2.2.1 Syntax

$$\begin{array}{lll} e ::= x & \text{(variable)} \\ & \mid e \; e & \text{(application)} \\ & \mid \lambda x : \tau.e & \text{(abstraction)} \\ & \mid c_A & \text{(constant)} \\ \tau ::= A & \text{(atomic type)} \\ & \mid \tau \to \tau & \text{(function type)} \\ \Gamma ::= \cdot & \text{(empty)} \\ & \mid \Gamma, x : \tau & \text{(cons)} \end{array}$$

Convention:

$$\tau_1 \to \tau_2 \to \cdots \to \tau_n \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \tau_1 \to (\tau_2 \to (\cdots \to \tau_n) \cdots)$$

$$e_1 e_2 \cdots e_n \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} (\cdots (e_1 e_2) \cdots) e_n)$$

Environment Reference:

$$\Gamma(x)=\tau$$

$$\frac{x = x'}{(\Gamma, x' : \tau)(x) = \tau} \qquad \frac{x \neq x' \quad \Gamma(x) = \tau}{(\Gamma, x' : \tau')(x) = \tau}$$

Free Variable:

$$fv(e)=\{\overline{x'}\}$$

$$\frac{fv(e_1) = X_1 \quad fv(e_2) = X_2}{fv(e_1 e_2) = X_1 \cup X_2} \qquad \frac{fv(e) = X}{fv(\lambda x : \tau.e) = X \setminus \{x\}} \qquad \frac{fv(c_A) = \emptyset}{fv(c_A) = \emptyset}$$

Substitution:

部分関数 
$$\{x_1 \mapsto e_1, \dots, x_n \mapsto e_n\}$$
 を, $[x_1 \leftarrow e_1, \dots, x_n \leftarrow e_n]$  または  $[x_1, \dots, x_n \leftarrow e_1, \dots, e_n]$  と表記する. 
$$e[\overline{x' \leftarrow e'}] = e''$$

$$\begin{split} & [\overline{x'} \leftarrow \overline{e'}](x) = e \\ & x[\overline{x'} \leftarrow \overline{e'}] = e \end{split} \qquad x \not\in \operatorname{dom}([\overline{x'} \leftarrow \overline{e'}]) \\ & x[\overline{x'} \leftarrow \overline{e'}] = x \end{split}$$
 
$$\underbrace{e_1[\overline{x'} \leftarrow \overline{e'}] = e_1'' \quad e_2[\overline{x'} \leftarrow \overline{e'}] = e_2''}_{(e_1 \ e_2)[\overline{x'} \leftarrow \overline{e'}] = e_1'' \ e_2''} \qquad \underbrace{e([\overline{x'} \leftarrow \overline{e'}] \upharpoonright_{\operatorname{dom}([\overline{x'} \leftarrow \overline{e'}]) \backslash \{x\}}) = e''}_{(\lambda x \ : \ \tau . e)[\overline{x'} \leftarrow \overline{e'}] = \lambda x \ : \ \tau . e''} \qquad \underbrace{c_A[\overline{x'} \leftarrow \overline{e'}] = c_A}_{c_A[\overline{x'} \leftarrow \overline{e'}] = c_A} \end{split}$$

 $\alpha\text{-Equality:}$ 

$$e_1 \equiv_{\alpha} e_2$$

$$\frac{x_1 = x_2}{x_1 \equiv_{\alpha} x_2} \qquad \frac{x' \notin fv(e_1) \cup fv(e_2) \quad e_1[x_1 \leftarrow x'] \equiv_{\alpha} e_2[x_2 \leftarrow x']}{\lambda x_1 : \tau. e_1 \equiv_{\alpha} \lambda x_2 : \tau. e_2} \qquad \frac{e_1 \equiv_{\alpha} e_2 \quad e_1' \equiv_{\alpha} e_2'}{e_1 e_1' \equiv_{\alpha} e_2 e_2'} \qquad \frac{c_A \equiv_{\alpha} c_A}{c_A \equiv_{\alpha} c_A}$$

定理 1 (Correctness of Substitution). 式 e, 置換  $[\overline{x'} \leftarrow \overline{e'}]$  について,  $X = \text{dom}([\overline{x'} \leftarrow \overline{e'}])$  とした時,

$$fv(e[\overline{x'} \leftarrow \overline{e'}]) = (fv(e) \setminus X) \cup \bigcup_{x \in fv(e) \cap X} fv([\overline{x'} \leftarrow \overline{e'}](x)).$$

定理 2 ( $\alpha$ -Equality Does Not Touch Free Variables).  $e_1 \equiv_{\alpha} e_2$  ならば、 $fv(e_1) = fv(e_2)$ .

#### 2.2.2 Typing Semantics

 $\Gamma \vdash e : \tau$ 

$$\begin{split} \frac{\Gamma(x) = \tau}{\Gamma \vdash x : \tau} & \text{T-Var} \\ \frac{\Gamma, x : \tau_1 \vdash e : \tau_2}{\Gamma \vdash \lambda x : \tau_1 . e : \tau_1 \to \tau_2} & \text{T-Abs} \\ \frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 : \tau_2 \to \tau \quad \Gamma \vdash e_2 : \tau_2}{\Gamma \vdash e_1 e_2 : \tau} & \text{T-App} \\ \frac{\Gamma \vdash c_A : A}{\Gamma \vdash c_A : A} & \text{T-Const} \end{split}$$

特に、・ $\vdash e:\tau$  の時、 $e:\tau$  と表記.

#### 2.2.3 Evaluation Semantics (Call-By-Value)

$$v ::= \lambda x : \tau.e$$

$$\mid c_A$$

$$C ::= []$$

$$\mid C e$$

$$\mid v C$$

Small Step:

 $e \Rightarrow e'$ 

$$(\lambda x : \tau.e) \ v \Rightarrow e[x \leftarrow v]$$

$$\frac{e \Rightarrow e'}{C[e] \Rightarrow C[e']}$$

Big Step:

e ψ υ

$$\frac{e_1 \Downarrow \lambda x : \tau. e_1' \quad e_2 \Downarrow v_2 \quad e_1'[x \leftarrow v_2] \Downarrow v}{e_1 e_2 \Downarrow v}$$

定理 3 (Adequacy of Small Step and Big Step).  $e \Rightarrow^* v$  iff  $e \Downarrow v$ .

定理 4 (Type Soundness).  $e:\tau$  の時,  $e\Rightarrow^* v$ ,  $e \Downarrow v$  となる  $v=nf(\Rightarrow,e)$  が存在し,

- $\tau = \tau_1 \rightarrow \tau_2$  の時,  $v \equiv_{\alpha} \lambda x' : \tau_1.e'$  となる  $\lambda x' : \tau'.e'$  が存在する.
- $\tau = A$  の時,  $v \equiv_{\alpha} c_A$  となる  $c_A$  が存在する.

#### 2.2.4 Equational Reasoning

$$\Gamma \vdash e_1 \equiv e_2 : \tau$$

$$\frac{\Gamma,x:\tau\vdash e_1:\tau_2\to\tau\quad\Gamma\vdash e_2:\tau_2}{\Gamma\vdash(\lambda x:\tau.e_1)\,e_2\equiv e_1[x\leftarrow e_2]:\tau}\,\,\mathrm{Eq}\text{-}\beta\text{-}\mathrm{Lam}\qquad \frac{x\not\in fv(e)\quad\Gamma\vdash e:\tau_1\to\tau_2}{\Gamma\vdash(\lambda x:\tau_1.e\,x)\equiv e:\tau_1\to\tau_2}\,\,\mathrm{Eq}\text{-}\eta\text{-}\mathrm{Lam}$$
 
$$\frac{e_1\equiv_\alpha e_2\quad\Gamma\vdash e_1:\tau\quad\Gamma\vdash e_2:\tau}{\Gamma\vdash e_1\equiv e_2:\tau}\,\,\mathrm{Eq}\text{-}\alpha\text{-}\mathrm{Refl}$$
 
$$\frac{\Gamma\vdash e_2\equiv e_1:\tau}{\Gamma\vdash e_1\equiv e_2:\tau}\,\,\mathrm{Eq}\text{-}\mathrm{Sym}\qquad \frac{\Gamma\vdash e_1\equiv e_2:\tau\quad\Gamma\vdash e_2\equiv e_3:\tau}{\Gamma\vdash e_1\equiv e_3:\tau}\,\,\mathrm{Eq}\text{-}\mathrm{Trans}$$
 
$$\frac{\Gamma,x:\tau\vdash e_1\equiv e_2:\tau'}{\Gamma\vdash\lambda x:\tau.e_1\equiv\lambda x:\tau.e_2:\tau\to\tau'}\,\,\mathrm{Eq}\text{-}\mathrm{Cong}\text{-}\mathrm{Abs}\qquad \frac{\Gamma\vdash e_1\equiv e_2:\tau'\to\tau\quad\Gamma\vdash e_1'\equiv e_2':\tau'}{\Gamma\vdash e_1\equiv e_2:\tau'\to\tau}\,\,\mathrm{Eq}\text{-}\mathrm{Cong}\text{-}\mathrm{App}$$

特に、・ $\vdash e_1 \equiv e_2 : \tau$  の時、 $e_1 \equiv e_2 : \tau$  と表記.

定理 5 (Respect Typing). 
$$\Gamma \vdash e_1 \equiv e_2 : \tau$$
 ならば、 $\Gamma \vdash e_1 : \tau$  かつ  $\Gamma \vdash e_2 : \tau$ .

定理 6 (Respect Evaluation). 
$$e_1 \equiv e_2 : \tau$$
 の時,  $e_1' \Rightarrow^* e_1$ ,  $e_2 \Rightarrow^* e_2'$  ならば  $e_1' \equiv e_2' : \tau$ .

系 7. 
$$e_1 \equiv e_2 : \tau$$
 の時,  $e_1 \Rightarrow^* e_1'$ ,  $e_2 \Rightarrow^* e_2'$  ならば  $e_1' \equiv e_2' : \tau$ .

証明.  $e_1 \Rightarrow^* e_1$  より、定理 6 から  $e_1 \equiv e_2' : \tau$ . よって、T-Sym から  $e_2' \equiv e_1 : \tau$  であり、 $e_2' \Rightarrow^* e_2'$  より定理 6 から  $e_2' \equiv e_1' : \tau$ . 故に、T-Sym から  $e_1' \equiv e_2' : \tau$ .

2.3 WIP: System-T

2.4 WIP: PCF 13

2.4 WIP: PCF

### 2.5 System-F

Alias: F, Second Order Typed Lambda Calculus,  $\lambda 2$  [GTL89]

#### 2.5.1 Syntax

$$\begin{array}{lll} e ::= x & \text{(variable)} \\ & | \lambda x : \tau.e & \text{(abstraction)} \\ & | e e & \text{(application)} \\ & | \Lambda t.e & \text{(universal abstraction)} \\ & | e \tau & \text{(universal application)} \\ \tau ::= t & \text{(type variable)} \\ & | \tau \rightarrow \tau & \text{(function type)} \\ & | \forall t.\tau & \text{(polymorphic type)} \\ \Gamma ::= \cdot & \text{(empty)} \\ & | \Gamma, x : \tau & \text{(variable cons)} \\ & | \Gamma, t : \Omega & \text{(type variable cons)} \\ \end{array}$$

Convention:

$$\tau_1 \to \tau_2 \to \cdots \to \tau_n \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \tau_1 \to (\tau_2 \to (\cdots \to \tau_n) \cdots)$$

$$e_1 e_2 \cdots e_n \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} (\cdots (e_1 e_2) \cdots) e_n)$$

**Environment Reference:** 

$$\Gamma(x) = \tau$$

$$\frac{x = x'}{(\Gamma, x' : \tau)(x) = \tau} \qquad \frac{x \neq x'}{(\Gamma, x' : \tau')(x) = \tau} \qquad \frac{\Gamma(x) = \tau}{(\Gamma, t : \Omega)(x) = \tau}$$

$$\frac{t = t'}{(\Gamma, t' : \Omega)(t) = \Omega} \qquad \frac{t \neq t'}{(\Gamma, t' : \Omega')(t) = \Omega} \qquad \frac{\Gamma(t) = \Omega}{(\Gamma, x : \tau)(t) = \Omega}$$

Free Variable:

$$fv(e)=\{\overline{x}\}$$

$$\frac{fv(e_1) = X_1 \quad fv(e_2) = X_2}{fv(x) = \{x\}} \qquad \frac{fv(e) = X}{fv(e_1 e_2) = X_1 \cup X_2} \qquad \frac{fv(e) = X}{fv(\lambda x : \tau. e) = X \setminus \{x\}} \qquad \frac{fv(e) = X}{fv(e \tau) = X} \qquad \frac{fv(e) = X}{fv(\Lambda t. e) = X}$$

Substitution:

部分関数 
$$\{x_1 \mapsto e_1, \dots, x_n \mapsto e_n\}$$
 を, $[x_1 \leftarrow e_1, \dots, x_n \leftarrow e_n]$  または  $[x_1, \dots, x_n \leftarrow e_1, \dots, e_n]$  と表記する.  $e[\overline{x' \leftarrow e'}] = e''$ 

$$\frac{[\overline{x'}\leftarrow\overline{e'}](x)=e}{x[\overline{x'}\leftarrow\overline{e'}]=e} \qquad \frac{x\notin \mathrm{dom}([\overline{x'}\leftarrow\overline{e'}])}{x[\overline{x'}\leftarrow\overline{e'}]=x}$$
 
$$\frac{e_1[\overline{x'}\leftarrow\overline{e'}]=e_1'' \quad e_2[\overline{x'}\leftarrow\overline{e'}]=e_2''}{(e_1\ e_2)[\overline{x'}\leftarrow\overline{e'}]=e_1''\ e_2''} \qquad \frac{e([\overline{x'}\leftarrow\overline{e'}])\setminus_{\{x\}})=e''}{(\lambda x:\tau.e)[\overline{x'}\leftarrow\overline{e'}]=\lambda x:\tau.e''}$$

2.5 System-F 15

$$\frac{e[\overline{x'} \leftarrow \overline{e'}] = e''}{(e \ \tau)[\overline{x'} \leftarrow \overline{e'}] = e'' \ \tau} \qquad \frac{e[\overline{x'} \leftarrow \overline{e'}] = e''}{(\Lambda t. e)[\overline{x'} \leftarrow \overline{e'}] = \Lambda t. e''}$$

Type Free Variable:

 $tyfv(e)=\{\overline{x}\}$ 

$$\frac{tyfv(e_1) = T_1 \quad tyfv(e_2) = T_2}{tyfv(e_1) = T_1 \quad tyfv(e_2) = T_2} \qquad \frac{tyfv(\tau) = T_1 \quad tyfv(e) = T_2}{tyfv(\lambda x : \tau.e) = T_1 \cup T_2}$$
 
$$\frac{tyfv(e) = T_1 \quad tyfv(\tau) = T_2}{tyfv(e \tau) = T_1 \cup T_2} \qquad \frac{tyfv(e) = T}{tyfv(\Lambda t.e) = T \setminus \{t\}}$$
 
$$\frac{tyfv(\tau_1) = T_1 \quad tyfv(\tau_2) = T_2}{tyfv(\tau_1) = T_1 \quad tyfv(\tau_2) = T_2} \qquad \frac{tyfv(\tau) = T}{tyfv(\forall t.\tau) = T \setminus \{t\}}$$

Type Substitution:

部分関数  $\{t_1 \mapsto \tau_1, \dots, t_n \mapsto \tau_n\}$  を,  $[t_1 \leftarrow \tau_1, \dots, t_n \leftarrow \tau_n]$  または  $[t_1, \dots, t_n \leftarrow t_1, \dots, t_n]$  と表記する.  $\boxed{e[\overline{t \leftarrow \tau}] = e'}$ 

$$\frac{e_{1}[\overline{t'}\leftarrow\overline{\tau'}]=e_{1}''\quad e_{2}[\overline{t'}\leftarrow\overline{\tau'}]=e_{2}''}{(e_{1}\ e_{2})[\overline{t'}\leftarrow\overline{\tau'}]=e_{1}''\quad e_{2}''} \qquad \frac{\tau[\overline{t'}\leftarrow\overline{\tau'}]=\tau''\quad e[\overline{t'}\leftarrow\overline{\tau'}]=e''}{(\lambda x:\tau.e)[\overline{t'}\leftarrow\overline{\tau'}]=\lambda x:\tau''.e''}$$

$$\frac{e[\overline{t'}\leftarrow\overline{\tau'}]=e''\quad \tau[\overline{t'}\leftarrow\overline{\tau'}]=\tau''}{(e\ \tau)[\overline{t'}\leftarrow\overline{\tau'}]=e''\ \tau''} \qquad \frac{e([\overline{t'}\leftarrow\overline{\tau'}])\setminus\{t\}}{(\Lambda t.e)[\overline{t'}\leftarrow\overline{\tau'}]=\Lambda t.e''}$$

$$\tau[\overline{t'\leftarrow\tau'}]=\tau''$$

$$\frac{[\overline{t'}\leftarrow\overline{t'}](t)=\tau}{t[\overline{t'}\leftarrow\overline{t'}]=\tau} \qquad \frac{t\not\in \mathrm{dom}([\overline{t'}\leftarrow\overline{t'}])}{t[\overline{t'}\leftarrow\overline{t'}]=t} \qquad \frac{\tau_1[\overline{t'}\leftarrow\overline{t'}]=\tau_1''}{(\tau_1\to\tau_2)[\overline{t'}\leftarrow\overline{t'}]=\tau_1''} \qquad \frac{\tau([\overline{t'}\leftarrow\overline{t'}]\upharpoonright_{\mathrm{dom}([\overline{t'}\leftarrow\overline{t'}])\backslash\{t\}})=\tau''}{(\forall t.\,\tau)[\overline{t'}\leftarrow\overline{t'}]=\forall t.\,\tau''}$$

 $\alpha$ -Equality:

 $e_1 \equiv_{\alpha} e_2$ 

$$\begin{array}{ll} x_1 = x_2 \\ \overline{x_1 \equiv_\alpha x_2} \end{array} & \begin{array}{ll} \underbrace{e_1 \equiv_\alpha e_2 \quad e_1' \equiv_\alpha e_2'}_{e_1 e_1' \equiv_\alpha e_2 e_2'} & \underline{\tau_1 \equiv_\alpha \tau_2 \quad x' \not\in fv(e_1) \cup fv(e_2) \quad e_1[x_1 \leftarrow x'] \equiv_\alpha e_2[x_2 \leftarrow x']}_{\lambda x_1 \ : \ \tau_1. \, e_1 \equiv_\alpha \lambda x_2 \ : \ \tau_2. \, e_2} \\ \underline{e_1 \equiv_\alpha e_2 \quad \tau_1 \equiv_\alpha \tau_2}_{e_1 \ \tau_1 \equiv_\alpha e_2 \ \tau_2} & \underline{t' \not\in tyfv(e_1) \cup tyfv(e_2) \quad e_1[t_1 \leftarrow t'] \equiv_\alpha e_2[t_2 \leftarrow t']}_{\Lambda t_1. \, e_1 \equiv_\alpha \Lambda t_2. \, e_2} \end{array}$$

 $\tau_1 \equiv_{\alpha} \tau_2$ 

$$\frac{t_1 = t_2}{t_1 \equiv_\alpha t_2} \qquad \frac{\tau_1 \equiv_\alpha \tau_2 \quad \tau_1' \equiv_\alpha \tau_2'}{\tau_1 \to \tau_1' \equiv_\alpha \tau_2 \to \tau_2'} \qquad \frac{t' \not\in tyfv(\tau_1) \cup tyfv(\tau_2) \quad \tau_1[t_1 \leftarrow t'] \equiv_\alpha \tau_2[t_2 \leftarrow t']}{\forall t_1. \tau_1 \equiv_\alpha \forall t_2. \tau_2}$$

定理 8 (Correctness of Substitution). 置換  $[\overline{x'} \leftarrow \overline{e'}]$  について,  $X = \text{dom}([\overline{x'} \leftarrow \overline{e'}])$  とした時,

$$fv(e[\overline{x'} \leftarrow \overline{e'}]) = (fv(e) \setminus X) \cup \bigcup_{x \in fv(e) \cap X} fv([\overline{x'} \leftarrow \overline{e'}](x)).$$

定理 9 (Correctness of Type Substitution). 式 e, 型  $\tau$ , 型置換  $[\overline{t'} \leftarrow \overline{\tau'}]$  について,  $T = \text{dom}([\overline{t'} \leftarrow \overline{\tau'}])$  とした時,

$$tyfv(e[\overline{t'}\leftarrow\overline{\tau'}])=(tyfv(e)\setminus T)\cup\bigcup_{t\in tyfv(e)\cap T}tyfv([\overline{t'}\leftarrow\overline{\tau'}](t))$$

$$tyfv(\tau[\overline{t'}\leftarrow\overline{\tau'}])=(tyfv(\tau)\setminus T)\cup\bigcup_{t\in tyfv(\tau)\cap T}tyfv([\overline{t'}\leftarrow\overline{\tau'}](t)).$$

定理 10 (α-Equality Does Not Touch Free Variables).

