プログラミング言語周りノート

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第1章

Preliminaries

第 1 章 Preliminaries

1.1 基本的な表記

量化子 (quantifier) の束縛をコンマ (,) で続けて書く. 束縛の終わりをピリオド (.) で示す. 例えば,

$$\forall x_1 \in X_1, x_2 \in X_2. \exists y_1 \in Y_1, y_2 \in Y_2. x_1 = y_1 \land x_2 = y_2$$

は,

$$\forall x_1 \in X_1. \ \forall x_2 \in X_2. \ \exists y_1 \in Y_1. \ \exists y_2 \in Y_2. \ x_1 = y_1 \land x_2 = y_2$$

と等しい. また,量化子の束縛において, such that を省略し,コンマ(,)で繋げて書く. 例えば,

$$\forall x \in \{0, 1\}, x \neq 0. x = 1$$

は,

$$\forall x \in \{0,1\}. x \neq 0 \implies x = 1$$

と等しい. また, \implies , \iff が他の記号と混同する場合, それぞれ implies, iff を使用する. 集合 (set) について, 以下の表記を用いる.

- 集合 A について,その濃度 (cardinality) を |A| と表記する.なお,A が有限集合 (finite set) の時,濃度とは要素の個数のことである.
- 集合 A について、 $a \in A$ を a : A と表記する.
- 自然数 (natural number) の集合を $\mathbb{N} = \{0,1,...\}$ と表記する.また,n 以上の自然数の集合を $\mathbb{N}_{\geq n} = \{n,n+1,...\}$ と表記する.
- 自然数 $n \in \mathbb{N}$ について、 $\{1, ..., n\}$ を [n] と表記する.
- ・集合 A の冪集合 (power set) を $\mathcal{P}(A) = \{X \mid X \subseteq A\}$,有限冪集合を $\mathcal{P}_{fin}(A) = \{X \in \mathcal{P}(X) \mid X \ \text{は有限集合}\}$ と表記する.
- 集合 $A_1, ..., A_n$ の直積 (cartesian product) を $A_1 \times \cdots \times A_n = \{(a_1, ..., a_n) \mid a_1 \in A_1, ..., a_n \in A_n\}$ と表記する.集合 A の n 直積を $A^n = \underbrace{A \times \cdots \times A}$ と表記する.特に, $A^0 = \{\epsilon\}$ である.
- 集合 A_1, \dots, A_n の直和 (disjoin union) を $A_1 \uplus \dots \uplus A_n = (A_1 \times \{1\}) \cup \dots (A_n \times \{n\})$ と表記する. なお,文脈から明らかな場合,直和の添字を省略し, $a \in A_i$ に対して, $a \in A_1 \uplus \dots \uplus A_n$ と表記する.
- 集合 A の B との差集合 (relative complement) を $A \setminus B = \{a \in A \mid a \notin B\}$ と表記する.

集合 Σ について, $\bigcup_{n\in\mathbb{N}} \Sigma^n$ を Σ^* と表記する.この時, $\alpha \in \Sigma^*$ を Σ による列 (sequence) と呼ぶ.列について,以下の表記を用いる.

- $(\sigma_1, ..., \sigma_n) \in \Sigma^n$ について, $(\sigma_1, ..., \sigma_n)$ を $\sigma_1 \cdots \sigma_n$ と表記する.
- 列 $\alpha = \sigma_1 \cdots \sigma_n \in \Sigma^*$ について、その長さを $|\alpha| = n$ と表記する.

集合 A, B について、 $R \subseteq A \times B$ を関係 (relation) と呼ぶ. また、

$$A \rightarrow B \stackrel{\mathrm{def}}{=} \{R \in \mathcal{P}(A \times B) \mid \forall x \in A, (x,y_1), (x,y_2) \in R. \ y_1 = y_2\}$$

という表記を導入し、関係 $f: A \rightarrow B$ を A から B への部分関数 (partial function) と呼ぶ. さらに、

$$A \to B \stackrel{\mathrm{def}}{=} \{ f : A \rightharpoonup B \mid \forall x \in A. \, \exists y \in B. \, (x,y) \in f \}$$

という表記を導入し、部分関数 $f: A \to B$ を (全) 関数 (function) と呼ぶ、関係について、以下の表記を用いる.

- 関係 $R \subseteq A \times B$ について, $(a,b) \in R$ を a R b と表記する.
- 関係 $R \subseteq A \times B$ について,定義域 (domain) を dom(R) = $\{a \mid \exists b. (a,b) \in R\}$,値域 (range) を cod(R) = $\{b \mid \exists a. (a,b) \in R\}$ と表記する.

1.2 基本的な定義 5

- 部分関数 $f: A \to B$ について, $(a,b) \in f$ を f(a) = b と表記する.
- 関係 $R_1 \subseteq A \times B$, $R_2 \subseteq B \times C$ について,その合成 (composition) を $R_1; R_2 = R_2 \circ R_1 = \{(x, z) \in A \times C \mid \exists y \in B. (x, y) \in R_1, (y, z) \in R_2\}$ と表記する.
- 関係 $R \subseteq A \times B$, 集合 $X \subseteq A$ について, $R \cap X$ による制限 (restriction) を $R \upharpoonright_{X} = \{(a,b) \in R \mid a \in X\}$ と表記する.特に関数 $f: A \to B \cap X \subseteq A$ による制限は,関数 $f \upharpoonright_{X} : X \to B$ になる.
- $a \in A$, $b \in B$ について、その組を $a \mapsto b = (a,b)$ 、関数 $f: A \to B$ を $f = x \mapsto f(x)$ と表記する.
- 2 項関係 $R \subseteq A^2$ について,その推移閉包 (transitive closure),つまり以下を満たす最小の 2 項関係を $R^+ \subseteq A^2$ と表記する.
 - 任意の $(a,b) \in R$ について, $(a,b) \in R^+$.
 - 任意の $(a,b) \in R^+$, $(b,c) \in R^+$ について, $(a,c) \in R^+$.
- 2 項関係 $R \subseteq A^2$ について,その反射推移閉包 (reflexive transitive closure) を $R^* = R^+ \cup \{(a,a) \mid a \in A\}$ と表記する.

集合 I について,その要素で添字付けられた対象の列 $\{a_i\}_{i\in I}$ を I で添字づけられた族 (indexed family) と呼ぶ.族について,以下の表記を用いる.

- ・ 族の集合を $\prod_{i \in I} A_i = \{\{a_i\}_{i \in I} \mid \forall i \in I, a_i \in A_i\}$ と表記する.
- 集合の族 $A = \{A_i\}_{i \in I}$ について、次の条件を満たす時、A は互いに素 (pairwise disjoint) であるという.

$$\forall i_1,i_2 \in I, i_1 \neq i_2.A_{i_1} \cap A_{i_2} = \emptyset$$

1.2 基本的な定義

定義 1 (ランク付きアルファベット (ranked alphabet)). ランク付きアルファベットとは、以下の組 (Σ , rank) のこと.

- 集合 Σ.
- 関数 rank: $\Sigma \to \mathbb{N}$.

 ${
m rank}$ が文脈から明らかな時,単に Σ をランク付きアルファベットと呼ぶ. $f \in \Sigma$ について, ${
m rank}(f) = n$ の時,f は n-変数であるという.これを明示して, $f^{(n)}$ と表記することもある.

定義 2 (項代数 (term algebra)). 項代数 \mathcal{F} とは、以下の組 (Σ , X) のこと.

- ランク付きアルファベット Σ .
- 変数の集合 X.

この時,[T] を以下を満たす最小の集合として定義する.

- $X \subseteq \llbracket \mathcal{T} \rrbracket$.
- $\tau_1, \ldots, \tau_n \in \llbracket \mathcal{T} \rrbracket$, $f^{(n)} \in \Sigma$ について, $f(\tau_1, \ldots, \tau_n) \in \llbracket \mathcal{T} \rrbracket$.

この時, $\tau \in [\![\mathcal{T}]\!]$ を \mathcal{T} の項と呼ぶ.

定義 3 (パス (path)). 項代数 $\mathcal{T} = (\Sigma, X)$ について,paths: $[\![\mathcal{T}]\!] \to \mathcal{P}(N^*)$ を以下のように定義する.

- $x \in X$ \mathbb{Z} \mathbb{Z} \mathbb{Z} \mathbb{Z} \mathbb{Z} , paths $(x) = \{\epsilon\}$.
- $f^{(n)} \in \Sigma$, $f^{(n)}(\tau_1, \dots, \tau_n) \in \llbracket \mathcal{F} \rrbracket$ ktokt, $\operatorname{paths}(f^{(n)}(\tau_1, \dots, \tau_n)) = \{\varepsilon\} \cup \bigcup_{i \in [n]} \{i\pi \in \operatorname{paths}(\tau_i)\}.$

この時, $\pi \in \text{paths}(\tau)$ を τ のパスと呼ぶ.

定義 4 (部分項 (subterm)). 項代数 $\mathcal{T} = (\Sigma, X)$,項 $\tau \in \llbracket \mathcal{T} \rrbracket$ について,subterm $_{\tau}$: paths $(\tau) \to \llbracket \mathcal{T} \rrbracket$ を以下のように定義する.

• subterm $_{\tau}(\epsilon) = \tau$.

• $\operatorname{subterm}_{f^{(n)}(\tau_1,,\tau_i,,\tau_n)}(i\pi) = \operatorname{subterm}_{\tau_i}(\pi).$	
この時, $\pi \in \text{paths}(\tau)$ について, $\text{subterm}_{\tau}(\pi)$ を τ の π での部分木と呼ぶ.	
定義 5 (置換 (substitution)). 項代数 $\mathcal{T}=(\Sigma,X)$ について, $\sigma\subseteq \llbracket\mathcal{T}\rrbracket\times\llbracket\mathcal{T}\rrbracket$ が置換とは,以下を満たすことを言う.	
・ 任意の $x \in \text{dom}(\sigma)$ について, $(x,y_1),(x,y_2) \in \sigma$ ならば $y_1 = y_2$. ・ 任意の $x_1,x_2 \in \text{dom}(\sigma)$ について,subterm $_{x_1}(\pi) = x_2$ となる $\pi \in \text{paths}(x_1)$ は存在しない.	
定義 6 (出現 (occurence)). 項代数 $\mathcal{F}=(\Sigma,X), \ \ \mathfrak{T}\in \llbracket\mathcal{F}\rrbracket$ について、 $\mathrm{occ}_{\tau}: \llbracket\mathcal{F}\rrbracket \to \mathcal{P}(\mathrm{paths}(\tau))$ を以下のように定する.	ź 義
$\operatorname{occ}_{\tau}(\eta) = \{ \pi \in \operatorname{paths}(\tau) \mid \operatorname{subterm}_{\tau}(\pi) = \eta \}$	
この時, $\pi \in \text{occ}_{\tau}(\eta)$ を, η の τ での出現と呼ぶ.	
定義 7 (コンテキスト (context)). 項代数 $\mathcal{T}=(\Sigma,X)$ について,コンテキストとは, $T[]\in \llbracket(\Sigma,X\uplus\{[]\})\rrbracket$ で $[]$ の出現	むが

一意であるもののことを言う.この時, \mathcal{T} のコンテキストの集合を $\mathcal{C}(\mathcal{T})$ と書く. この時, $\tau \in [\![\mathcal{T}]\!]$ について, $T[\tau] \in [\![\mathcal{T}]\!]$ を $T[\tau] = (T[])[[] \leftarrow \tau]$ で定義する. 第2章

Basic Calculus

2.1 WIP: (Untyped) λ -Calculus

2.2 Simply Typed λ-Calculus

Alias: STLC, λ^{\rightarrow} [GTL89]

2.2.1 Syntax

Convention:

$$\tau_1 \to \tau_2 \to \cdots \to \tau_n \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \tau_1 \to (\tau_2 \to (\cdots \to \tau_n) \cdots)$$

$$e_1 e_2 \cdots e_n \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} (\cdots (e_1 e_2) \cdots) e_n)$$

Environment Reference:

$$\Gamma(x) = \tau$$

$$\frac{x = x'}{(\Gamma, x' : \tau)(x) = \tau} \qquad \frac{x \neq x' \quad \Gamma(x) = \tau}{(\Gamma, x' : \tau')(x) = \tau}$$

Free Variable:

$$fv(e) = {\overline{x'}}$$

$$\frac{fv(e_1)=X_1 \quad fv(e_2)=X_2}{fv(x)=\{x\}} \qquad \frac{fv(e_1)=X_1 \quad fv(e_2)=X_2}{fv(\lambda x:\tau.e)=X\setminus\{x\}} \qquad \frac{fv(e_1)=X_1 \quad fv(e_2)=X_2}{fv(\lambda x:\tau.e)=X} \qquad \frac{fv(e_1)=X_2}{fv(\lambda x:\tau.e)=X} \qquad \frac{fv(e_2)=X_2}{fv(\lambda x:\tau.e)=X} \qquad \frac{fv(e_1)=X_2}{fv(\lambda x:\tau.e)=X} \qquad \frac{fv(e_2)=X_2}{fv(\lambda x:\tau.e)=X_2} \qquad \frac{fv(e_2)=X_2}{fv(\lambda x:\tau.e)=X_2} \qquad \frac{fv(e_2)=X_2}{fv(\lambda x:\tau.e)=X_2} \qquad \frac{fv(e_2)=X_2}{fv(\lambda x:\tau.e)=X_2} \qquad \frac{fv(e_2)=X_2}$$

Substitution:

部分関数
$$\{x_1\mapsto e_1,\dots,x_n\mapsto e_n\}$$
 を, $[x_1\leftarrow e_1,\dots,x_n\leftarrow e_n]$ または $[x_1,\dots,x_n\leftarrow e_1,\dots,e_n]$ と表記する. $\boxed{e[\overline{x'}\leftarrow e']=e''}$

$$\begin{split} & [\overline{x'} \leftarrow \overline{e'}](x) = e \\ & x[\overline{x'} \leftarrow \overline{e'}] = e \end{split} \qquad \underbrace{x \not\in \mathrm{dom}([\overline{x'} \leftarrow \overline{e'}])}_{x[\overline{x'} \leftarrow \overline{e'}] = x} \\ & \underbrace{e_1[\overline{x'} \leftarrow \overline{e'}] = e_1'' \quad e_2[\overline{x'} \leftarrow \overline{e'}] = e_2''}_{(e_1 \ e_2)[\overline{x'} \leftarrow \overline{e'}] = e_1'' \ e_2''} \qquad \underbrace{e([\overline{x'} \leftarrow \overline{e'}] \upharpoonright_{\mathrm{dom}([\overline{x'} \leftarrow \overline{e'}]) \backslash \{x\}}) = e''}_{(\lambda x \ : \ \tau. \ e)[\overline{x'} \leftarrow \overline{e'}] = \lambda x \ : \ \tau. \ e''} \qquad \underbrace{c_A[\overline{x'} \leftarrow \overline{e'}] = c_A}_{c_A[\overline{x'} \leftarrow \overline{e'}] = c_A} \end{split}$$

 α -Equality:

$$e_1 \equiv_{\alpha} e_2$$

$$\frac{x_1 = x_2}{x_1 \equiv_{\alpha} x_2} \qquad \frac{x' \notin fv(e_1) \cup fv(e_2) \quad e_1[x_1 \leftarrow x'] \equiv_{\alpha} e_2[x_2 \leftarrow x']}{\lambda x_1 : \tau. e_1 \equiv_{\alpha} \lambda x_2 : \tau. e_2} \qquad \frac{e_1 \equiv_{\alpha} e_2 \quad e_1' \equiv_{\alpha} e_2'}{e_1 e_1' \equiv_{\alpha} e_2 e_2'} \qquad \frac{c_A \equiv_{\alpha} c_A}{c_A \equiv_{\alpha} c_A}$$

定理 8 (Correctness of Substitution). 式 e, 置換 $[\overline{x'} \leftarrow \overline{e'}]$ について, $X = \text{dom}([\overline{x'} \leftarrow \overline{e'}])$ とした時,

$$fv(e[\overline{x'}\leftarrow \overline{e'}]) = (fv(e) \setminus X) \cup \bigcup_{x \in fv(e) \cap X} fv([\overline{x'}\leftarrow \overline{e'}](x)).$$

定理 9 (α -Equality Does Not Touch Free Variables). $e_1 \equiv_{\alpha} e_2$ ならば、 $fv(e_1) = fv(e_2)$.

2.2.2 Typing Semantics

 $\Gamma \vdash e : \tau$

$$\frac{\Gamma(x) = \tau}{\Gamma \vdash x : \tau} \text{ T-Var}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, x : \tau_1 \vdash e : \tau_2}{\Gamma \vdash \lambda x : \tau_1 . e : \tau_1 \to \tau_2} \text{ T-Abs}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 : \tau_2 \to \tau \quad \Gamma \vdash e_2 : \tau_2}{\Gamma \vdash e_1 e_2 : \tau} \text{ T-App}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 e_2 : \tau}{\Gamma \vdash c_A : A} \text{ T-Const}$$

特に、・ $\vdash e:\tau$ の時、 $e:\tau$ と表記.

2.2.3 Evaluation Semantics (Call-By-Value)

$$\begin{array}{rcl} v & ::= & \lambda x : \tau . e \\ & \mid & c_A \\ C & ::= & [] \\ & \mid & C e \\ & \mid & v C \end{array}$$

Small Step:

 $e \Rightarrow e'$

$$\overline{(\lambda x : \tau. e) \ v \Rightarrow e[x \leftarrow v]}$$

$$\underline{e \Rightarrow e'}$$

$$\overline{C[e] \Rightarrow C[e']}$$

Big Step:

e ψ υ

$$\frac{e_1 \Downarrow \lambda x : \tau. \, e_1' \quad e_2 \Downarrow v_2 \quad e_1'[x \leftarrow v_2] \Downarrow v}{e_1 \, e_2 \Downarrow v}$$

定理 10 (Adequacy of Small Step and Big Step). $e \Rightarrow^* v$ iff $e \Downarrow v$.

定理 11 (Type Soundness). $e:\tau$ の時, $e \Rightarrow^* v$, $e \downarrow v$ となる $v = \text{nf}(\Rightarrow, e)$ が存在し,

- $\tau = \tau_1 \rightarrow \tau_2$ の時、 $v \equiv_{\alpha} \lambda x' : \tau_1.e'$ となる $\lambda x' : \tau'.e'$ が存在する.
- $\tau = A$ の時, $v \equiv_{\alpha} c_A$ となる c_A が存在する.

2.2.4 Equational Reasoning

$$\Gamma \vdash e_1 \equiv e_2 : \tau$$

$$\frac{\Gamma,x:\tau\vdash e_1:\tau_2\to\tau\quad\Gamma\vdash e_2:\tau_2}{\Gamma\vdash(\lambda x:\tau.e_1)\,e_2\equiv e_1[x\leftarrow e_2]:\tau}\,\,\mathrm{Eq}\text{-}\beta\text{-}\mathrm{Lam}\qquad \frac{x\not\in fv(e)\quad\Gamma\vdash e:\tau_1\to\tau_2}{\Gamma\vdash(\lambda x:\tau_1.e\;x)\equiv e:\tau_1\to\tau_2}\,\,\mathrm{Eq}\text{-}\eta\text{-}\mathrm{Lam}$$

$$\frac{e_1\equiv_\alpha e_2\quad\Gamma\vdash e_1:\tau\quad\Gamma\vdash e_2:\tau}{\Gamma\vdash e_1\equiv e_2:\tau}\,\,\mathrm{Eq}\text{-}\alpha\text{-}\mathrm{Refl}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma\vdash e_2\equiv e_1:\tau}{\Gamma\vdash e_1\equiv e_2:\tau}\,\,\mathrm{Eq}\text{-}\mathrm{Sym}\qquad \frac{\Gamma\vdash e_1\equiv e_2:\tau\quad\Gamma\vdash e_2\equiv e_3:\tau}{\Gamma\vdash e_1\equiv e_3:\tau}\,\,\mathrm{Eq}\text{-}\mathrm{Trans}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma,x:\tau\vdash e_1\equiv e_2:\tau'}{\Gamma\vdash\lambda x:\tau.e_1\equiv\lambda x:\tau.e_2:\tau\to\tau'}\,\,\mathrm{Eq}\text{-}\mathrm{Cong}\text{-}\mathrm{Abs}\qquad \frac{\Gamma\vdash e_1\equiv e_2:\tau'\to\tau\quad\Gamma\vdash e_1'\equiv e_2':\tau'}{\Gamma\vdash e_1'\equiv e_2':\tau}\,\,\mathrm{Eq}\text{-}\mathrm{Cong}\text{-}\mathrm{App}$$

特に、・ $\vdash e_1 \equiv e_2 : \tau$ の時、 $e_1 \equiv e_2 : \tau$ と表記.

 $e_2' \equiv e_1' : \tau$. 故に、T-Sym から $e_1' \equiv e_2' : \tau$.

特に、・ト
$$e_1 \equiv e_2 : \tau$$
 の時、 $e_1 \equiv e_2 : \tau$ と表記。

定理 12 (Respect Typing). $\Gamma \vdash e_1 \equiv e_2 : \tau$ ならば、 $\Gamma \vdash e_1 : \tau$ かつ $\Gamma \vdash e_2 : \tau$.

定理 13 (Respect Evaluation). $e_1 \equiv e_2 : \tau$ の時、 $e'_1 \Rightarrow^* e_1$, $e_2 \Rightarrow^* e'_2$ ならば $e'_1 \equiv e'_2 : \tau$.

系 14. $e_1 \equiv e_2 : \tau$ の時, $e_1 \Rightarrow^* e'_1$, $e_2 \Rightarrow^* e'_2$ ならば $e'_1 \equiv e'_2 : \tau$.