- $\tau_1 \equiv_{\alpha} \tau_2$   $\tau_2$   $\tau_3$   $\tau_4$   $\tau_5$   $\tau_5$   $\tau_5$   $\tau_5$   $\tau_5$   $\tau_6$   $\tau_7$   $\tau_7$   $\tau_7$   $\tau_7$   $\tau_7$
- $e_1 \equiv_{\alpha} e_2$  ならば、 $fv(e_1) = fv(e_2)$ 、 $tyfv(e_1) = tyfv(e_2)$ .

#### 2.5.2 Typing Semantics

 $\Gamma \vdash e : \tau$ 

$$\frac{\Gamma(x) = \tau}{\Gamma \vdash x : \tau} \text{ T-Var}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, x : \tau_1 \vdash e : \tau_2}{\Gamma \vdash \lambda x : \tau_1.e : \tau_1 \to \tau_2} \text{ T-Abs}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 : \tau_2 \to \tau \quad \Gamma \vdash e_2 : \tau_2}{\Gamma \vdash e_1 e_2 : \tau} \text{ T-App}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, t : \Omega \vdash e : \tau}{\Gamma \vdash \Lambda t.e : \forall t.\tau} \text{ T-UnivAbs}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e : \forall t.\tau_1}{\Gamma \vdash e : \tau} \text{ T-UnivApp}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e : \tau}{\Gamma \vdash e : \tau} \text{ T-C-Equiv}$$

特に、・ $\vdash e:\tau$  の時、 $e:\tau$  と表記.

#### 2.5.3 Evaluation Semantics (Call-By-Value)

$$v ::= \lambda x : \tau.e$$

$$| \Lambda t.e$$

$$C ::= []$$

$$| C e$$

$$| v C$$

$$| C \tau$$

Small Step:

$$e \Rightarrow e'$$

$$\overline{(\lambda x : \tau. e) \ v \Rightarrow e[x \leftarrow v]}$$

$$\overline{(\Lambda t. e) \ \tau \Rightarrow e[t \leftarrow \tau]}$$

$$\underline{e \Rightarrow e'}$$

$$\overline{C[e] \Rightarrow C[e']}$$

Big Step:

e ↓ v

2.5 System-F 17

$$\frac{e_1 \Downarrow \lambda x : \tau. e_1' \quad e_2 \Downarrow v_2 \quad e_1'[x \leftarrow v_2] \Downarrow v}{e_1 e_2 \Downarrow v}$$

$$\frac{e \Downarrow \Lambda t. e_1' \quad e_1'[t \leftarrow \tau] \Downarrow v}{e \tau \Downarrow v}$$

定理 11 (Adequacy of Small Step and Big Step).  $e \Rightarrow^* v$  iff  $e \Downarrow v$ .

定理 12 (Type Soundness).  $e:\tau$  の時,  $e \Rightarrow^* v$ ,  $e \Downarrow v$  となる  $v = nf(\Rightarrow, e)$  が存在し,

- $\tau = \tau_1 \rightarrow \tau_2$  の時、 $v \equiv_{\alpha} \lambda x' : \tau_1.e'$  となる  $\lambda x' : \tau_1.e'$  が存在する.
- $\tau = \forall t. \tau_1$  の時,  $v \equiv_{\alpha} \Lambda t. e'$  となる  $\Lambda t. e'$  が存在する.

#### 2.5.4 Equational Reasoning

$$\Gamma \vdash e_1 \equiv e_2 : \tau$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, x : \tau_2 \vdash e_1 : \tau \quad \Gamma \vdash e_2 : \tau_2}{\Gamma \vdash (\lambda x : \tau_2.e_1) \ e_2 \equiv e_1[x \leftarrow e_2] : \tau} \quad \text{Eq-}\beta\text{-Lam} \qquad \frac{x \not\in fv(e) \quad \Gamma \vdash e : \tau_1 \rightarrow \tau_2}{\Gamma \vdash (\lambda x : \tau_1.e \ x) \equiv e : \tau_1 \rightarrow \tau_2} \quad \text{Eq-}\eta\text{-Lam}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, t : \Omega \vdash e : \tau}{\Gamma \vdash (\Lambda t.e) \ \tau_2 \equiv e[t \leftarrow \tau_2] : \tau[t \leftarrow \tau_2]} \quad \text{Eq-}\beta\text{-UnivLam} \qquad \frac{t \not\in tyfv(e) \quad \Gamma \vdash e : \forall t'.\tau}{\Gamma \vdash (\Lambda t.e \ t) \equiv e : \forall t'.\tau} \quad \text{Eq-}\eta\text{-UnivLam}$$

$$\frac{e_1 \equiv_{\alpha} e_2 \quad \Gamma \vdash e_1 : \tau \quad \Gamma \vdash e_2 : \tau}{\Gamma \vdash e_1 \equiv e_2 : \tau} \quad \text{Eq-}\alpha\text{-Refl} \qquad \frac{\tau \equiv_{\alpha} \tau' \quad \Gamma \vdash e_1 \equiv e_2 : \tau'}{\Gamma \vdash e_1 \equiv e_2 : \tau} \quad \text{Eq-}\alpha\text{-Type}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 \equiv e_2 : \tau}{\Gamma \vdash e_1 \equiv e_2 : \tau} \quad \text{Eq-}Sym \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 \equiv e_2 : \tau \quad \Gamma \vdash e_2 \equiv e_3 : \tau}{\Gamma \vdash e_1 \equiv e_3 : \tau} \quad \text{Eq-}Trans$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, x : \tau \vdash e_1 \equiv e_2 : \tau'}{\Gamma \vdash \lambda x : \tau.e_1 \equiv \lambda x : \tau.e_2 : \tau \rightarrow \tau'} \quad \text{Eq-}Cong-Abs} \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 \equiv e_2 : \tau' \rightarrow \tau \quad \Gamma \vdash e'_1 \equiv e'_2 : \tau'}{\Gamma \vdash e_1 \equiv e_2 : \tau'} \quad \text{Eq-}Cong-App}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, t : \Omega \vdash e_1 \equiv e_2 : \tau}{\Gamma \vdash \Lambda t.e_1 \equiv \Lambda t.e_2 : \forall (t.\tau)} \quad \text{Eq-}Cong-UnivAbs} \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 \equiv e_2 : \forall t.\tau}{\Gamma \vdash e_1 \tau' \equiv e_2 : \tau' : \tau[t \leftarrow \tau']} \quad \text{Eq-}Cong-UnivApp}$$

特に、・ $\vdash e_1 \equiv e_2 : \tau$  の時、 $e_1 \equiv e_2 : \tau$  と表記.

定理 13 (Respect Typing). 
$$\Gamma \vdash e_1 \equiv e_2 : \tau$$
 ならば, $\Gamma \vdash e_1 : \tau$  かつ  $\Gamma \vdash e_2 : \tau$ .

定理 14 (Respect Evaluation). 
$$e_1 \equiv e_2 : \tau$$
 の時,  $e_1' \Rightarrow^* e_1$ ,  $e_2 \Rightarrow^* e_2'$  ならば  $e_1' \equiv e_2' : \tau$ .

系 15. 
$$e_1 \equiv e_2 : \tau$$
 の時,  $e_1 \Rightarrow^* e_1'$ ,  $e_2 \Rightarrow^* e_2'$  ならば  $e_1' \equiv e_2' : \tau$ .

証明.  $e_1 \Rightarrow^* e_1$  より、定理 14 から  $e_1 \equiv e_2' : \tau$ . よって、T-Sym から  $e_2' \equiv e_1 : \tau$  であり、 $e_2' \Rightarrow^* e_2'$  より定理 14 から  $e_2' \equiv e_1' : \tau$ . 故に、T-Sym から  $e_1' \equiv e_2' : \tau$ .

#### 2.5.5 Definability

Product

Product of  $\tau_1$  and  $\tau_2$ :

$$\tau_1 \times \tau_2 \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \forall t. (\tau_1 \to \tau_2 \to t) \to t$$
$$\langle e_1, e_2 \rangle \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \Lambda t. \lambda x : \tau_1 \to \tau_2 \to t. x e_1 e_2$$

$$\pi_1 e \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} e \tau_1 \lambda x_1 . \lambda x_2 . x_1$$

$$\pi_2 e \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} e \tau_2 \lambda x_1 . \lambda x_2 . x_2$$

Admissible typing rule:

 $\Gamma \vdash e : \tau$ 

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 : \tau_1 \quad \Gamma \vdash e_2 : \tau_2}{\Gamma \vdash \langle e_1, e_2 \rangle : \tau_1 \times \tau_2} \text{ T-Product } \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash e : \tau_1 \times \tau_2}{\Gamma \vdash \pi_1 e : \tau_1} \text{ T-Proj-1} \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash e : \tau_1 \times \tau_2}{\Gamma \vdash \pi_2 e : \tau_2} \text{ T-Proj-2}$$

Admissible equality:

$$\Gamma \vdash e_1 \equiv e_2 : \tau$$

$$\begin{split} \frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 \,:\, \tau_1 \quad \Gamma \vdash e_2 \,:\, \tau_2}{\Gamma \vdash \pi_1 \langle e_1, e_2 \rangle \equiv e_1 \,:\, \tau_1} \quad & \text{Eq-$\beta$-Product-1} \\ \frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 \,:\, \tau_1 \quad \Gamma \vdash e_2 \,:\, \tau_2}{\Gamma \vdash \pi_2 \langle e_1, e_2 \rangle \equiv e_2 \,:\, \tau_2} \quad & \text{Eq-$\beta$-Product-2} \\ \frac{\Gamma \vdash e \,:\, \tau_1 \times \tau_2}{\Gamma \vdash \langle \pi_1 e, \pi_2 e \rangle \equiv e \,:\, \tau_1 \times \tau_2} \quad & \text{Eq-$\eta$-Product} \end{split}$$

#### Existential Type

Existence of  $\exists t. \tau$ :

$$\exists t. \tau \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \forall t'. (\forall t. \tau \to t') \to t'$$

$$\operatorname{pack} \langle \tau_t, e \rangle \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \Lambda t'. \lambda x : (\forall t. \tau \to t'). x \tau_t e$$

$$\operatorname{unpack} \langle t, x \rangle = e_1. \tau_2. e_2 \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} e_1 \tau_2 (\Lambda t. \lambda x : \tau. e_2)$$

Admissible typing rule:

 $\Gamma \vdash e : \tau$ 

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e : \tau[t \leftarrow \tau_t]}{\Gamma \vdash \mathsf{pack}\langle \tau_t, e \rangle : \exists t. \tau} \text{ T-Pack} \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 : \exists t. \tau \quad \Gamma, t : \Omega, x : \tau \vdash e_2 : \tau_2 \quad t \not\in tyfv(\tau_2)}{\Gamma \vdash \mathsf{unpack}\langle t, x \rangle = e_1. \tau_2. e_2 : \tau_2} \text{ T-Unpack}$$

Admissible equality:

$$\Gamma \vdash e_1 \equiv e_2 : \tau$$

$$\begin{split} \frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 \,:\, \tau_1[t \leftarrow \tau_t] \quad \Gamma, t \,:\, \Omega, x \,:\, \tau_1 \vdash e_2 \,:\, \tau_2 \quad t \not\in tyfv(\tau_2)}{\Gamma \vdash \text{unpack}\langle t, x \rangle = \text{pack}\langle \tau_t, e_1 \rangle.\, \tau_2.\, e_2 \equiv e_2[t \leftarrow \tau_t][x \leftarrow e_1] \,:\, \tau_2} \quad \text{Eq-$\beta$-Exist} \\ \frac{\Gamma \vdash e \,:\, \exists t'.\, \tau \quad \tau' \equiv_{\alpha} \exists t'.\, \tau}{\Gamma \vdash \text{unpack}\langle t, x \rangle = e.\, \tau'.\, \text{pack}\langle t, x \rangle \equiv e \,:\, \exists t'.\, \tau} \quad \text{Eq-$\eta$-Exist} \end{split}$$

2.6 System-F  $\omega$  19

## 2.6 System-F $\omega$

Alias: F  $\omega$ ,  $\lambda \omega$  [RRD14]

#### 2.6.1 Syntax

Convention:

$$\tau_1 \to \tau_2 \to \cdots \to \tau_n \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \tau_1 \to (\tau_2 \to (\cdots \to \tau_n) \cdots)$$

$$e_1 e_2 \cdots e_n \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} (\cdots (e_1 e_2) \cdots) e_n)$$

Environment Reference:

$$\Gamma(x) = \tau$$

$$\frac{x = x'}{(\Gamma, x' : \tau)(x) = \tau} \qquad \frac{x \neq x'}{(\Gamma, x' : \tau')(x) = \tau} \qquad \frac{\Gamma(x) = \tau}{(\Gamma, t : \kappa)(x) = \tau}$$

$$\frac{t = t'}{(\Gamma, t' : \kappa)(t) = \kappa} \qquad \frac{t \neq t'}{(\Gamma, t' : \kappa')(t) = \kappa} \qquad \frac{\Gamma(t) = \kappa}{(\Gamma, x : \tau)(t) = \kappa}$$

Free Variable:

$$fv(e)=\{\overline{x}\}$$

$$\frac{fv(e) = X}{fv(x) = \{x\}} \qquad \frac{fv(e) = X}{fv(\lambda x : \tau.e) = X \setminus \{x\}} \qquad \frac{fv(e_1) = X_1 \quad fv(e_2) = X_2}{fv(e_1 e_2) = X_1 \cup X_2} \qquad \frac{fv(e) = X}{fv(\Lambda t : \kappa.e) = X} \qquad \frac{fv(e) = X}{fv(e \tau) = X} \qquad \frac{fv(e) = X}{fv(e) = X} \qquad \frac{fv(e)$$

Substitution:

部分関数 
$$\{x_1 \mapsto e_1, \dots, x_n \mapsto e_n\}$$
 を, $[x_1 \leftarrow e_1, \dots, x_n \leftarrow e_n]$  または  $[x_1, \dots, x_n \leftarrow e_1, \dots, e_n]$  と表記する. 
$$\boxed{e[\overline{x' \leftarrow e'}] = e''}$$

$$\frac{[\overline{x'} \leftarrow \overline{e'}](x) = e}{x[\overline{x'} \leftarrow \overline{e'}] = e} \qquad \frac{x \notin \text{dom}([\overline{x'} \leftarrow \overline{e'}])}{x[\overline{x'} \leftarrow \overline{e'}] = x}$$

$$\begin{split} \frac{e([\overline{x'}\leftarrow\overline{e'}]\upharpoonright_{\mathrm{dom}([\overline{x'}\leftarrow\overline{e'}])\backslash\{x\}}) = e''}{(\lambda x : \tau.e)[\overline{x'}\leftarrow\overline{e'}] = \lambda x : \tau.e''} & \frac{e_1[\overline{x'}\leftarrow\overline{e'}] = e_1'' \quad e_2[\overline{x'}\leftarrow\overline{e'}] = e_2''}{(e_1 \ e_2)[\overline{x'}\leftarrow\overline{e'}] = e_1'' \ e_2''} \\ \frac{e[\overline{x'}\leftarrow\overline{e'}] = e''}{(\Lambda t : \kappa.e)[\overline{x'}\leftarrow\overline{e'}] = \Lambda t : \kappa.e''} & \frac{e[\overline{x'}\leftarrow\overline{e'}] = e''}{(e\ \tau)[\overline{x'}\leftarrow\overline{e'}] = e''\ \tau} \end{split}$$

Type Free Variable:

 $tyfv(e)=\{\bar{t}\}$ 

$$\begin{split} \frac{tyfv(\tau) = T_1 & tyfv(e) = T_2}{tyfv(\lambda x) = \emptyset} & \frac{tyfv(\tau) = T_1 & tyfv(e) = T_2}{tyfv(\lambda x: \tau.e) = T_1 \cup T_2} & \frac{tyfv(e_1) = T_1 & tyfv(e_2) = T_2}{tyfv(e_1 e_2) = T_1 \cup T_2} \\ & \frac{tyfv(e) = T}{tyfv(\Lambda t: \kappa.e) = T \setminus \{t\}} & \frac{tyfv(e) = T_1 & tyfv(\tau) = T_2}{tyfv(e \tau) = T_1 \cup T_2} \end{split}$$

 $tyfv(\tau) = \{\overline{t}\}$ 

$$\begin{split} \frac{tyfv(\tau_1) = T_1 \quad tyfv(\tau_2) = T_2}{tyfv(t) = \{t\}} \quad & \frac{tyfv(\tau_1) = T_1 \quad tyfv(\tau_2) = T_2}{tyfv(\tau_1 \to \tau_2) = T_1 \cup T_2} \quad & \frac{tyfv(\forall t : \kappa.\tau) = T \setminus \{t\}}{tyfv(\forall t : \kappa.\tau) = T \setminus \{t\}} \\ \frac{tyfv(\lambda t : \kappa.\tau) = T \setminus \{t\}}{tyfv(\lambda t : \kappa.\tau) = T \setminus \{t\}} \quad & \frac{tyfv(\tau_1) = T_1 \quad tyfv(\tau_2) = T_2}{tyfv(\tau_1 \tau_2) = T_1 \cup T_2} \end{split}$$

Type Substitution:

部分関数 
$$\{t_1 \mapsto \tau_1, \dots, t_n \mapsto \tau_n\}$$
 を, $[t_1 \leftarrow \tau_1, \dots, t_n \leftarrow \tau_n]$  または  $[t_1, \dots, t_n \leftarrow t_1, \dots, t_n]$  と表記する. 
$$\boxed{e[\overline{t' \leftarrow \tau'}] = e'}$$

$$\frac{e_{1}[\overline{t'}\leftarrow\overline{\tau'}]=e_{1}''\quad e_{2}[\overline{t'}\leftarrow\overline{\tau'}]=e_{2}''}{(e_{1}\ e_{2})[\overline{t'}\leftarrow\overline{\tau'}]=e_{1}''\quad e_{2}''} \qquad \frac{\tau[\overline{t'}\leftarrow\overline{\tau'}]=\tau''\quad e[\overline{t'}\leftarrow\overline{\tau'}]=e''}{(\lambda x:\tau.e)[\overline{t'}\leftarrow\overline{\tau'}]=\lambda x:\tau''.e''}$$

$$\frac{e[\overline{t'}\leftarrow\overline{\tau'}]=e''\quad \tau[\overline{t'}\leftarrow\overline{\tau'}]=\tau''}{(e\ \tau)[\overline{t'}\leftarrow\overline{\tau'}]=e''\ \tau''} \qquad \frac{e([\overline{t'}\leftarrow\overline{\tau'}])\setminus\{t\}}{(\Lambda t:\kappa.e)[\overline{t'}\leftarrow\overline{\tau'}]=\Lambda t:\kappa.e''}$$

$$\tau[\overline{t'\leftarrow\tau'}]=\tau''$$

$$\begin{split} \frac{[\overline{t'}\leftarrow\overline{\tau'}](t)=\tau}{t[\overline{t'}\leftarrow\overline{\tau'}]=\tau} & \quad \frac{t\not\in \mathrm{dom}([\overline{t'}\leftarrow\overline{\tau'}])}{t[\overline{t'}\leftarrow\overline{\tau'}]=t} \\ \frac{\tau_1[\overline{t'}\leftarrow\overline{\tau'}]=\tau_1'' \quad \tau_2[\overline{t'}\leftarrow\overline{\tau'}]=\tau_2''}{(\tau_1\to\tau_2)[\overline{t'}\leftarrow\overline{\tau'}]=\tau_1''\to\tau_2''} & \quad \frac{\tau([\overline{t'}\leftarrow\overline{\tau'}])\setminus_{\{t\}})=\tau''}{(\forall t:\kappa.\tau)[\overline{t'}\leftarrow\overline{\tau'}]=\forall t:\kappa.\tau''} \\ \frac{\tau([\overline{t'}\leftarrow\overline{\tau'}]\upharpoonright_{\mathrm{dom}([\overline{t'}\leftarrow\overline{\tau'}])\setminus_{\{t\}}})=\tau''}{(\lambda t:\kappa.\tau)[\overline{t'}\leftarrow\overline{\tau'}]=\lambda t:\kappa.\tau''} & \quad \tau_1[\overline{t'}\leftarrow\overline{\tau'}]=\tau_1'' \quad \tau_2[\overline{t'}\leftarrow\overline{\tau'}]=\tau_2''}{(\tau_1\tau_2)[\overline{t'}\leftarrow\overline{\tau'}]=\tau_1''\tau_2''} \end{split}$$

 $\alpha$ -Equality:

 $e_1 \equiv_{\alpha} e_2$ 

$$\begin{array}{ll} x_1 = x_2 \\ \overline{x_1 \equiv_{\alpha} x_2} \end{array} & \begin{array}{ll} \underbrace{e_1 \equiv_{\alpha} e_2 \quad e_1' \equiv_{\alpha} e_2'}_{e_1 e_1' \equiv_{\alpha} e_2 e_2'} \end{array} & \begin{array}{ll} \underline{\tau_1 \equiv_{\alpha} \tau_2 \quad x' \not\in fv(e_1) \cup fv(e_2) \quad e_1[x_1 \leftarrow x'] \equiv_{\alpha} e_2[x_2 \leftarrow x']}_{\lambda x_1 \ \colon \tau_1. e_1 \equiv_{\alpha} \lambda x_2 \ \colon \tau_2. e_2} \\ \\ \underline{e_1 \equiv_{\alpha} e_2 \quad \tau_1 \equiv_{\alpha} \tau_2}_{e_1 \tau_1 \equiv_{\alpha} e_2 \tau_2} \end{array} & \begin{array}{ll} \underline{t' \not\in tyfv(e_1) \cup tyfv(e_2) \quad e_1[t_1 \leftarrow t'] \equiv_{\alpha} e_2[t_2 \leftarrow t']}_{\lambda t_1 \ \colon \kappa. e_1 \equiv_{\alpha} \lambda t_2 \ \colon \kappa. e_2} \end{array} \end{array}$$

2.6 System-F  $\omega$ 

$$\begin{array}{ll} t_1 = t_2 \\ t_1 \equiv_{\alpha} t_2 \end{array} & \begin{array}{ll} \tau_1 \equiv_{\alpha} \tau_2 & \tau_1' \equiv_{\alpha} \tau_2' \\ \tau_1 \rightarrow \tau_1' \equiv_{\alpha} \tau_2 \rightarrow \tau_2' \end{array} & \begin{array}{ll} t' \not\in tyfv(\tau_1) \cup tyfv(\tau_2) & \tau_1[t_1 \leftarrow t'] \equiv_{\alpha} \tau_2[t_2 \leftarrow t'] \\ \hline \forall t_1 : \kappa. \tau_1 \equiv_{\alpha} \forall t_2 : \kappa. \tau_2 \end{array} \\ \\ \frac{t' \not\in tyfv(\tau_1) \cup tyfv(\tau_2) & \tau_1[t_1 \leftarrow t'] \equiv_{\alpha} \tau_2[t_2 \leftarrow t']}{\lambda t_1 : \kappa. \tau_1 \equiv_{\alpha} \lambda t_2 : \kappa. \tau_2} & \begin{array}{ll} \tau_1 \equiv_{\alpha} \tau_2 & \tau_1' \equiv_{\alpha} \tau_2' \\ \hline \tau_1 & \tau_1' \equiv_{\alpha} \tau_2 & \tau_2' \end{array} \end{array}$$

定理 16 (Correctness of Substitution). 置換  $[\overline{x'} \leftarrow \overline{e'}]$  について,  $X = \text{dom}([\overline{x'} \leftarrow \overline{e'}])$  とした時,

$$fv(e[\overline{x'}\leftarrow \overline{e'}]) = (fv(e)\setminus X) \cup \bigcup_{x\in fv(e)\cap X} fv([\overline{x'}\leftarrow \overline{e'}](x)).$$

定理 17 (Correctness of Type Substitution). 式 e, 型  $\tau$ , 型置換  $[\overline{t'} \leftarrow \overline{\tau'}]$  について,  $T = \text{dom}([\overline{t'} \leftarrow \overline{\tau'}])$  とした時、

$$\begin{split} tyfv(e[\overline{t'}\leftarrow\overline{\tau'}]) &= (tyfv(e)\setminus T) \cup \bigcup_{t\in tyfv(e)\cap T} tyfv([\overline{t'}\leftarrow\overline{\tau'}](t)) \\ tyfv(\tau[\overline{t'}\leftarrow\overline{\tau'}]) &= (tyfv(\tau)\setminus T) \cup \bigcup_{t\in tyfv(\tau)\cap T} tyfv([\overline{t'}\leftarrow\overline{\tau'}](t)). \end{split}$$

定理 18 (α-Equality Does Not Touch Free Variables).

- $\tau_1 \equiv_{\alpha} \tau_2$   $\tau_2$   $\tau_3$   $\tau_4$   $\tau_5$   $\tau_5$   $\tau_5$   $\tau_5$   $\tau_5$   $\tau_5$   $\tau_6$   $\tau_7$   $\tau_7$   $\tau_7$
- $e_1 \equiv_{\alpha} e_2$   $this identifies find <math>this e_1 = f(e_1) = f(e_2)$ ,  $this e_2 = this e_2$   $this e_3 = this e_4$

#### 2.6.2 Typing Semantics

Kinding:

$$\Gamma \vdash \tau : \kappa$$

$$\frac{\Gamma(t) = \kappa}{\Gamma \vdash t : \kappa} \text{ K-Var}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash \tau_1 : \Omega \quad \Gamma \vdash \tau_2 : \Omega}{\Gamma \vdash \tau_1 \to \tau_2 : \Omega} \text{ K-Arrow}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, t : \kappa \vdash \tau : \Omega}{\Gamma \vdash \forall t : \kappa . \tau : \Omega} \text{ K-Forall}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, t : \kappa_1 \vdash \tau : \kappa_2}{\Gamma \vdash \lambda t : \kappa_1 . \tau : \kappa_1 \to \kappa_2} \text{ K-Abs}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash \tau_1 : \kappa_2 \to \kappa \quad \Gamma \vdash \tau_2 : \kappa_2}{\Gamma \vdash \tau_1 \tau_2 : \kappa} \text{ K-App}$$

Type equivalence:

$$\Gamma \vdash \tau_1 \equiv \tau_2 : \kappa$$

$$\frac{\Gamma,t:\kappa_2\vdash\tau_1:\kappa\quad\Gamma\vdash\tau_2:\kappa_2}{\Gamma\vdash(\lambda t:\kappa_2.\tau_1)\;\tau_2\equiv\tau_1[t\leftarrow\tau_2]:\kappa}\;\text{T-Eq-$\beta$-Lam}\qquad \frac{t\not\in tyf\upsilon(\tau)\quad\Gamma\vdash\tau:\kappa_1\to\kappa_2}{\Gamma\vdash(\lambda t:\kappa_1.\tau\;t)\equiv\tau:\kappa_1\to\kappa_2}\;\text{T-Eq-$\eta$-Lam}\\ \frac{\tau_1\equiv_\alpha\tau_2\quad\Gamma\vdash\tau_1:\kappa\quad\Gamma\vdash\tau_2:\kappa}{\Gamma\vdash\tau_1\equiv\tau_2:\kappa}\;\text{T-Eq-$\alpha$-Refl}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash \tau_2 \equiv \tau_1 : \kappa}{\Gamma \vdash \tau_1 \equiv \tau_2 : \kappa} \text{ T-Eq-Sym} \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash \tau_1 \equiv \tau_2 : \kappa \quad \Gamma \vdash \tau_2 \equiv \tau_3 : \kappa}{\Gamma \vdash \tau_1 \equiv \tau_3 : \kappa} \text{ T-Eq-Trans}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash \tau_1 \equiv \tau_2 : \Omega \quad \Gamma \vdash \tau_1' \equiv \tau_2' : \Omega}{\Gamma \vdash \tau_1 \to \tau_1' \equiv \tau_2 \to \tau_2' : \Omega} \text{ T-Eq-Cong-Arrow} \qquad \frac{\Gamma, t : \kappa \vdash \tau_1 \equiv \tau_2 : \Omega}{\Gamma \vdash \forall t : \kappa, \tau_1 \equiv \forall t : \kappa, \tau_2 : \Omega} \text{ Eq-Cong-Forall}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, t : \kappa \vdash \tau_1 \equiv \tau_2 : \kappa'}{\Gamma \vdash \lambda t : \kappa, \tau_1 \equiv \lambda t : \kappa, \tau_2 : \kappa \to \kappa'} \text{ T-Eq-Cong-Abs} \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash \tau_1 \equiv \tau_2 : \kappa' \to \kappa \quad \Gamma \vdash \tau_1' \equiv \tau_2' : \kappa'}{\Gamma \vdash \tau_1 \tau_1' \equiv \tau_2 : \tau_2' : \kappa'} \text{ Eq-Cong-App}$$

定理 19 (Respect Kinding).  $\Gamma \vdash \tau_1 \equiv \tau_2 : \kappa$  ならば、 $\Gamma \vdash \tau_1 : \kappa$  かつ  $\Gamma \vdash \tau_2 : \kappa$ .

Typing:

 $\Gamma \vdash e : \tau$ 

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash \tau : \Omega \quad \Gamma(x) = \tau}{\Gamma \vdash x : \tau} \quad \text{T-Var}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash \tau_1 : \Omega \quad \Gamma, x : \tau_1 \vdash e : \tau_2}{\Gamma \vdash \lambda x : \tau_1 . e : \tau_1 \rightarrow \tau_2} \quad \text{T-Abs}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 : \tau_2 \rightarrow \tau \quad \Gamma \vdash e_2 : \tau_2}{\Gamma \vdash e_1 e_2 : \tau} \quad \text{T-App}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, t : \kappa \vdash e : \tau}{\Gamma \vdash \Lambda t : \kappa . e : \forall t : \kappa . \tau} \quad \text{T-UnivAbs}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e : \forall t : \kappa . \tau_1 \quad \Gamma \vdash \tau_2 : \kappa}{\Gamma \vdash e : \tau_2} \quad \text{T-UnivApp}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e : \tau_2 : \tau_1[t \leftarrow \tau_2]}{\Gamma \vdash e : \tau} \quad \text{T-Equiv}$$

特に、・ $\vdash e:\tau$  の時、 $e:\tau$  と表記.

定理 20 (Respect Type Kind).  $\Gamma \vdash e : \tau$  ならば,  $\Gamma \vdash \tau : \Omega$ .

#### 2.6.3 Evaluation Semantics (Call-By-Value)

$$v ::= \lambda x : \tau.e$$

$$| \Lambda t : \kappa.e$$

$$C ::= []$$

$$| C e$$

$$| v C$$

$$| C \tau$$

Small Step:

$$e \Rightarrow e'$$

$$\overline{(\lambda x : \tau. e) \ v \Rightarrow e[x \leftarrow v]}$$

$$\overline{(\Lambda t : \kappa. e) \ \tau \Rightarrow e[t \leftarrow \tau]}$$

$$\underline{e \Rightarrow e'}$$

$$\overline{(C[e] \Rightarrow C[e']}$$

Big Step:

e ψ υ

$$\frac{e_1 \Downarrow \lambda x : \tau. e_1' \quad e_2 \Downarrow v_2 \quad e_1'[x \leftarrow v_2] \Downarrow v}{e_1 e_2 \Downarrow v}$$

2.6 System-F  $\omega$  23

$$\frac{e \Downarrow \Lambda t : \kappa. e_1' \quad e_1'[t \leftarrow \tau] \Downarrow v}{e \; \tau \Downarrow v}$$

定理 21 (Adequacy of Small Step and Big Step).  $e \Rightarrow^* v$  iff  $e \Downarrow v$ .

定理 22 (Type Soundness).  $e:\tau$  の時,  $e\Rightarrow^* v$ ,  $e\Downarrow v$  となる  $v=\mathrm{nf}(\Rightarrow,e)$  が存在し,

- $\tau = \tau_1 \rightarrow \tau_2$  の時,  $v \equiv_{\alpha} \lambda x' : \tau_1.e'$  となる  $\lambda x' : \tau_1.e'$  が存在する.
- $\tau = \forall t : \kappa.\tau_1$  の時,  $v \equiv_{\alpha} \Lambda t : \kappa.e'$  となる  $\Lambda t : \kappa.e'$  が存在する.

#### 2.6.4 Equational Reasoning

 $\Gamma \vdash e_1 \equiv e_2 \, : \, \tau$ 

$$\frac{\Gamma,x:\tau_2\vdash e_1:\tau\quad\Gamma\vdash e_2:\tau_2}{\Gamma\vdash(\lambda x:\tau_2.e_1)\,e_2\equiv e_1[x\leftarrow e_2]:\tau} \ \ \text{Eq-$\beta$-Lam} \qquad \frac{x\not\in fv(e)\quad\Gamma\vdash e:\tau_1\to\tau_2}{\Gamma\vdash(\lambda x:\tau_1.e_1x)\equiv e:\tau_1\to\tau_2} \ \ \text{Eq-$\beta$-Lam}$$
 
$$\frac{\Gamma,t:\kappa\vdash e:\tau}{\Gamma\vdash(\Lambda t:\kappa.e)\,\tau_2\equiv e[t\leftarrow\tau_2]:\tau[t\leftarrow\tau_2]} \ \ \text{Eq-$\beta$-UnivLam} \qquad \frac{t\not\in tyfv(e)\quad\Gamma\vdash e:\forall t:\kappa.\tau}{\Gamma\vdash(\Lambda t:\kappa.e\,t)\equiv e:\forall t:\kappa.\tau} \ \ \text{Eq-$\eta$-UnivLam}$$
 
$$\frac{e_1\equiv_{\alpha}e_2\quad\Gamma\vdash e_1:\tau\quad\Gamma\vdash e_2:\tau}{\Gamma\vdash e_1\equiv e_2:\tau} \ \ \text{Eq-$\alpha$-Refl} \qquad \frac{\tau\equiv_{\alpha}\tau'\quad\Gamma\vdash e_1\equiv e_2:\tau'}{\Gamma\vdash e_1\equiv e_2:\tau} \ \ \text{Eq-$\alpha$-Type}$$
 
$$\frac{\Gamma\vdash e_1\equiv e_2:\tau}{\Gamma\vdash e_1\equiv e_2:\tau} \ \ \text{Eq-$\alpha$-Sym} \qquad \frac{\Gamma\vdash e_1\equiv e_2:\tau}{\Gamma\vdash e_1\equiv e_3:\tau} \ \ \text{Eq-$Trans}$$
 
$$\frac{\Gamma,x:\tau\vdash e_1\equiv e_2:\tau'}{\Gamma\vdash \lambda x:\tau.e_1\equiv \lambda x:\tau.e_2:\tau\to\tau'} \ \ \text{Eq-$Cong-Abs} \qquad \frac{\Gamma\vdash e_1\equiv e_2:\tau'\to\tau\quad\Gamma\vdash e_1'\equiv e_2':\tau'}{\Gamma\vdash e_1\equiv e_2:\tau} \ \ \text{Eq-$Cong-App}$$
 
$$\frac{\Gamma,t:\kappa\vdash e_1\equiv e_2:\tau}{\Gamma\vdash \Lambda t:\kappa.e_1\equiv \Lambda t:\kappa.e_2:(\forall t:\kappa.\tau)} \ \ \text{Eq-$Cong-UnivAbs}$$
 
$$\frac{\Gamma\vdash e_1\equiv e_2:\forall t:\kappa.\tau\quad\Gamma\vdash \tau_1\equiv \tau_2:\kappa}{\Gamma\vdash e_1\equiv e_2:\tau\colon\tau} \ \ \text{Eq-$Cong-UnivApp}$$

特に、・ $\vdash e_1 \equiv e_2 : \tau$  の時、 $e_1 \equiv e_2 : \tau$  と表記.

定理 23 (Respect Typing). 
$$\Gamma \vdash e_1 \equiv e_2 : \tau$$
 ならば, $\Gamma \vdash e_1 : \tau$  かつ  $\Gamma \vdash e_2 : \tau$ .

定理 24 (Respect Evaluation). 
$$e_1 \equiv e_2 : \tau$$
 の時,  $e_1' \Rightarrow^* e_1$ ,  $e_2 \Rightarrow^* e_2'$  ならば  $e_1' \equiv e_2' : \tau$ .

系 25. 
$$e_1 \equiv e_2 : \tau$$
 の時,  $e_1 \Rightarrow^* e_1'$ ,  $e_2 \Rightarrow^* e_2'$  ならば  $e_1' \equiv e_2' : \tau$ .

証明.  $e_1 \Rightarrow^* e_1$  より,定理 14 から  $e_1 \equiv e_2' : \tau$ . よって,T-Sym から  $e_2' \equiv e_1 : \tau$  であり, $e_2' \Rightarrow^* e_2'$  より定理 14 から  $e_2' \equiv e_1' : \tau$ . 故に,T-Sym から  $e_1' \equiv e_2' : \tau$ .