証明. $e_1 \Rightarrow^* e_1$ より、定理 13 から $e_1 \equiv e'_2 : \tau$. よって、T-Sym から $e'_2 \equiv e_1 : \tau$ であり、 $e'_2 \Rightarrow^* e'_2$ より定理 13 から

2.3 WIP: System-T

2.4 WIP: PCF 13

2.4 WIP: PCF

2.5 System-F

Alias: F, Second Order Typed Lambda Calculus, λ2 [GTL89]

2.5.1 Syntax

Convention:

$$\tau_1 \to \tau_2 \to \cdots \to \tau_n \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \tau_1 \to (\tau_2 \to (\cdots \to \tau_n) \cdots)$$

$$e_1 e_2 \cdots e_n \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} (\cdots (e_1 e_2) \cdots) e_n)$$

Environment Reference:

$$\Gamma(x)=\tau$$

$$\begin{array}{ll} x=x' & x\neq x' & \Gamma(x)=\tau \\ \hline (\Gamma,x':\tau)(x)=\tau & \overline{(\Gamma,x':\tau')(x)=\tau} & \overline{\Gamma(x)=\tau} \\ \hline t=t' & t\neq t' & \Gamma(t)=\Omega \\ \hline (\Gamma,t':\Omega)(t)=\Omega & \overline{(\Gamma,t':\Omega')(t)=\Omega} & \overline{\Gamma(t)=\Omega} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

Free Variable:

$$fv(e) = {\overline{x}}$$

$$\frac{fv(e_1) = X_1 \quad fv(e_2) = X_2}{fv(x) = \{x\}} \qquad \frac{fv(e_1) = X_1 \quad fv(e_2) = X_2}{fv(e_1 e_2) = X_1 \cup X_2} \qquad \frac{fv(e) = X}{fv(\lambda x : \tau. e) = X \setminus \{x\}} \qquad \frac{fv(e) = X}{fv(e \tau) = X} \qquad \frac{fv(e) = X}{fv(\Lambda t. e) = X}$$

Substitution:

部分関数
$$\{x_1 \mapsto e_1, \dots, x_n \mapsto e_n\}$$
 を, $[x_1 \leftarrow e_1, \dots, x_n \leftarrow e_n]$ または $[x_1, \dots, x_n \leftarrow e_1, \dots, e_n]$ と表記する.
$$\boxed{e[\overline{x'} \leftarrow e'] = e''}$$

$$\begin{split} & \underbrace{[\overline{x'} \leftarrow \overline{e'}](x) = e}_{x[\overline{x'} \leftarrow \overline{e'}] = e} & \underbrace{x \notin \operatorname{dom}([\overline{x'} \leftarrow \overline{e'}])}_{x[\overline{x'} \leftarrow \overline{e'}] = x} \\ & \underbrace{e_1[\overline{x'} \leftarrow \overline{e'}] = e_1'' \quad e_2[\overline{x'} \leftarrow \overline{e'}] = e_2''}_{(e_1 \ e_2)[\overline{x'} \leftarrow \overline{e'}] = e_1'' \ e_2''} & \underbrace{e([\overline{x'} \leftarrow \overline{e'}])_{\operatorname{dom}([\overline{x'} \leftarrow \overline{e'}])\setminus\{x\}}) = e''}_{(\lambda x \ : \ \tau. e)[\overline{x'} \leftarrow \overline{e'}] = \lambda x \ : \ \tau. e''} \\ & \underbrace{e[\overline{x'} \leftarrow \overline{e'}] = e''}_{(e \ \tau)[\overline{x'} \leftarrow \overline{e'}] = e'' \ \tau} & \underbrace{e[\overline{x'} \leftarrow \overline{e'}] = e''}_{(\Lambda t. \ e)[\overline{x'} \leftarrow \overline{e'}] = \Lambda t. \ e''} \end{split}$$

Type Free Variable:

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 $tyfv(e) = {\overline{x}}$

$$\frac{tyfv(e_1) = T_1 \quad tyfv(e_2) = T_2}{tyfv(x) = \varnothing} \quad \frac{tyfv(e_1) = T_1 \quad tyfv(e_2) = T_2}{tyfv(e_1 e_2) = T_1 \cup T_2} \quad \frac{tyfv(\tau) = T_1 \quad tyfv(e) = T_2}{tyfv(\lambda x : \tau.e) = T_1 \cup T_2}$$

$$\frac{tyfv(e) = T_1 \quad tyfv(\tau) = T_2}{tyfv(e \tau) = T_1 \cup T_2} \quad \frac{tyfv(e) = T}{tyfv(\Lambda t.e) = T \setminus \{t\}}$$

$$\frac{tyfv(\tau_1) = T_1 \quad tyfv(\tau_2) = T_2}{tyfv(\tau_1 \to \tau_2) = T_1 \cup T_2} \quad \frac{tyfv(\tau) = T}{tyfv(\forall t.\tau) = T \setminus \{t\}}$$

Type Substitution:

部分関数 $\{t_1 \mapsto \tau_1, \dots, t_n \mapsto \tau_n\}$ を, $[t_1 \leftarrow \tau_1, \dots, t_n \leftarrow \tau_n]$ または $[t_1, \dots, t_n \leftarrow t_1, \dots, t_n]$ と表記する. $\boxed{e[\overline{t} \leftarrow \overline{\tau}] = e'}$

$$\frac{e_1[\overline{t'}\leftarrow\overline{\tau'}]=e_1''\quad e_2[\overline{t'}\leftarrow\overline{\tau'}]=e_2''}{x[\overline{t'}\leftarrow\overline{\tau'}]=x} \qquad \frac{\tau[\overline{t'}\leftarrow\overline{\tau'}]=\tau''\quad e[\overline{t'}\leftarrow\overline{\tau'}]=e''}{(\lambda x:\tau.e)[\overline{t'}\leftarrow\overline{\tau'}]=\lambda x:\tau''.e''}$$

$$\frac{e[\overline{t'}\leftarrow\overline{\tau'}]=e''\quad \tau[\overline{t'}\leftarrow\overline{\tau'}]=\tau''}{(e\;\tau)[\overline{t'}\leftarrow\overline{\tau'}]=e''\;\tau''} \qquad \frac{e([\overline{t'}\leftarrow\overline{\tau'}])\setminus\{t\}}{(\Lambda t.e)[\overline{t'}\leftarrow\overline{\tau'}]=\Lambda t.e''}$$

$$\tau[\overline{t'\leftarrow\tau'}]=\tau''$$

 α -Equality:

 $e_1 \equiv_{\alpha} e_2$

$$\begin{array}{lll} \underline{x_1 = x_2} \\ \overline{x_1 \equiv_{\alpha} x_2} \end{array} & \begin{array}{ll} \underline{e_1 \equiv_{\alpha} e_2 & e_1' \equiv_{\alpha} e_2'} \\ e_1 e_1' \equiv_{\alpha} e_2 e_2' \end{array} & \begin{array}{ll} \underline{\tau_1 \equiv_{\alpha} \tau_2 & x' \not\in fv(e_1) \cup fv(e_2) & e_1[x_1 \leftarrow x'] \equiv_{\alpha} e_2[x_2 \leftarrow x'] \\ \hline \lambda x_1 : \tau_1. e_1 \equiv_{\alpha} \lambda x_2 : \tau_2. e_2 \end{array} \\ \\ \underline{e_1 \equiv_{\alpha} e_2 & \tau_1 \equiv_{\alpha} \tau_2 \\ e_1 \tau_1 \equiv_{\alpha} e_2 \tau_2 \end{array}} & \begin{array}{ll} \underline{t' \not\in tyfv(e_1) \cup tyfv(e_2) & e_1[t_1 \leftarrow t'] \equiv_{\alpha} e_2[t_2 \leftarrow t']} \\ \hline \lambda t_1. e_1 \equiv_{\alpha} \lambda t_2. e_2 \end{array} \end{array}$$

 $\tau_1 \equiv_{\alpha} \tau_2$

$$\begin{array}{lll} \underline{t_1 = t_2} & \underline{t_1 \equiv_{\alpha} \tau_2 & \tau_1' \equiv_{\alpha} \tau_2'} \\ \overline{t_1 \equiv_{\alpha} t_2} & \overline{\tau_1' \equiv_{\alpha} \tau_2 \rightarrow \tau_2'} & \underline{t' \not\in tyfv(\tau_1) \cup tyfv(\tau_2) & \tau_1[t_1 \leftarrow t'] \equiv_{\alpha} \tau_2[t_2 \leftarrow t']} \\ \overline{\forall t_1. \tau_1 \equiv_{\alpha} \forall t_2. \tau_2} \end{array}$$

定理 15 (Correctness of Substitution). 置換 $[\overline{x'} \leftarrow \overline{e'}]$ について, $X = \text{dom}([\overline{x'} \leftarrow \overline{e'}])$ とした時,

$$fv(e[\overline{x'}\leftarrow \overline{e'}]) = (fv(e) \setminus X) \cup \bigcup_{x \in fv(e) \cap X} fv([\overline{x'}\leftarrow \overline{e'}](x)).$$

定理 16 (Correctness of Type Substitution). 式 e, 型 τ , 型置換 $[\overline{t'} \leftarrow \overline{\tau'}]$ について, $T = \text{dom}([\overline{t'} \leftarrow \overline{\tau'}])$ とした時,

$$tyfv(e[\overline{t'}\leftarrow\overline{\tau'}]) = (tyfv(e)\setminus T) \cup \bigcup_{t\in tyfv(e)\cap T} tyfv([\overline{t'}\leftarrow\overline{\tau'}](t))$$

$$tyfv(\tau[\overline{t'}\leftarrow\overline{\tau'}]) = (tyfv(\tau)\setminus T) \cup \bigcup_{t\in tyfv(\tau)\cap T} tyfv([\overline{t'}\leftarrow\overline{\tau'}](t)).$$

定理 17 (α-Equality Does Not Touch Free Variables).

- $\tau_1 \equiv_{\alpha} \tau_2 \ \text{t} \ \text$
- $e_1 \equiv_{\alpha} e_2$ ならば、 $fv(e_1) = fv(e_2)$ 、 $tyfv(e_1) = tyfv(e_2)$.

2.5.2 Typing Semantics

 $\Gamma \vdash e : \tau$

$$\frac{\Gamma(x) = \tau}{\Gamma \vdash x : \tau} \text{ T-Var}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, x : \tau_1 \vdash e : \tau_2}{\Gamma \vdash \lambda x : \tau_1 . e : \tau_1 \to \tau_2} \text{ T-Abs}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 : \tau_2 \to \tau \quad \Gamma \vdash e_2 : \tau_2}{\Gamma \vdash e_1 e_2 : \tau} \text{ T-App}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, t : \Omega \vdash e : \tau}{\Gamma \vdash \Lambda t . e : \forall t . \tau} \text{ T-UnivAbs}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e : \forall t . \tau_1}{\Gamma \vdash e \tau_2 : \tau_1 [t \leftarrow \tau_2]} \text{ T-UnivApp}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash \tau \equiv_{\alpha} \tau' : \Omega \quad \Gamma \vdash e : \tau'}{\Gamma \vdash e : \tau} \text{ T-α-Equiv}$$

特に、・ $\vdash e:\tau$ の時、 $e:\tau$ と表記.

2.5.3 Evaluation Semantics (Call-By-Value)

$$\begin{array}{rcl} v & ::= & \lambda x : \tau.e \\ & \mid & \Lambda t.e \\ C & ::= & [] \\ & \mid & Ce \\ & \mid & v.C \\ & \mid & C\tau \end{array}$$

Small Step:

 $e \Rightarrow e'$

$$\overline{(\lambda x : \tau. e) \ v \Rightarrow e[x \leftarrow v]}$$

$$\overline{(\Lambda t. e) \ \tau \Rightarrow e[t \leftarrow \tau]}$$

$$\underline{e \Rightarrow e'}$$

$$\overline{C[e] \Rightarrow C[e']}$$

Big Step:

 $e \Downarrow v$

$$\frac{e_1 \Downarrow \lambda x : \tau. e_1' \quad e_2 \Downarrow v_2 \quad e_1'[x \leftarrow v_2] \Downarrow v}{e_1 e_2 \Downarrow v}$$

$$\frac{e \Downarrow \Lambda t. e_1' \quad e_1'[t \leftarrow \tau] \Downarrow v}{e \tau \Downarrow v}$$

2.5 System-F **17**

定理 19 (Type Soundness). $e:\tau$ の時, $e\Rightarrow^* v$, $e\downarrow v$ となる $v=nf(\Rightarrow,e)$ が存在し,

- $\tau = \tau_1 \rightarrow \tau_2$ の時、 $v \equiv_{\alpha} \lambda x' : \tau_1.e'$ となる $\lambda x' : \tau_1.e'$ が存在する.
- $\tau = \forall t. \tau_1$ の時, $v \equiv_{\alpha} \Lambda t. e'$ となる $\Lambda t. e'$ が存在する.

2.5.4 Equational Reasoning

 $\Gamma \vdash e_1 \equiv e_2 : \tau$

$$\frac{\Gamma,x:\tau_2\vdash e_1:\tau\quad\Gamma\vdash e_2:\tau_2}{\Gamma\vdash(\lambda x:\tau_2.e_1)\,e_2\equiv e_1[x\leftarrow e_2]:\tau} \;\; \text{Eq-β-Lam} \qquad \frac{x\not\in fv(e)\quad\Gamma\vdash e:\tau_1\to\tau_2}{\Gamma\vdash(\lambda x:\tau_1.e\,x)\equiv e:\tau_1\to\tau_2} \;\; \text{Eq-η-Lam}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma,t:\Omega\vdash e:\tau}{\Gamma\vdash(\Lambda t.e)\,\tau_2\equiv e[t\leftarrow\tau_2]:\tau[t\leftarrow\tau_2]} \;\; \text{Eq-β-UnivLam} \qquad \frac{t\not\in tyfv(e)\quad\Gamma\vdash e:\forall t'.\tau}{\Gamma\vdash(\Lambda t.e\,t)\equiv e:\forall t'.\tau} \;\; \text{Eq-η-UnivLam}$$

$$\frac{e_1\equiv_{\alpha}\,e_2\quad\Gamma\vdash e_1:\tau\quad\Gamma\vdash e_2:\tau}{\Gamma\vdash e_1\equiv e_2:\tau} \;\; \text{Eq-α-Refl} \qquad \frac{\tau\equiv_{\alpha}\,\tau'\quad\Gamma\vdash e_1\equiv e_2:\tau'}{\Gamma\vdash e_1\equiv e_2:\tau} \;\; \text{Eq-α-Type}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma\vdash e_1\equiv e_2:\tau}{\Gamma\vdash e_1\equiv e_2:\tau} \;\; \text{Eq-$Sym} \qquad \frac{\Gamma\vdash e_1\equiv e_2:\tau}{\Gamma\vdash e_1\equiv e_3:\tau} \;\; \text{Eq-$Trans}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma,x:\tau\vdash e_1\equiv e_2:\tau'}{\Gamma\vdash \lambda x:\tau.e_1\equiv \lambda x:\tau.e_2:\tau\to\tau'} \;\; \text{Eq-$Cong-Abs} \qquad \frac{\Gamma\vdash e_1\equiv e_2:\tau'\to\tau\quad\Gamma\vdash e_1'\equiv e_2':\tau'}{\Gamma\vdash e_1\equiv e_2:\tau} \;\; \text{Eq-$Cong-App}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma,t:\Omega\vdash e_1\equiv e_2:\tau}{\Gamma\vdash \Lambda t.e_1\equiv \Lambda t.e_2:\forall(t.\tau)} \;\; \text{Eq-$Cong-UnivAbs} \qquad \frac{\Gamma\vdash e_1\equiv e_2:\forall t.\tau}{\Gamma\vdash e_1\tau'\equiv e_2:\tau':\tau[t\leftarrow\tau']} \;\; \text{Eq-$Cong-UnivApp}$$

特に、 $\cdot \vdash e_1 \equiv e_2 : \tau$ の時、 $e_1 \equiv e_2 : \tau$ と表記.

定理 20 (Respect Typing).
$$\Gamma \vdash e_1 \equiv e_2 : \tau$$
 ならば、 $\Gamma \vdash e_1 : \tau$ かつ $\Gamma \vdash e_2 : \tau$.

定理 21 (Respect Evaluation).
$$e_1 \equiv e_2 : \tau$$
 の時, $e_1' \Rightarrow^* e_1, e_2 \Rightarrow^* e_2'$ ならば $e_1' \equiv e_2' : \tau$.

系 22.
$$e_1 \equiv e_2 : \tau$$
 の時, $e_1 \Rightarrow^* e_1'$, $e_2 \Rightarrow^* e_2'$ ならば $e_1' \equiv e_2' : \tau$.

証明. $e_1 \Rightarrow^* e_1$ より,定理 21 から $e_1 \equiv e_2' : \tau$. よって,T-Sym から $e_2' \equiv e_1 : \tau$ であり, $e_2' \Rightarrow^* e_2'$ より定理 21 から $e_2' \equiv e_1' : \tau$. 故に,T-Sym から $e_1' \equiv e_2' : \tau$.

2.5.5 Definability

Product

Product of τ_1 and τ_2 :

$$\begin{split} &\tau_1 \times \tau_2 \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \forall t. \, (\tau_1 \to \tau_2 \to t) \to t \\ &\langle e_1, e_2 \rangle \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \Lambda t. \, \lambda x \, : \, \tau_1 \to \tau_2 \to t. \, x \, e_1 \, e_2 \\ &\pi_1 e \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} e \, \tau_1 \, \lambda x_1. \, \lambda x_2. \, x_1 \\ &\pi_2 e \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} e \, \tau_2 \, \lambda x_1. \, \lambda x_2. \, x_2 \end{split}$$

Admissible typing rule:

 $\Gamma \vdash e : \tau$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 : \tau_1 \quad \Gamma \vdash e_2 : \tau_2}{\Gamma \vdash \langle e_1, e_2 \rangle : \tau_1 \times \tau_2} \text{ T-Product } \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash e : \tau_1 \times \tau_2}{\Gamma \vdash \pi_1 e : \tau_1} \text{ T-Proj-1} \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash e : \tau_1 \times \tau_2}{\Gamma \vdash \pi_2 e : \tau_2} \text{ T-Proj-2}$$

Admissible equality:

$$\Gamma \vdash e_1 \equiv e_2 \, : \, \tau$$

$$\begin{split} \frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 \ : \ \tau_1 \quad \Gamma \vdash e_2 \ : \ \tau_2}{\Gamma \vdash \pi_1 \langle e_1, e_2 \rangle \equiv e_1 \ : \ \tau_1} \quad & \text{Eq-β-Product-1} \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 \ : \ \tau_1 \quad \Gamma \vdash e_2 \ : \ \tau_2}{\Gamma \vdash \pi_2 \langle e_1, e_2 \rangle \equiv e_2 \ : \ \tau_2} \quad & \text{Eq-β-Product-2} \\ \frac{\Gamma \vdash e \ : \ \tau_1 \times \tau_2}{\Gamma \vdash \langle \pi_1 e, \pi_2 e \rangle \equiv e \ : \ \tau_1 \times \tau_2} \quad & \text{Eq-η-Product} \end{split}$$

Existential Type

Existence of $\exists t. \tau$:

$$\exists t. \tau \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \forall t'. (\forall t. \tau \to t') \to t'$$

$$\operatorname{pack} \langle \tau_t, e \rangle \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \Lambda t'. \lambda x : (\forall t. \tau \to t'). x \tau_t e$$

$$\operatorname{unpack} \langle t, x \rangle = e_1. \tau_2. e_2 \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} e_1 \tau_2 (\Lambda t. \lambda x : \tau. e_2)$$

Admissible typing rule:

$$\Gamma \vdash e : \tau$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e : \tau[t \leftarrow \tau_t]}{\Gamma \vdash \mathsf{pack}(\tau_t, e) : \exists t. \, \tau} \text{ T-Pack} \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 : \exists t. \, \tau \quad \Gamma, t : \Omega, x : \tau \vdash e_2 : \tau_2 \quad t \not\in tyf\upsilon(\tau_2)}{\Gamma \vdash \mathsf{unpack}(t, x) = e_1. \, \tau_2. \, e_2 : \tau_2} \text{ T-Unpack}$$

Admissible equality:

$$\Gamma \vdash e_1 \equiv e_2 : \tau$$

$$\begin{split} \frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 \,:\, \tau_1[t \leftarrow \tau_t] \quad \Gamma, t \,:\, \Omega, x \,:\, \tau_1 \vdash e_2 \,:\, \tau_2 \quad t \not\in tyfv(\tau_2)}{\Gamma \vdash \text{unpack}\langle t, x \rangle = \text{pack}\langle \tau_t, e_1 \rangle.\, \tau_2.\, e_2 \equiv e_2[t \leftarrow \tau_t][x \leftarrow e_1] \,:\, \tau_2} \quad \text{Eq-β-Exist} \\ \frac{\Gamma \vdash e \,:\, \exists t'.\, \tau \quad \tau' \equiv_{\alpha} \exists t'.\, \tau}{\Gamma \vdash \text{unpack}\langle t, x \rangle = e.\, \tau'.\, \text{pack}\langle t, x \rangle \equiv e \,:\, \exists t'.\, \tau} \quad \text{Eq-η-Exist} \end{split}$$

2.5.6 Typability

[Wel99]

TODO

2.6 System-F ω

2.6 System-F ω

Alias: F ω , $\lambda \omega$ [RRD14]

2.6.1 Syntax

Convention:

$$\tau_1 \to \tau_2 \to \cdots \to \tau_n \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \tau_1 \to (\tau_2 \to (\cdots \to \tau_n) \cdots)$$

$$e_1 e_2 \cdots e_n \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} (\cdots (e_1 e_2) \cdots) e_n)$$

Environment Reference:

$$\Gamma(x) = \tau$$

$$\frac{x = x'}{(\Gamma, x' : \tau)(x) = \tau} \qquad \frac{x \neq x'}{(\Gamma, x' : \tau')(x) = \tau} \qquad \frac{\Gamma(x) = \tau}{(\Gamma, t : \kappa)(x) = \tau}$$

$$\frac{t = t'}{(\Gamma, t' : \kappa)(t) = \kappa} \qquad \frac{t \neq t'}{(\Gamma, t' : \kappa')(t) = \kappa} \qquad \frac{\Gamma(t) = \kappa}{(\Gamma, x : \tau)(t) = \kappa}$$

Free Variable:

$$fv(e)=\{\overline{x}\}$$

$$\frac{fv(e) = X}{fv(x) = \{x\}} \qquad \frac{fv(e) = X}{fv(\lambda x : \tau. e) = X \setminus \{x\}} \qquad \frac{fv(e_1) = X_1}{fv(e_1 e_2) = X_1 \cup X_2} \qquad \frac{fv(e) = X}{fv(\Lambda t : \kappa. e) = X} \qquad \frac{fv(e) = X}{fv(e \tau) = X}$$

Substitution:

部分関数
$$\{x_1 \mapsto e_1, \dots, x_n \mapsto e_n\}$$
 を, $[x_1 \leftarrow e_1, \dots, x_n \leftarrow e_n]$ または $[x_1, \dots, x_n \leftarrow e_1, \dots, e_n]$ と表記する.
$$\boxed{e[\overline{x' \leftarrow e'}] = e''}$$

$$\frac{[\overline{x'}\leftarrow\overline{e'}](x)=e}{x[\overline{x'}\leftarrow\overline{e'}]=e} \qquad \frac{x\not\in \mathrm{dom}([\overline{x'}\leftarrow\overline{e'}])}{x[\overline{x'}\leftarrow\overline{e'}]=x}$$

$$\frac{e([\overline{x'}\leftarrow\overline{e'}]\upharpoonright_{\mathrm{dom}([\overline{x'}\leftarrow\overline{e'}])\backslash\{x\}})=e''}{(\lambda x:\tau.e)[\overline{x'}\leftarrow\overline{e'}]=\lambda x:\tau.e''} \qquad \frac{e_1[\overline{x'}\leftarrow\overline{e'}]=e_1''\ e_2[\overline{x'}\leftarrow\overline{e'}]=e_2''}{(e_1\,e_2)[\overline{x'}\leftarrow\overline{e'}]=e_1''\ e_2''}$$

$$\frac{e[\overline{x'}\leftarrow\overline{e'}]=e''}{(\Lambda t:\kappa.e)[\overline{x'}\leftarrow\overline{e'}]=\Lambda t:\kappa.e''} \qquad \frac{e[\overline{x'}\leftarrow\overline{e'}]=e''}{(e\,\tau)[\overline{x'}\leftarrow\overline{e'}]=e''\,\tau}$$

Type Free Variable:

 $tyfv(e)=\{\overline{t}\}$

$$\frac{tyfv(\tau) = T_1 \quad tyfv(e) = T_2}{tyfv(\lambda x : \tau . e) = T_1 \cup T_2} \quad \frac{tyfv(e_1) = T_1 \quad tyfv(e_2) = T_2}{tyfv(e_1 e_2) = T_1 \cup T_2}$$

$$\frac{tyfv(e) = T}{tyfv(\Lambda t : \kappa . e) = T \setminus \{t\}} \quad \frac{tyfv(e) = T_1 \quad tyfv(\tau) = T_2}{tyfv(e \tau) = T_1 \cup T_2}$$

 $tyfv(\tau)=\{\overline{t}\}$

$$\begin{split} \frac{tyfv(\tau_1) = T_1 \quad tyfv(\tau_2) = T_2}{tyfv(t) = \{t\}} \quad & \frac{tyfv(\tau_1) = T_1 \quad tyfv(\tau_2) = T_2}{tyfv(\tau_1 \to \tau_2) = T_1 \cup T_2} \quad \frac{tyfv(\forall t : \kappa. \tau) = T \setminus \{t\}}{tyfv(\forall t : \kappa. \tau) = T \setminus \{t\}} \\ \frac{tyfv(\lambda t : \kappa. \tau) = T \setminus \{t\}}{tyfv(\lambda t : \kappa. \tau) = T \setminus \{t\}} \quad & \frac{tyfv(\tau_1) = T_1 \quad tyfv(\tau_2) = T_2}{tyfv(\tau_1 \tau_2) = T_1 \cup T_2} \end{split}$$

Type Substitution:

部分関数 $\{t_1 \mapsto \tau_1, \dots, t_n \mapsto \tau_n\}$ を, $[t_1 \leftarrow \tau_1, \dots, t_n \leftarrow \tau_n]$ または $[t_1, \dots, t_n \leftarrow t_1, \dots, t_n]$ と表記する. $\boxed{e[\overline{t' \leftarrow \tau'}] = e'}$

$$\frac{e_1[\overline{t'}\leftarrow\overline{\tau'}]=e_1''\quad e_2[\overline{t'}\leftarrow\overline{\tau'}]=e_2''}{(e_1\,e_2)[\overline{t'}\leftarrow\overline{\tau'}]=e_1''\quad e_2''} \qquad \frac{\tau[\overline{t'}\leftarrow\overline{\tau'}]=\tau''\quad e[\overline{t'}\leftarrow\overline{\tau'}]=e''}{(\lambda x\,:\,\tau.\,e)[\overline{t'}\leftarrow\overline{\tau'}]=\lambda x\,:\,\tau''.\,e''}\\ \frac{e[\overline{t'}\leftarrow\overline{\tau'}]=e''\quad \tau[\overline{t'}\leftarrow\overline{\tau'}]=\tau''\quad e([\overline{t'}\leftarrow\overline{\tau'}])\backslash\{t\}}{(e\,\tau)[\overline{t'}\leftarrow\overline{\tau'}]=e''\,\tau''} \qquad \frac{e([\overline{t'}\leftarrow\overline{\tau'}])\backslash\{t\})=e''}{(\Lambda t\,:\,\kappa.\,e)[\overline{t'}\leftarrow\overline{\tau'}]=\Lambda t\,:\,\kappa.\,e''}$$

 $\tau[\overline{t'\leftarrow\tau'}]=\tau''$

$$\begin{split} \frac{[\overline{t'}\leftarrow\overline{\tau'}](t)=\tau}{t[\overline{t'}\leftarrow\overline{\tau'}]=\tau} & t\notin \mathrm{dom}([\overline{t'}\leftarrow\overline{\tau'}])\\ \frac{\tau_1[\overline{t'}\leftarrow\overline{\tau'}]=\tau}{t[\overline{t'}\leftarrow\overline{\tau'}]=\tau} & t\notin \mathrm{dom}([\overline{t'}\leftarrow\overline{\tau'}])\\ \frac{\tau_1[\overline{t'}\leftarrow\overline{\tau'}]=\tau_1'' \quad \tau_2[\overline{t'}\leftarrow\overline{\tau'}]=\tau_2''}{(\tau_1\to\tau_2)[\overline{t'}\leftarrow\overline{\tau'}]=\tau_1''\to\tau_2''} & \tau([\overline{t'}\leftarrow\overline{\tau'}])\setminus_{\mathrm{dom}([\overline{t'}\leftarrow\overline{\tau'}])\setminus_{\{t\}}})=\tau''\\ \frac{\tau([\overline{t'}\leftarrow\overline{\tau'}]\upharpoonright_{\mathrm{dom}([\overline{t'}\leftarrow\overline{\tau'}])\setminus_{\{t\}}})=\tau''}{(\lambda t:\kappa.\tau)[\overline{t'}\leftarrow\overline{\tau'}]=\lambda t:\kappa.\tau''} & \tau_1[\overline{t'}\leftarrow\overline{\tau'}]=\tau_1'' \quad \tau_2[\overline{t'}\leftarrow\overline{\tau'}]=\tau_2''\\ \frac{\tau_1[\overline{t'}\leftarrow\overline{\tau'}]}{(\tau_1\tau_2)[\overline{t'}\leftarrow\overline{\tau'}]=\tau_1'' \quad \tau_2''}=\tau_1''\tau_2''\\ \end{split}$$

 α -Equality:

 $e_1 \equiv_{\alpha} e_2$

$$\begin{array}{ll} x_1 = x_2 \\ \overline{x_1 \equiv_{\alpha} x_2} \end{array} & \begin{array}{ll} \underline{e_1 \equiv_{\alpha} e_2 \ e'_1 \equiv_{\alpha} e'_2} \\ e_1 e'_1 \equiv_{\alpha} e_2 e'_2 \end{array} & \begin{array}{ll} \underline{\tau_1 \equiv_{\alpha} \tau_2 \ x' \not\in fv(e_1) \cup fv(e_2) \ e_1[x_1 \leftarrow x'] \equiv_{\alpha} e_2[x_2 \leftarrow x']} \\ \underline{e_1 \equiv_{\alpha} e_2 \ \tau_1 \equiv_{\alpha} \tau_2} \\ e_1 \tau_1 \equiv_{\alpha} e_2 \tau_2 \end{array} & \begin{array}{ll} \underline{t' \not\in tyfv(e_1) \cup tyfv(e_2) \ e_1[t_1 \leftarrow t'] \equiv_{\alpha} e_2[t_2 \leftarrow t']} \\ \underline{\Lambda t_1 : \kappa. e_1 \equiv_{\alpha} \Lambda t_2 : \kappa. e_2} \end{array} \end{array}$$

 $\tau_1 \equiv_{\alpha} \tau_2$

$$\frac{t_1 = t_2}{t_1 \equiv_{\alpha} t_2} \qquad \frac{\tau_1 \equiv_{\alpha} \tau_2 \quad \tau_1' \equiv_{\alpha} \tau_2'}{\tau_1 \rightarrow \tau_1' \equiv_{\alpha} \tau_2 \rightarrow \tau_2'} \qquad \frac{t' \not\in tyfv(\tau_1) \cup tyfv(\tau_2) \quad \tau_1[t_1 \leftarrow t'] \equiv_{\alpha} \tau_2[t_2 \leftarrow t']}{\forall t_1 : \kappa. \tau_1 \equiv_{\alpha} \forall t_2 : \kappa. \tau_2}$$

$$\frac{t' \not\in tyfv(\tau_1) \cup tyfv(\tau_2) \quad \tau_1[t_1 \leftarrow t'] \equiv_{\alpha} \tau_2[t_2 \leftarrow t']}{\lambda t_1 : \kappa. \tau_1 \equiv_{\alpha} \lambda t_2 : \kappa. \tau_2} \qquad \frac{\tau_1 \equiv_{\alpha} \tau_2 \quad \tau_1' \equiv_{\alpha} \tau_2'}{\tau_1 \tau_1' \equiv_{\alpha} \tau_2 \tau_2'}$$

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定理 23 (Correctness of Substitution). 置換 $[\overline{x'} \leftarrow \overline{e'}]$ について, $X = \text{dom}([\overline{x'} \leftarrow \overline{e'}])$ とした時,

$$fv(e[\overline{x'}\leftarrow \overline{e'}]) = (fv(e)\setminus X) \cup \bigcup_{x\in fv(e)\cap X} fv([\overline{x'}\leftarrow \overline{e'}](x)).$$

定理 24 (Correctness of Type Substitution). 式 e, 型 τ , 型置換 $[\overline{t'} \leftarrow \overline{\tau'}]$ について, $T = \text{dom}([\overline{t'} \leftarrow \overline{\tau'}])$ とした時,

$$tyfv(e[\overline{t'}\leftarrow\overline{\tau'}]) = (tyfv(e) \setminus T) \cup \bigcup_{t \in tyfv(e) \cap T} tyfv([\overline{t'}\leftarrow\overline{\tau'}](t))$$
$$tyfv(\tau[\overline{t'}\leftarrow\overline{\tau'}]) = (tyfv(\tau) \setminus T) \cup \bigcup_{t \in tyfv(\tau) \cap T} tyfv([\overline{t'}\leftarrow\overline{\tau'}](t)).$$

定理 25 (α-Equality Does Not Touch Free Variables).

- $\tau_1 \equiv_{\alpha} \tau_2$ τ_2 τ_3 τ_4 τ_5 τ_5 τ_5 τ_5 τ_5 τ_5 τ_6 τ_7 τ_7 τ_7 τ_8
- $e_1 \equiv_{\alpha} e_2$ ならば、 $fv(e_1) = fv(e_2)$ 、 $tyfv(e_1) = tyfv(e_2)$.

2.6.2 Typing Semantics

Kinding:

$$\Gamma \vdash \tau : \kappa$$

$$\frac{\Gamma(t) = \kappa}{\Gamma \vdash t : \kappa} \text{ K-Var}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash \tau_1 : \Omega \quad \Gamma \vdash \tau_2 : \Omega}{\Gamma \vdash \tau_1 \to \tau_2 : \Omega} \text{ K-Arrow}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, t : \kappa \vdash \tau : \Omega}{\Gamma \vdash \forall t : \kappa . \tau : \Omega} \text{ K-Forall}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, t : \kappa_1 \vdash \tau : \kappa_2}{\Gamma \vdash \lambda t : \kappa_1 . \tau : \kappa_1 \to \kappa_2} \text{ K-Abs}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash \tau_1 : \kappa_2 \to \kappa \quad \Gamma \vdash \tau_2 : \kappa_2}{\Gamma \vdash \tau_1 : \tau_2 : \kappa} \text{ K-App}$$

Type equivalence:

$$\Gamma \vdash \tau_1 \equiv \tau_2 : \kappa$$

$$\frac{\Gamma,t:\kappa_2\vdash\tau_1:\kappa\quad\Gamma\vdash\tau_2:\kappa_2}{\Gamma\vdash(\lambda t:\kappa_2.\tau_1)\;\tau_2\equiv\tau_1[t\leftarrow\tau_2]:\kappa} \text{ T-Eq-β-Lam } \frac{t\not\in tyfv(\tau)\quad\Gamma\vdash\tau:\kappa_1\to\kappa_2}{\Gamma\vdash(\lambda t:\kappa_1.\tau\;t)\equiv\tau:\kappa_1\to\kappa_2} \text{ T-Eq-γ-Lam } \frac{\tau_1\equiv_\alpha\tau_2\quad\Gamma\vdash\tau_1:\kappa\quad\Gamma\vdash\tau_2:\kappa}{\Gamma\vdash\tau_1\equiv\tau_2:\kappa} \text{ T-Eq-α-Refl}$$

$$\frac{\tau_1\vdash\tau_1\equiv\tau_2:\kappa}{\Gamma\vdash\tau_1\equiv\tau_2:\kappa} \text{ T-Eq-Sym} \frac{\Gamma\vdash\tau_1\equiv\tau_2:\kappa\quad\Gamma\vdash\tau_2\equiv\tau_3:\kappa}{\Gamma\vdash\tau_1\equiv\tau_3:\kappa} \text{ T-Eq-Trans } \frac{\Gamma\vdash\tau_1\equiv\tau_2:\kappa\quad\Gamma\vdash\tau_1\equiv\tau_2:\kappa}{\Gamma\vdash\tau_1\to\tau_1\to\tau_1'\equiv\tau_2:\kappa} \text{ T-Eq-Cong-Arrow } \frac{\Gamma,t:\kappa\vdash\tau_1\equiv\tau_2:\Omega}{\Gamma\vdash\forall t:\kappa.\tau_1\equiv\forall t:\kappa.\tau_2:\Omega} \text{ Eq-Cong-Forall } \frac{\Gamma,t:\kappa\vdash\tau_1\equiv\tau_2:\kappa}{\Gamma\vdash\lambda_1:\kappa.\tau_1\equiv\lambda_2:\kappa} \text{ T-Eq-Cong-App } \frac{\Gamma\vdash\tau_1\equiv\tau_2:\kappa'\to\kappa\quad\Gamma\vdash\tau_1'\equiv\tau_2':\kappa'}{\Gamma\vdash\lambda_1:\kappa.\tau_1\equiv\lambda_1:\kappa.\tau_2:\kappa\to\kappa'} \text{ T-Eq-Cong-App } \frac{\Gamma\vdash\tau_1\equiv\tau_2:\kappa'\to\kappa\quad\Gamma\vdash\tau_1'\equiv\tau_2':\kappa'}{\Gamma\vdash\tau_1\;\tau_1'\equiv\tau_2\;\tau_2':\kappa'} \text{ Eq-Cong-App } \frac{\Gamma\vdash\tau_1}{\Gamma\vdash\tau_1\;\tau_1'\equiv\tau_2\;\tau_2':\kappa'} \text{ Eq-Cong-App } \frac{\Gamma\vdash\tau_1}{\Gamma\vdash\tau_1} \frac{\tau_1}{\tau_1'\equiv\tau_2} \frac{\tau_2}{\tau_1'} \text{ Eq-Cong-App } \frac{\Gamma\vdash\tau_1}{\Gamma\vdash\tau_1} \frac{\tau_1}{\tau_1} \frac{\tau_2}{\tau_2} \frac{\tau_1}{\tau_1} \text{ Eq-Cong-App } \frac{\Gamma\vdash\tau_1}{\Gamma\vdash\tau_1} \frac{\tau_1}{\tau_1} \frac{\tau_2}{\tau_2} \frac{\tau_1}{\tau_1} \text{ Eq-Cong-App } \frac{\Gamma\vdash\tau_1}{\Gamma\vdash\tau_1} \frac{\tau_1}{\tau_1} \frac{\tau_2}{\tau_1} \frac{\tau_1}{\tau_1} \frac{\tau_1}{\tau_1} \frac{\tau_2}{\tau_1} \frac{\tau_1}{\tau_1} \frac{\tau_1}{\tau_1}$$

定理 26 (Respect Kinding). $\Gamma \vdash \tau_1 \equiv \tau_2 : \kappa$ ならば、 $\Gamma \vdash \tau_1 : \kappa$ かつ $\Gamma \vdash \tau_2 : \kappa$.

Typing:

 $\Gamma \vdash e : \tau$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash \tau : \Omega \quad \Gamma(x) = \tau}{\Gamma \vdash x : \tau} \text{ T-Var}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash \tau_1 : \Omega \quad \Gamma, x : \tau_1 \vdash e : \tau_2}{\Gamma \vdash \lambda x : \tau_1 \cdot e : \tau_1 \rightarrow \tau_2} \text{ T-Abs}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 : \tau_2 \rightarrow \tau \quad \Gamma \vdash e_2 : \tau_2}{\Gamma \vdash e_1 e_2 : \tau} \text{ T-App}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, t : \kappa \vdash e : \tau}{\Gamma \vdash \Lambda t : \kappa \cdot e : \forall t : \kappa \cdot \tau} \text{ T-UnivAbs}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e : \forall t : \kappa \cdot \tau_1 \quad \Gamma \vdash \tau_2 : \kappa}{\Gamma \vdash e \tau_2 : \tau_1 [t \leftarrow \tau_2]} \text{ T-UnivApp}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e : \tau' : \Omega \quad \Gamma \vdash e : \tau'}{\Gamma \vdash e : \tau} \text{ T-Equiv}$$

特に、・ $\vdash e:\tau$ の時、 $e:\tau$ と表記.

定理 27 (Respect Type Kind). $\Gamma \vdash e : \tau$ ならば、 $\Gamma \vdash \tau : \Omega$.

2.6.3 Evaluation Semantics (Call-By-Value)

$$\begin{array}{rcl} v & := & \lambda x : \tau.e \\ & \mid & \Lambda t : \kappa.e \\ C & := & [] \\ & \mid & Ce \\ & \mid & v.C \\ & \mid & C.\tau \end{array}$$

Small Step:

 $e \Rightarrow e'$

$$(\lambda x : \tau. e) \ v \Rightarrow e[x \leftarrow v]$$

$$(\Lambda t : \kappa. e) \ \tau \Rightarrow e[t \leftarrow \tau]$$

$$\frac{e \Rightarrow e'}{C[e] \Rightarrow C[e']}$$

Big Step:

e ψ υ

$$\frac{e_1 \Downarrow \lambda x : \tau. e_1' \quad e_2 \Downarrow v_2 \quad e_1'[x \leftarrow v_2] \Downarrow v}{e_1 e_2 \Downarrow v}$$

$$\frac{e \Downarrow \Lambda t : \kappa. e_1' \quad e_1'[t \leftarrow \tau] \Downarrow v}{e \tau \Downarrow v}$$

定理 28 (Adequacy of Small Step and Big Step). $e \Rightarrow^* v$ iff $e \Downarrow v$.

定理 29 (Type Soundness). $e:\tau$ の時, $e\Rightarrow^* v$, $e \Downarrow v$ となる $v=nf(\Rightarrow,e)$ が存在し,

- $\tau = \tau_1 \rightarrow \tau_2$ の時, $v \equiv_{\alpha} \lambda x' : \tau_1.e'$ となる $\lambda x' : \tau_1.e'$ が存在する.
- $\tau = \forall t : \kappa. \tau_1$ の時、 $v \equiv_{\alpha} \Lambda t : \kappa. e'$ となる $\Lambda t : \kappa. e'$ が存在する.

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2.6.4 Equational Reasoning

$$\Gamma \vdash e_1 \equiv e_2 : \tau$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, x : \tau_2 \vdash e_1 : \tau \quad \Gamma \vdash e_2 : \tau_2}{\Gamma \vdash (\lambda x : \tau_2 \cdot e_1) e_2 \equiv e_1[x \leftarrow e_2] : \tau} \quad \text{Eq-β-Lam} \qquad \frac{x \not\in fv(e) \quad \Gamma \vdash e : \tau_1 \rightarrow \tau_2}{\Gamma \vdash (\lambda x : \tau_1 \cdot e x) \equiv e : \tau_1 \rightarrow \tau_2} \quad \text{Eq-β-Lam}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, t : \kappa \vdash e : \tau}{\Gamma \vdash (\Lambda t : \kappa \cdot e) \tau_2 \equiv e[t \leftarrow \tau_2] : \tau[t \leftarrow \tau_2]} \quad \text{Eq-β-UnivLam} \qquad \frac{t \not\in tyfv(e) \quad \Gamma \vdash e : \forall t : \kappa \cdot \tau}{\Gamma \vdash (\Lambda t : \kappa \cdot e t) \equiv e : \forall t : \kappa \cdot \tau} \quad \text{Eq-η-UnivLam}$$

$$\frac{e_1 \equiv_{\alpha} e_2 \quad \Gamma \vdash e_1 : \tau \quad \Gamma \vdash e_2 : \tau}{\Gamma \vdash e_1 \equiv e_2 : \tau} \quad \text{Eq-α-Refl} \qquad \frac{\tau \equiv_{\alpha} \tau' \quad \Gamma \vdash e_1 \equiv e_2 : \tau'}{\Gamma \vdash e_1 \equiv e_2 : \tau} \quad \text{Eq-α-Type}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e_2 \equiv e_1 : \tau}{\Gamma \vdash e_1 \equiv e_2 : \tau} \quad \text{Eq-Sym} \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 \equiv e_2 : \tau}{\Gamma \vdash e_1 \equiv e_3 : \tau} \quad \text{Eq-$Trans}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, x : \tau \vdash e_1 \equiv e_2 : \tau'}{\Gamma \vdash \lambda x : \tau \cdot e_1 \equiv \lambda x : \tau \cdot e_2 : \tau \rightarrow \tau'} \quad \text{Eq-Cong-Abs} \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 \equiv e_2 : \tau'}{\Gamma \vdash e_1 \equiv e_2 : \tau'} \quad \text{Eq-Cong-App}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, t : \kappa \vdash e_1 \equiv e_2 : \tau}{\Gamma \vdash \Lambda t : \kappa \cdot e_1 \equiv \Lambda t : \kappa \cdot e_2 : (\forall t : \kappa \cdot \tau)} \quad \text{Eq-Cong-UnivAbs}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 \equiv e_2 : \forall t : \kappa \cdot \tau}{\Gamma \vdash e_1 \equiv e_2 : \tau} \quad \text{Eq-Cong-UnivApp}$$

特に、 $\cdot \vdash e_1 \equiv e_2 : \tau$ の時、 $e_1 \equiv e_2 : \tau$ と表記.