#### 2.6.5 Definability

Product

Product of  $\tau_1$  and  $\tau_2$ :

$$\begin{split} &\tau_1 \times \tau_2 \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \forall t \, : \, \Omega. \, (\tau_1 \to \tau_2 \to t) \to t \\ &\langle e_1, e_2 \rangle \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \Lambda t \, : \, \Omega. \, \lambda x \, : \, \tau_1 \to \tau_2 \to t. \, x \, e_1 \, e_2 \\ &\pi_1 e \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} e \, \tau_1 \, \lambda x_1. \, \lambda x_2. \, x_1 \\ &\pi_2 e \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} e \, \tau_2 \, \lambda x_1. \, \lambda x_2. \, x_2 \end{split}$$

Admissible kinding:

$$\Gamma \vdash \tau : \kappa$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash \tau_1 : \Omega \quad \Gamma \vdash \tau_2 : \Omega}{\Gamma \vdash \tau_1 \times \tau_2 : \Omega} \text{ T-Product}$$

Admissible type equality:

$$\Gamma \vdash \tau_1 \equiv \tau_2 : \kappa$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash \tau_1 \equiv \tau_2 : \Omega \quad \Gamma \vdash \tau_1' \equiv \tau_2' : \Omega}{\Gamma \vdash \tau_1 \times \tau_1' \equiv \tau_2 \times \tau_2' : \Omega} \text{ T-Eq-Product}$$

Admissible typing:

$$\Gamma \vdash e : \tau$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 : \tau_1 \quad \Gamma \vdash e_2 : \tau_2}{\Gamma \vdash \langle e_1, e_2 \rangle : \tau_1 \times \tau_2} \text{ T-Product } \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash e : \tau_1 \times \tau_2}{\Gamma \vdash \pi_1 e : \tau_1} \text{ T-Proj-1} \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash e : \tau_1 \times \tau_2}{\Gamma \vdash \pi_2 e : \tau_2} \text{ T-Proj-2}$$

Admissible equality:

$$\Gamma \vdash e_1 \equiv e_2 : \tau$$

$$\begin{split} \frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 \,:\, \tau_1 \quad \Gamma \vdash e_2 \,:\, \tau_2}{\Gamma \vdash \pi_1 \langle e_1, e_2 \rangle \equiv e_1 \,:\, \tau_1} \quad & \text{Eq-$\beta$-Product-1} \\ \frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 \,:\, \tau_1 \quad \Gamma \vdash e_2 \,:\, \tau_2}{\Gamma \vdash \pi_2 \langle e_1, e_2 \rangle \equiv e_2 \,:\, \tau_2} \quad & \text{Eq-$\beta$-Product-2} \\ \frac{\Gamma \vdash e \,:\, \tau_1 \times \tau_2}{\Gamma \vdash \langle \pi_1 e, \pi_2 e \rangle \equiv e \,:\, \tau_1 \times \tau_2} \quad & \text{Eq-$\eta$-Product} \end{split}$$

Existential Type

Existence of  $\exists t : \kappa. \tau$ :

$$\exists t : \kappa. \tau \stackrel{\mathrm{def}}{=} \forall t' : \Omega. (\forall t : \kappa. \tau \to t') \to t'$$
 
$$\mathrm{pack} \langle \tau_t, e \rangle_{\exists t : \kappa. \tau} \stackrel{\mathrm{def}}{=} \Lambda t' : \Omega. \lambda x : (\forall t : \kappa. \tau \to t'). x \tau_t e$$
 
$$\mathrm{unpack} \langle t : \kappa, x : \tau \rangle = e_1. \tau_2. e_2 \stackrel{\mathrm{def}}{=} e_1 \tau_2 (\Lambda t : \kappa. \lambda x : \tau. e_2)$$

Admissible kinding:

$$\Gamma \vdash \tau : \kappa$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, t : \kappa \vdash \tau : \Omega}{\Gamma \vdash \exists t : \kappa \ \tau : \Omega} \text{ T-Exist}$$

Admissible type equality:

$$\boxed{\Gamma \vdash \tau_1 \equiv \tau_2 : \kappa}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma,t:\kappa\vdash\tau_1\equiv\tau_2:\Omega}{\Gamma\vdash\exists t:\kappa.\tau_1\equiv\exists t:\kappa.\tau_2:\Omega} \text{ T-Eq-Cong-Exist}$$

Admissible typing rule:

$$\Gamma \vdash e : \tau$$

2.6 System-F  $\omega$  25

$$\frac{\Gamma,t:\kappa\vdash\tau:\Omega\quad\Gamma\vdash\tau_t:\kappa\quad\Gamma\vdash e:\tau[t\leftarrow\tau_t]}{\Gamma\vdash\operatorname{pack}\langle\tau_t,e\rangle_{\exists t:\kappa.\tau}:\exists t:\kappa.\tau}\text{ T-Pack}$$
 
$$\frac{\Gamma\vdash e_1:\exists t:\kappa.\tau\quad\Gamma,t:\kappa,x:\tau\vdash e_2:\tau_2\quad t\notin tyfv(\tau_2)}{\Gamma\vdash\operatorname{unpack}\langle t:\kappa,x:\tau\rangle=e_1.\tau_2.e_2:\tau_2}\text{ T-Unpack}$$

Admissible equality:

$$\Gamma \vdash e_1 \equiv e_2 \, : \, \tau$$

$$\begin{split} \frac{\Gamma \vdash \tau_t : \kappa \quad \Gamma \vdash e_1 : \tau_1[t \leftarrow \tau_t] \quad \Gamma, t : \kappa, x : \tau_1 \vdash e_2 : \tau_2 \quad t \not\in tyfv(\tau_2)}{\Gamma \vdash \text{unpack}\langle t : \kappa, x : \tau_1 \rangle = \text{pack}\langle \tau_t, e_1 \rangle_{\exists t : \kappa, \tau_1}. \tau_2. e_2 \equiv e_2[t \leftarrow \tau_t][x \leftarrow e_1] : \tau_2} \quad \text{Eq-$\beta$-Exist} \\ \frac{\Gamma \vdash e : (\exists t : \kappa. \tau) \quad \tau' \equiv \exists t : \kappa. \tau}{\Gamma \vdash \text{unpack}\langle t : \kappa, x : \tau \rangle = e. \tau'. \text{pack}\langle t, x \rangle_{\exists t : \kappa. \tau}} \quad \text{Eq-$\eta$-Exist} \end{split}$$

## 2.7 $\lambda \mu$ -Calculus

Alias:  $\lambda~\mu~[\mathrm{Sel}01][\mathrm{Roc}05]$ 

#### 2.7.1 Syntax

$\tau ::= t$	(type variable)
ΙT	(top type)
$  \tau \times \tau$	(product type)
$\mid  au  ightarrow  au$	(function type)
1	(bottom type)
e ::= x	(variable)
$ \langle\rangle$	(top value)
$ \langle e,e \rangle$	(product)
$\mid \pi_1 e$	(left projection)
$ \pi_2 e $	(right projection)
$ \lambda x:\tau.e $	(abstraction)
l e e	(application)
$  [\alpha]e$	(naming)
$\mid \mu \alpha : \tau . e$	(un-naming)
$\Gamma::=\cdot$	
$  \Gamma, x : \tau$	
$\Delta ::= \cdot$	
$\mid \alpha : \tau, \Delta$	

Environment Reference:

$$\Gamma(x) = \tau$$

$$\frac{x=x'}{(\Gamma,x'\,:\,\tau)(x)=\tau}\qquad \frac{x\neq x'\quad \Gamma(x)=\tau}{(\Gamma,x'\,:\,\tau')(x)=\tau}$$

 $\Delta(\alpha) = \tau$ 

$$\frac{\alpha = \alpha'}{(\alpha' : \tau, \Delta)(\alpha) = \tau} \qquad \frac{\alpha \neq \alpha' \quad \Delta(\alpha) = \tau}{(\alpha' : \tau', \Delta)(\alpha) = \tau}$$

### 2.7.2 Typing Semantics

$$\Gamma \vdash e : \tau \mid \Delta$$

$$\begin{split} \frac{\Gamma(x) = \tau}{\Gamma \vdash x : \tau \mid \Delta} & \text{T-Var} \\ \frac{\Gamma \vdash \langle \rangle : \top \mid \Delta}{\Gamma \vdash \langle \rangle : \tau \mid \Delta} & \text{T-Top} \\ \frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 : \tau_1 \mid \Delta \quad \Gamma \vdash e_2 : \tau_2 \mid \Delta}{\Gamma \vdash \langle e_1, e_2 \rangle : \tau_1 \times \tau_2 \mid \Delta} & \text{T-Product} \\ \frac{\Gamma \vdash e : \tau_1 \times \tau_2 \mid \Delta}{\Gamma \vdash \pi_1 e : \tau_1 \mid \Delta} & \text{T-Proj-1} \end{split}$$

 $2.7 \lambda \mu$ -Calculus 27

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e \ : \ \tau_1 \times \tau_2 \mid \Delta}{\Gamma \vdash \pi_2 e \ : \ \tau_2 \mid \Delta} \ \text{T-Proj-2}$$
 
$$\frac{\Gamma, x \ : \ \tau_1 \vdash e \ : \ \tau_2 \mid \Delta}{\Gamma \vdash \lambda x \ : \ \tau_1.e \ : \ \tau_1 \to \tau_2 \mid \Delta} \ \text{T-Abs}$$
 
$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 \ : \ \tau_2 \to \tau \mid \Delta}{\Gamma \vdash e_1 \ e_2 \ : \ \tau \mid \Delta} \ \text{T-App}$$
 
$$\frac{\Delta(\alpha) = \tau \quad \Gamma \vdash e \ : \ \tau \mid \Delta}{\Gamma \vdash [\alpha]e \ : \ \bot \mid \Delta} \ \text{T-Name}$$
 
$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e \ : \ \bot \mid \alpha \ : \ \tau, \Delta}{\Gamma \vdash (\mu \alpha \ : \ \tau.e) \ : \ \tau \mid \Delta} \ \text{T-Unname}$$

#### 2.7.3 Equivalence

$$\Gamma \vdash e_1 \equiv e_2 : \tau \mid \Delta$$

#### 2.7.4 Elaboration (Call-By-Value)

$$\Gamma \vdash e : \tau \leadsto e'$$

$$\begin{split} \Gamma(x_{x_0}) &= V_{\tau} \\ \overline{\Gamma \vdash x_0 : \tau \rightsquigarrow \lambda x_k : K_{\tau}.x_k \; x_{x_0}} \\ \overline{\Gamma \vdash \langle \rangle : \top \rightsquigarrow \lambda x_k : K_{\tau}.x_k \; \langle \rangle} \\ \overline{\Gamma \vdash e_1 : \tau_1 \rightsquigarrow e'_1 \quad \Gamma \vdash e_2 : \tau_2 \rightsquigarrow e'_2} \\ \overline{\Gamma \vdash \langle e_1, e_2 \rangle : \tau_1 \times \tau_2 \rightsquigarrow \lambda x_k : K_{\tau_1 \times \tau_2}.e'_1 \; (\lambda x_1 : V_{\tau_1}.e'_2 \; (\lambda x_2 : V_{\tau_2}.x_k \; \langle x_1, x_2 \rangle))}} \\ \underline{\Gamma \vdash e : \tau_1 \times \tau_2 \rightsquigarrow e'} \\ \overline{\Gamma \vdash \pi_1 e : \tau_1 \rightsquigarrow \lambda x_k : K_{\tau_1}.e' \; (\lambda x : V_{\tau_1} \times V_{\tau_2}.x_k \; (\pi_1 x))} \end{split}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e : \tau_{1} \times \tau_{2} \leadsto e'}{\Gamma \vdash \pi_{2}e : \tau_{2} \leadsto \lambda x_{k} : K_{\tau_{2}}.e' (\lambda x : V_{\tau_{1}} \times V_{\tau_{2}}.x_{k} (\pi_{2}x))}{\Gamma, x_{x_{0}} : V_{\tau_{1}} \vdash e : \tau_{2} \leadsto e'}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash (\lambda x_{0} : \tau_{1}.e) : \tau_{1} \to \tau_{2} \leadsto \lambda x_{k} : K_{\tau_{1} \to \tau_{2}}.x_{k} (\lambda x : V_{\tau_{1}} \times K_{\tau_{2}}.(\lambda x_{x_{0}} : V_{\tau_{1}}.e') (\pi_{1}x) (\pi_{2}x))}{\Gamma \vdash e_{1} : \tau_{2} \to \tau \leadsto e'_{1} \quad \Gamma \vdash e_{2} : \tau_{2} \leadsto e'_{2}}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e_{1} : \tau_{2} \to \tau \leadsto e'_{1} \quad \Gamma \vdash e_{2} : \tau_{2} \leadsto e'_{2}}{\Gamma \vdash e_{1} e_{2} : \tau \leadsto \lambda x_{k} : K_{\tau}.e'_{1} (\lambda x_{1} : V_{\tau_{2} \to \tau}.e'_{2} (\lambda x_{2} : V_{\tau_{2}}.x_{1} \langle x_{2}, x_{k} \rangle))}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, x_{\alpha} : K_{\tau} \vdash e : \bot \leadsto e'}{\Gamma \vdash (\mu \alpha : \tau.e) : \tau \leadsto \lambda x_{\alpha} : K_{\tau}.e' (\lambda x : \bot. \operatorname{case} x \{\})}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma(x_{\alpha}) = K_{\tau} \quad \Gamma \vdash e : \tau \leadsto e'}{\Gamma \vdash [\alpha]e : \tau \leadsto \lambda x_{k} : K_{\bot}.e' x_{\alpha}}$$

 $V_{\tau} = \tau'$ 

$$\begin{split} \overline{V_{\mathsf{T}} = \mathsf{T}} \\ V_{\tau_1} &= \tau_1' \quad V_{\tau_2} = \tau_2' \\ \overline{V_{\tau_1 \times \tau_2}} &= V_{\tau_1'} \times V_{\tau_2'} \\ V_{\tau_1} &= \tau_1' \quad K_{\tau_2} = \tau_2' \\ \overline{V_{\tau_1 \to \tau_2}} &= \tau_1' \times \tau_2' \to R \\ \hline \overline{V_{\perp} = \bot} \end{split}$$

Abbreviation:

$$K_{\tau} \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} V_{\tau} \to R$$

$$C_{\tau} \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} K_{\tau} \to R$$

定理 26.  $\Gamma \vdash e : \tau \rightsquigarrow e'$  ならば,  $\Gamma \vdash e' : C_{\tau}$ .

定理 27.  $\Gamma \vdash e : \tau \mid \Delta \iff V(\Gamma), K(\Delta) \vdash e : \tau \leadsto e'$ . ただし,

$$V(\Gamma) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} V(\Gamma'), x_{x'} : V_{\tau'} & (\Gamma = \Gamma', x' : \tau') \\ \cdot & (\Gamma = \cdot) \end{array} \right.$$

$$K(\Delta) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} x_{\alpha} : K_{\tau}, K(\Delta') & (\Delta = \alpha : \tau, \Delta') \\ \cdot & (\Delta = \cdot) \end{array} \right.$$

#### 2.7.5 Elaboration (Call-By-Name)

$$\Gamma \vdash e : \tau \leadsto e'$$

$$\begin{split} \Gamma(x_{x_0}) &= C_{\tau} \\ \hline \Gamma \vdash x_0 : \tau \rightsquigarrow \lambda x_k : K_{\tau}.x_{x_0} x_k \\ \hline \Gamma \vdash \langle \rangle : \top \rightsquigarrow \lambda x_k : \bot. \operatorname{case} x_k \, \{\} \\ \hline \Gamma \vdash e_1 : \tau_1 \rightsquigarrow e'_1 \quad \Gamma \vdash e_2 : \tau_2 \rightsquigarrow e'_2 \\ \hline \Gamma \vdash \langle e_1, e_2 \rangle : \tau_1 \times \tau_2 \rightsquigarrow \lambda x_k : K_{\tau_1} + K_{\tau_2}. \operatorname{case} x_k \, \{x_{k_1}.e'_1 \, x_{k_1} \mid x_{k_2}.e'_2 \, x_{k_2}\} \\ \hline \Gamma \vdash e : \tau_1 \times \tau_2 \rightsquigarrow e' \\ \hline \Gamma \vdash \pi_1 e : \tau_1 \rightsquigarrow \lambda x_k : K_{\tau_1}.e' \, (i_1 x_k) \\ \hline \Gamma, x_{x_1} : C_{\tau_1} \vdash e : \tau_2 \rightsquigarrow e' \\ \hline \Gamma \vdash (\lambda x_1 : \tau_1.e) : \tau_1 \rightarrow \tau_2 \rightsquigarrow \lambda x_k : C_{\tau_1} \times K_{\tau_2}.e'[x_{x_1} \leftarrow \pi_1 x_k] \, (\pi_2 x_k) \end{split}$$

 $2.7 \quad \lambda \ \mu$ -Calculus 29

$$\begin{split} \frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 : \tau_2 \rightarrow \tau \rightsquigarrow e_1' \quad \Gamma \vdash e_2 : \tau_2 \rightsquigarrow e_2'}{\Gamma \vdash e_1 e_2 : \tau \rightsquigarrow \lambda x_k : K_\tau . e_1' \langle e_2', x_k \rangle} \\ \frac{\Gamma(x_\alpha) = K_\tau \quad \Gamma \vdash e : \tau \rightsquigarrow e'}{\Gamma \vdash [\alpha]e : \bot \rightsquigarrow \lambda x_k : K_\bot . e' x_\alpha} \\ \frac{\Gamma, x_\alpha : K_\tau \vdash e : \bot \rightsquigarrow e'}{\Gamma \vdash (\mu\alpha : \tau . e) : \tau \rightsquigarrow \lambda x_\alpha : K_\tau . e' \langle \rangle} \end{split}$$

 $K_\tau = \tau'$ 

$$\begin{split} \overline{K_{\mathsf{T}} = \bot} \\ K_{\tau_1} &= \tau_1' \quad K_{\tau_2} = \tau_2' \\ K_{\tau_1 \times \tau_2} &= \tau_1' + \tau_2' \\ C_{\tau_1} &= \tau_1' \quad K_{\tau_2} = \tau_2' \\ K_{\tau_1 \to \tau_2} &= \tau_1' \times \tau_2' \\ \overline{K_{\bot} = \top} \end{split}$$

Abbreviation:

$$C_{\tau} \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} K_{\tau} \to R$$

定理 28.  $\Gamma \vdash e : \tau \leadsto e'$  ならば,  $\Gamma \vdash e' : C_{\tau}$ .

定理 29.  $\Gamma \vdash e : \tau \mid \Delta \iff C(\Gamma), K(\Delta) \vdash e : \tau \leadsto e'$ . ただし,

$$C(\Gamma) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} C(\Gamma'), x_{x'} : C_{\tau'} & (\Gamma = \Gamma', x' : \tau') \\ \cdot & (\Gamma = \cdot) \end{array} \right.$$

$$K(\Delta) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} x_{\alpha} : K_{\tau}, K(\Delta') & (\Delta = \alpha : \tau, \Delta') \\ \cdot & (\Delta = \cdot) \end{array} \right.$$

## 2.8 WIP: Lambda Bar Mu Mu Tilde Calculus

 $\bar{\lambda}~\mu~\tilde{\bar{\mu}}\text{-}\mathrm{Calculus}$ 

2.9 WIP:  $\pi$ -Calculus

2.9 WIP:  $\pi$ -Calculus

# 第3章

Modules and Phase Distinction

### 3.1 Light-Weight F-ing modules

[RRD14]

#### 3.1.1 Internal Language

Having same power as System F  $\omega$  Syntax:

$$\begin{split} \kappa &::= \Omega \mid \kappa \to \kappa \\ \tau &::= t \mid \tau \to \tau \mid \{\overline{l : \tau}\} \mid \forall t : \kappa.\tau \mid \exists t : \kappa.\tau \mid \lambda t : \kappa.\tau \mid \tau \tau \\ e &::= x \mid \lambda x : \tau.e \mid e \mid e \mid \{\overline{l = e}\} \mid e.l \mid \Lambda t : \kappa.e \mid e \mid \tau \mid \operatorname{pack}\langle \tau, e \rangle_{\tau} \mid \operatorname{unpack}\langle t : \kappa, x : \tau \rangle = e \text{ in } e \\ \Gamma &::= \cdot \mid \Gamma, t : \kappa \mid \Gamma, x : \tau \end{split}$$

Abbreviation:

$$\Sigma.\overline{l} \stackrel{\mathrm{def}}{=} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} (\Sigma.l).\overline{l'} \quad (\overline{l} = l \, \overline{l'}) \\ \Sigma \qquad (\overline{l} = \varepsilon) \end{array} \right.$$

$$\overline{\tau_1} \rightarrow \tau_2 \stackrel{\mathrm{def}}{=} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \tau_1 \rightarrow (\overline{\tau_1'} \rightarrow \tau_2) \quad (\overline{\tau_1} = \tau_1 \, \overline{\tau_1'}) \\ \tau_2 \qquad (\overline{\tau_1} = \varepsilon) \end{array} \right.$$

$$\lambda \overline{x} : \overline{\tau}. e \stackrel{\mathrm{def}}{=} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \lambda x : \tau. \lambda \overline{x'} : \overline{\tau'}. e \quad (\overline{x} : \overline{\tau} = x : \tau \, \overline{x'} : \overline{\tau'}) \\ e \qquad (\overline{x} : \overline{\tau} = \varepsilon) \end{array} \right.$$

$$e_0 \stackrel{\mathrm{def}}{=} \stackrel{\mathrm{def}}{=} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} e_0 \ e_1 \, \overline{e_1'} \quad (\overline{e_1} = e_1 \, \overline{e_1'}) \\ e_0 \qquad (\overline{e_1} = \varepsilon) \end{array} \right.$$

$$\forall \overline{t} : \overline{\kappa}. \tau \stackrel{\mathrm{def}}{=} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \forall t : \kappa. \forall \overline{t'} : \kappa'. \tau \quad (\overline{t} : \overline{\kappa} = t : \kappa \, \overline{t'} : \kappa') \\ \tau \qquad (\overline{t} : \overline{\kappa} = \varepsilon) \end{array} \right.$$

$$\wedge \overline{t} : \overline{\kappa}. e \stackrel{\mathrm{def}}{=} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \Lambda t : \kappa. \wedge \overline{\Lambda t'} : \kappa'. e \quad (\overline{t} : \overline{\kappa} = t : \kappa \, \overline{t'} : \kappa') \\ e \qquad (\overline{\tau} : \overline{\kappa} = \varepsilon) \end{array} \right.$$

$$e \, \overline{\tau} \stackrel{\mathrm{def}}{=} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} e \, \tau \, \overline{\tau'} \quad (\overline{\tau} = \tau \, \overline{\tau'}) \\ e \qquad (\overline{\tau} = \varepsilon) \end{array} \right.$$

$$| \operatorname{let} \overline{x} : \tau = \overline{e_1} \, \overline{t} : \overline{\kappa} = \overline{\tau} \, \operatorname{in} \, e_2 \stackrel{\mathrm{def}}{=} (\lambda \overline{x} : \overline{\tau}. \wedge \overline{t} : \overline{\kappa}. e_2) \, \overline{e_1} \, \overline{\tau} \\ \exists \overline{t} : \overline{\kappa}. \tau \stackrel{\mathrm{def}}{=} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \exists t : \kappa. \exists \overline{t'} : \kappa'. \tau \quad (\overline{t} : \overline{\kappa} = t : \kappa \, \overline{t'} : \kappa') \\ \tau \qquad (\overline{t} : \overline{\kappa} = \varepsilon) \end{array} \right.$$

$$| \operatorname{pack} \langle \overline{\tau}, e \rangle_{\exists \overline{t} : \overline{\kappa}. \tau}, \stackrel{\mathrm{def}}{=} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \exists t : \kappa. \exists \overline{t'} : \kappa'. \tau, e \rangle_{\exists \overline{t'} : \kappa'. \tau}, e \rangle_{\exists \overline{t} : \overline{\kappa}. \tau} = \varepsilon \\ e \qquad (\overline{\tau} = \varepsilon, \overline{t} : \overline{\kappa} = \varepsilon) \end{array} \right.$$

$$| \operatorname{unpack} \langle \overline{t} : \kappa, x_1 : \exists \overline{t'} : \kappa'. \tau \rangle = e_1 \, \operatorname{in} \, e_2 \qquad (\overline{t} : \overline{\kappa} = t : \kappa \, \overline{t'} : \kappa')$$

$$| \operatorname{let} x : \tau = e_1 \, \operatorname{in} \, e_2 \qquad (\overline{t} : \overline{\kappa} = \varepsilon) \qquad (\overline{t} : \overline{\kappa} = \varepsilon)$$

Kinding:

 $\Gamma \vdash \tau : \kappa$ 

$$\frac{\Gamma(t) = \kappa}{\Gamma \vdash t \ : \ \kappa} \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash \tau_1 \ : \ \Omega \quad \Gamma \vdash \tau_2 \ : \ \Omega}{\Gamma \vdash \tau_1 \to \tau_2 \ : \ \Omega} \qquad \frac{\bigwedge_l \Gamma \vdash \tau_l \ : \ \Omega}{\Gamma \vdash \{\overline{l} \ : \ \tau_l\} \ : \ \Omega}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma,t:\kappa\vdash\tau:\Omega}{\Gamma\vdash\forall t:\kappa.\tau:\Omega} \qquad \frac{\Gamma,t:\kappa\vdash\tau:\Omega}{\Gamma\vdash\exists t:\kappa.\tau:\Omega} \qquad \frac{\Gamma,t:\kappa_1\vdash\tau:\kappa_2}{\Gamma\vdash\lambda t:\kappa_1.\tau:\kappa_1\to\kappa_2} \qquad \frac{\Gamma\vdash\tau_1:\kappa_2\to\kappa\quad\Gamma\vdash\tau_2:\kappa_2}{\Gamma\vdash\tau_1\;\tau_2:\kappa}$$

Type equivalence:

$$\Gamma \vdash \tau_1 \equiv \tau_2 : \kappa$$

Typing:

 $\Gamma \vdash e : \tau$ 

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash \tau : \Omega \quad \Gamma(x) = \tau}{\Gamma \vdash x : \tau} \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash \tau \equiv \tau' : \Omega \quad \Gamma \vdash e : \tau'}{\Gamma \vdash e : \tau}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash \tau_1 : \Omega \quad \Gamma, x : \tau_1 \vdash e : \tau_2}{\Gamma \vdash \lambda x : \tau_1 \cdot e : \tau_1 \to \tau_2} \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 : \tau_2 \to \tau \quad \Gamma \vdash e_2 : \tau_2}{\Gamma \vdash e_1 e_2 : \tau}$$

$$\frac{\bigwedge_l \Gamma \vdash e_l : \tau_l}{\Gamma \vdash \{\overline{l} = e_l\} : \{\overline{l} = \tau_l\}} \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash e : \{\overline{l'} = \tau_{l'}\}}{\Gamma \vdash e.l : \tau_l}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, t : \kappa \vdash e : \tau}{\Gamma \vdash \Lambda t : \kappa \cdot e : (\forall t : \kappa. \tau)} \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash e : (\forall t : \kappa. \tau_1) \quad \Gamma \vdash \tau_2 : \kappa}{\Gamma \vdash e : \tau_2 : \tau_1 [t \leftarrow \tau_2]}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, t : \kappa \vdash \tau : \Omega \quad \Gamma \vdash \tau_t : \kappa \quad \Gamma \vdash e : \tau[t \leftarrow \tau_t]}{\Gamma \vdash \operatorname{pack}\langle \tau_t, e \rangle_{\exists t : \kappa. \tau} : (\exists t : \kappa. \tau)} \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 : (\exists t : \kappa. \tau_1) \quad \Gamma, t : \kappa, x : \tau_1 \vdash e_2 : \tau}{\Gamma \vdash \operatorname{unpack}\langle t : \kappa, x : \tau_1 \rangle = e_1 \text{ in } e_2 : \tau}$$

Reduction:

$$\begin{array}{l} v::=\lambda x:\tau.e\mid\{\overline{l=e}\}\mid\Lambda t:\kappa.e\mid\mathrm{pack}\langle\tau_t,e\rangle_{\exists t:\kappa.\tau}\\ C::=[]\mid C\mid v\mid C\mid\{\overline{l=v},l=C,\overline{l=e}\}\mid C.l\mid C\mid \tau\mid\mathrm{pack}\langle\tau,C\rangle_\tau\mid\mathrm{unpack}\langle t:\kappa,x:\tau\rangle=C\;\mathrm{in}\;e \end{array}$$

 $e \Rightarrow e'$ 

$$\overline{(\lambda x : \tau. e)v} \Rightarrow e[x \leftarrow v] \qquad \overline{\{\overline{l' = v_{l'}}\}.l} \Rightarrow v_{l} \qquad \overline{(\Lambda t : \kappa. e)\tau} \Rightarrow e[t \leftarrow \tau]$$

$$\underline{unpack\langle t : \kappa, x : \tau \rangle = pack\langle \tau_{t}, v \rangle_{\tau_{\exists}} \text{ in } e \Rightarrow e[t \leftarrow \tau_{t}][x \leftarrow v]} \qquad \underline{e \Rightarrow e'}$$

$$C[e] \Rightarrow C[e']$$

Equivalence:

$$\Gamma \vdash e_1 \equiv e_2 : \tau$$

$$\begin{split} \frac{\Gamma, x : \tau_2 \vdash e_1 : \tau \quad \Gamma \vdash e_2 : \tau_2}{\Gamma \vdash (\lambda x : \tau_2. e_1) \ e_2 \equiv e_1[x \leftarrow e_2] : \tau} & \frac{x \not\in fv(e) \quad \Gamma \vdash e : \tau_1 \rightarrow \tau_2}{\Gamma \vdash (\lambda x : \tau_1. e \ x) \equiv e : \tau_1 \rightarrow \tau_2} \\ & \frac{\bigwedge_{l'} \Gamma \vdash e_{l'} : \tau_{l'}}{\Gamma \vdash \{\overline{l'} = e_{l'}\}.l \equiv e_l : \tau_l} & \frac{\Gamma \vdash e : \{\overline{l} : \tau_l\}}{\Gamma \vdash \{\overline{l} = e.l\}} \equiv e : \{\overline{l} : \tau_l\} \\ & \frac{\Gamma, t : \kappa \vdash e : \tau}{\Gamma \vdash (\Lambda t : \kappa. e) \ \tau_2 \equiv e[t \leftarrow \tau_2] : \tau[t \leftarrow \tau_2]} & \frac{t \not\in tyfv(e) \quad \Gamma \vdash e : \forall t : \kappa. \tau}{\Gamma \vdash (\Lambda t : \kappa. e \ t) \equiv e : \forall t : \kappa. \tau} \end{split}$$

```
\begin{split} & \frac{\Gamma,t:\kappa\vdash\tau_1\equiv\tau_1':\Omega\quad\Gamma\vdash\tau_t:\kappa\quad\Gamma\vdash e_1:\tau_1[t\leftarrow\tau_t]}{\Gamma\vdash\text{unpack}\langle t:\kappa,x:\tau_1'\rangle=\text{pack}\langle\tau_t,e_1\rangle_{\exists t:\kappa,\tau_1}} \text{ in } e_2\equiv e_2[t\leftarrow\tau_t][x\leftarrow e_1]:\tau} \\ & \frac{\Gamma\vdash e:\exists t:\kappa.\tau\quad\Gamma,t:\kappa\vdash\tau\equiv\tau':\Omega}{\Gamma\vdash\text{unpack}\langle t:\kappa,x:\tau'\rangle=e} \text{ in } \text{pack}\langle\tau_t,e_1\rangle_{\exists t:\kappa,\tau}\equiv e:(\exists t:\kappa.\tau)} \\ & \frac{e_1\equiv_{\alpha}e_2\quad\Gamma\vdash e_1:\tau\quad\Gamma\vdash e_2:\tau}{\Gamma\vdash e_1\equiv e_2:\tau} & \frac{\Gamma\vdash\tau\equiv\tau':\Omega\quad\Gamma\vdash e_1\equiv e_2:\tau'}{\Gamma\vdash e_1\equiv e_2:\tau} \\ & \frac{\Gamma\vdash e_1\equiv e_2:\tau}{\Gamma\vdash e_1\equiv e_2:\tau} & \frac{\Gamma\vdash e_1\equiv e_2:\tau}{\Gamma\vdash e_1\equiv e_3:\tau} \\ \hline \Gamma\vdash e_1\equiv e_2:\tau & \frac{\Gamma\vdash e_1\equiv e_2:\tau}{\Gamma\vdash e_1\equiv e_2:\tau} \\ \hline \Gamma\vdash \lambda x:\tau\cdot e_1\equiv e_2:\tau' & \frac{\Gamma\vdash e_1\equiv e_2:\tau'\vdash\tau}{\Gamma\vdash e_1\equiv e_2:\tau} \\ \hline \Gamma\vdash \{\overline{l}=e_{l,1}\}\equiv \{\overline{l}=e_{l,2}\}:\{\overline{l}:\tau_l\}} & \frac{\Gamma\vdash e_1\equiv e_2:\{\overline{l}:\tau_l,\overline{l'}:\tau'\}}{\Gamma\vdash e_1\equiv e_2:\tau} \\ \hline \Gamma\vdash \Lambda t:\kappa\cdot e_1\equiv \Lambda t:\kappa\cdot e_2:(\forall t:\kappa.\tau) & \frac{\Gamma\vdash e_1\equiv e_2:\forall t:\kappa.\tau}{\Gamma\vdash e_1\equiv e_2:\tau} \\ \hline \Gamma\vdash pack\langle\tau_1',e_1\rangle_{\exists t:\kappa.\tau_1}\equiv pack\langle\tau_2',e_2\rangle_{\exists t:\kappa.\tau_2}:(\exists t:\kappa.\tau_1)} \\ \hline \Gamma,t:\kappa\vdash\tau_1'\equiv\tau_2':\Omega\quad\Gamma\vdash e_1'\equiv e_2':(\exists t:\kappa.\tau_1')\quad\Gamma,t:\kappa,x:\tau_1'\vdash e_1\equiv e_2:\tau}{\Gamma\vdash unpack\langle t:\kappa,x:\tau_1'\rangle=e_1'=e_1'\equiv e_1'\equiv e_2':\tau} \end{split}
```

#### 3.1.2 Syntax

```
X::=\cdots
                                                                    (identifier)
K ::= \cdots
                                                                         (kind)
T ::= \cdots \mid P
                                                                         (type)
E ::= \cdots \mid P
                                                                  (expression)
P ::= M
                                                                         (path)
M ::= X
                                                                    (identifier)
      \mid \{B\}
                                                                     (bindings)
      M.X
                                                                   (projection)
B ::= \operatorname{val} X = E
                                                               (value binding)
      | type X = T
                                                                (type binding)
      \mid module X = M
                                                             (module binding)
      | signature X = S
                                                          (signature binding)
      | include M
                                                          (module including)
      Ι ε
                                                              (empty binding)
      \mid B; B
                                                     (binding concatenation)
 S ::= P
                                                              (signature path)
      |\{D\}|
                                                                 (declarations)
D ::= \operatorname{val} X : T
                                                           (value declaration)
      | type X = T
                                                                (type binding)
      \mid module X:S
                                                         (module declaration)
      \mid signature X = S
                                                          (signature binding)
      | include S
                                                         (signature including)
      | ε
                                                          (empty declaration)
      \mid D; D
                                                 (declaration concatenation)
```

#### 3.1.3 Signature

$$\begin{array}{lll} \Sigma ::= [\tau] & \text{(anonymous value declaration)} \\ & \mid [=\tau:\kappa] & \text{(anonymous type declaration)} \\ & \mid [=\Sigma] & \text{(anonymous signature declaration)} \\ & \mid \{\overline{l_X:\Sigma}\} & \text{(structural signature)} \end{array}$$

Atomic Signature:

$$[\tau] \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \{ \text{val} : \tau \}$$

$$[e] \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \{ \text{val} = e \}$$

$$[= \tau : \kappa] \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \{ \text{type} : \forall t : (\kappa \to \Omega). t \ \tau \to t \ \tau \}$$

$$[\tau : \kappa] \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \{ \text{type} = \Lambda t : (\kappa \to \Omega). \lambda x : (t \ \tau). x \}$$

$$[= \Sigma] \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \{ \text{sig} : \Sigma \to \Sigma \}$$

$$[\Sigma] \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \{ \text{sig} = \lambda x : \Sigma. x \}$$

 $NotAtomic(\Sigma)$ 

$$\overline{\operatorname{NotAtomic}(\{\overline{l_X}:\Sigma\})}$$

Admissible kinding:

$$\Gamma \vdash \tau : \kappa$$

$$\begin{split} &\frac{\Gamma \vdash \tau : \Omega}{\Gamma \vdash [\tau] : \Omega} \text{ K-A-Val} \\ &\frac{\Gamma \vdash \tau : \kappa}{\Gamma \vdash [=\tau : \kappa] : \Omega} \text{ K-A-Typ} \\ &\frac{\Gamma \vdash \Sigma : \Omega}{\Gamma \vdash [=\Sigma] : \Omega} \text{ K-A-Sig} \end{split}$$

Admissible type equivalence:

$$\boxed{\Gamma \vdash \tau_1 \equiv \tau_2 : \kappa}$$

$$\begin{split} \frac{\Gamma \vdash \tau_1 \equiv \tau_2 : \Omega}{\Gamma \vdash [\tau_1] \equiv [\tau_2] : \Omega} \text{ T-Eq-Cong-A-Val} \\ \frac{\Gamma \vdash \tau_1 \equiv \tau_2 : \kappa}{\Gamma \vdash [=\tau_1 : \kappa] \equiv [=\tau_2 : \kappa] : \Omega} \text{ T-Eq-Cong-A-Typ} \\ \frac{\Gamma \vdash \Sigma_1 \equiv \Sigma_2 : \Omega}{\Gamma \vdash [=\Sigma_1] \equiv [=\Sigma_2] : \Omega} \text{ T-Eq-Cong-A-Sig} \end{split}$$

Admissible typing:

$$\Gamma \vdash e : \tau$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e \ : \ \tau}{\Gamma \vdash [e] \ : \ [\tau]} \text{ T-A-Val}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash \tau : \kappa}{\Gamma \vdash [\tau : \kappa] : [= \tau : \kappa]} \text{ T-A-Typ}$$
$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash \Sigma : \Omega}{\Gamma \vdash [\Sigma] : [= \Sigma]} \text{ T-A-Sig}$$