定理 30 (Respect Typing).
$$\Gamma \vdash e_1 \equiv e_2 : \tau$$
 ならば、 $\Gamma \vdash e_1 : \tau$ かつ $\Gamma \vdash e_2 : \tau$.

定理 31 (Respect Evaluation).
$$e_1 \equiv e_2 : \tau$$
 の時, $e_1' \Rightarrow^* e_1, e_2 \Rightarrow^* e_2'$ ならば $e_1' \equiv e_2' : \tau$.

系 32.
$$e_1 \equiv e_2 : \tau$$
 の時, $e_1 \Rightarrow^* e_1'$, $e_2 \Rightarrow^* e_2'$ ならば $e_1' \equiv e_2' : \tau$.

証明. $e_1 \Rightarrow^* e_1$ より,定理 21 から $e_1 \equiv e_2' : \tau$. よって,T-Sym から $e_2' \equiv e_1 : \tau$ であり, $e_2' \Rightarrow^* e_2'$ より定理 21 から $e_2' \equiv e_1' : \tau$. 故に,T-Sym から $e_1' \equiv e_2' : \tau$.

2.6.5 Definability

Product

Product of τ_1 and τ_2 :

$$\begin{split} &\tau_1 \times \tau_2 \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \forall t \, : \, \Omega. \, (\tau_1 \to \tau_2 \to t) \to t \\ &\langle e_1, e_2 \rangle \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \Lambda t \, : \, \Omega. \, \lambda x \, : \, \tau_1 \to \tau_2 \to t. \, x \, e_1 \, e_2 \\ &\pi_1 e \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} e \, \tau_1 \, \lambda x_1. \, \lambda x_2. \, x_1 \\ &\pi_2 e \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} e \, \tau_2 \, \lambda x_1. \, \lambda x_2. \, x_2 \end{split}$$

Admissible kinding:

$$\Gamma \vdash \tau : \kappa$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash \tau_1 : \Omega \quad \Gamma \vdash \tau_2 : \Omega}{\Gamma \vdash \tau_1 \times \tau_2 : \Omega} \text{ T-Product}$$

Admissible type equality:

$$\Gamma \vdash \tau_1 \equiv \tau_2 : \kappa$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash \tau_1 \equiv \tau_2 : \Omega \quad \Gamma \vdash \tau_1' \equiv \tau_2' : \Omega}{\Gamma \vdash \tau_1 \times \tau_1' \equiv \tau_2 \times \tau_2' : \Omega} \text{ T-Eq-Product}$$

Admissible typing:

 $\Gamma \vdash e : \tau$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 \,:\, \tau_1 \quad \Gamma \vdash e_2 \,:\, \tau_2}{\Gamma \vdash \langle e_1, e_2 \rangle \,:\, \tau_1 \times \tau_2} \text{ T-Product } \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash e \,:\, \tau_1 \times \tau_2}{\Gamma \vdash \pi_1 e \,:\, \tau_1} \text{ T-Proj-1} \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash e \,:\, \tau_1 \times \tau_2}{\Gamma \vdash \pi_2 e \,:\, \tau_2} \text{ T-Proj-2}$$

Admissible equality:

$$\Gamma \vdash e_1 \equiv e_2 : \tau$$

$$\begin{split} \frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 \ : \ \tau_1 \quad \Gamma \vdash e_2 \ : \ \tau_2}{\Gamma \vdash \pi_1 \langle e_1, e_2 \rangle \equiv e_1 \ : \ \tau_1} \quad & \text{Eq-β-Product-1} \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 \ : \ \tau_1 \quad \Gamma \vdash e_2 \ : \ \tau_2}{\Gamma \vdash \pi_2 \langle e_1, e_2 \rangle \equiv e_2 \ : \ \tau_2} \quad & \text{Eq-β-Product-2} \\ \frac{\Gamma \vdash e \ : \ \tau_1 \times \tau_2}{\Gamma \vdash \langle \pi_1 e, \pi_2 e \rangle \equiv e \ : \ \tau_1 \times \tau_2} \quad & \text{Eq-η-Product} \end{split}$$

Existential Type

Existence of $\exists t : \kappa. \tau$:

$$\exists t : \kappa. \ \tau \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \forall t' : \Omega. \ (\forall t : \kappa. \ \tau \to t') \to t'$$

$$\operatorname{pack} \langle \tau_t, e \rangle_{\exists t : \kappa. \tau} \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \Lambda t' : \Omega. \ \lambda x : (\forall t : \kappa. \ \tau \to t'). \ x \ \tau_t \ e$$

$$\operatorname{unpack} \langle t : \kappa, x : \tau \rangle = e_1. \ \tau_2. \ e_2 \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} e_1 \ \tau_2 \ (\Lambda t : \kappa. \ \lambda x : \tau. \ e_2)$$

Admissible kinding:

 $\Gamma \vdash \tau : \kappa$

$$\frac{\Gamma, t : \kappa \vdash \tau : \Omega}{\Gamma \vdash \exists t : \kappa \ \tau : \Omega} \text{ T-Exist}$$

Admissible type equality:

$$\Gamma \vdash \tau_1 \equiv \tau_2 : \kappa$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, t : \kappa \vdash \tau_1 \equiv \tau_2 : \Omega}{\Gamma \vdash \exists t : \kappa. \, \tau_1 \equiv \exists t : \kappa. \, \tau_2 : \Omega} \text{ T-Eq-Cong-Exist}$$

Admissible typing rule:

 $\Gamma \vdash e : \tau$

$$\frac{\Gamma,t:\kappa\vdash\tau:\Omega\quad\Gamma\vdash\tau_t:\kappa\quad\Gamma\vdash e:\tau[t\leftarrow\tau_t]}{\Gamma\vdash\operatorname{pack}\langle\tau_t,e\rangle_{\exists t:\kappa.\tau}:\exists t:\kappa.\tau}\text{ T-Pack}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma\vdash e_1:\exists t:\kappa.\tau\quad\Gamma,t:\kappa,x:\tau\vdash e_2:\tau_2\quad t\notin tyf\upsilon(\tau_2)}{\Gamma\vdash\operatorname{unpack}\langle t:\kappa,x:\tau\rangle=e_1.\tau_2.e_2:\tau_2}\text{ T-Unpack}$$

Admissible equality:

$$\Gamma \vdash e_1 \equiv e_2 : \tau$$

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$$\begin{split} \frac{\Gamma \vdash \tau_t : \kappa \quad \Gamma \vdash e_1 : \tau_1[t \leftarrow \tau_t] \quad \Gamma, t : \kappa, x : \tau_1 \vdash e_2 : \tau_2 \quad t \not\in tyfv(\tau_2)}{\Gamma \vdash \text{unpack}\langle t : \kappa, x : \tau_1 \rangle = \text{pack}\langle \tau_t, e_1 \rangle_{\exists t : \kappa, \tau_1}, \tau_2, e_2 \equiv e_2[t \leftarrow \tau_t][x \leftarrow e_1] : \tau_2} \quad \text{Eq-β-Exist} \\ \frac{\Gamma \vdash e : (\exists t : \kappa, \tau) \quad \tau' \equiv \exists t : \kappa, \tau}{\Gamma \vdash \text{unpack}\langle t : \kappa, x : \tau \rangle = e, \tau', \text{pack}\langle t, x \rangle_{\exists t : \kappa, \tau} \equiv e : (\exists t : \kappa, \tau)} \quad \text{Eq-η-Exist} \end{split}$$

2.7 λ μ-Calculus

Alias: $\lambda \mu [Sel01][Roc05]$

2.7.1 Syntax

Environment Reference:

$$\Gamma(x) = \tau$$

$$\frac{x = x'}{(\Gamma, x' : \tau)(x) = \tau} \qquad \frac{x \neq x' \quad \Gamma(x) = \tau}{(\Gamma, x' : \tau')(x) = \tau}$$

$$\Delta(\alpha) = \tau$$

$$\frac{\alpha = \alpha'}{(\alpha' \, : \, \tau, \Delta)(\alpha) = \tau} \qquad \frac{\alpha \neq \alpha' \quad \Delta(\alpha) = \tau}{(\alpha' \, : \, \tau', \Delta)(\alpha) = \tau}$$

2.7.2 Typing Semantics

$$\Gamma \vdash e : \tau \mid \Delta$$

$$\begin{split} \frac{\Gamma(x) = \tau}{\Gamma \vdash x : \tau \mid \Delta} & \text{ T-Var} \\ \frac{\Gamma \vdash c \mid \tau \mid \Delta}{\Gamma \vdash c \mid \tau \mid \Delta} & \text{ T-Top} \\ \\ \frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 : \tau_1 \mid \Delta}{\Gamma \vdash e_2 : \tau_2 \mid \Delta} & \text{ T-Product} \\ \frac{\Gamma \vdash e : \tau_1 \times \tau_2 \mid \Delta}{\Gamma \vdash \pi_1 e : \tau_1 \mid \Delta} & \text{ T-Proj-1} \\ \\ \frac{\Gamma \vdash e : \tau_1 \times \tau_2 \mid \Delta}{\Gamma \vdash \pi_2 e : \tau_2 \mid \Delta} & \text{ T-Proj-2} \\ \\ \frac{\Gamma, x : \tau_1 \vdash e : \tau_2 \mid \Delta}{\Gamma \vdash \lambda x : \tau_1 . e : \tau_1 \rightarrow \tau_2 \mid \Delta} & \text{ T-Abs} \end{split}$$

2.7 λ μ -Calculus

$$\begin{split} \frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 : \tau_2 \to \tau \mid \Delta \quad \Gamma \vdash e_2 : \tau_2 \mid \Delta}{\Gamma \vdash e_1 e_2 : \tau \mid \Delta} \text{ T-App} \\ \frac{\Delta(\alpha) = \tau \quad \Gamma \vdash e : \tau \mid \Delta}{\Gamma \vdash [\alpha]e : \bot \mid \Delta} \text{ T-Name} \\ \frac{\Gamma \vdash e : \bot \mid \alpha : \tau, \Delta}{\Gamma \vdash (\mu\alpha : \tau, e) : \tau \mid \Delta} \text{ T-Unname} \end{split}$$

2.7.3 Equivalence

$$\Gamma \vdash e_1 \equiv e_2 : \tau \mid \Delta$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, x : \tau_2 \vdash e_1 : \tau \mid \Delta \quad \Gamma \vdash e_2 : \tau_2 \mid \Delta}{\Gamma \vdash (\lambda x : \tau_2.e_1) \ e_2 \equiv e_1[x \leftarrow e_2] : \tau \mid \Delta} \quad \text{Eq-β-Lam}$$

$$\frac{x \notin fv(e) \quad \Gamma \vdash e : \tau_1 \rightarrow \tau_2 \mid \Delta}{\Gamma \vdash (\lambda x : \tau_1.e \ x) \equiv e : \tau_1 \rightarrow \tau_2 \mid \Delta} \quad \text{Eq-η-Lam}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e : \Gamma \mid \Delta}{\Gamma \vdash (\lambda x : \tau_1.e \ x) \equiv e : \tau_1 \rightarrow \tau_2 \mid \Delta} \quad \text{Eq-η-Lam}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e : \Gamma \mid \Delta}{\Gamma \vdash (\lambda e : \tau_1 \mid \Delta)} \quad \text{Eq-η-Top}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 : \tau_1 \mid \Delta}{\Gamma \vdash \pi_1(e_1,e_2) \equiv e_1 : \tau_1 \mid \Delta} \quad \text{Eq-β-Product-1}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 : \tau_1 \mid \Delta}{\Gamma \vdash \pi_2(e_1,e_2) \equiv e_2 : \tau_2 \mid \Delta} \quad \text{Eq-β-Product-2}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e : \tau_1 \times \tau_2 \mid \Delta}{\Gamma \vdash (\pi_1e,\pi_2e) \equiv e : \tau_1 \times \tau_2 \mid \Delta} \quad \text{Eq-η-Product}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e : \tau_1 \times \tau_2 \mid \Delta}{\Gamma \vdash \pi_1(\mu\alpha : \tau_1 \times \tau_2.e) \equiv \mu\alpha_1 : \tau_1.e[[\alpha](-) \leftarrow [\alpha_1](\pi_1(-))] : \tau_1 \mid \Delta} \quad \text{Eq-ζ-Product-1}$$

$$\frac{\alpha_2 \notin fv(e) \quad \Gamma \vdash e : \bot \mid \alpha : \tau_1 \times \tau_2.\Delta}{\Gamma \vdash \pi_2(\mu\alpha : \tau_1 \times \tau_2.e) \equiv \mu\alpha_2 : \tau_2.e[[\alpha](-) \leftarrow [\alpha_2](\pi_2(-))] : \tau_2 \mid \Delta} \quad \text{Eq-ζ-Product-2}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e : \bot \mid \alpha_2 : \tau_\alpha.\Delta}{\Gamma \vdash [\alpha_1](\mu\alpha_2 : \tau_\alpha.e) \equiv e[\alpha_2 \leftarrow \alpha_1] : \bot \mid \Delta} \quad \text{Eq-β-Mu}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e : \tau \mid \Delta}{\Gamma \vdash (\mu\alpha : \tau_1 \times \tau_2.e) \equiv \mu\alpha_2 : \tau_2.e[[\alpha](-) \leftarrow [\alpha_2](\pi_2(-))] : \tau_2 \mid \Delta} \quad \text{Eq-ζ-Product-2}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e : \bot \mid \alpha_2 : \tau_\alpha.\Delta}{\Gamma \vdash [\alpha_1](\mu\alpha_2 : \tau_\alpha.e) \equiv e[\alpha_2 \leftarrow \alpha_1] : \bot \mid \Delta} \quad \text{Eq-η-Mu}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e : \tau \mid \Delta}{\Gamma \vdash (\mu\alpha : \tau_1 \to \tau_2.e) \vdash (\mu\alpha_2 : \tau_1 \to \tau_2.\Delta)} \quad \Gamma \vdash e_2 : \tau_2 \mid \Delta} \quad \text{Eq-ζ-Mu}$$

$$\frac{\alpha_2 \notin fv(e_1) \cup fv(e_2) \quad \Gamma \vdash e_1 : \bot \mid \alpha : \tau_1 \to \tau_2.\Delta \quad \Gamma \vdash e_2 : \tau_2 \mid \Delta}{\Gamma \vdash (\mu\alpha : \tau_1 \to \tau_2.e_1) e_2 \equiv \mu\alpha_2 : \tau_2.e_1[[\alpha](-) \leftarrow [\alpha_2]((-) e_2)] : \tau_2 \mid \Delta} \quad \text{Eq-ζ-Mu}$$

2.7.4 Elaboration (Call-By-Value)

$$\Gamma \vdash e : \tau \leadsto e'$$

$$\begin{split} & \Gamma(x_{x_0}) = V_{\tau} \\ \hline & \Gamma \vdash x_0 : \tau \leadsto \lambda x_k : K_{\tau}.x_k \; x_{x_0} \\ \hline & \Gamma \vdash \langle \rangle : \Gamma \leadsto \lambda x_k : K_{\tau}.x_k \; \langle \rangle \\ \hline & \Gamma \vdash e_1 : \tau_1 \leadsto e_1' \quad \Gamma \vdash e_2 : \tau_2 \leadsto e_2' \\ \hline & \Gamma \vdash \langle e_1, e_2 \rangle : \tau_1 \times \tau_2 \leadsto \lambda x_k : K_{\tau_1 \times \tau_2}.e_1' \; (\lambda x_1 : V_{\tau_1}.e_2' \; (\lambda x_2 : V_{\tau_2}.x_k \; \langle x_1, x_2 \rangle)) \\ \hline & \Gamma \vdash e : \tau_1 \times \tau_2 \leadsto e' \\ \hline & \Gamma \vdash \pi_1 e : \tau_1 \leadsto \lambda x_k : K_{\tau_1}.e' \; (\lambda x : V_{\tau_1} \times V_{\tau_2}.x_k \; (\pi_1 x)) \\ \hline & \Gamma \vdash e : \tau_1 \times \tau_2 \leadsto e' \\ \hline & \Gamma \vdash \pi_2 e : \tau_2 \leadsto \lambda x_k : K_{\tau_2}.e' \; (\lambda x : V_{\tau_1} \times V_{\tau_2}.x_k \; (\pi_2 x)) \\ \hline & \Gamma, x_{x_0} : V_{\tau_1} \vdash e : \tau_2 \leadsto e' \\ \hline \hline & \Gamma \vdash (\lambda x_0 : \tau_1.e) : \tau_1 \to \tau_2 \leadsto \lambda x_k : K_{\tau_1 \to \tau_2}.x_k \; (\lambda x : V_{\tau_1} \times K_{\tau_2}.(\lambda x_{x_0} : V_{\tau_1}.e') \; (\pi_1 x) \; (\pi_2 x)) \end{split}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 : \tau_2 \to \tau \rightsquigarrow e'_1 \quad \Gamma \vdash e_2 : \tau_2 \rightsquigarrow e'_2}{\Gamma \vdash e_1 e_2 : \tau \rightsquigarrow \lambda x_k : K_{\tau}. e'_1 (\lambda x_1 : V_{\tau_2 \to \tau}. e'_2 (\lambda x_2 : V_{\tau_2}. x_1 \langle x_2, x_k \rangle))}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, x_{\alpha} : K_{\tau} \vdash e : \bot \rightsquigarrow e'}{\Gamma \vdash (\mu \alpha : \tau. e) : \tau \rightsquigarrow \lambda x_{\alpha} : K_{\tau}. e' (\lambda x : \bot. \operatorname{case} x \{\})}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma(x_{\alpha}) = K_{\tau} \quad \Gamma \vdash e : \tau \rightsquigarrow e'}{\Gamma \vdash [\alpha]e : \tau \rightsquigarrow \lambda x_k : K_{\bot}. e' x_{\alpha}}$$

 $V_{\tau} = \tau'$

$$\begin{aligned} \overline{V_{\mathsf{T}}} &= \overline{\mathsf{T}} \\ V_{\tau_1} &= \tau_1' \quad V_{\tau_2} &= \tau_2' \\ \overline{V_{\tau_1 \times \tau_2}} &= V_{\tau_1'} \times V_{\tau_2'} \\ V_{\tau_1} &= \tau_1' \quad K_{\tau_2} &= \tau_2' \\ \overline{V_{\tau_1 \to \tau_2}} &= \tau_1' \times \tau_2' \to R \\ \overline{V_1} &= \bot \end{aligned}$$

Abbreviation:

$$K_{\tau} \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} V_{\tau} \to R$$

$$C_{\tau} \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} K_{\tau} \to R$$

定理 33. $\Gamma \vdash e : \tau \rightsquigarrow e'$ ならば、 $\Gamma \vdash e' : C_{\tau}$.

定理 34. $\Gamma \vdash e : \tau \mid \Delta \iff V(\Gamma), K(\Delta) \vdash e : \tau \rightsquigarrow e'$. ただし,

$$\begin{split} V(\Gamma) & \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} V(\Gamma'), x_{\chi'} \, : \, V_{\tau'} & (\Gamma = \Gamma', \chi' \, : \, \tau') \\ \cdot & (\Gamma = \cdot) \end{array} \right. \\ K(\Delta) & \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} x_{\alpha} \, : \, K_{\tau}, K(\Delta') & (\Delta = \alpha \, : \, \tau, \Delta') \\ \cdot & (\Delta = \cdot) \end{array} \right. \end{split}$$

2.7.5 Elaboration (Call-By-Name)

$$\Gamma \vdash e : \tau \rightsquigarrow e'$$

$$\begin{split} \Gamma(x_{x_0}) &= C_\tau \\ \hline \Gamma \vdash x_0 : \tau \rightsquigarrow \lambda x_k : K_\tau. x_{x_0} x_k \\ \hline \Gamma \vdash \langle \rangle : \top \rightsquigarrow \lambda x_k : \bot. \operatorname{case} x_k \, \{\} \\ \hline \Gamma \vdash e_1 : \tau_1 \rightsquigarrow e'_1 \quad \Gamma \vdash e_2 : \tau_2 \rightsquigarrow e'_2 \\ \hline \Gamma \vdash \langle e_1, e_2 \rangle : \tau_1 \times \tau_2 \rightsquigarrow \lambda x_k : K_{\tau_1} + K_{\tau_2}. \operatorname{case} x_k \, \{x_{k_1}. e'_1 \, x_{k_1} \mid x_{k_2}. e'_2 \, x_{k_2} \} \\ \hline \Gamma \vdash e : \tau_1 \times \tau_2 \rightsquigarrow e' \\ \hline \Gamma \vdash \pi_1 e : \tau_1 \rightsquigarrow \lambda x_k : K_{\tau_1}. e' \, (i_1 x_k) \\ \hline \Gamma, x_{x_1} : C_{\tau_1} \vdash e : \tau_2 \rightsquigarrow e' \\ \hline \Gamma \vdash (\lambda x_1 : \tau_1. e) : \tau_1 \rightarrow \tau_2 \rightsquigarrow \lambda x_k : C_{\tau_1} \times K_{\tau_2}. e'[x_{x_1} \leftarrow \pi_1 x_k] \, (\pi_2 x_k) \\ \hline \Gamma \vdash e_1 : \tau_2 \rightarrow \tau \rightsquigarrow e'_1 \quad \Gamma \vdash e_2 : \tau_2 \rightsquigarrow e'_2 \\ \hline \Gamma \vdash e_1 e_2 : \tau \rightsquigarrow \lambda x_k : K_\tau. e'_1 \, \langle e'_2, x_k \rangle \\ \hline \Gamma \vdash (\alpha)e : \bot \rightsquigarrow \lambda x_k : K_\bot. e' \, x_\alpha \\ \hline \Gamma, x_\alpha : K_\tau \vdash e : \bot \rightsquigarrow e' \\ \hline \Gamma \vdash (\mu \alpha : \tau. e) : \tau \rightsquigarrow \lambda x_\alpha : K_\tau. e' \, \langle \rangle \end{split}$$

2.7 λ μ -Calculus

 $K_{\tau} = \tau'$

$$\begin{split} \overline{K_{\mathsf{T}} = \bot} \\ K_{\tau_1} &= \tau_1' \quad K_{\tau_2} = \tau_2' \\ K_{\tau_1 \times \tau_2} &= \tau_1' + \tau_2' \\ C_{\tau_1} &= \tau_1' \quad K_{\tau_2} = \tau_2' \\ K_{\tau_1 \to \tau_2} &= \tau_1' \times \tau_2' \\ \hline K_{\bot} &= \top \end{split}$$

Abbreviation:

$$C_\tau \stackrel{\mathrm{def}}{=} K_\tau \to R$$

定理 35. $\Gamma \vdash e : \tau \rightsquigarrow e'$ ならば、 $\Gamma \vdash e' : C_{\tau}$.