Admissible equivalence:

$$\Gamma \vdash e_1 \equiv e_2 : \tau$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e : \tau}{\Gamma \vdash [e]. \, \text{val} \equiv e : \tau} \, \text{Eq-$\beta$-A-Val} \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash e : [\tau]}{\Gamma \vdash [e. \, \text{val}] \equiv e : [\tau]} \, \text{Eq-$\eta$-A-Val} \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 \equiv e_2 : \tau}{\Gamma \vdash [e_1] \equiv [e_2] : [\tau]} \, \text{Eq-Cong-A-Val} \\ \frac{\Gamma \vdash \tau_1 \equiv \tau_2 : \kappa}{\Gamma \vdash [\tau_1 : \kappa] \equiv [\tau_2 : \kappa] : [= \tau_1 : \kappa]} \, \text{Eq-Cong-A-Typ} \\ \frac{\Gamma \vdash \Sigma_1 \equiv \Sigma_2 : \Omega}{\Gamma \vdash [\Sigma_1] \equiv [\Sigma_2] : [= \Sigma_1]} \, \text{Eq-Cong-A-Sig}$$

#### 3.1.4 Elaboration

Signature:

$$\Gamma \vdash S \leadsto \Sigma$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash P : [=\Sigma] \rightsquigarrow e}{\Gamma \vdash P \rightsquigarrow \Sigma} \text{ S-Path}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash D \rightsquigarrow \Sigma}{\Gamma \vdash \{D\} \rightsquigarrow \Sigma} \text{ S-Struct}$$

Declarations:

$$\Gamma \vdash D \leadsto \Sigma$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash T : \Omega \leadsto \tau}{\Gamma \vdash \operatorname{val} X : T \leadsto \{l_X : [\tau]\}} \text{ D-Val}$$
 
$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash T : \kappa \leadsto \tau}{\Gamma \vdash \operatorname{type} X = T \leadsto \{l_X : [=\tau : \kappa]\}} \text{ D-Typ-Eq}$$
 
$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash S \leadsto \Sigma}{\Gamma \vdash \operatorname{module} X : S \leadsto \{l_X : \Sigma\}} \text{ D-Mod}$$
 
$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash S \leadsto \Sigma}{\Gamma \vdash \operatorname{signature} X = S \leadsto \{l_X : [=\Sigma]\}} \text{ D-Sig-Eq}$$
 
$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash S \leadsto \{\overline{l_X} : \Sigma\}}{\Gamma \vdash \operatorname{include} S \leadsto \{\overline{l_X} : \Sigma\}} \text{ D-Incl}$$
 
$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash S \leadsto \{\overline{l_X} : \Sigma\}}{\Gamma \vdash \operatorname{include} S \leadsto \{\overline{l_X} : \Sigma\}} \text{ D-Emt}$$
 
$$\frac{\{\overline{l_{X_1}}\} \cap \{\overline{l_{X_2}}\} = \emptyset \quad \Gamma \vdash D_1 \leadsto \{\overline{l_{X_1}} : \Sigma_1\} \quad \Gamma, \overline{x_{X_1}} : \Sigma_1 \vdash D_2 \leadsto \{\overline{l_{X_2}} : \Sigma_2\}}}{\Gamma \vdash D_1 ; D_2 \leadsto \{\overline{l_{X_1}} : \Sigma_1, \overline{l_{X_2}} : \Sigma_2\}} \text{ D-Seq}$$

Module:

$$\Gamma \vdash M : \Sigma \rightsquigarrow e$$

$$\begin{split} \frac{\Gamma(x_X) = \Sigma}{\Gamma \vdash X : \Sigma \leadsto x_X} & \text{M-Var} \\ \frac{\Gamma \vdash B : \Sigma \leadsto e}{\Gamma \vdash \{B\} : \Sigma \leadsto e} & \text{M-Struct} \\ \\ \frac{\Gamma \vdash M : \{l_X : \Sigma, \overline{l_{X'} : \Sigma'}\} \leadsto e}{\Gamma \vdash M.X : \Sigma \leadsto e.l_X} & \text{M-Dot} \end{split}$$

Bindings:

$$\Gamma \vdash B : \Sigma \leadsto e$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash E : \tau \leadsto e}{\Gamma \vdash \text{val} X = E : \{l_X : [\tau]\} \leadsto \{l_X = [e]\}} \text{ B-Val}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash T : \kappa \leadsto \tau}{\Gamma \vdash \text{type} X = T : \{l_X : [=\tau : \kappa]\} \leadsto \{l_X = [\tau : \kappa]\}} \text{ B-Typ}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash M : \Sigma \leadsto e \quad \text{NotAtomic}(\Sigma)}{\Gamma \vdash \text{module} X = M : \{l_X : \Sigma\} \leadsto \{l_X = e\}} \text{ B-Mod}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash S \leadsto \Sigma}{\Gamma \vdash \text{signature} X = S : \{l_X : [=\Sigma]\} \leadsto \{l_X = [\Sigma]\}} \text{ B-Sig}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash M : \{\overline{l_X} : \Sigma\} \leadsto e}{\Gamma \vdash \text{include} M : \{\overline{l_X} : \Sigma\} \leadsto e} \text{ B-Incl}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash \epsilon : \{\} \leadsto \{\}}{\Gamma \vdash \text{include} M : \{\overline{l_X} : \Sigma\} \leadsto e} \text{ B-Emt}$$

$$\frac{\overline{l'_{X_1}} = \overline{l_{X_1}} \setminus \overline{l_{X_2}} \quad \overline{l'_{X_1}} : \Sigma_1' \subseteq \overline{l_{X_1}} : \Sigma_1} \quad \Gamma \vdash B_1 : \{\overline{l_{X_1}} : \Sigma_1\} \leadsto e_1}{\Sigma = \{\overline{l'_{X_1}} : \Sigma_1', \overline{l_{X_2}} : \Sigma_2\}} \xrightarrow{\Gamma, \overline{x_{X_1}} : \Sigma_1} \vdash B_2 : \{\overline{l_{X_2}} : \Sigma_2\} \leadsto e_2}$$

$$\frac{\text{let } x_1 = e_1 \text{ in}}{\{l'_{X_1} = x_1 . l'_{X_1}}, \overline{l_{X_2}} = x_2 . l_{X_2}\}} \text{ B-Seq}$$

Path:

 $\Gamma \vdash P : \Sigma \leadsto e$ 

Use M-Dot.

 $\Gamma \vdash T : \kappa \leadsto \tau$ 

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash P : [=\tau : \kappa] \leadsto e}{\Gamma \vdash P : \kappa \leadsto \tau} \text{ T-Elab-Path}$$

 $\Gamma \vdash E : \tau \leadsto e$ 

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash P : [\tau] \rightsquigarrow e}{\Gamma \vdash P : \tau \rightsquigarrow e.\text{val}} \text{ E-Path}$$

[RRD14]

### 3.2.1 Internal Language

See 3.1.1.

### 3.2.2 Syntax

$X ::= \cdots$	(identifier)
$K ::= \cdots$	(kind)
$T ::= \cdots \mid P$	(type)
$E ::= \cdots \mid P$	(expression)
P ::= M	(path)
M::=X	(identifier)
$\mid \{B\}$	(bindings)
$\mid M.X$	(projection)
$  \operatorname{fun} X : S \Rightarrow M$	(functor)
$\mid X \mid X$	(functor application)
X:>S	(sealing)
$B ::= \operatorname{val} X = E$	(value binding)
type X = T	(type binding)
$\mid \operatorname{module} X = M$	(module binding)
signature $X = S$	(signature binding)
include M	(module including)
€	(empty binding)
B; B	(binding concatenation)
S::=P	(signature path)
{ <i>D</i> }	(declarations)
$\mid (X:S) \to S$	((generative) functor signature)
$\mid S \text{ where type } \overline{X} = T$	(bounded signature)
$D::=\operatorname{val}X:T$	(value declaration)
type X = T	(type binding)
type X : K	(type declaration)
$\mid module X : S$	(module declaration)
signature $X = S$	(signature binding)
include S	(signature including)
<i>e</i>	(empty declaration)
$\mid D;D$	(declaration concatenation)

### 3.2.3 Signature

```
\Xi ::= \exists \overline{t} : \kappa. \Sigma (abstract signature)
\Sigma ::= [\tau] (atomic value declaration)
```

$$\begin{split} \mid [=\tau:\kappa] & \text{(atomic type declaration)} \\ \mid [=\Xi] & \text{(atomic signature declaration)} \\ \mid \{\overline{l_X}:\Sigma\} & \text{(structure signature)} \\ \mid \forall \overline{t}:\kappa.\Sigma \to \Xi & \text{(functor signature)} \end{split}$$

Atomic Signature:

$$[\tau] \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \{ \text{val} : \tau \}$$

$$[e] \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \{ \text{val} = e \}$$

$$[= \tau : \kappa] \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \{ \text{type} : \forall t : (\kappa \to \Omega). t \ \tau \to t \ \tau \}$$

$$[\tau : \kappa] \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \{ \text{type} = \Lambda t : (\kappa \to \Omega). \lambda x : (t \ \tau). x \}$$

$$[= \Xi] \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \{ \text{sig} : \Xi \to \Xi \}$$

$$[\Xi] \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \{ \text{sig} = \lambda x : \Xi. x \}$$

 $NotAtomic(\Sigma)$ 

NotAtomic(
$$\{\overline{l_X} : \Sigma\}$$
) NotAtomic( $\forall \overline{t : \kappa}. \Sigma \to \Xi$ )

Admissible kinding:

 $\Gamma \vdash \tau : \kappa$ 

$$\begin{split} &\frac{\Gamma \vdash \tau : \Omega}{\Gamma \vdash [\tau] : \Omega} \text{ K-A-Val} \\ &\frac{\Gamma \vdash \tau : \kappa}{\Gamma \vdash [=\tau : \kappa] : \Omega} \text{ K-A-Typ} \\ &\frac{\Gamma \vdash \Xi : \Omega}{\Gamma \vdash [=\Xi] : \Omega} \text{ K-A-Sig} \end{split}$$

Admissible type equivalence:

$$\Gamma \vdash \tau_1 \equiv \tau_2 : \kappa$$

$$\begin{split} \frac{\Gamma \vdash \tau_1 \equiv \tau_2 : \Omega}{\Gamma \vdash [\tau_1] \equiv [\tau_2] : \Omega} \text{ T-Eq-Cong-A-Val} \\ \frac{\Gamma \vdash \tau_1 \equiv \tau_2 : \kappa}{\Gamma \vdash [=\tau_1 : \kappa] \equiv [=\tau_2 : \kappa] : \Omega} \text{ T-Eq-Cong-A-Typ} \\ \frac{\Gamma \vdash \Xi_1 \equiv \Xi_2 : \Omega}{\Gamma \vdash [=\Xi_1] \equiv [=\Xi_2] : \Omega} \text{ T-Eq-Cong-A-Sig} \end{split}$$

Admissible typing:

 $\Gamma \vdash e : \tau$ 

$$\begin{split} \frac{\Gamma \vdash e : \tau}{\Gamma \vdash [e] : [\tau]} \text{ T-A-Val} \\ \frac{\Gamma \vdash \tau : \kappa}{\Gamma \vdash [\tau : \kappa] : [= \tau : \kappa]} \text{ T-A-Typ} \\ \frac{\Gamma \vdash \Xi : \Omega}{\Gamma \vdash [\Xi] : [= \Xi]} \text{ T-A-Sig} \end{split}$$

Admissible equivalence:

$$\Gamma \vdash e_1 \equiv e_2 : \tau$$

$$\begin{split} \frac{\Gamma \vdash e : \tau}{\Gamma \vdash [e]. \, \text{val} \equiv e : \tau} & \quad \frac{\Gamma \vdash e : [\tau]}{\Gamma \vdash [e. \, \text{val}] \equiv e : [\tau]} \, \text{Eq-$\beta$-A-Val} & \quad \frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 \equiv e_2 : \tau}{\Gamma \vdash [e_1] \equiv [e_2] : [\tau]} \, \text{Eq-Cong-A-Val} \\ & \quad \frac{\Gamma \vdash \tau_1 \equiv \tau_2 : \kappa}{\Gamma \vdash [\tau_1 : \kappa] \equiv [\tau_2 : \kappa] : [= \tau_1 : \kappa]} \, \text{Eq-Cong-A-Typ} \\ & \quad \frac{\Gamma \vdash \Xi_1 \equiv \Xi_2 : \Omega}{\Gamma \vdash [\Xi_1] \equiv [\Xi_2] : [= \Xi_1]} \, \text{Eq-Cong-A-Sig} \end{split}$$

#### 3.2.4 (Generative) Elaboration

Signature:

$$\Gamma \vdash S \leadsto \Xi$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash P : [=\Xi] \rightsquigarrow e}{\Gamma \vdash P \rightsquigarrow \Xi} \text{ S-Path}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash D \rightsquigarrow \Xi}{\Gamma \vdash \{D\} \rightsquigarrow \Xi} \text{ S-Struct}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash S_1 \rightsquigarrow \exists \overline{t : \kappa}. \Sigma \quad \Gamma, \overline{t : \kappa}, x_X : \Sigma \vdash S_2 \rightsquigarrow \Xi}{\Gamma \vdash (X : S_1) \rightarrow S_2 \rightsquigarrow \forall \overline{t : \kappa}. \Sigma \rightarrow \Xi} \text{ S-Funct}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash S \rightsquigarrow \exists \overline{t_1 : \kappa_1} \ t : \kappa \ \overline{t_2 : \kappa_2}. \Sigma \quad \Sigma. \overline{l_X} = [=t : \kappa] \quad \Gamma \vdash T : \kappa \rightsquigarrow \tau}{\Gamma \vdash S \text{ where type } \overline{X} = T \rightsquigarrow \exists \overline{t_1 : \kappa_1} \ t_2 : \kappa_2. \Sigma[t \leftarrow \tau]} \text{ S-Where-Typ}$$

Declarations:

$$\Gamma \vdash D \leadsto \Xi$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash T : \Omega \leadsto \tau}{\Gamma \vdash \operatorname{val} X : T \leadsto \{l_X : [\tau]\}} \text{ D-Val}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash T : \kappa \leadsto \tau}{\Gamma \vdash \operatorname{type} X = T \leadsto \{l_X : [= \tau : \kappa]\}} \text{ D-Typ-Eq}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash K \leadsto \kappa}{\Gamma \vdash \operatorname{type} X : K \leadsto \exists t : \kappa . \{l_X : [= t : \kappa]\}} \text{ D-Typ}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash S \leadsto \exists \overline{t} : \overline{\kappa} . \Sigma}{\Gamma \vdash \operatorname{module} X : S \leadsto \exists \overline{t} : \overline{\kappa} . \{l_X : \Sigma\}} \text{ D-Mod}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash S \leadsto \Xi}{\Gamma \vdash \operatorname{signature} X = S \leadsto \{l_X : [= \Xi]\}} \text{ D-Sig-Eq}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash S \leadsto \exists \overline{t} : \kappa . \{\overline{l_X} : \Sigma\}}{\Gamma \vdash \operatorname{include} S \leadsto \exists \overline{t} : \kappa . \{\overline{l_X} : \Sigma\}} \text{ D-Incl}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash C \leadsto \{\overline{l_{X_2}}\} = \emptyset \quad \Gamma \vdash D_1 \leadsto \exists \overline{t_1} : \overline{t_1} . \{\overline{l_{X_1}} : \Sigma_1\} \quad \Gamma, \overline{t_1} : \overline{t_1}, \overline{x_{X_1}} : \Sigma_1 \vdash D_2 \leadsto \exists \overline{t_2} : \kappa_2 . \{\overline{l_{X_2}} : \Sigma_2\}}$$

$$\Gamma \vdash D_1; D_2 \leadsto \exists \overline{t_1} : \overline{\kappa_1} . \overline{t_2} : \overline{\kappa_2} . \{\overline{l_{X_1}} : \Sigma_1} \quad \overline{L_{X_2}} : \Sigma_2\}$$

Matching:

$$\Gamma \vdash \Sigma_1 \leq \exists \overline{t : \kappa}. \Sigma_2 \uparrow \overline{\tau} \rightsquigarrow e$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash \Sigma_1 \leq \Sigma_2[\overline{t \leftarrow \tau_t}] \rightsquigarrow e \quad \bigwedge_t \Gamma \vdash \tau_t : \kappa_t}{\Gamma \vdash \Sigma_1 \leq \exists \overline{t} : \kappa_t . \Sigma_2 \uparrow \overline{\tau_t} \leadsto e} \text{ U-Match}$$

Subtyping:

$$\Gamma \vdash \Xi_1 \leq \Xi_2 \rightsquigarrow e$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash \tau_{1} \leq \tau_{2} \Rightarrow e}{\Gamma \vdash [\tau_{1}] \leq [\tau_{2}] \Rightarrow \lambda x : [\tau_{1}] \cdot [e \ (x. \, \text{val})]} \text{ U-Val}}{\Gamma \vdash [\tau_{1}] \leq [\tau_{2}] \Rightarrow \lambda x : [\tau_{1}] \cdot [e \ (x. \, \text{val})]} \text{ U-Typ}}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash \tau_{1} \equiv \tau_{2} : \kappa}{\Gamma \vdash [=\tau_{1} : \kappa] \leq [=\tau_{2} : \kappa] \Rightarrow \lambda x : [=\tau_{1} : \kappa] \cdot \kappa} \text{ U-Typ}}{\Gamma \vdash [=\tau_{1}] \leq [=\tau_{2}] \Rightarrow \lambda x : [=\tau_{1}] \cdot [\tau_{2}]} \text{ U-Sig}}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash \Xi_{1} \leq \Xi_{2} \Rightarrow e_{1} \quad \Gamma \vdash \Xi_{2} \leq \Xi_{1} \Rightarrow e_{2}}{\Gamma \vdash [=\Xi_{1}] \leq [=\Xi_{2}] \Rightarrow \lambda x : [=\Xi_{1}] \cdot [\Xi_{2}]} \text{ U-Struct}}{\Gamma \vdash \{\overline{l} : \Sigma_{l_{1}}, \overline{l'} : \Sigma'\} \leq \{\overline{l} : \Sigma_{l_{2}}\} \Rightarrow \lambda x : \{\overline{l} : \Sigma_{l_{1}}, \overline{l'} : \Sigma'\} \cdot \{\overline{l} = e_{l} \ (x. \overline{l})\}} \text{ U-Struct}}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, \overline{t_{2} : \kappa_{2}} \vdash \Sigma_{2} \leq \exists \overline{t_{1} : \kappa_{1}} \cdot \Sigma_{1} \uparrow \overline{\tau} \Rightarrow e_{1} \quad \Gamma, \overline{t_{2} : \kappa_{2}} \vdash \Xi_{1} [\overline{t_{1}} \leftarrow \overline{\tau}] \leq \Xi_{2} \Rightarrow e_{2}}{\Gamma \vdash \forall \overline{t_{1} : \kappa_{1}} \cdot \Sigma_{1} \Rightarrow \Xi_{1} \leq \forall \overline{t_{2} : \kappa_{2}} \cdot \Sigma_{2} \Rightarrow \Xi_{2} \Rightarrow \lambda x_{1} : (\forall \overline{t_{1} : \kappa_{1}} \cdot \Sigma_{1} \Rightarrow \Xi_{1}).}$$

$$\lambda x_{2} : \Sigma_{2} \cdot e_{2} \ (x_{1} \ \overline{\tau} \ (e_{1} \ x_{2}))$$

$$\Gamma, \overline{t_{1} : \kappa_{1}} \vdash \Sigma_{1} \leq \exists \overline{t_{2} : \kappa_{2}} \cdot \Sigma_{2} \uparrow \overline{\tau} \Rightarrow e}$$

$$\Gamma \vdash \exists \overline{t_{1} : \kappa_{1}} \cdot \Sigma_{1} \leq \exists \overline{t_{2} : \kappa_{2}} \cdot \Sigma_{2} \Rightarrow \lambda x_{1} : (\exists \overline{t_{1} : \kappa_{1}} \cdot \Sigma_{1}) = x_{1} \text{ in pack} \langle \overline{\tau}, e \ x_{1}' \rangle_{\exists \overline{t_{2} : \kappa_{2}} \cdot \Sigma_{2}}$$

$$\Gamma \vdash \exists \overline{t_{1} : \kappa_{1}} \cdot \Sigma_{1} \leq \exists \overline{t_{2} : \kappa_{2}} \cdot \Sigma_{2} \Rightarrow \lambda x_{1} : (\exists \overline{t_{1} : \kappa_{1}} \cdot \Sigma_{1}) = x_{1} \text{ in pack} \langle \overline{\tau}, e \ x_{1}' \rangle_{\exists \overline{t_{2} : \kappa_{2}} \cdot \Sigma_{2}}$$