定理 36. $\Gamma \vdash e : \tau \mid \Delta \iff C(\Gamma), K(\Delta) \vdash e : \tau \leadsto e'$. ただし,

$$C(\Gamma) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} C(\Gamma'), x_{\chi'} \, : \, C_{\tau'} & (\Gamma = \Gamma', \chi' \, : \, \tau') \\ . & (\Gamma = \cdot) \end{array} \right.$$

$$K(\Delta) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} x_{\alpha} \, : \, K_{\tau}, K(\Delta') & (\Delta = \alpha \, : \, \tau, \Delta') \\ . & (\Delta = \cdot) \end{array} \right.$$

2.8 WIP: Lambda Bar Mu Mu Tilde Calculus

 $\bar{\lambda}~\mu~\tilde{\bar{\mu}}$ -Calculus

2.9 WIP: π -Calculus

2.9 WIP: π -Calculus

第3章

Basic Algorithms

3.1 Martelli-Montanari Algorithm

[MM82]

$$\overline{\mathcal{U}(x,x) = \varnothing}$$

$$\frac{x_1 \neq x_2}{\overline{\mathcal{U}(x_1, x_2) = \{x_1 \mapsto x_2\}}}$$

$$\overline{\mathcal{U}(f(a_1, \dots, a_n), f(b_1, \dots, b_n)) = \bigcup_{1 \leq i \leq n} \mathcal{U}(a_i, b_i)}$$

$$x \notin \text{fv}(f(a_1, \dots, a_n))$$

$$\overline{\mathcal{U}(x, f(a_1, \dots, a_n)) = \{x \mapsto f(a_1, \dots, a_n)\}}$$

$$x \notin \text{fv}(f(a_1, \dots, a_n))$$

$$\overline{\mathcal{U}(f(a_1, \dots, a_n), x) = \{x \mapsto f(a_1, \dots, a_n)\}}$$

第4章

Modules and Phase Distinction

4.1 Light-Weight F-ing modules

[RRD14]

4.1.1 Internal Language

Having same power as System F ω Syntax:

$$\begin{array}{lll} \kappa & ::= & \Omega \mid \kappa \to \kappa \\ \tau & ::= & t \mid \tau \to \tau \mid \{\overline{l:\tau}\} \mid \forall t:\kappa.\tau \mid \exists t:\kappa.\tau \mid \lambda t:\kappa.\tau \mid \tau \; \tau \\ e & ::= & x \mid \lambda x:\tau.e \mid e \mid e \mid \{\overline{l=e}\} \mid e.l \mid \Lambda t:\kappa.e \mid e \mid \tau \mid \operatorname{pack}\langle \tau,e\rangle_{\tau} \mid \operatorname{unpack}\langle t:\kappa,x:\tau\rangle = e \; \operatorname{in} \; e \\ \Gamma & ::= & \cdot \mid \Gamma,t:\kappa \mid \Gamma,x:\tau \end{array}$$

Abbreviation:

$$\begin{split} \Sigma.\overline{l} &\stackrel{\mathrm{def}}{=} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} (\Sigma.l).\overline{l'} & (\overline{l}=l\ \overline{l'}) \\ \Sigma & (\overline{l}=\varepsilon) \end{array} \right. \\ \overline{\tau_1} \to \tau_2 &\stackrel{\mathrm{def}}{=} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \tau_1 \to (\overline{\tau_1'} \to \tau_2) & (\overline{\tau_1} = \tau_1\ \overline{\tau_1'}) \\ \tau_2 & (\overline{\tau_1} = \varepsilon) \end{array} \right. \\ \lambda \overline{x} : \overline{\tau}. e &\stackrel{\mathrm{def}}{=} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \lambda x : \tau.\lambda \overline{x'} : \overline{\tau'}. e & (\overline{x} : \overline{\tau} = x : \tau \ \overline{x'} : \overline{\tau'}) \\ e & (\overline{x} : \overline{\tau} = \varepsilon) \end{array} \right. \\ e_0 \stackrel{\mathrm{def}}{=} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} e_0 \ e_1 \stackrel{\mathrm{def}}{e_1'} & (\overline{e_1} = e_1\ \overline{e_1'}) \\ e_0 & (\overline{e_1} = \varepsilon) \end{array} \right. \\ \forall \overline{t} : \overline{\kappa}. \tau &\stackrel{\mathrm{def}}{=} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \forall t : \kappa. \forall \overline{t'} : \kappa'. \tau & (\overline{t} : \overline{\kappa} = t : \kappa \ \overline{t'} : \kappa') \\ \tau & (\overline{t} : \overline{\kappa} = \varepsilon) \end{array} \right. \\ \lambda \overline{t} : \overline{\kappa}. e &\stackrel{\mathrm{def}}{=} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \Lambda t : \kappa. \Lambda \overline{t'} : \kappa'. e & (\overline{t} : \overline{\kappa} = t : \kappa \ \overline{t'} : \kappa') \\ e & (\overline{t} : \overline{\kappa} = \varepsilon) \end{array} \right. \\ e \stackrel{\mathrm{def}}{\tau} &\stackrel{\mathrm{def}}{=} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} e\tau \ \overline{\tau'} & (\overline{\tau} = \tau \ \overline{\tau'}) \\ e & (\overline{\tau} = \varepsilon) \end{array} \right. \\ | \mathrm{let} \, \overline{x} : \tau = e_1 \, \overline{t} : \kappa = \overline{\tau} \, \mathrm{in} \, e_2 \stackrel{\mathrm{def}}{=} (\lambda \overline{x} : \overline{\tau}.\Lambda \overline{t} : \kappa. e_2) \, \overline{e_1} \, \overline{\tau} \\ \exists \overline{t} : \overline{\kappa}. \tau &\stackrel{\mathrm{def}}{=} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \exists t : \kappa. \ \exists \overline{t'} : \kappa'. \tau & (\overline{t} : \overline{\kappa} = t : \kappa \ \overline{t'} : \kappa') \\ \tau & (\overline{t} : \overline{\kappa} = \varepsilon) \end{array} \right. \\ | \mathrm{pack} \langle \overline{\tau}, e \rangle_{\exists \overline{t} : \kappa. \tau_0} &\stackrel{\mathrm{def}}{=} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \mathrm{pack} \langle \tau, \mathrm{pack} \langle \overline{\tau'}, e \rangle_{\exists \overline{t'} : \kappa'. \tau_0} \rangle_{\exists \overline{t} : \kappa. \tau_0} & (\overline{\tau} = \tau \ \overline{\tau'}, \overline{t} : \overline{\kappa} = t : \kappa \ \overline{t'} : \kappa') \\ | \mathrm{et} \, x : \tau = e_1 \, \mathrm{in} \, e_2 & (\overline{t} : \overline{\kappa} = \varepsilon) \end{array} \right. \\ | \mathrm{unpack} \langle t : \kappa, x_1 : \exists \overline{t'} : \kappa', \tau_2 : \tau \rangle = e_1 \, \mathrm{in} \, e_2 \\ | \mathrm{let} \, x : \tau = e_1 \, \mathrm{in} \, e_2 & (\overline{t} : \overline{\kappa} = \varepsilon) \end{array} \right.$$

Kinding:

$$\Gamma \vdash \tau : \kappa$$

$$\begin{split} \frac{\Gamma(t) = \kappa}{\Gamma \vdash t : \kappa} & \quad \frac{\Gamma \vdash \tau_1 : \Omega \quad \Gamma \vdash \tau_2 : \Omega}{\Gamma \vdash \tau_1 \to \tau_2 : \Omega} & \quad \frac{\bigwedge_l \Gamma \vdash \tau_l : \Omega}{\Gamma \vdash \{\overline{l} : \tau_l\} : \Omega} \\ \frac{\Gamma, t : \kappa \vdash \tau : \Omega}{\Gamma \vdash \forall t : \kappa . \tau : \Omega} & \quad \frac{\Gamma, t : \kappa_1 \vdash \tau : \kappa_2}{\Gamma \vdash \lambda t : \kappa_1 . \tau : \kappa_1 \to \kappa_2} & \quad \frac{\Gamma \vdash \tau_1 : \kappa_2 \to \kappa \quad \Gamma \vdash \tau_2 : \kappa_2}{\Gamma \vdash \tau_1 : \tau_2 : \kappa} \end{split}$$

Type equivalence:

 $\Gamma \vdash \tau_1 \equiv \tau_2 : \kappa$

$$\frac{\Gamma,t:\kappa_2\vdash\tau_1:\kappa\quad\Gamma\vdash\tau_2:\kappa_2}{\Gamma\vdash(\lambda t:\kappa_2,\tau_1)\;\tau_2\equiv\tau_1[t\leftarrow\tau_2]:\kappa} \quad \frac{t\not\in tyfv(\tau)\quad\Gamma\vdash\tau:\kappa_1\to\kappa_2}{\Gamma\vdash(\lambda t:\kappa_1,\tau\;t)\equiv\tau:\kappa_1\to\kappa_2}$$

$$\frac{\tau_1\equiv_\alpha\tau_2\quad\Gamma\vdash\tau_1:\kappa\quad\Gamma\vdash\tau_2:\kappa}{\Gamma\vdash\tau_1\equiv\tau_2:\kappa} \quad \frac{\Gamma\vdash\tau_2\equiv\tau_1:\kappa}{\Gamma\vdash\tau_1\equiv\tau_2:\kappa} \quad \frac{\Gamma\vdash\tau_1\equiv\tau_2:\kappa\quad\Gamma\vdash\tau_2\equiv\tau_3:\kappa}{\Gamma\vdash\tau_1\equiv\tau_2:\kappa} \quad \frac{\Gamma\vdash\tau_1\equiv\tau_2:\kappa\quad\Gamma\vdash\tau_2\equiv\tau_3:\kappa}{\Gamma\vdash\tau_1\equiv\tau_2:\kappa}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma\vdash\tau_1\equiv\tau_2:\kappa\quad\Gamma\vdash\tau_2\equiv\tau_3:\kappa}{\Gamma\vdash\tau_1\equiv\tau_2:\kappa} \quad \frac{\Gamma\vdash\tau_1\equiv\tau_2:\kappa\quad\Gamma\vdash\tau_2\equiv\tau_3:\kappa}{\Gamma\vdash\tau_1\equiv\tau_2:\kappa}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma,t:\kappa\vdash\tau_1\equiv\tau_2:\alpha}{\Gamma\vdash\tau_1\to\tau_1\to\tau_2:\kappa} \quad \frac{\Gamma,t:\kappa\vdash\tau_1\equiv\tau_2:\alpha}{\Gamma\vdash\forall t:\kappa.\tau_1\equiv\forall t:\kappa.\tau_2:\alpha}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma,t:\kappa\vdash\tau_1\equiv\tau_2:\kappa'}{\Gamma\vdash\lambda t:\kappa.\tau_1\equiv\lambda t:\kappa.\tau_2:\kappa\to\kappa'} \quad \frac{\Gamma\vdash\tau_1\equiv\tau_2:\kappa'\to\kappa\quad\Gamma\vdash\tau_1'\equiv\tau_2':\kappa'}{\Gamma\vdash\tau_1\tau_1'\equiv\tau_2\tau_2':\kappa'\to\kappa}$$

Typing:

 $\Gamma \vdash e : \tau$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash \tau : \Omega \quad \Gamma(x) = \tau}{\Gamma \vdash x : \tau} \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash \tau \equiv \tau' : \Omega \quad \Gamma \vdash e : \tau'}{\Gamma \vdash e : \tau}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash \tau_1 : \Omega \quad \Gamma, x : \tau_1 \vdash e : \tau_2}{\Gamma \vdash \lambda x : \tau_1 . e : \tau_1 \to \tau_2} \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 : \tau_2 \to \tau \quad \Gamma \vdash e_2 : \tau_2}{\Gamma \vdash e_1 e_2 : \tau}$$

$$\frac{\bigwedge_l \Gamma \vdash e_l : \tau_l}{\Gamma \vdash \{\overline{l} = e_l\}} : \{\overline{l} = \overline{\tau_l}\} \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash e : \{\overline{l'} = \tau_{l'}\}}{\Gamma \vdash e.l : \tau_l}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, t : \kappa \vdash e : \tau}{\Gamma \vdash \Lambda t : \kappa . e : (\forall t : \kappa . \tau)} \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash e : (\forall t : \kappa . \tau_1) \quad \Gamma \vdash \tau_2 : \kappa}{\Gamma \vdash e : \tau_2 : \tau_1 [t \leftarrow \tau_2]}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, t : \kappa \vdash \tau : \Omega \quad \Gamma \vdash \tau_t : \kappa \quad \Gamma \vdash e : \tau[t \leftarrow \tau_t]}{\Gamma \vdash \operatorname{pack}(\tau_t, e)_{\exists t : \kappa . \tau} : (\exists t : \kappa . \tau)} \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 : (\exists t : \kappa . \tau_1) \quad \Gamma, t : \kappa, x : \tau_1 \vdash e_2 : \tau}{\Gamma \vdash \operatorname{unpack}(t : \kappa, x : \tau_1) = e_1 \text{ in } e_2 : \tau}$$

Reduction:

 $e \Rightarrow e'$

$$v := \lambda x : \tau.e \mid \{\overline{l = e}\} \mid \Delta t : \kappa.e \mid \operatorname{pack}\langle \tau_t, e \rangle_{\exists t : \kappa.\tau}$$

$$C := [] \mid Ce \mid vC \mid \{\overline{l = v}, l = C, \overline{l = e}\} \mid C.l \mid C\tau \mid \operatorname{pack}\langle \tau, C \rangle_{\tau} \mid \operatorname{unpack}\langle t : \kappa, x : \tau \rangle = C \text{ in } e$$

Equivalence:

$$\Gamma \vdash e_1 \equiv e_2 : \tau$$

$$\begin{array}{lll} & \Gamma, x: \tau_2 \vdash e_1: \tau & \Gamma \vdash e_2: \tau_2 \\ \hline \Gamma \vdash (\lambda x: \tau_2. e_1) \ e_2 \equiv e_1[x \leftarrow e_2]: \tau & x \not\in fv(e) & \Gamma \vdash e: \tau_1 \rightarrow \tau_2 \\ \hline & \frac{\bigwedge_{l'} \Gamma \vdash e_{l'}: \tau_{l'}}{\Gamma \vdash \{\overline{l'} = e_{l'}\}.l \equiv e_l: \tau_l} & \Gamma \vdash e: \{\overline{l: \tau_l}\} \\ \hline & \frac{\Gamma, t: \kappa \vdash e: \tau}{\Gamma \vdash (\Lambda t: \kappa. e) \ \tau_2 \equiv e[t \leftarrow \tau_2]: \tau[t \leftarrow \tau_2]} & \frac{t \not\in tyfv(e) \quad \Gamma \vdash e: \forall t: \kappa. \tau}{\Gamma \vdash (\Lambda t: \kappa. e \ t) \equiv e: \forall t: \kappa. \tau} \\ \hline & \frac{\Gamma, t: \kappa \vdash \tau_1 \equiv \tau_1': \Omega \quad \Gamma \vdash \tau_t: \kappa \quad \Gamma \vdash e_1: \tau_1[t \leftarrow \tau_t] \quad \Gamma, t: \kappa, x: \tau_1 \vdash e_2: \tau}{\Gamma \vdash \text{unpack}\langle t: \kappa, x: \tau_1'\rangle = \text{pack}\langle \tau_t, e_1\rangle_{\exists t: \kappa. \tau_1} \text{ in } e_2 \equiv e_2[t \leftarrow \tau_t][x \leftarrow e_1]: \tau} \\ \hline & \frac{\Gamma \vdash e: \exists t: \kappa. \tau \quad \Gamma, t: \kappa \vdash \tau \equiv \tau': \Omega}{\Gamma \vdash \text{unpack}\langle t: \kappa, x: \tau'\rangle = e \text{ in pack}\langle t, x\rangle_{\exists t: \kappa. \tau}} \equiv e: (\exists t: \kappa. \tau) \end{array}$$

$$\frac{e_1 \equiv_{\alpha} e_2 \quad \Gamma \vdash e_1 : \tau \quad \Gamma \vdash e_2 : \tau}{\Gamma \vdash e_1 \equiv e_2 : \tau} \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash \tau \equiv \tau' : \Omega \quad \Gamma \vdash e_1 \equiv e_2 : \tau'}{\Gamma \vdash e_1 \equiv e_2 : \tau}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 \equiv e_2 : \tau}{\Gamma \vdash e_1 \equiv e_2 : \tau} \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 \equiv e_2 : \tau \quad \Gamma \vdash e_2 \equiv e_3 : \tau}{\Gamma \vdash e_1 \equiv e_3 : \tau}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, x : \tau \vdash e_1 \equiv e_2 : \tau'}{\Gamma \vdash \lambda x : \tau . e_1 \equiv \lambda x : \tau . e_2 : \tau \rightarrow \tau'} \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 \equiv e_2 : \tau' \rightarrow \tau \quad \Gamma \vdash e_1' \equiv e_2' : \tau'}{\Gamma \vdash e_1 = e_1 = e_2 : \tau'}$$

$$\frac{\bigwedge_l \Gamma \vdash e_{l,1} \equiv e_{l,2} : \tau_l}{\Gamma \vdash \{\overline{l} = e_{l,1}\}} \equiv \{\overline{l} = e_{l,2}\} : \{\overline{l} : \tau_l\}} \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 \equiv e_2 : \{l : \tau_l, \overline{l' : \tau'}\}}{\Gamma \vdash e_1 . l \equiv e_2 . l : \tau_l}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 \equiv e_2 : \tau}{\Gamma \vdash \Lambda t : \kappa . e_1 \equiv \Lambda t : \kappa . e_2 : (\forall t : \kappa . \tau)} \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 \equiv e_2 : \forall t : \kappa . \tau \quad \Gamma \vdash \tau_1 \equiv \tau_2 : \kappa}{\Gamma \vdash e_1 \tau_1 \equiv e_2 : \tau_1 [t \leftarrow \tau_1'] \quad \Gamma, t : \kappa . \tau_1 \equiv \tau_2 : \Omega}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash \tau_1' \equiv \tau_2' : \kappa \quad \Gamma \vdash e_1 \equiv e_2 : \tau_1 [t \leftarrow \tau_1'] \quad \Gamma, t : \kappa . \tau_1 \equiv \tau_2 : \Omega}{\Gamma \vdash \text{pack}\langle \tau_1', e_1\rangle_{\exists t : \kappa . \tau_1}} \equiv \text{pack}\langle \tau_2', e_2\rangle_{\exists t : \kappa . \tau_2} : (\exists t : \kappa . \tau_1)}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, t : \kappa \vdash \tau_1' \equiv \tau_2' : \Omega \quad \Gamma \vdash e_1' \equiv e_2' : (\exists t : \kappa . \tau_1') \quad \Gamma, t : \kappa, x : \tau_1' \vdash e_1 \equiv e_2 : \tau}{\Gamma \vdash \text{unpack}\langle t : \kappa, x : \tau_1'\rangle = e_1' \text{ in } e_1 \equiv \text{unpack}\langle t : \kappa, x : \tau_2'\rangle = e_2' \text{ in } e_2 : \tau}$$

4.1.2 Syntax

4.1.3 Signature

$$\Sigma := [\tau]$$
 (anonymous value declaration)
 $| [= \tau : \kappa]$ (anonymous type declaration)
 $| [= \Sigma]$ (anonymous signature declaration)
 $| \{\overline{l_X} : \Sigma\}$ (structural signature)

Atomic Signature:

$$[\tau] \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \{ \text{val} : \tau \}$$

$$[e] \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \{ \text{val} = e \}$$

$$[= \tau : \kappa] \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \{ \text{type} : \forall t : (\kappa \to \Omega). \ t \ \tau \to t \ \tau \}$$

$$[\tau : \kappa] \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \{ \text{type} = \Lambda t : (\kappa \to \Omega). \ \lambda x : (t \ \tau). \ x \}$$

$$[= \Sigma] \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \{ \text{sig} : \Sigma \to \Sigma \}$$

$$[\Sigma] \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \{ \text{sig} = \lambda x : \Sigma. x \}$$

 $NotAtomic(\Sigma)$

 $\overline{\text{NotAtomic}(\{\overline{l_X}:\Sigma\})}$

Admissible kinding:

 $\Gamma \vdash \tau : \kappa$

$$\begin{split} &\frac{\Gamma \vdash \tau : \Omega}{\Gamma \vdash [\tau] : \Omega} \text{ K-A-Val} \\ &\frac{\Gamma \vdash \tau : \kappa}{\Gamma \vdash [=\tau : \kappa] : \Omega} \text{ K-A-Typ} \\ &\frac{\Gamma \vdash \Sigma : \Omega}{\Gamma \vdash [=\Sigma] : \Omega} \text{ K-A-Sig} \end{split}$$

Admissible type equivalence:

$$\Gamma \vdash \tau_1 \equiv \tau_2 : \kappa$$

$$\begin{split} \frac{\Gamma \vdash \tau_1 \equiv \tau_2 \, : \, \Omega}{\Gamma \vdash [\tau_1] \equiv [\tau_2] \, : \, \Omega} \quad \text{T-Eq-Cong-A-Val} \\ \frac{\Gamma \vdash \tau_1 \equiv \tau_2 \, : \, \kappa}{\Gamma \vdash [=\tau_1 \, : \, \kappa] \equiv [=\tau_2 \, : \, \kappa] \, : \, \Omega} \quad \text{T-Eq-Cong-A-Typ} \\ \frac{\Gamma \vdash \Sigma_1 \equiv \Sigma_2 \, : \, \Omega}{\Gamma \vdash [=\Sigma_1] \equiv [=\Sigma_2] \, : \, \Omega} \quad \text{T-Eq-Cong-A-Sig} \end{split}$$

Admissible typing:

 $\Gamma \vdash e : \tau$

$$\begin{split} &\frac{\Gamma \vdash e : \tau}{\Gamma \vdash [e] : [\tau]} \text{ T-A-Val} \\ &\frac{\Gamma \vdash \tau : \kappa}{\Gamma \vdash [\tau : \kappa] : [= \tau : \kappa]} \text{ T-A-Typ} \\ &\frac{\Gamma \vdash \Sigma : \Omega}{\Gamma \vdash [\Sigma] : [= \Sigma]} \text{ T-A-Sig} \end{split}$$

Admissible equivalence:

$$\Gamma \vdash e_1 \equiv e_2 : \tau$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e : \tau}{\Gamma \vdash [e]. \, \text{val} \equiv e : \tau} \, \text{Eq-β-A-Val} \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash e : [\tau]}{\Gamma \vdash [e. \, \text{val}] \equiv e : [\tau]} \, \text{Eq-η-A-Val} \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 \equiv e_2 : \tau}{\Gamma \vdash [e_1] \equiv [e_2] : [\tau]} \, \text{Eq-Cong-A-Val}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash \tau_1 \equiv \tau_2 : \kappa}{\Gamma \vdash [\tau_1 : \kappa] \equiv [\tau_2 : \kappa] : [= \tau_1 : \kappa]} \, \text{Eq-Cong-A-Typ}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash \Sigma_1 \equiv \Sigma_2 : \Omega}{\Gamma \vdash [\Sigma_1] \equiv [\Sigma_2] : [= \Sigma_1]} \, \text{Eq-Cong-A-Sig}$$

4.1.4 Elaboration

Signature:

$$\Gamma \vdash S \leadsto \Sigma$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash P : [=\Sigma] \leadsto e}{\Gamma \vdash P \leadsto \Sigma} \text{ S-Path}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash D \leadsto \Sigma}{\Gamma \vdash \{D\} \leadsto \Sigma} \text{ S-Struct}$$

Declarations:

$$\Gamma \vdash D \leadsto \Sigma$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash T : \Omega \leadsto \tau}{\Gamma \vdash \operatorname{val} X : T \leadsto \{l_X : [\tau]\}} \text{ D-Val}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash T : \kappa \leadsto \tau}{\Gamma \vdash \operatorname{type} X = T \leadsto \{l_X : [=\tau : \kappa]\}} \text{ D-Typ-Eq}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash S \leadsto \Sigma}{\Gamma \vdash \operatorname{module} X : S \leadsto \{l_X : \Sigma\}} \text{ D-Mod}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash S \leadsto \Sigma}{\Gamma \vdash \operatorname{signature} X = S \leadsto \{l_X : [=\Sigma]\}} \text{ D-Sig-Eq}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash S \leadsto \Sigma}{\Gamma \vdash \operatorname{signature} X = S \leadsto \{l_X : [=\Sigma]\}} \text{ D-Incl}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash S \leadsto \{\overline{l_X : \Sigma}\}}{\Gamma \vdash \operatorname{include} S \leadsto \{\overline{l_X : \Sigma}\}} \text{ D-Incl}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash C \leadsto \{\overline{l_X}\}}{\Gamma \vdash C \leadsto \{\overline{l_X}\}} \text{ D-Emt}$$

$$\frac{\{\overline{l_{X_1}}\} \cap \{\overline{l_{X_2}}\} = \emptyset \quad \Gamma \vdash D_1 \leadsto \{\overline{l_{X_1} : \Sigma_1}\} \quad \Gamma, \overline{x_{X_1} : \Sigma_1} \vdash D_2 \leadsto \{\overline{l_{X_2} : \Sigma_2}\}}{\Gamma \vdash D_1 ; D_2 \leadsto \{\overline{l_{X_1} : \Sigma_1}, \overline{l_{X_2} : \Sigma_2}\}} \text{ D-Seq}$$

Module:

$$\Gamma \vdash M : \Sigma \leadsto e$$

$$\frac{\Gamma(x_X) = \Sigma}{\Gamma \vdash X : \Sigma \leadsto x_X} \text{ M-Var}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash B : \Sigma \leadsto e}{\Gamma \vdash \{B\} : \Sigma \leadsto e} \text{ M-Struct}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash M : \{l_X : \Sigma, \overline{l_{X'} : \Sigma'}\} \leadsto e}{\Gamma \vdash M.X : \Sigma \leadsto e.l_X} \text{ M-Dot}$$

Bindings:

$$\Gamma \vdash B : \Sigma \leadsto e$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash E : \tau \leadsto e}{\Gamma \vdash \operatorname{val} X = E : \{l_X : [\tau]\} \leadsto \{l_X = [e]\}} \text{ B-Val}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash T : \kappa \leadsto \tau}{\Gamma \vdash \operatorname{type} X = T : \{l_X : [=\tau : \kappa]\} \leadsto \{l_X = [\tau : \kappa]\}} \text{ B-Typ}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash M : \Sigma \leadsto e \quad \operatorname{NotAtomic}(\Sigma)}{\Gamma \vdash \operatorname{module} X = M : \{l_X : \Sigma\} \leadsto \{l_X = e\}} \text{ B-Mod}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash S \leadsto \Sigma}{\Gamma \vdash \operatorname{signature} X = S : \{l_X : [=\Sigma]\} \leadsto \{l_X = [\Sigma]\}} \text{ B-Sig}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash M : \{\overline{l_X : \Sigma}\} \leadsto e}{\Gamma \vdash \operatorname{include} M : \{\overline{l_X : \Sigma}\} \leadsto e} \text{ B-Incl}$$

Path:

$$\Gamma \vdash P : \Sigma \leadsto e$$

Use M-Dot.

$$\Gamma \vdash T : \kappa \leadsto \tau$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash P : [=\tau : \kappa] \rightsquigarrow e}{\Gamma \vdash P : \kappa \rightsquigarrow \tau} \text{ T-Elab-Path}$$

$$\Gamma \vdash E : \tau \leadsto e$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash P : [\tau] \rightsquigarrow e}{\Gamma \vdash P : \tau \rightsquigarrow e. \text{val}} \text{ E-Path}$$

4.2 F-ing modules

[RRD14]

4.2.1 Internal Language

See 第 4.1.1 小節.

4.2.2 Syntax

X	::=	•••	(identifier)
K	::=	•••	(kind)
T	::=	P	(type)
E	::=	P	(expression)
\boldsymbol{P}	::=	M	(path)
M	::=	X	(identifier)
		$\{B\}$	(bindings)
	İ	M.X	(projection)
		$fun X : S \Rightarrow M$	(functor)
		XX	(functor application)
		X:>S	(sealing)
B	::=	$\operatorname{val} X = E$	(value binding)
		type X = T	(type binding)
		module X = M	(module binding)
		signature X = S	(signature binding)
		include M	(module including)
		ϵ	(empty binding)
		B;B	(binding concatenation)
S	::=	P	(signature path)
	ı	$\{D\}$	(declarations)
	ı	$(X:S) \to S$	((generative) functor signature)
		S where type $\overline{X} = T$	(bounded signature)
D	::=	$\operatorname{val} X : T$	(value declaration)
		type X = T	(type binding)
	- [type X : K	(type declaration)
	- [module X : S	(module declaration)
	ļ	signature $X = S$	(signature binding)
	ļ	include S	(signature including)
	ļ	€	(empty declaration)
	ı	D;D	(declaration concatenation)

4.2.3 Signature

$$\begin{array}{lll} \Xi & ::= & \exists \overline{t : \kappa}. \Sigma & \text{(abstract signature)} \\ \Sigma & ::= & [\tau] & \text{(atomic value declaration)} \\ & \mid & [=\tau : \kappa] & \text{(atomic type declaration)} \\ & \mid & [=\Xi] & \text{(atomic signature declaration)} \\ & \mid & \{\overline{l_X : \Sigma}\} & \text{(structure signature)} \\ & \mid & \forall \overline{t : \kappa}. \Sigma \to \Xi & \text{(functor signature)} \end{array}$$

Atomic Signature:

$$[\tau] \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \{ \text{val} : \tau \}$$

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$$[e] \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \{ \text{val} = e \}$$

$$[= \tau : \kappa] \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \{ \text{type} : \forall t : (\kappa \to \Omega). \ t \ \tau \to t \ \tau \}$$

$$[\tau : \kappa] \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \{ \text{type} = \Lambda t : (\kappa \to \Omega). \ \lambda x : (t \ \tau). \ x \}$$

$$[= \Xi] \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \{ \text{sig} : \Xi \to \Xi \}$$

$$[\Xi] \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \{ \text{sig} = \lambda x : \Xi. \ x \}$$

 $NotAtomic(\Sigma)$

 $\overline{\text{NotAtomic}(\{\overline{l_X}:\Sigma\})} \qquad \overline{\text{NotAtomic}(\forall \overline{t}:\kappa.\Sigma\to\Xi)}$

Admissible kinding:

 $\Gamma \vdash \tau : \kappa$

$$\begin{split} &\frac{\Gamma \vdash \tau : \Omega}{\Gamma \vdash [\tau] : \Omega} \text{ K-A-Val} \\ &\frac{\Gamma \vdash \tau : \kappa}{\Gamma \vdash [=\tau : \kappa] : \Omega} \text{ K-A-Typ} \\ &\frac{\Gamma \vdash \Xi : \Omega}{\Gamma \vdash [=\Xi] : \Omega} \text{ K-A-Sig} \end{split}$$

Admissible type equivalence:

$$\Gamma \vdash \tau_1 \equiv \tau_2 : \kappa$$

$$\begin{split} \frac{\Gamma \vdash \tau_1 \equiv \tau_2 \, : \, \Omega}{\Gamma \vdash [\tau_1] \equiv [\tau_2] \, : \, \Omega} \quad \text{T-Eq-Cong-A-Val} \\ \frac{\Gamma \vdash \tau_1 \equiv \tau_2 \, : \, \kappa}{\Gamma \vdash [=\tau_1 \, : \, \kappa] \equiv [=\tau_2 \, : \, \kappa] \, : \, \Omega} \quad \text{T-Eq-Cong-A-Typ} \\ \frac{\Gamma \vdash \Xi_1 \equiv \Xi_2 \, : \, \Omega}{\Gamma \vdash [=\Xi_1] \equiv [=\Xi_2] \, : \, \Omega} \quad \text{T-Eq-Cong-A-Sig} \end{split}$$

Admissible typing:

 $\Gamma \vdash e : \tau$

$$\begin{split} &\frac{\Gamma \vdash e : \tau}{\Gamma \vdash [e] : [\tau]} \text{ T-A-Val} \\ &\frac{\Gamma \vdash \tau : \kappa}{\Gamma \vdash [\tau : \kappa] : [= \tau : \kappa]} \text{ T-A-Typ} \\ &\frac{\Gamma \vdash \Xi : \Omega}{\Gamma \vdash [\Xi] : [= \Xi]} \text{ T-A-Sig} \end{split}$$

Admissible equivalence:

$$\Gamma \vdash e_1 \equiv e_2 \, : \, \tau$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e : \tau}{\Gamma \vdash [e]. \, \text{val} \equiv e : \tau} \ \, \text{Eq-β-A-Val} \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash e : [\tau]}{\Gamma \vdash [e. \, \text{val}] \equiv e : [\tau]} \ \, \text{Eq-γ-A-Val} \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 \equiv e_2 : \tau}{\Gamma \vdash [e_1] \equiv [e_2] : [\tau]} \ \, \text{Eq-Cong-A-Val}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash \tau_1 \equiv \tau_2 : \kappa}{\Gamma \vdash [\tau_1 : \kappa] \equiv [\tau_2 : \kappa] : [= \tau_1 : \kappa]} \ \, \text{Eq-Cong-A-Typ}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash \Xi_1 \equiv \Xi_2 : \Omega}{\Gamma \vdash [\Xi_1] \equiv [\Xi_2] : [= \Xi_1]} \ \, \text{Eq-Cong-A-Sig}$$

4.2.4 (Generative) Elaboration

Signature:

$$\Gamma \vdash S \leadsto \Xi$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash P : [=\Xi] \rightsquigarrow e}{\Gamma \vdash P \rightsquigarrow \Xi} \text{ S-Path}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash D \rightsquigarrow \Xi}{\Gamma \vdash \{D\} \rightsquigarrow \Xi} \text{ S-Struct}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash S_1 \rightsquigarrow \exists \overline{t : \kappa}. \Sigma \quad \Gamma, \overline{t : \kappa}, x_X : \Sigma \vdash S_2 \rightsquigarrow \Xi}{\Gamma \vdash (X : S_1) \rightarrow S_2 \rightsquigarrow \forall \overline{t : \kappa}. \Sigma \rightarrow \Xi} \text{ S-Funct}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash S \rightsquigarrow \exists \overline{t_1 : \kappa_1} \ t : \kappa \ \overline{t_2 : \kappa_2}. \Sigma \quad \Sigma.\overline{l_X} = [= t : \kappa] \quad \Gamma \vdash T : \kappa \rightsquigarrow \tau}{\Gamma \vdash S \text{ where type } \overline{X} = T \rightsquigarrow \exists \overline{t_1 : \kappa_1} \ \overline{t_2 : \kappa_2}. \Sigma[t \leftarrow \tau]} \text{ S-Where-Typ}$$

Declarations:

$$\Gamma \vdash D \leadsto \Xi$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash T : \Omega \leadsto \tau}{\Gamma \vdash \operatorname{val} X : T \leadsto \{l_X : [\tau]\}} \text{ D-Val}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash T : \kappa \leadsto \tau}{\Gamma \vdash \operatorname{type} X = T \leadsto \{l_X : [=\tau : \kappa]\}} \text{ D-Typ-Eq}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash K \leadsto \kappa}{\Gamma \vdash \operatorname{type} X : K \leadsto \exists t : \kappa . \{l_X : [=t : \kappa]\}} \text{ D-Typ}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash S \leadsto \exists \overline{t} : \kappa . \Sigma}{\Gamma \vdash \operatorname{module} X : S \leadsto \exists \overline{t} : \overline{\kappa} . \{l_X : \Sigma\}} \text{ D-Mod}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash S \leadsto \Xi}{\Gamma \vdash \operatorname{signature} X = S \leadsto \{l_X : [=\Xi]\}} \text{ D-Sig-Eq}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash S \leadsto \exists \overline{t} : \kappa . \{\overline{l_X} : \Sigma\}}{\Gamma \vdash \operatorname{include} S \leadsto \exists \overline{t} : \overline{\kappa} . \{\overline{l_X} : \Sigma\}} \text{ D-Incl}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash c \leadsto \{\}}{\Gamma \vdash c \leadsto \{\}} \text{ D-Emt}$$

$$\frac{\{\overline{l_{X_1}}\} \cap \{\overline{l_{X_2}}\} = \varnothing \quad \Gamma \vdash D_1 \leadsto \exists \overline{t_1 : \kappa_1} . \{\overline{l_{X_1} : \Sigma_1}\} \quad \Gamma, \overline{t_1 : \kappa_1}, \overline{x_{X_1} : \Sigma_1} \vdash D_2 \leadsto \exists \overline{t_2 : \kappa_2} . \{\overline{l_{X_2} : \Sigma_2}\}} \text{ D-Seq}$$

$$\Gamma \vdash D_1 : D_2 \leadsto \exists \overline{t_1 : \kappa_1} . \overline{t_2 : \kappa_2} . \{\overline{l_{X_1} : \Sigma_1} \mid \overline{l_{X_2} : \Sigma_2}\}} \quad \text{D-Seq}$$

Matching:

$$\Gamma \vdash \Sigma_1 \leq \exists \overline{t : \kappa}. \, \Sigma_2 \uparrow \overline{\tau} \rightsquigarrow e$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash \Sigma_{1} \leq \Sigma_{2}[\overline{t \leftarrow \tau_{t}}] \rightsquigarrow e \quad \bigwedge_{t} \Gamma \vdash \tau_{t} : \kappa_{t}}{\Gamma \vdash \Sigma_{1} \leq \exists \overline{t} : \kappa_{t}. \ \Sigma_{2} \uparrow \overline{\tau_{t}} \rightsquigarrow e} \text{ U-Match}$$

Subtyping:

$$\Gamma \vdash \Xi_1 \leq \Xi_2 \rightsquigarrow e$$

$$\begin{split} & \Gamma \vdash \tau_1 \leq \tau_2 \rightsquigarrow e \\ \hline & \Gamma \vdash [\tau_1] \leq [\tau_2] \rightsquigarrow \lambda x : [\tau_1]. \left[e \left(x. \, \text{val} \right) \right] \text{ U-Val} \\ \hline & \Gamma \vdash \tau_1 \equiv \tau_2 : \kappa \\ \hline & \Gamma \vdash [=\tau_1 : \kappa] \leq [=\tau_2 : \kappa] \rightsquigarrow \lambda x : [=\tau_1 : \kappa]. x \text{ U-Typ} \\ \hline & \frac{\Gamma \vdash \Xi_1 \leq \Xi_2 \rightsquigarrow e_1 \quad \Gamma \vdash \Xi_2 \leq \Xi_1 \rightsquigarrow e_2}{\Gamma \vdash [=\Xi_1] \leq [=\Xi_2] \rightsquigarrow \lambda x : [=\Xi_1]. \left[\Xi_2\right]} \text{ U-Sig} \end{split}$$

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$$\frac{ \bigwedge_{l} \Gamma \vdash \Sigma_{l_{1}} \leq \Sigma_{l_{2}} \leadsto e_{l} }{ \Gamma \vdash \{\overline{l} : \Sigma_{l_{1}}, \overline{l'} : \Sigma'\} \leq \{\overline{l} : \Sigma_{l_{2}}\} \leadsto \lambda x : \{\overline{l} : \Sigma_{l_{1}}, \overline{l'} : \Sigma'\} \cdot \{\overline{l} = e_{l} \ (x.l)\} } \text{ U-Struct} }$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, \overline{t_{2} : \kappa_{2}} \vdash \Sigma_{2} \leq \exists \overline{t_{1}} : \kappa_{1}}{\Gamma} \cdot \Sigma_{1} \uparrow \overline{\tau} \leadsto e_{1} \quad \Gamma, \overline{t_{2}} : \kappa_{2}} \vdash \Xi_{1}[\overline{t_{1}} \leftarrow \overline{\tau}] \leq \Xi_{2} \leadsto e_{2}}{\Gamma} \quad \text{U-Funct} }$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash \forall \overline{t_{1}} : \kappa_{1}}{\Gamma} \cdot \Sigma_{1} \rightarrow \Xi_{1} \leq \forall \overline{t_{2}} : \kappa_{2}} \cdot \Sigma_{2} \rightarrow \Xi_{2} \leadsto \lambda x_{1} : (\forall \overline{t_{1}} : \kappa_{1}} \cdot \Sigma_{1} \rightarrow \Xi_{1}). }{\lambda x_{2} : \Sigma_{2} \cdot e_{2} \ (\kappa_{1} \ \overline{\tau} \ (e_{1} \ x_{2}))} } \quad \text{U-Abs}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, \overline{t_{1}} : \kappa_{1}}{\Gamma} \vdash \Xi_{1} \leq \exists \overline{t_{2}} : \kappa_{2}} \cdot \Sigma_{2} \leadsto \lambda x_{1} : (\exists \overline{t_{1}} : \kappa_{1}} \cdot \Sigma_{1}). }{\operatorname{unpack}\langle \overline{t_{1}} : \kappa_{1}}, x'_{1} : \Sigma_{1}\rangle = x_{1} \text{ in pack}\langle \overline{\tau}, e \ x'_{1}\rangle_{\exists \overline{t_{2}} : \kappa_{2}} \cdot \Sigma_{2}}$$

Module:

 $\Gamma \vdash M : \Xi \leadsto e$

$$\frac{\Gamma(x_X) = \Sigma}{\Gamma \vdash X : \Sigma \rightsquigarrow x_X} \text{ M-Var}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash B : \Xi \rightsquigarrow e}{\Gamma \vdash \{B\} : \Xi \rightsquigarrow e} \text{ M-Struct}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash M : \exists \overline{t} : \overline{\kappa}. \{l_X : \Sigma, \overline{l_{X'}} : \Sigma'\} \rightsquigarrow e}{\Gamma \vdash M.X : \exists \overline{t} : \overline{\kappa}. \Sigma \rightsquigarrow \text{unpack}\langle \overline{t} : \overline{\kappa}, x : \{l_X : \Sigma, \overline{l_{X'}} : \Sigma'\}\rangle = e \text{ in pack}\langle \overline{t}, x. l_X \rangle_{\exists \overline{t} : \overline{\kappa}. \Sigma}} \text{ M-Dot}$$

$$\frac{\Sigma \vdash S \rightsquigarrow \exists \overline{t} : \overline{\kappa}. \Sigma \quad \Gamma, \overline{t} : \overline{\kappa}, x_X : \Sigma \vdash M : \Xi \rightsquigarrow e}{\Gamma \vdash \text{fun} X : S \Rightarrow M : \forall \overline{t} : \overline{\kappa}. \Sigma \rightarrow \Xi \rightsquigarrow \Lambda \overline{t} : \overline{\kappa}. \lambda x_X : \Sigma. e} \text{ M-Funct}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma(x_{X_1}) = \forall \overline{t} : \overline{\kappa}. \Sigma' \rightarrow \Xi \quad \Gamma(x_{X_2}) = \Sigma \quad \Gamma \vdash \Sigma \leq \exists \overline{t} : \overline{\kappa}. \Sigma' \uparrow \overline{\tau} \rightsquigarrow e}{\Gamma \vdash X_1 X_2 : \Xi[\overline{t} \leftarrow \overline{\tau}] \rightsquigarrow x_{X_1} \overline{\tau} (e x_{X_2})}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma(x_X) = \Sigma \quad \Gamma \vdash S \rightsquigarrow \exists \overline{t} : \overline{\kappa}. \Sigma' \quad \Gamma \vdash \Sigma \leq \exists \overline{t} : \overline{\kappa}. \Sigma' \uparrow \overline{\tau} \rightsquigarrow e}{\Gamma \vdash X : S : \exists \overline{t} : \overline{\kappa}. \Sigma' \rightsquigarrow \text{pack}\langle \overline{\tau}, e x_X \rangle_{\exists \overline{t} : \overline{\kappa}. \Sigma'}} \text{ M-Seal}$$

Bindings:

 $\Gamma \vdash B : \Xi \leadsto e$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash E : \tau \rightsquigarrow e}{\Gamma \vdash \text{val} X = E : \{l_X : [\tau]\} \rightsquigarrow \{l_X = [e]\}} \text{ B-Val}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash T : \kappa \rightsquigarrow \tau}{\Gamma \vdash \text{type} X = T : \{l_X : [\tau : \kappa]\} \rightsquigarrow \{l_X = [\tau : \kappa]\}} \text{ B-Typ}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash M : \exists \overline{t} : \kappa . \Sigma \rightsquigarrow e \quad \text{NotAtomic}(\Sigma)}{\Gamma \vdash \text{module} X = M : \exists \overline{t} : \kappa . \{l_X : \Sigma\} \rightsquigarrow \text{unpack}\langle \overline{t} : \kappa, x : \Sigma\rangle = e \text{ in pack}\langle \overline{t}, \{l_X = x\}\rangle_{\exists \overline{t} : \kappa, \{l_X : \Sigma\}}} \text{ B-Moodule}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash S \rightsquigarrow \Xi}{\Gamma \vdash \text{signature} X = S : \{l_X : [\Xi]\} \rightsquigarrow \{l_X = [\Xi]\}} \text{ B-Sig}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash M : \exists \overline{t} : \kappa . \{\overline{l_X} : \Sigma\} \rightsquigarrow e}{\Gamma \vdash \text{include} M : \exists \overline{t} : \kappa . \{\overline{l_X} : \Sigma\} \rightsquigarrow e} \text{ B-Incl}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash \epsilon : \{\} \rightsquigarrow \{\}}{\Gamma \vdash \epsilon : \{\} \rightsquigarrow \{\}} \text{ B-Emt}$$

$$\frac{I'_{X_1} = \overline{l_{X_1}} \setminus \overline{l_{X_2}} \quad \overline{l'_{X_1} : \Sigma_1'} \subseteq \overline{l_{X_1} : \Sigma_1} \quad \Gamma \vdash B_1 : \exists \overline{t_1} : \kappa_1 . \{\overline{l_{X_1} : \Sigma_1}\} \rightsquigarrow e_1}{\Gamma, \overline{t_1} : \kappa_1, x_{X_1} : \Sigma_1 \vdash B_2 : \exists \overline{t_2} : \kappa_2. \{\overline{l_{X_2} : \Sigma_2}\} \rightsquigarrow e_2} \quad \text{unpack}\langle \overline{t_1} : \overline{\kappa_1}, x_1 \rangle = e_1 \text{ in}}$$

$$\Gamma \vdash B_1; B_2 : \exists \overline{t_1} : \kappa_1 \quad \overline{t_2} : \kappa_2. \Sigma \rightsquigarrow \quad \text{unpack}\langle \overline{t_2} : \kappa_2, x_2 \rangle = (\text{let } \overline{x_{X_1} : \Sigma_1} = x_1. \overline{t_{X_1}} \text{ in } e_2) \text{ in}} \quad \text{pack}\langle \overline{t_1} : \overline{t_2}, \{\overline{t_{X_2}} : x_2. T_{X_2}\} \rangle_{\exists \overline{t_1} : \kappa_1} \in \Sigma}$$

Path:

 $\Gamma \vdash P : \Sigma \leadsto e$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash P : \exists \overline{t : \kappa}. \Sigma \quad \Gamma \vdash \Sigma : \Omega}{\Gamma \vdash P : \Sigma \Rightarrow \text{unpack} \langle \overline{t : \kappa}, x \rangle = e \text{ in } x} \text{ P-Mod}$$

$$\Gamma \vdash T : \kappa \leadsto \tau$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash P : [= \tau : \kappa] \rightsquigarrow e}{\Gamma \vdash P : \kappa \rightsquigarrow \tau}$$
 T-Elab-Path

$$\Gamma \vdash E : \tau \leadsto e$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash P : [\tau] \rightsquigarrow e}{\Gamma \vdash P : \tau \rightsquigarrow e. \text{val}} \text{ E-Path}$$

4.2.5 Modules as First-Class Values

$$\begin{array}{cccc} T & ::= & \cdots \mid \operatorname{pack} S \\ E & ::= & \cdots \mid \operatorname{pack} M : S \\ M & ::= & \cdots \mid \operatorname{unpack} E : S \end{array}$$

Rootedness:

 $t:\kappa$ rooted in Σ at $\overline{l_X}$

$$\frac{t=\tau'}{t:\kappa \text{ rooted in } [=\tau:\kappa] \text{ at } \epsilon} \qquad \frac{t:\kappa \text{ rooted in } \{\overline{l_X:\Sigma}\}.l \text{ at } \overline{l'}}{t:\kappa \text{ rooted in } \{\overline{l_X:\Sigma}\} \text{ at } l \, \overline{l'}}$$

Rooted ordering:

$$t_1: \kappa_1 \leq_{\Sigma} t_2: \kappa_2 \iff \min\{\bar{l} \mid t_1: \kappa_1 \text{ rooted in } \Sigma \text{ at } \bar{l}\} \leq \min\{\bar{l} \mid t_2: \kappa_2 \text{ rooted in } \Sigma \text{ at } \bar{l}\}$$

Signature normalization:

$$\frac{\operatorname{norm}_{0}(\tau) = \tau'}{\operatorname{norm}([\tau]) = [\tau']}$$

$$\overline{\operatorname{norm}([=\tau : \kappa]) = [=\tau : \kappa]}$$

$$\frac{\operatorname{norm}(\Xi) = \Xi'}{\operatorname{norm}([=\Xi]) = [=\Xi']}$$

$$\frac{\bigwedge_{X} \operatorname{norm}(\Sigma_{X}) = \Sigma'_{X}}{\operatorname{norm}(\{\overline{l_{X}} : \Sigma_{X}\}) = \{\overline{l_{X}} : \Sigma'_{X}\}}$$

$$\underline{\operatorname{sort}_{\leq_{\Sigma'}}(\overline{t : \kappa}) = \overline{t'} : \kappa'} \quad \operatorname{norm}(\Sigma) = \Sigma' \quad \operatorname{norm}(\Xi) = \Xi'}$$

$$\overline{\operatorname{norm}(\forall \overline{t} : \kappa. \Sigma \to \Xi) = \forall \overline{t'} : \kappa'. \Sigma' \to \Xi'}$$

$$\underline{\operatorname{sort}_{\leq_{\Sigma'}}(\overline{t : \kappa}) = \overline{t'} : \kappa'} \quad \operatorname{norm}(\Sigma) = \Sigma'}$$

$$\overline{\operatorname{norm}(\exists \overline{t} : \kappa. \Sigma) = \exists \overline{t'} : \kappa'. \Sigma'}$$

Type:

$$\Gamma \vdash T : \kappa \leadsto \tau$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash S \rightsquigarrow \Xi}{\Gamma \vdash \operatorname{pack} S : \Omega \rightsquigarrow \operatorname{norm}(\Xi)} \text{ T-Pack}$$

Expression:

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$$\Gamma \vdash E : \tau \leadsto e$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash S \rightsquigarrow \Xi \quad \Gamma \vdash \Xi' \leq \operatorname{norm}(\Xi) \rightsquigarrow e_1 \quad \Gamma \vdash M : \Xi' \rightsquigarrow e_2}{\Gamma \vdash (\operatorname{pack} M : S) : \operatorname{norm}(\Xi) \rightsquigarrow e_1 \ e_2} \text{ E-Pack}$$

Module:

$$\Gamma \vdash M : \Xi \leadsto e$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash S \rightsquigarrow \Xi \quad \Gamma \vdash E : \operatorname{norm}(\Xi) \rightsquigarrow e}{\Gamma \vdash (\operatorname{unpack} E : S) : \operatorname{norm}(\Xi) \rightsquigarrow e} \text{ M-Unpack}$$

4.2.6 Elaboration with Applicative Functor

$$S := \cdots$$

| $(X : S) \Rightarrow S$ (applicative functor signature)

$$\begin{array}{lll} \varphi & \coloneqq & \mathrm{I} & & (\mathrm{impure\ effect}) \\ & | & \mathrm{P} & & (\mathrm{pure\ effect}) \\ \Sigma & \coloneqq & \cdots & \\ & | & \{\overline{l_X:\Sigma}\} & \\ & | & \forall \overline{t:\kappa}.\ \Sigma \to_{\mathrm{I}} \Xi & (\mathrm{generative\ functor\ signature}) \\ & | & \forall \overline{t:\kappa}.\ \Sigma \to_{\mathrm{P}} \Sigma & (\mathrm{applicative\ functor\ signature}) \end{array}$$

Abbreviation:

$$\begin{split} &\tau_{1} \rightarrow_{\varphi} \tau_{2} \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \tau_{1} \rightarrow \{l_{\varphi} : \tau_{2}\} \\ &\lambda_{\varphi} x : \tau. e \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \lambda x : \tau. \{l_{\varphi} = e\} \\ &(e_{1} \ e_{2})_{\varphi} \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} (e_{1} \ e_{2}).l_{\varphi} \\ &\Gamma^{\varphi} \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \left\{ \begin{array}{c} \cdot \quad (\varphi = I) \\ \Gamma \quad (\varphi = P) \end{array} \right. \\ &tyenv(\Gamma) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \left\{ \begin{array}{c} tyenv(\Gamma') \ t : \kappa \quad (\Gamma = \Gamma', t : \kappa) \\ tyenv(\Gamma') \quad (\Gamma = \Gamma', x : \tau) \end{array} \right. \\ &\varphi_{P}\Gamma. \tau_{0} \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \left\{ \begin{array}{c} \forall_{P}\Gamma'. \forall t : \kappa. \tau_{0} \quad (\Gamma = \Gamma', t : \kappa) \\ \forall_{P}\Gamma'. \tau \rightarrow_{P} \tau_{0} \quad (\Gamma = \Gamma', x : \tau) \end{array} \right. \\ &\Lambda_{P}\Gamma. e \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \left\{ \begin{array}{c} \Lambda_{P}\Gamma'. \Lambda t : \kappa. e \quad (\Gamma = \Gamma', t : \kappa) \\ \Lambda_{P}\Gamma'. \lambda_{P} x : \tau. e \quad (\Gamma = \Gamma', x : \tau) \\ e \quad (\Gamma = \cdot) \end{array} \right. \\ &(e \ \Gamma)_{P} \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \left\{ \begin{array}{c} (e \ \Gamma')_{P} \ t \quad (\Gamma = \Gamma', t : \kappa) \\ ((e \ \Gamma')_{P} \ x)_{P} \quad (\Gamma = \Gamma', x : \tau) \\ e \quad (\Gamma = \cdot) \end{array} \right. \end{split}$$

Effect combining:

$$\varphi_1 \vee \varphi_2 = \varphi$$

$$\overline{\varphi \lor \varphi = \varphi}$$
 $\overline{I \lor P = I}$ $\overline{P \lor I = I}$

Subeffects:

 $\varphi_1 \leq \varphi_2$

$$\varphi < \varphi$$
 F-Refl $\overline{P} < I$ F-Sub

Signature:

 $\Gamma \vdash S \leadsto \Xi$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash S_1 \rightsquigarrow \exists \overline{t_1} : \kappa_1. \Sigma \quad \Gamma, \overline{t_1} : \kappa_1, x_X : \Sigma \vdash S_2 \rightsquigarrow \Xi}{\Gamma \vdash (X : S_1) \rightarrow S_2 \rightsquigarrow \forall \overline{t_1} : \kappa_1. \Sigma \rightarrow_1 \Xi} \text{ S-Funct-I}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash S_1 \rightsquigarrow \exists \overline{t_1} : \kappa_1. \Sigma_1 \quad \Gamma, \overline{t_1} : \kappa_1, x_X : \Sigma_1 \vdash S_2 \rightsquigarrow \exists \overline{t_2} : \kappa_2. \Sigma_2}{\Gamma \vdash (X : S_1) \Rightarrow S_2 \rightsquigarrow \exists \overline{t_2}' : \overline{\kappa_1} \rightarrow \kappa_2. \forall \overline{t_1} : \kappa_1. \Sigma_1 \rightarrow_P \Sigma_2[t_2 \leftarrow t_2' \ \overline{t_1}]} \text{ S-Funct-P}$$

Subtyping:

$$\Gamma \vdash \Xi_1 \leq \Xi_2 \leadsto e$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, \overline{t_2 : \kappa_2} \vdash \Sigma_2 \leq \exists \overline{t_1 : \kappa_1}. \, \Sigma_1 \uparrow \overline{\tau} \rightsquigarrow e_1 \quad \Gamma, \overline{t_2 : \kappa_2} \vdash \Xi_1[\overline{t_1 \leftarrow \tau}] \leq \Xi_2 \rightsquigarrow e_2 \quad \varphi_1 \leq \varphi_2}{\Gamma \vdash (\forall \overline{t_1 : \kappa_1}. \, \Sigma_1 \rightarrow_{\varphi_1} \Xi_1) \leq (\forall \overline{t_2 : \kappa_2}. \, \Sigma_2 \rightarrow_{\varphi_2} \Xi_2) \rightsquigarrow \quad \frac{\lambda x_1 : (\forall \overline{t_1 : \kappa_1}. \, \Sigma_1 \rightarrow_{\varphi_1} \Xi_1).}{\Lambda \overline{t_2 : \kappa_2}. \, \lambda_{\varphi_2} x_2 : \Sigma_2. \, e_2 \, (x_1 \, \overline{\tau} \, (e_1 \, x_2))_{\varphi_1}} \quad \text{U-Funct}}$$

Module:

$$\Gamma \vdash M :_{\varphi} \Xi \leadsto e$$

$$\frac{\Gamma(x_X) = \Sigma}{\Gamma \vdash X :_{\mathbb{P}} \Sigma \leadsto \Lambda_{\mathbb{P}} \Gamma. x_X} \text{ M-Var}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash B :_{\varphi} \Xi \leadsto e}{\Gamma \vdash \{B\} :_{\varphi} \Xi \leadsto e} \text{ M-Struct}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash M :_{\varphi} \exists \overline{t} : \overline{\kappa}. \{l_X : \Sigma, \overline{l_{X'}} : \Sigma'\} \leadsto e}{\Gamma \vdash M.X :_{\varphi} \exists \overline{t} : \overline{\kappa}. \Sigma \leadsto \text{unpack} \langle \overline{t} : \overline{\kappa}, x \rangle = e \text{ in pack} \langle \overline{t}, \Lambda_{\mathbb{P}} \Gamma^{\varphi}. (x \Gamma^{\varphi})_{\mathbb{P}}. l_X \rangle} \text{ M-Dot}$$

$$\frac{\Sigma \vdash S \leadsto \exists \overline{t} : \overline{\kappa}. \Sigma \leadsto \text{unpack} \langle \overline{t} : \overline{\kappa}, x_X : \Sigma \vdash M :_{\mathbb{I}} \Xi \leadsto e}{\Gamma \vdash \text{fun} X : S \Longrightarrow M :_{\mathbb{P}} \forall \overline{t} : \overline{\kappa}. \Sigma \to_{\mathbb{I}} \Xi \leadsto \Lambda_{\mathbb{P}} \Gamma. \Lambda \overline{t} : \overline{\kappa}. \lambda_{\mathbb{I}} x_X : \Sigma. e} \text{ M-Funct-I}$$

$$\frac{\Sigma \vdash S \leadsto \exists \overline{t} : \overline{\kappa}. \Sigma \vdash \Gamma, \overline{t} : \overline{\kappa}, x_X : \Sigma \vdash M :_{\mathbb{P}} \exists \overline{t_2} : \overline{\kappa_2}. \Sigma_2 \leadsto e}{\Gamma \vdash \text{fun} X : S \Longrightarrow M :_{\mathbb{P}} \exists \overline{t_2} : \overline{\kappa_2}. \forall \overline{t} : \overline{\kappa}. \Sigma \to_{\mathbb{P}} \Sigma_2 \leadsto e} \text{ M-Funct-P}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma(x_{X_1}) = \forall \overline{t} : \overline{\kappa}. \Sigma' \to_{\varphi} \Xi \vdash \Gamma(x_{X_2}) = \Sigma \vdash \Gamma \vdash \Sigma \leq \exists \overline{t} : \overline{\kappa}. \Sigma' \uparrow \overline{\tau} \leadsto e}{\Gamma \vdash X_1 X_2 :_{\varphi} \Xi [\overline{t} \leftarrow \overline{\tau}] \leadsto \Lambda_{\mathbb{P}} \Gamma^{\varphi}. (x_{X_1} \overline{\tau} (e x_{X_2}))_{\varphi}} \text{ M-App}$$

$$\frac{\overline{t_{\Gamma}} : \kappa_{\Gamma}}{\Gamma \vdash x_{\Gamma}} = tyenv(\Gamma) \vdash \Gamma(x_X) = \Sigma \vdash \Gamma \vdash S \leadsto \exists \overline{t} : \overline{\kappa}. \Sigma' \vdash \Gamma \succeq S \preceq \overline{t} : \overline{\kappa}. \Sigma' \uparrow \overline{\tau} \leadsto e}{\Gamma \vdash X : S :_{\mathbb{P}} \exists \overline{t'} : \overline{t_{\Gamma}} : \kappa_{\Gamma} \to \kappa} \times \Sigma' [t \leftarrow t' \overline{t_{\Gamma}}] \leadsto \text{pack} \langle \lambda \overline{t_{\Gamma}} : \kappa_{\Gamma}. \tau, \Lambda_{\mathbb{P}} \Gamma. e x_X \rangle}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash S \leadsto \Xi \vdash \Gamma \vdash E : \text{norm}(\Xi) \leadsto e}{\Gamma \vdash (\text{unpack} E : S) :_{\mathbb{I}} \text{norm}(\Xi) \leadsto e} \text{ M-Unpack}$$

定理 37 (Typing for module elaboration).

- Г ⊢ *M* :, Е → e ならば, Г ⊢ e : Е.

Bindings:

$$\Gamma \vdash B :_{\varphi} \Xi \leadsto e$$

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$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash E : \tau \leadsto e}{\Gamma \vdash \text{val } X = E :_{p} \{l_{X} : [\tau]\} \leadsto \Lambda_{p} \Gamma.\{l_{X} = e\}} \text{ B-Val}}{\Gamma \vdash \text{type } X = T :_{p} \{l_{X} : [\tau] \vdash \kappa \leadsto \tau}} \frac{\Gamma \vdash T : \kappa \leadsto \tau}{\Gamma \vdash \text{type } X = T :_{p} \{l_{X} : [\tau : \kappa]\} \leadsto \Lambda_{p} \Gamma.\{l_{X} = [\tau : \kappa]\}} \text{ B-Typ}}{\Gamma \vdash M :_{\varphi} \exists \overline{t} : \overline{\kappa}. \Sigma \leadsto e \quad \text{NotAtomic}(\Sigma)}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash M :_{\varphi} \exists \overline{t} : \overline{\kappa}. \{l_{X} : \Sigma\} \leadsto \text{unpack}\langle \overline{t} : \overline{\kappa}, x\rangle = e \text{ in pack}\langle \overline{t}, \Lambda_{p} \Gamma^{\varphi}.\{l_{X} = x \Gamma^{\varphi}\}\rangle}{\Gamma \vdash \text{signature } X = S :_{p} \{l_{X} : [\Xi]\} \leadsto \Lambda_{p} \Gamma.\{l_{X} = [\Xi]\}} \text{ B-Sig}}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash M :_{\varphi} \exists \overline{t} : \overline{\kappa}. \{\overline{l_{X} : \Sigma}\} \leadsto e}{\Gamma \vdash \text{include } M :_{\varphi} \exists \overline{t} : \overline{\kappa}. \{\overline{l_{X} : \Sigma}\} \leadsto e} \text{ B-Incl}}{\Gamma \vdash \epsilon :_{p} \{\} \leadsto \Lambda_{p} \Gamma.\{\}} \text{ B-Emt}}$$

$$\frac{I'_{X_{1}}}{\Gamma \vdash \epsilon :_{p} \{l_{X_{1}} : \Sigma'_{1} \subseteq \overline{l_{X_{1}} : \Sigma'_{1}} \subseteq \overline{l_{X_{1}} : \Sigma_{1}} \cap F :_{p} \{l_{X_{1}} : \overline{t_{1}} : \overline{l_{X_{1}} : \Sigma_{1}}\} \leadsto e_{1}}{\Gamma \vdash B_{1} :_{\varphi_{1}} \exists \overline{t_{1} : \kappa_{1}}. \{\overline{l_{X_{1}} : \Sigma_{1}}\} \leadsto e_{1}}} \text{ B-Seq}}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash B_{1} :_{B_{2}} :_{\varphi_{1} \lor \varphi_{2}}}{\Gamma \vdash B_{1} :_{B_{2}} :_{\varphi_{2}} \exists \overline{t_{1} : \kappa_{1}}. \overline{t_{2} : \kappa_{2}}. \Sigma}} \xrightarrow{\varphi_{1}} \text{ B-Seq}}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash B_{1} :_{B_{2}} :_{\varphi_{1} \lor \varphi_{2}}}{\Gamma \vdash B_{1} :_{B_{2}} :_{\varphi_{2}} \exists \overline{t_{1} : \kappa_{1}}. \overline{t_{2} : \kappa_{2}}. \Sigma}} \xrightarrow{\varphi_{1}} \text{ B-Seq}}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash B_{1} :_{B_{2}} :_{\varphi_{1} \lor \varphi_{2}}}{\Gamma \vdash B_{1} :_{\varphi_{1}} :_{\varphi_{2}}} \exists \overline{t_{1} : \kappa_{1}}. \overline{t_{2} : \kappa_{2}}. \Sigma}} \xrightarrow{\varphi_{1}} \text{ B-Seq}}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash B_{1} :_{B_{2}} :_{\varphi_{1} \lor \varphi_{2}}}{\Gamma \vdash B_{1} :_{\varphi_{1}} :_{\varphi_{2}}} \exists \overline{t_{1} : \kappa_{1}}. \overline{t_{2} : \kappa_{2}}. \Sigma}} \xrightarrow{\varphi_{1}} \text{ B-Seq}}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash B_{1} :_{\varphi_{1}} :_{\varphi_{2}}}{\Gamma \vdash B_{1} :_{\varphi_{1}} :_{\varphi_{2}}} \exists \overline{t_{1} : \kappa_{1}}. \overline{t_{2} : \kappa_{2}}. \Sigma}} \xrightarrow{\varphi_{2}} \text{ B-Seq}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{ unpack}\langle \overline{t_{1} : \kappa_{1}}, \overline{t_{2}}, \overline{t_{2}} :_{\varphi_{2}} :_{\varphi_{1}} $

Path:

 $\Gamma \vdash P : \Sigma \leadsto e$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash P :_{\varphi} \exists \overline{t : \kappa}. \Sigma \quad \Gamma \vdash \Sigma : \Omega}{\Gamma \vdash P : \Sigma \Rightarrow \operatorname{unpack} \langle \overline{t : \kappa}, x \rangle = e \operatorname{in} (x \Gamma^{\varphi})_{P}} P-\operatorname{Mod}$$

Expression:

 $\Gamma \vdash E : \tau \leadsto e$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash S \leadsto \Xi \quad \Gamma \vdash \exists \overline{t : \kappa}. \, \Sigma \leq \operatorname{norm}(\Xi) \leadsto e_1 \quad \Gamma \vdash M :_{\varphi} \exists \overline{t : \kappa}. \, \Sigma \leadsto e_2}{\Gamma \vdash (\operatorname{pack} M : S) : \operatorname{norm}(\Xi) \leadsto e_1 \, (\operatorname{unpack}\langle \overline{t : \kappa}, x \rangle = e_2 \, \operatorname{in \, pack}\langle \overline{t : \kappa}, (x \, \Gamma^{\varphi})_{P} \rangle)} \quad \text{E-Unpack}$$

第5章

Control Operators

第6章

Implicit Parameters and Coherence

第7章

Records and Polymorphism

第8章

Type Checking and Inference

8.1 Hindley/Milner Type System

[LY98]

8.1.1 Language

$$X = \{x, y, z, \dots\}, \ \mathcal{A} = \{\alpha, \beta, \dots\}$$

E

e := () $\mid x$ $\mid \lambda x. e$ $\mid e e$ $\mid \mathbf{let} \ x = e \mathbf{in} \ e$ $\mid \mathbf{fix} \ f \ \lambda x. \ e$

T

Σ

$$\sigma := \forall \vec{\alpha}. \sigma$$

$$\Gamma = \mathcal{A} \xrightarrow{\mathrm{fin}} \Sigma$$

8.1.2 Type System

$$\forall \vec{\alpha}. \ \tau_1 > \tau_2 \iff \exists S. \ S(\tau_1) = \tau_2 \land \operatorname{dom}(S)$$

$$\operatorname{Gen}(\Gamma, \tau) = \forall \vec{\alpha}. \ \tau \qquad \qquad (\vec{\alpha} = \operatorname{ftv}(\tau) \backslash \operatorname{ftv}(\Gamma))$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash () : \mathbf{unit}}{\Gamma(x) \succ \tau} \\
\frac{\Gamma(x) \succ \tau}{\Gamma \vdash x : \tau} \\
\frac{\Gamma + x : \tau_1 \vdash e : \tau_2}{\Gamma \vdash \lambda x. e : \tau_1 \rightarrow \tau_2} \\
\frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 : \tau_2 \rightarrow \tau \quad \Gamma \vdash e_2 : \tau_2}{\Gamma \vdash e_1 e_2 : \tau} \\
\frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 : \tau_1 \quad \Gamma + x : \operatorname{Gen}(\Gamma, \tau_1) \vdash e_2 : \tau}{\Gamma \vdash \operatorname{let} x = e_1 \operatorname{in} e_2 : \tau} \\
\frac{\Gamma \vdash f : \tau \vdash \lambda x. e : \tau}{\Gamma \vdash \operatorname{fix} f \lambda x. e : \tau}$$

第 3.1 節

定理 38.
$$\mathcal{U}(\tau_1, \tau_2) = S$$
 ならば、 $S(\tau_1) = S(\tau_2)$.