Module:

 $\Gamma \vdash M : \Xi \leadsto e$ 

$$\frac{\Gamma(x_X) = \Sigma}{\Gamma \vdash X : \Sigma \leadsto x_X} \text{ M-Var}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash B : \Xi \leadsto e}{\Gamma \vdash \{B\} : \Xi \leadsto e} \text{ M-Struct}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash M : \exists \overline{t : \kappa} . \{l_X : \Sigma, \overline{l_{X'} : \Sigma'}\} \leadsto e}{\Gamma \vdash MX : \exists \overline{t : \kappa} . \Sigma \leadsto \text{unpack}\langle \overline{t : \kappa}, x : \{l_X : \Sigma, \overline{l_{X'} : \Sigma'}\}\rangle = e \text{ in pack}\langle \overline{t}, x. l_X \rangle_{\exists \overline{t : \kappa}, \Sigma}} \text{ M-Dot}$$

$$\frac{\Sigma \vdash S \leadsto \exists \overline{t : \kappa} . \Sigma \quad \Gamma, \overline{t : \kappa}, x_X : \Sigma \vdash M : \Xi \leadsto e}{\Gamma \vdash \text{fun } X : S \Longrightarrow M : \forall \overline{t : \kappa} . \Sigma \to \Xi \leadsto \Lambda \overline{t : \kappa} . \lambda x_X : \Sigma.e} \text{ M-Funct}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma(x_{X_1}) = \forall \overline{t : \kappa} . \Sigma' \to \Xi \quad \Gamma(x_{X_2}) = \Sigma \quad \Gamma \vdash \Sigma \le \exists \overline{t : \kappa} . \Sigma' \uparrow \overline{\tau} \leadsto e}{\Gamma \vdash X_1 X_2 : \Xi[\overline{t \leftarrow \tau}] \leadsto x_{X_1} \overline{\tau} (e x_{X_2})} \text{ M-App}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma(x_X) = \Sigma \quad \Gamma \vdash S \leadsto \exists \overline{t : \kappa} . \Sigma' \quad \Gamma \vdash \Sigma \le \exists \overline{t : \kappa} . \Sigma' \uparrow \overline{\tau} \leadsto e}{\Gamma \vdash X : S : \exists \overline{t : \kappa} . \Sigma' \leadsto \text{pack}\langle \overline{\tau}, e x_X \rangle_{\exists \overline{t : \kappa}, \Sigma'}} \text{ M-Seal}$$

Bindings:

 $\Gamma \vdash B : \Xi \leadsto e$ 

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash E : \tau \leadsto e}{\Gamma \vdash \operatorname{val} X = E : \{l_X : [\tau]\} \leadsto \{l_X = [e]\}} \text{ B-Val}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash T : \kappa \leadsto \tau}{\Gamma \vdash \operatorname{type} X = T : \{l_X : [=\tau : \kappa]\} \leadsto \{l_X = [\tau : \kappa]\}} \text{ B-Typ}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash M : \exists \overline{t} : \kappa. \Sigma \leadsto e \quad \operatorname{NotAtomic}(\Sigma)}{\Gamma \vdash \operatorname{module} X = M : \exists \overline{t} : \kappa. \{l_X : \Sigma\} \leadsto \operatorname{unpack}\langle \overline{t} : \kappa, x : \Sigma\rangle = e \text{ in pack}\langle \overline{t}, \{l_X = x\}\rangle_{\exists \overline{t} : \kappa. \{l_X : \Sigma\}}} \text{ B-Mod}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash S \leadsto \Xi}{\Gamma \vdash \operatorname{signature} X = S : \{l_X : [=\Xi]\} \leadsto \{l_X = [\Xi]\}} \text{ B-Sig}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash M : \exists \overline{t} : \kappa. \{\overline{l_X : \Sigma}\} \leadsto e}{\Gamma \vdash \operatorname{include} M : \exists \overline{t} : \kappa. \{\overline{l_X : \Sigma}\} \leadsto e} \text{ B-Incl}$$

$$\overline{\Gamma \vdash \epsilon : \{\} \leadsto \{\}} \text{ B-Emt}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \overline{l_{X_1}'} &= \overline{l_{X_1}} \setminus \overline{l_{X_2}} \quad \overline{l_{X_1}': \Sigma_1'} \subseteq \overline{l_{X_1}: \Sigma_1} \quad \Gamma \vdash B_1: \exists \overline{t_1: \kappa_1}. \{\overline{l_{X_1}: \Sigma_1}\} \leadsto e_1 \\ \Sigma &= \{\overline{l_{X_1}': \Sigma_1'}, \overline{l_{X_2}: \Sigma_2}\} \qquad \qquad \Gamma, \overline{t_1: \kappa_1}, \overline{x_{X_1}: \Sigma_1} \vdash B_2: \exists \overline{t_2: \kappa_2}. \{\overline{l_{X_2}: \Sigma_2}\} \leadsto e_2 \\ & \qquad \qquad \text{unpack} \langle \overline{t_1: \kappa_1}, x_1 \rangle = e_1 \text{ in} \\ \Gamma \vdash B_1; B_2: \exists \overline{t_1: \kappa_1} \quad \overline{t_2: \kappa_2}. \Sigma \leadsto \qquad \text{unpack} \langle \overline{t_2: \kappa_2}, x_2 \rangle = (\text{let } \overline{x_{X_1}: \Sigma_1} = x_1. \overline{l_{X_1}} \text{ in } e_2) \text{ in} \\ \text{pack} \langle \overline{t_1} \quad \overline{t_2}, \{\overline{l_{X_1}'} = x_1. \overline{l_{X_1}'}, \overline{l_{X_2}} = x_2. \overline{l_{X_2}}\} \rangle_{\exists \overline{t_1: \kappa_1}} \overline{t_2: \kappa_2}. \Sigma \end{aligned}$$

Path:

 $\Gamma \vdash P : \Sigma \leadsto e$ 

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash P : \exists \overline{t : \kappa}. \Sigma \quad \Gamma \vdash \Sigma : \Omega}{\Gamma \vdash P : \Sigma \rightsquigarrow \text{unpack} \langle \overline{t : \kappa}, x \rangle = e \text{ in } x} \text{ P-Mod}$$

 $\Gamma \vdash T : \kappa \leadsto \tau$ 

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash P : [= \tau : \kappa] \rightsquigarrow e}{\Gamma \vdash P : \kappa \rightsquigarrow \tau} \text{ T-Elab-Path}$$

 $\Gamma \vdash E : \tau \leadsto e$ 

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash P : [\tau] \rightsquigarrow e}{\Gamma \vdash P : \tau \rightsquigarrow e. \text{val}} \text{ E-Path}$$

#### 3.2.5 Modules as First-Class Values

 $T ::= \cdots \mid \operatorname{pack} S$  $E ::= \cdots \mid \operatorname{pack} M : S$ 

 $M ::= \cdots \mid \operatorname{unpack} E : S$ 

Rootedness:

 $t: \kappa \text{ rooted in } \Sigma \overline{\text{ at } \overline{l_X}}$ 

$$\frac{t = \tau'}{t : \kappa \text{ rooted in } [= \tau : \kappa] \text{ at } \epsilon} \qquad \frac{t : \kappa \text{ rooted in } \{\overline{l_X} : \overline{\Sigma}\}.l \text{ at } \overline{l'}}{t : \kappa \text{ rooted in } \{\overline{l_X} : \overline{\Sigma}\} \text{ at } l \, \overline{l'}}$$

Rooted ordering:

$$t_1\,:\,\kappa_1\leq_\Sigma t_2\,:\,\kappa_2\iff \min\{\bar{l}\mid t_1\,:\,\kappa_1\text{ rooted in }\Sigma\text{ at }\bar{l}\}\leq \min\{\bar{l}\mid t_2\,:\,\kappa_2\text{ rooted in }\Sigma\text{ at }\bar{l}\}$$

Signature normalization:

$$\frac{\operatorname{norm}_{0}(\tau) = \tau'}{\operatorname{norm}([\tau]) = [\tau']}$$

$$\frac{\operatorname{norm}([=\tau : \kappa]) = [=\tau : \kappa]}{\operatorname{norm}(\Xi) = \Xi'}$$

$$\frac{\operatorname{norm}(\Xi) = [=\Xi']}{\operatorname{norm}(\Sigma_{X}) = \Sigma'_{X}}$$

$$\frac{\operatorname{norm}(\{\overline{l_{X}} : \Sigma_{X}\}) = \{\overline{l_{X}} : \Sigma'_{X}\}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \underbrace{\mathrm{sort}_{\leq_{\Sigma'}}(\overline{t:\kappa}) = \overline{t':\kappa'} \quad \mathrm{norm}(\Sigma) = \Sigma' \quad \mathrm{norm}(\Xi) = \Xi'} \\ & \mathrm{norm}(\forall \overline{t:\kappa}.\Sigma \to \Xi) = \forall \overline{t':\kappa'}.\Sigma' \to \Xi' \\ & \underbrace{\mathrm{sort}_{\leq_{\Sigma'}}(\overline{t:\kappa}) = \overline{t':\kappa'} \quad \mathrm{norm}(\Sigma) = \Sigma'}_{\mathrm{norm}(\exists \overline{t:\kappa}.\Sigma) = \exists \overline{t':\kappa'}.\Sigma'} \end{aligned}$$

Type:

$$\Gamma \vdash T : \kappa \rightsquigarrow \tau$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash S \rightsquigarrow \Xi}{\Gamma \vdash \mathsf{pack}\, S : \Omega \rightsquigarrow \mathsf{norm}(\Xi)} \text{ T-Pack}$$

Expression:

$$\Gamma \vdash E : \tau \leadsto e$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash S \leadsto \Xi \quad \Gamma \vdash \Xi' \leq \mathrm{norm}(\Xi) \leadsto e_1 \quad \Gamma \vdash M : \Xi' \leadsto e_2}{\Gamma \vdash (\mathrm{pack}\,M : S) : \mathrm{norm}(\Xi) \leadsto e_1 \ e_2} \text{ E-Pack}$$

Module:

$$\Gamma \vdash M : \Xi \rightsquigarrow e$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash S \leadsto \Xi \quad \Gamma \vdash E : \operatorname{norm}(\Xi) \leadsto e}{\Gamma \vdash (\operatorname{unpack} E : S) : \operatorname{norm}(\Xi) \leadsto e} \text{ M-Unpack}$$

### 3.2.6 Elaboration with Applicative Functor

 $S::=\cdots$ 

$$|(X:S) \Rightarrow S \qquad \text{(applicative functor signature)}$$

$$\varphi ::= I \qquad \text{(impure effect)}$$

$$|P \qquad \text{(pure effect)}$$

$$\Sigma ::= \cdots$$

$$|\{\overline{l_X:\Sigma}\}|$$

$$|\forall \overline{t:\kappa}.\Sigma \rightarrow_I \Xi \qquad \text{(generative functor signature)}$$

$$|\forall \overline{t:\kappa}.\Sigma \rightarrow_P \Sigma \qquad \text{(applicative functor signature)}$$

Abbreviation:

$$\begin{split} &\tau_1 \to_{\varphi} \tau_2 \overset{\text{def}}{=} \tau_1 \to \{l_{\varphi} : \tau_2\} \\ &\lambda_{\varphi} x : \tau. e \overset{\text{def}}{=} \lambda x : \tau. \{l_{\varphi} = e\} \\ &(e_1 \, e_2)_{\varphi} \overset{\text{def}}{=} (e_1 \, e_2).l_{\varphi} \\ &\Gamma^{\varphi} \overset{\text{def}}{=} \left\{ \begin{array}{c} \cdot & (\varphi = \mathbf{I}) \\ \Gamma & (\varphi = \mathbf{P}) \end{array} \right. \\ &tyenv(\Gamma) \overset{\text{def}}{=} \left\{ \begin{array}{c} tyenv(\Gamma') \ t : \kappa & (\Gamma = \Gamma', t : \kappa) \\ tyenv(\Gamma') & (\Gamma = \Gamma', x : \tau) \\ \epsilon & (\Gamma = \cdot) \end{array} \right. \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} \forall_{\mathbf{P}} \Gamma. \, \tau_0 & \stackrel{\mathrm{def}}{=} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \forall_{\mathbf{P}} \Gamma'. \forall t \, : \, \kappa. \, \tau_0 \quad (\Gamma = \Gamma', t \, : \, \kappa) \\ \forall_{\mathbf{P}} \Gamma'. \, \tau \rightarrow_{\mathbf{P}} \tau_0 \quad (\Gamma = \Gamma', x \, : \, \tau) \\ \tau_0 \qquad \qquad (\Gamma = \cdot) \end{array} \right. \\ \Lambda_{\mathbf{P}} \Gamma. \, e & \stackrel{\mathrm{def}}{=} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \Lambda_{\mathbf{P}} \Gamma'. \Lambda t \, : \, \kappa. \, e \quad (\Gamma = \Gamma', t \, : \, \kappa) \\ \Lambda_{\mathbf{P}} \Gamma'. \lambda_{\mathbf{P}} x \, : \, \tau. \, e \quad (\Gamma = \Gamma', x \, : \, \tau) \\ e \qquad \qquad (\Gamma = \cdot) \end{array} \right. \\ (e \, \Gamma)_{\mathbf{P}} & \stackrel{\mathrm{def}}{=} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} (e \, \Gamma')_{\mathbf{P}} \, t \quad (\Gamma = \Gamma', t \, : \, \kappa) \\ ((e \, \Gamma')_{\mathbf{P}} \, x)_{\mathbf{P}} \quad (\Gamma = \Gamma', x \, : \, \tau) \\ e \qquad \qquad (\Gamma = \cdot) \end{array} \right. \end{split}$$

Effect combining:

$$\varphi_1 \vee \varphi_2 = \varphi$$

$$\overline{\varphi \lor \varphi = \varphi}$$
  $\overline{I \lor P = I}$   $\overline{P \lor I = I}$ 

Subeffects:

$$\varphi_1 \leq \varphi_2$$

$$\overline{\varphi \leq \varphi} \ \text{F-Refl} \qquad \overline{P \leq I} \ \text{F-Sub}$$

Signature:

$$\Gamma \vdash S \leadsto \Xi$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash S_1 \rightsquigarrow \exists \overline{t_1} : \kappa_1. \Sigma \quad \Gamma, \overline{t_1} : \kappa_1, x_X : \Sigma \vdash S_2 \rightsquigarrow \Xi}{\Gamma \vdash (X : S_1) \rightarrow S_2 \rightsquigarrow \forall \overline{t_1} : \kappa_1. \Sigma \rightarrow_1 \Xi} \text{ S-Funct-I}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash S_1 \rightsquigarrow \exists \overline{t_1} : \kappa_1. \Sigma_1 \quad \Gamma, \overline{t_1} : \kappa_1, x_X : \Sigma_1 \vdash S_2 \rightsquigarrow \exists \overline{t_2} : \kappa_2. \Sigma_2}{\Gamma \vdash (X : S_1) \Rightarrow S_2 \rightsquigarrow \exists \overline{t_2'} : \overline{\kappa_1} \rightarrow \kappa_2. \forall \overline{t_1} : \kappa_1. \Sigma_1 \rightarrow_P \Sigma_2[t_2 \leftarrow t_2' \overline{t_1}]} \text{ S-Funct-P}$$

Subtyping:

$$\Gamma \vdash \Xi_1 \leq \Xi_2 \rightsquigarrow e$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, \overline{t_2:\kappa_2} \vdash \Sigma_2 \leq \exists \overline{t_1:\kappa_1}.\Sigma_1 \uparrow \overline{\tau} \rightsquigarrow e_1 \quad \Gamma, \overline{t_2:\kappa_2} \vdash \Xi_1[\overline{t_1 \leftarrow \tau}] \leq \Xi_2 \leadsto e_2 \quad \varphi_1 \leq \varphi_2}{\Gamma \vdash (\forall \overline{t_1:\kappa_1}.\Sigma_1 \to_{\varphi_1} \Xi_1) \leq (\forall \overline{t_2:\kappa_2}.\Sigma_2 \to_{\varphi_2} \Xi_2) \leadsto \begin{array}{c} \lambda x_1 : (\forall \overline{t_1:\kappa_1}.\Sigma_1 \to_{\varphi_1} \Xi_1). \\ \Lambda \overline{t_2:\kappa_2}.\lambda_{\varphi_2} x_2 : \Sigma_2.e_2 (x_1 \ \overline{\tau} \ (e_1 \ x_2))_{\varphi_1} \end{array}} \text{ U-Funct}$$

Module:

$$\Gamma \vdash M :_{\varphi} \Xi \leadsto e$$

$$\frac{\Gamma(x_X) = \Sigma}{\Gamma \vdash X :_P \Sigma \leadsto \Lambda_P \Gamma. x_X} \text{ M-Var}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash B :_{\varphi} \Xi \leadsto e}{\Gamma \vdash \{B\} :_{\varphi} \Xi \leadsto e} \text{ M-Struct}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash M :_{\varphi} \exists \overline{t} : \overline{\kappa}. \{l_X : \Sigma, \overline{l_{X'}} : \Sigma'\} \leadsto e}{\Gamma \vdash M.X :_{\varphi} \exists \overline{t} : \overline{\kappa}. \Sigma \leadsto \text{unpack} \langle \overline{t} : \overline{\kappa}, x \rangle = e \text{ in pack} \langle \overline{t}, \Lambda_P \Gamma^{\varphi}. (x \Gamma^{\varphi})_P. l_X \rangle} \text{ M-Dot}$$

$$\frac{\Sigma \vdash S \leadsto \exists \overline{t} : \overline{\kappa}. \Sigma \longrightarrow \Gamma, \overline{t} : \overline{\kappa}, x_X : \Sigma \vdash M :_{\Gamma} \Xi \leadsto e}{\Gamma \vdash \text{fun } X : S \Longrightarrow M :_{P} \forall \overline{t} : \overline{\kappa}. \Sigma \to_{\Gamma} \Xi \leadsto \Lambda_P \Gamma. \Lambda \overline{t} : \overline{\kappa}. \lambda_{\Gamma} x_X : \Sigma. e} \text{ M-Funct-I}$$

$$\frac{\Sigma \vdash S \leadsto \exists \overline{t} : \overline{\kappa}. \Sigma \longrightarrow \Gamma, \overline{t} : \overline{\kappa}, x_X : \Sigma \vdash M :_{P} \exists \underline{t_2} : \overline{\kappa_2}. \Sigma_2 \leadsto e}{\Gamma \vdash \text{fun } X : S \Longrightarrow M :_{P} \exists \underline{t_2} : \overline{\kappa_2}. \forall \overline{t} : \overline{\kappa}. \Sigma \to_{P} \Sigma_2 \leadsto e} \text{ M-Funct-P}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma(x_{X_1}) = \forall \overline{t} : \kappa. \Sigma' \to_{\varphi} \Xi \quad \Gamma(x_{X_2}) = \Sigma \quad \Gamma \vdash \Sigma \leq \exists \overline{t} : \kappa. \Sigma' \uparrow \overline{\tau} \rightsquigarrow e}{\Gamma \vdash X_1 X_2 :_{\varphi} \Xi[\overline{t} \leftarrow \tau] \rightsquigarrow \Lambda_P \Gamma^{\varphi}. (x_{X_1} \overline{\tau} (e \ x_{X_2}))_{\varphi}} \quad \text{M-App}$$

$$\overline{t_{\Gamma} : \kappa_{\Gamma}} = tyenv(\Gamma) \quad \Gamma(x_X) = \Sigma \quad \Gamma \vdash S \rightsquigarrow \exists \overline{t} : \kappa. \Sigma' \quad \Gamma \vdash \Sigma \leq \exists \overline{t} : \kappa. \Sigma' \uparrow \overline{\tau} \rightsquigarrow e}{\Gamma \vdash X :> S :_P \exists \overline{t'} : \overline{t_{\Gamma}} : \kappa_{\Gamma} \to \kappa. \Sigma'[\overline{t} \leftarrow t' \overline{t_{\Gamma}}] \rightsquigarrow \text{pack} \langle \overline{\lambda \overline{t_{\Gamma}} : \kappa_{\Gamma}}, \Lambda_P \Gamma. e \ x_X \rangle} \quad \text{M-Seal}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash S \rightsquigarrow \Xi \quad \Gamma \vdash E : \text{norm}(\Xi) \rightsquigarrow e}{\Gamma \vdash (\text{unpack} E : S) :_{\Gamma} \text{norm}(\Xi) \rightsquigarrow e} \quad \text{M-Unpack}$$

П

定理 30 (Typing for module elaboration).

- $\Gamma \vdash M :_{\mathsf{P}} \exists \overline{t : \kappa}. \Sigma \rightsquigarrow e \ \text{$\tau$ is} \ \overline{t} : \kappa. \forall_{\mathsf{P}} \Gamma. \Sigma.$

Bindings:

$$\Gamma \vdash B :_{\varphi} \Xi \leadsto e$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash E : \tau \leadsto e}{\Gamma \vdash \operatorname{val} X = E :_{\mathsf{P}} \{l_X : [\tau]\} \leadsto \Lambda_{\mathsf{P}} \Gamma : \{l_X = e\}} \text{ B-Val}}{\Gamma \vdash \operatorname{type} X = T :_{\mathsf{P}} \{l_X : [=\tau : \kappa]\} \leadsto \Lambda_{\mathsf{P}} \Gamma : \{l_X = [\tau : \kappa]\}} \text{ B-Typ}}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash M :_{\varphi} \exists \overline{t : \kappa} : \Sigma \leadsto e \quad \operatorname{NotAtomic}(\Sigma)}{\Gamma \vdash \operatorname{module} X = M :_{\varphi} \exists \overline{t : \kappa} : \{l_X : \Sigma\} \leadsto \operatorname{unpack}(\overline{t : \kappa}, x) = e \text{ in pack}(\overline{t}, \Lambda_{\mathsf{P}} \Gamma^{\varphi} : \{l_X = x \Gamma^{\varphi}\})} \text{ B-Mod}}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash S \leadsto \Xi}{\Gamma \vdash \operatorname{signature} X = S :_{\mathsf{P}} \{l_X : [=\Xi]\} \leadsto \Lambda_{\mathsf{P}} \Gamma : \{l_X = [\Xi]\}} \text{ B-Sig}}{\Gamma \vdash \operatorname{include} M :_{\varphi} \exists \overline{t : \kappa} : \overline{t}_{X} : \Sigma\} \leadsto e} \text{ B-Incl}}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash M :_{\varphi} \exists \overline{t : \kappa} : \overline{t}_{X} : \Sigma\} \leadsto e}{\Gamma \vdash \operatorname{include} M :_{\varphi} \exists \overline{t : \kappa} : \overline{t}_{X} : \Sigma\} \leadsto e} \text{ B-Incl}}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash \varepsilon :_{\mathsf{P}} \{\} \leadsto \Lambda_{\mathsf{P}} \Gamma : \{\overline{l_X} : \Sigma\} \bowtie e}}{\Gamma \vdash \varepsilon :_{\mathsf{P}} \{\} \leadsto \Lambda_{\mathsf{P}} \Gamma :_{\mathsf{P}} \{\}} \text{ B-Emt}}$$

$$\frac{I_{X_1}' = \overline{I_{X_1}} \setminus \overline{I_{X_2}} : \overline{I'_{X_1} : \Sigma'_1} \subseteq \overline{I_{X_1} : \Sigma_1} \quad \Gamma \vdash B_1 :_{\varphi_1} \exists \overline{t_1 : \kappa_1} :_{\overline{t_1} : \kappa_1} :_{\overline{t_1} : \kappa_1} :_{\overline{t_2} : \kappa_2} \} \Longrightarrow e_1}$$

$$\Sigma = \{\overline{I'_{X_1}} : \Sigma'_1, \overline{I_{X_2}} : \overline{\Sigma'_2}\} : \overline{\Gamma} :_{\overline{t_1} : \kappa_1} :_{\overline{t_1} :$$

Path:

$$\Gamma \vdash P : \Sigma \leadsto e$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash P :_{\varphi} \exists \overline{t : \kappa}. \Sigma \quad \Gamma \vdash \Sigma : \Omega}{\Gamma \vdash P : \Sigma \Rightarrow \operatorname{unpack}\langle \overline{t : \kappa}, x \rangle = e \text{ in } (x \Gamma^{\varphi})_{P}} \text{ P-Mod}$$

Expression:

$$\Gamma \vdash E : \tau \leadsto e$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash S \rightsquigarrow \Xi \quad \Gamma \vdash \exists \overline{t : \kappa}. \Sigma \leq \operatorname{norm}(\Xi) \rightsquigarrow e_1 \quad \Gamma \vdash M :_{\varphi} \exists \overline{t : \kappa}. \Sigma \rightsquigarrow e_2}{\Gamma \vdash (\operatorname{pack} M : S) : \operatorname{norm}(\Xi) \rightsquigarrow e_1 (\operatorname{unpack}\langle \overline{t : \kappa}, x \rangle = e_2 \text{ in } \operatorname{pack}\langle \overline{t : \kappa}, (x \Gamma^{\varphi})_{\mathbf{P}} \rangle)} \quad \text{E-Unpack}$$

第4章

**Control Operators** 

第5章

Coherent Implicit Parameter

第6章

Polymorphic Record Type

第7章

Type Checking and Inference

第8章

Static Memory Management and Regions

### 第9章

Dynamic Memory Management and Gabage Collection

# 第 10 章

# I/O Management and Concurrency

# 第 11 章

## Code Generation and Virtual Machines

## 第 12 章

Program Stability and Compatibility

# 第 13 章

Program Separation and Linking

第 14 章

Syntax and Parsing

### 14.1 WIP: Parsing by LR Method

[Knu65]

### 14.2 Syntax and Semantics of PEG

[For02], [For04]

#### 14.2.1 Syntax

$$\begin{array}{cccc} e & ::= \varepsilon & & \text{(epsilon)} \\ & | \sigma & & \text{(terminal)} \\ & | A & & \text{(non-terminal)} \\ & | ee & & \text{(sequence)} \\ & | e / e & & \text{(alternative)} \\ & | e^* & & \text{(repetition)} \\ & | !e & & \text{(not predicate)} \\ \sigma \in \Sigma \\ A \in N \end{array}$$

定義 31. PEG 文法とは、以下による組  $G = (\Sigma, N, R, e_0)$  のことである.

Σ 終端記号の集合.

N 非終端記号の集合.

R  $A \rightarrow e$  を満たす規則の集合. 規則は、非終端記号に対して必ず一つ.

 $e_0$  初期式.

#### 14.2.2 Structured Semantics

$$\label{eq:continuous_series} \begin{split} [\![(\Sigma,N,R,e_0)]\!] &= [\![e_0]\!] \\ [\![e]\!] &= \{s \in \Sigma^* \mid \langle e,s \rangle \to s\} \end{split}$$

#### 14.2.3 Equivalence

Abbreviations

Associativity

$$\overline{[[e_1/(e_2/e_3)]] = [[(e_1/e_2)/e_3]]} 
\overline{[[e_1(e_2e_3)]] = [[(e_1e_2)e_3]]}$$

**Epsilon** 

$$\frac{\llbracket \varepsilon/e \rrbracket = \llbracket \varepsilon \rrbracket}{\llbracket e\varepsilon \rrbracket = \llbracket e \rrbracket}$$

$$\frac{\llbracket \varepsilon e \varepsilon \rrbracket = \llbracket e \rrbracket}{\llbracket \varepsilon e \rrbracket = \llbracket e \rrbracket}$$

Repetition

$$M ::= eM \mid \epsilon$$

$$\overline{\llbracket e^* \rrbracket = \llbracket M \rrbracket}$$

#### 14.2.4 Producing Analysis

$$s ::= 0 \mid 1, o ::= s \mid fail$$

- ε → 0
- σ → 1
- $\sigma \rightarrow fail$
- $A \leftarrow e \in R$ ,  $e \rightarrow o$   $ab \ A \rightarrow o$
- $e_1 \rightharpoonup 0$ ,  $e_2 \rightharpoonup 0$  ならば  $e_1e_2 \rightharpoonup 0$
- $e_1 \rightarrow 1$ ,  $e_2 \rightarrow s$   $\Leftrightarrow e_1e_2 \rightarrow 1$
- $e_1 \rightharpoonup s$ ,  $e_2 \rightharpoonup 1$   $\Leftrightarrow e_1 e_2 \rightharpoonup 1$
- $e_1 \rightarrow \text{fail}$  ならば  $e_1 e_2 \rightarrow \text{fail}$
- $e_1 \rightarrow s$ ,  $e_2 \rightarrow$  fail ならば  $e_1e_2 \rightarrow$  fail
- $e_1 \rightarrow s$  ならば  $e_1 / e_2 \rightarrow s$
- $e_1 \rightarrow \text{fail}$ ,  $e_2 \rightarrow o$  ならば  $e_1 / e_2 \rightarrow o$
- e → 1 ならば e\* → 1
- e → fail ならば e\* → fail
- *e* → *s* ならば ! *e* → fail

•  $e \rightarrow fail \ \&black \ | e \rightarrow 0$ 

#### 定理 32.

- $\langle e, x \rangle \rightarrow \epsilon$  ならば,  $e \rightarrow 0$
- $\langle e, x \rangle$  fail  $x \in \mathcal{X}$ ,  $e \rightarrow$  fail

系 33.  $e \neq o$  ならば、 $\langle e, xy \rangle \neq x$  かつ  $\langle e, xy \rangle$  fail

第 15 章

Analysis and Optimizations

第 16 章

Meta-Programming and Multi-Stage Programming

第 17 章

Generic Programming

# 第 18 章

# Advanced Calculus

第 19 章

Some Notes of Quell Ideas

#### 19.1 WIP: Implementation Note of PEG Parser

Normalizing

$$\begin{array}{ll} e_{\mathrm{RHS}} ::= e_1 \ / \cdots \ / \ e_n \ / \ \varepsilon & (n \in \mathbb{N}) \\ & | \ e_1 \ / \cdots \ / \ e_n & (n \in \mathbb{N}_{\geq 1}) \\ e ::= !(u_1 \cdots u_n) & (n \in \mathbb{N}_{\geq 1}) \\ & | \ \& (u_1 \cdots u_n) & (n \in \mathbb{N}_{\geq 1}) \\ & | \ u_1 \cdots u_n & (n \in \mathbb{N}_{\geq 1}) \\ u ::= \sigma & | \ A \end{array}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \operatorname{norm}(N,[]) &= (N,\emptyset) \\ \operatorname{norm}(N,[A \leftarrow e] + X) &= (N_2, \{A \leftarrow \operatorname{alt}(a)\} \cup X_1 \cup X_2) \\ &\qquad \qquad (\operatorname{norm}(N,e) = (a,N_1,X_1), \operatorname{norm}(N_1,X) = (N_2,X_2)) \end{aligned}$$

```
\begin{aligned} &\operatorname{norm}(N,\varepsilon) = ([\varepsilon],N,\emptyset) \\ &\operatorname{norm}(N,\sigma) = ([\sigma],N,\emptyset) \\ &\operatorname{norm}(N,A) = ([A],N,\emptyset) \\ &\operatorname{norm}(N,e_1e_2) = (\operatorname{seq}(a_1,a_2),N_2,X_1 \cup X_2) \\ &\operatorname{norm}(N,e_1/e_2) = (a_1+a_2,N_2,X_1 \cup X_2) \\ &\operatorname{norm}(N,e^*) = ([M],N' \uplus \{M\},X \cup \{M \leftarrow AM/\varepsilon\}) \\ &\operatorname{norm}(N,\&e) = ([M],N' \uplus \{M\},X \cup \{M \leftarrow \&A\}) \\ &\operatorname{norm}(N,!e) = ([M],N' \uplus \{M\},X \cup \{M \leftarrow !A\}) \end{aligned} \qquad \begin{aligned} &\operatorname{(norm}(N,e_1) = (a_1,N_1,X_1),\operatorname{norm}(N_1,e_2) = (a_2,N_2,X_2)) \\ &\operatorname{(norm}(N,e_1) = (a_1,N_1,X_1),\operatorname{norm}(N_1,e_2) = (a_2,N_2,X_2) \\ &\operatorname{(norm}(N,e_1) = (a_1,N_1,X_1),\operatorname{norm}(N_1,e_2) = (a_2,N_2,X_2) \\ &\operatorname{(norm}(N,e_1) = (a_1,N_1,X_1),\operatorname{norm}(N_1,e_2) = (
```

$$\begin{split} \operatorname{seq}(a_1, a_2) &= [e_1 e_2 \mid e_1 \leftarrow a_1, e_2 \leftarrow a_2] \\ \operatorname{alt}([e_1, \dots, e_n]) &= e_1 / \dots / e_m \\ \operatorname{alt}([e_1, \dots, e_n]) &= e_1 / \dots / e_n \end{split} \qquad (\forall i < m. \, e_i \neq \varepsilon, e_m = \varepsilon) \\ \operatorname{alt}([e_1, \dots, e_n]) &= e_1 / \dots / e_n \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \operatorname{norm}((\Sigma, N, R, e_0)) &= (\Sigma, N', R', S) \\ (R &= \{A_1 \leftarrow e_1, \dots, A_n \leftarrow e_n\}, \operatorname{norm}(N \uplus \{S\}, [S \leftarrow e_0, A_1 \leftarrow e_1, \dots, A_n \leftarrow e_n]) &= (N', R')) \end{aligned}$$

#### Machine

State:

- a rule
- current position in rule

Transition:

- σ
- EOS
- otherwise

#### Output:

with backpoint バックポイントを設置し、バックポイントに戻った時の次の遷移を指定する. fail した場合一番直近の backpoint まで入力状態とスタックを戻す. reduce 時取り除かれる.

enter reduce 時戻ってくる状態を記録し、次の状態に遷移する.

goto 次の状態に遷移する.

shift 入力を1つ消費し、次の状態に遷移する.

reduce 規則に沿ってスタックから要素を取り出してまとめ、スタックに新たに入れた後、enter 時に記録された状態に 遷移する.

#### Example

$$E ::= CA$$

$$\mid \epsilon$$

$$A ::= aB$$

$$\mid a$$

$$B ::= bA$$

$$\mid b$$

$$C ::= ! abab$$

$$\mid \& ab$$

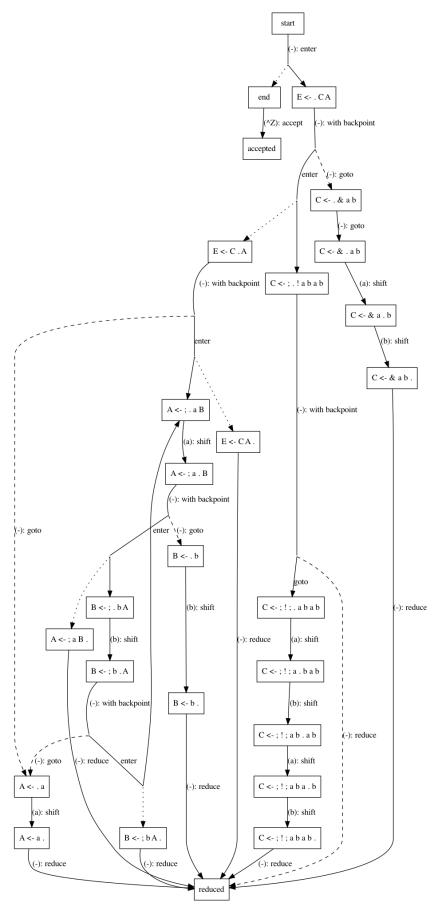


図 19.1 状態遷移図

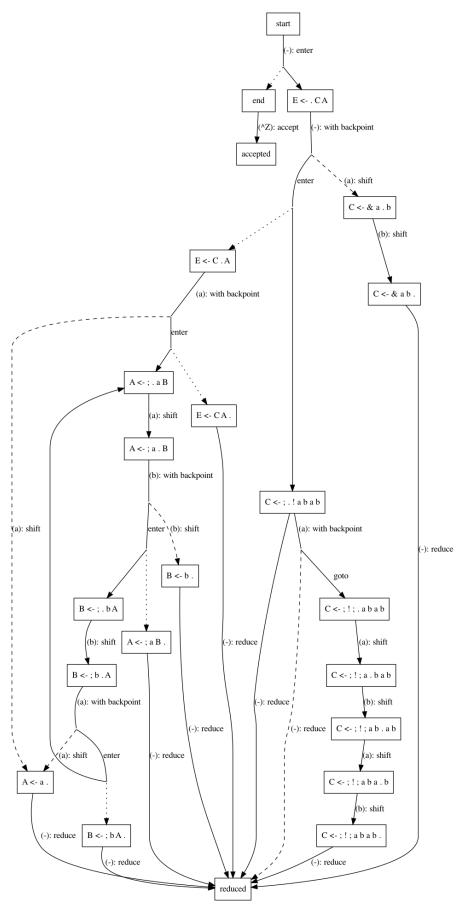


図 19.2 最適化された状態遷移図

- 19.2 Quell Syntax and Identations
- 19.2.1 Syntax

19.3 Quell Modules

### 19.3 Quell Modules

#### 19.3.1 Syntax

```
e ::= \cdots
       | letrec{B} in e
       |P|
 \tau \, ::= \cdots
       \mid P
P::=M
M ::= x
       |\{B\}|
       |M.x|
       | \operatorname{fun} x : S.M
       |x|
       |x:S|
B ::= x = e
       | \text{ type } t = T
       \mid \text{module } x = M
       | use B
       \mid \epsilon
       \mid B; B
T ::= \lambda x. T
       | τ
 S::=P
       \mid \{D\}
       \mid (x:S) \to S
```

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