8.1.3 Algorithm W

定理 39. 以下は同値

- $\mathcal{U}(\tau_1, \tau_2) = S$ を満たす S が存在する.
- $S(\tau_1) = S(\tau_2)$ を満たす S が存在する.

$$\mathcal{W}(\Gamma, ()) = (\emptyset, \mathbf{unit})$$

$$\frac{\Gamma(x) = \forall \vec{\alpha}. \tau \quad \text{fresh } \vec{\beta}}{\mathcal{W}(\Gamma, x) = (\emptyset, [\vec{\alpha} \leftarrow \vec{\beta}]\tau)}$$

$$\frac{\text{fresh } \beta \quad \mathcal{W}(\Gamma + x : \beta, e) = (S_1, \tau_1)}{\mathcal{W}(\Gamma, \lambda x. e) = (S_1, S_1(\beta) \rightarrow \tau_1)}$$

$$\frac{\mathcal{W}(\Gamma, e_1) = (S_1, \tau_1) \quad \mathcal{W}(S_1(\Gamma), e_2) = (S_2, \tau_2) \quad \text{fresh } \beta \quad \mathcal{U}(S_2(\tau_1), \tau_2 \rightarrow \beta) = S_3}{\mathcal{W}(\Gamma, e_1 e_2) = (S_3 S_2 S_1, S_3(\beta))}$$

$$\frac{\mathcal{W}(\Gamma, e_1) = (S_1, \tau_1) \quad \Gamma_1 = S_1(\Gamma) \quad \mathcal{W}(\Gamma_1 + x : \text{Gen}(\Gamma_1, \tau_1), e_2) = (S_2, \tau_2)}{\mathcal{W}(\Gamma, \text{let } x = e_1 \text{ in } e_2) = (S_2 S_1, \tau_2)}$$

$$\frac{\text{fresh } \beta \quad \mathcal{W}(\Gamma + f : \beta, \lambda x. e) = (S_1, \tau_1) \quad \mathcal{U}(S_1(\beta), \tau_1) = S_2}{\mathcal{W}(\Gamma, \text{fix } f \lambda x. e) = (S_2 S_1, S_2(\tau_1))}$$

定理 40. 以下は同値

- $\mathcal{W}(\Gamma_0, e) = (S, \tau_0), S(\Gamma_0) = \Gamma, S(\tau_0) = \tau$ を満たす S, Γ_0, τ_0 が存在する.
- $\Gamma \vdash e : \tau$.

8.1.4 Algorithm M

$$\frac{\mathcal{U}(\rho, \mathbf{unit}) = S}{\mathcal{M}(\Gamma, (1), \rho) = S}$$

$$\frac{\mathcal{U}(\rho, [\vec{\beta} \leftarrow \vec{\alpha}]\tau) = S \quad \Gamma(x) = \forall \vec{\alpha}. \, \tau \quad \text{fresh } \vec{\beta}}{\mathcal{M}(\Gamma, x, \rho) = S}$$

$$\frac{\mathcal{U}(\rho, \beta_1 \rightarrow \beta_2) = S_1 \quad \text{fresh } \beta_1, \beta_2 \quad \mathcal{M}(S_1(\Gamma) + x : S_1(\beta_1), e, S_1(\beta_2)) = S_2}{\mathcal{M}(\Gamma, \lambda x. \, e, \rho) = S_2 S_1}$$

$$\frac{\mathcal{M}(\Gamma, e_1, \beta \rightarrow \rho) = S_1 \quad \text{fresh } \beta \quad \mathcal{M}(S_1(\Gamma), e_2, S_1(\beta)) = S_2}{\mathcal{M}(\Gamma, e_1, e_2, \rho) = S_2 S_1}$$

$$\frac{\mathcal{M}(\Gamma, e_1, \beta) = S_1 \quad \text{fresh } \beta \quad \mathcal{M}(S_1(\Gamma) + x : \text{Gen}(\Gamma, S_1(\beta)), e_2, S_1(\rho)) = S_2}{\mathcal{M}(\Gamma, \text{let } x = e_1 \text{ in } e_2, \rho) = S_2 S_1}$$

$$\frac{\mathcal{M}(\Gamma + f : \rho, \lambda x. \, e, \rho) = S}{\mathcal{M}(\Gamma, \text{fix } f \, \lambda x. \, e, \rho) = S}$$

定理 41. 以下は同値

- $\mathcal{M}(\Gamma_0, e, \rho) = S$, $S(\Gamma_0) = \Gamma$, $S(\rho) = \tau$ を満たす S, Γ_0 , ρ が存在する.
- $\Gamma \vdash e : \tau$.

8.1.5 Alternative Type System

$$\begin{array}{c} \Gamma \vdash () : \mathbf{unit} \\ \frac{\Gamma(x) = \sigma}{\Gamma \vdash x : \sigma} \\ \frac{\Gamma + x : \tau_1 \vdash e : \tau_2}{\Gamma \vdash \lambda x. e : \tau_1 \rightarrow \tau_2} \\ \frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 : \tau_2 \rightarrow \tau \quad \Gamma \vdash e_2 : \tau_2}{\Gamma \vdash e_1 e_2 : \tau} \\ \frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 : \sigma_1 \quad \Gamma + x : \sigma_1 \vdash e_2 : \tau}{\Gamma \vdash \mathbf{let} \ x = e_1 \ \mathbf{in} \ e_2 : \tau} \\ \frac{\Gamma \vdash fix \ f \ \lambda x. e : \tau}{\Gamma \vdash fix \ f \ \lambda x. e : \tau} \\ \frac{\Gamma \vdash e : \tau \quad \vec{\alpha} \not\in \mathrm{ftv}(\tau)}{\Gamma \vdash e : \forall \vec{\alpha}. \tau} \\ \frac{\Gamma \vdash e : \forall \vec{\alpha}. \tau}{\Gamma \vdash e : [\vec{\alpha} \leftarrow \vec{\tau'}]\tau} \end{array}$$

8.2 HM(X): HM Type System with Constraint System

[OSW99]

8.2.1 制約システム

定義 42 (単純制約システム (simple constraint system)). 単純制約システムとは、以下の組 (Ω,⊩) のこと.

- 非空のアルファベット Ω.
- 関係 (\Vdash) $\subseteq \mathcal{P}(\Omega) \times \Omega$ で、以下を満たすもの.
 - 任意の $C \in \mathcal{P}(\Omega)$, $P \in C$ について, $C \Vdash P$.
 - 任意の $C,D \in \mathcal{P}(\Omega)$, $Q \in \Omega$ について, $(\forall P \in D.C \Vdash P)$ かつ $D \Vdash Q$ ならば $C \Vdash Q$.

この時, $C \in \mathcal{P}(\Omega)$ を制約 (constraint) と呼ぶ.また,(II-) $\subseteq (\mathcal{P}(\Omega))^2$ への拡張を, $C \Vdash D \iff \forall P \in D.C \Vdash P$ と定義する. $C \Vdash D$ かつ $D \Vdash C$ の時, $C \dashv D$ と表記する.さらに, $C \land D = C \cup D$ と表記する.

命題 43. 単純制約システム (Ω, \Vdash) は、以下を admissible にする.

証明.

$$C \Vdash C \iff \forall P \in C.C \Vdash P$$

$$C_1 \Vdash C_2 \land C_2 \Vdash C_3 \implies \forall Q \in C_3. C_1 \Vdash C_2 \land C_2 \Vdash Q$$

$$\implies \forall Q \in C_3. (\forall P \in C_2. C_1 \Vdash P) \land C_2 \Vdash Q$$

$$\implies \forall Q \in C_3. C_1 \Vdash Q \qquad (∵単純制約システムの公理)$$

$$\implies C_1 \Vdash C_3$$

$$\forall P \in C \land C'. C \in P \implies C \land C' \Vdash C$$

$$C \Vdash D \implies C \land C' \Vdash C \land C \Vdash D \implies C \land C' \Vdash D$$

より明らか.

定義 44 (Cylindric 制約システム (cylindric constraint system)). Cylindric 制約システムとは、以下の組 $(\Omega, \Vdash, \mathcal{A}, \exists)$ のこと.

- 単純制約システム (Ω, ⊩).
- 変数の無限集合 A.
- 関数の族 $\{\exists \alpha\}_{\alpha \in A} \in \prod_{\alpha \in A} \mathcal{P}(\Omega) \to \mathcal{P}(\Omega)$ で以下を満たすもの.
 - 任意の $C \in \mathcal{P}(\Omega)$, $\alpha \in \mathcal{A}$ について, $C \Vdash \exists \alpha. C$.
 - 任意の $C,D \in \mathcal{P}(\Omega)$, $\alpha \in \mathcal{A}$ について, $C \Vdash D$ ならば, $\exists \alpha. C \Vdash \exists \alpha. D$.
 - 任意の $C,D \in \mathcal{P}(\Omega)$, $\alpha \in \mathcal{A}$ について、 $\exists \alpha. (C \land \exists \alpha. C) \dashv \vdash (\exists \alpha. C) \land (\exists \alpha. D)$.
 - 任意の $C \in \mathcal{P}(\Omega)$, $\alpha, \beta \in \mathcal{A}$ について, $\exists \alpha. \exists \beta. C \dashv \vdash \exists \beta. \exists \alpha. C$.

ただし、∃α.C = (∃α)(C) である.

定義 45 (自由変数). Cylindric 制約システム $(\Omega, \Vdash, \mathcal{A}, \exists)$,制約 $C \in \mathcal{P}(\Omega)$ について,自由変数の集合を $fv(C) = \{\alpha \mid \exists \alpha. C \vdash FC\}$ とおく.

П

定義 46 (充足可能 (satisfiable)). Cylindric 制約システム $(\Omega, \Vdash, \mathcal{A}, \exists)$,制約 $C \in \mathcal{P}(\Omega)$ について, $\Vdash \exists fv(C)$. C の時,C は充足可能であるという.

補題 47. Cylindric 制約システム $(\Omega, \Vdash, \mathcal{A}, \exists)$, 制約 $C \in \mathcal{P}(\Omega)$ について, 以下は同値.

- C は充足可能.
- ∃α. C は充足可能.

定義 48 (項制約システム (term constraint system)). 項制約システムとは、

- 項代数 (Σ, X).
- 述語のランク付きアルファベット P.
- Cylindric 制約システム $(\Omega, \Vdash, X, \exists)$, ただし, $\Omega = \{p(\tau_1, ..., \tau_n) \mid p^{(n)} \in P, \tau_1, ..., \tau_n \in \llbracket(\Sigma, X)\rrbracket\}$.

の組 $(\Sigma, P, \Omega, \Vdash, X, \exists)$ で,以下を満たすもの.

- 任意の $\alpha \in X$ について, $\Vdash \alpha = \alpha$.
- 任意の $\alpha_1, \alpha_2 \in X$ について, $(\alpha_1 = \alpha_2) \Vdash (\alpha_2 = \alpha_1)$.
- 任意の $\alpha_1, \alpha_2, \alpha_3 \in X$ について、 $(\alpha_1 = \alpha_2) \land (\alpha_2 = \alpha_3) \Vdash (\alpha_1 = \alpha_3)$.
- 任意の $\alpha_1, \alpha_2 \in X$, $C \in \mathcal{P}(\Omega)$ について, $(\alpha_1 = \alpha_2) \land \exists \alpha_1 \cdot (C \land (\alpha_1 = \alpha_2)) \Vdash C$.
- 任意のコンテキスト $T[] \in \mathcal{C}(\mathcal{T}), \ \tau_1, \tau_2 \in [\![(\Sigma, X)]\!]$ について, $(\tau_1 = \tau_2) \Vdash (T[\tau_1] = T[\tau_2])$.
- 任意の $P \in \Omega$, $\tau \in \llbracket (\Sigma, X) \rrbracket$, $\alpha \in X$, $\alpha \notin f_{\mathcal{V}}(\tau)$ について, $P[\alpha \leftarrow \tau] \dashv \vdash \exists \alpha. (P \land (\alpha = \tau))$.

定義 49 (置換の拡張). $(P_1 \wedge \cdots \wedge P_n)[\vec{\alpha} \leftarrow \vec{\tau}] = P_1[\vec{\alpha} \leftarrow \vec{\tau}] \wedge \cdots \wedge P_n[\vec{\alpha} \leftarrow \vec{\tau}]$ と表記する.

補題 50 (改名 (renaming)). 項制約システム $(\Sigma, P, \Omega, \Vdash, X, \exists)$, $C \in \mathcal{P}(\Omega)$, $\alpha_1, \alpha_2 \in X$ について, α_2 が C に出現しない時, $\exists \alpha_1. C \dashv \vdash \exists \alpha_2. C[\alpha_1 \leftarrow \alpha_2]$.

補題 51 (正規形 (normal form)). 項制約システム $(\Sigma, P, \Omega, \Vdash, X, \exists)$, $C \in \mathcal{P}(\Omega)$ について,以下が成り立つ.

$$C[\alpha_1 \leftarrow \tau_1, \dots, \alpha_n \leftarrow \tau_n] \dashv \vdash \exists \alpha_1, \dots, \alpha_n. \ C \land (\alpha_1 = \tau_1) \land \dots \land (\alpha_n = \tau_n)$$

補題 52 (置換 (substitution)). 項制約システム $(\Sigma, P, \Omega, \Vdash, X, \exists), C, D \in \mathcal{P}(\Omega),$ 置換 ϕ について、以下が成り立つ.

$$C \Vdash D \implies \phi C \Vdash \phi D$$

8.2.2 型システム

定義 53 (包含 (subsumption)). 項制約システム ($\Sigma, P, \Omega, \Vdash, X, \exists$) について,包含付きであるとは, $\lesssim \in P^{(2)}$ で以下を満たすことを言う.

$$\begin{split} &(\alpha_1 = \alpha_2) \Vdash (\alpha_1 \precsim \alpha_2) \land (\alpha_2 \precsim \alpha_1) \\ &(\alpha_1 \precsim \alpha_2) \land (\alpha_2 \precsim \alpha_1) \Vdash (\alpha_1 = \alpha_2) \\ &\frac{D \Vdash (\alpha_1 \precsim \alpha_2) \quad D \Vdash (\alpha_2 \precsim \alpha_3)}{D \Vdash (\alpha_1 \precsim \alpha_3)} \\ &\frac{D \Vdash (\alpha_1 \precsim \alpha_2) \quad D \Vdash (\beta_1 \precsim \beta_2)}{D \Vdash (\alpha_1 \multimap \beta_1 \precsim \alpha_2 \multimap \beta_2)} \end{split}$$

П

定義 54 (型システム). 包含付き項制約システム $(\Sigma, P, \Omega, \Vdash, X, \exists)$ について,制約 $C \in \mathcal{P}(\Omega)$,環境 Γ ,式 e,型スキーム σ の型判定 $C, \Gamma \vdash e$: σ を以下のように定義する.

$$\frac{x:\sigma\in\Gamma}{C,\Gamma\vdash x:\sigma}$$

$$\frac{C,\Gamma\vdash e:\tau_1\quad C\Vdash\tau_1\precsim\tau_2}{C,\Gamma\vdash e:\tau_2}$$

$$\frac{C,\Gamma\vdash e:\tau_1\vdash e:\tau_2}{C,\Gamma\vdash \lambda x.e:\tau_1\to\tau_2}$$

$$\frac{C,\Gamma\vdash e_1:\tau_1\to\tau_2\quad C,\Gamma\vdash e_2:\tau_1}{C,\Gamma\vdash e_1e_2:\tau_2}$$

$$\frac{C,\Gamma\vdash e_1:\tau_1\to\tau_2\quad C,\Gamma\vdash e_2:\tau_1}{C,\Gamma\vdash e_1e_2:\tau_2}$$

$$\frac{C,\Gamma\vdash e_1:\sigma_1\quad C,\Gamma\vdash x:\sigma_1\vdash e_2:\tau_2}{C,\Gamma\vdash e_1:\sigma_1\quad C,\Gamma\vdash x:\sigma_1\vdash e_2:\tau_2}$$

$$\frac{C,\Gamma\vdash e_1:\sigma_1\quad C,\Gamma\vdash x:\sigma_1\vdash e_2:\tau_2}{C,\Gamma\vdash e:\tau\quad \vec{\alpha}\notin fv(C)\cup fv(\Gamma)}$$

$$\frac{C}{C}\land \exists \vec{\alpha}.D,\Gamma\vdash e:\forall \vec{\alpha}.D\Rightarrow \tau$$

$$\frac{C,\Gamma\vdash e:\forall \vec{\alpha}.D\Rightarrow \tau'\quad C\Vdash D[\vec{\alpha}\leftarrow\vec{\tau}]}{C,\Gamma\vdash e:\tau'[\vec{\alpha}\leftarrow\vec{\tau}]}$$

8.2.3 推論アルゴリズム

定義 55. 変数の集合 U, 置換 ϕ , $x \in U$ について, $\phi|_U$ を以下のようにおく.

$$\phi|_{U}(x) = \begin{cases} \sigma & (x : \sigma \in \phi) \\ x & (\text{otherwise}) \end{cases}$$

また,

$$\begin{split} & \Vdash \psi =_U \phi \ \stackrel{\mathrm{def}}{\Longleftrightarrow} \ \forall x \in U. \Vdash \psi|_U(x) = \phi|_U(x) \\ & \Vdash \psi \leq_U^\chi \phi \ \stackrel{\mathrm{def}}{\Longleftrightarrow} \ \Vdash \chi \circ \psi =_U \phi \\ & \Vdash \psi \leq_U \phi \ \stackrel{\mathrm{def}}{\Longleftrightarrow} \ \exists \chi. \Vdash \psi \leq_U^\chi \phi \end{split}$$

と表記する.

定義 56 (正規形). 項制約システム $(\Sigma, P, \Omega, \Vdash, X, \exists)$,制約 $C, D \in \mathcal{P}(\Omega)$,置換 ϕ, ψ について, (C, ψ) が (D, ϕ) の正規形とは, $\phi \leq \psi$, $C \Vdash \psi D$, $\psi C = C$ を満たすことを言う.

定義 57 (制約付き Algorithm W). 項制約システム $(\Sigma, P, \Omega, \Vdash, X, \exists)$ について,norm を制約 $C \in \mathcal{P}(\Omega)$,置換 ψ において $norm(C, \psi) = (D, \phi)$ が (C, ψ) の正規形になる関数とする.また,gen を制約 $C \in \mathcal{P}(\Omega)$,環境 Γ ,型スキーム σ ,変数 列 $\vec{\alpha} = (fv(\sigma) \cup fv(C)) \setminus fv(\Gamma)$, $C \dashv \vdash C' \land D$, $fv(D) \land \vec{\alpha} = \emptyset$ を満たす制約 $C', D \in \mathcal{P}(\Omega)$ について,

$$gen(C, \Gamma, \sigma) = (D \land \exists \vec{\alpha}. C', \forall \vec{\alpha}. C' \Rightarrow \sigma)$$

を満たす関数とする. この時, 置換 ψ , $C \in \mathcal{P}(\Omega)$, 環境 Γ , 式 e, 型スキーム σ について, 判定 ψ , C, $\Gamma \vdash^W e$: σ を以下 のように定義する.

$$\begin{split} \underline{x: \forall \vec{\alpha}. \, D \Rightarrow \tau \in \Gamma \quad \text{fresh } \vec{\beta} \quad norm(D, [\vec{\alpha} \leftarrow \vec{\beta}]) = (C, \psi)} \\ \psi|_{f \nu(\Gamma)}, C, \Gamma \vdash^W x: \psi \tau \\ \underline{\psi, C, \Gamma + x: \alpha \vdash^W e: \tau \quad \text{fresh } \alpha} \\ \underline{\psi|_{\{\alpha\}}, C, \Gamma \vdash^W \lambda x. \, e: \psi(\alpha) \rightarrow \tau} \\ \underline{\psi_{\{\alpha\}}, C, \Gamma \vdash^W k}_{f \nu} \underbrace{\psi(\alpha)}_{f \nu} + \underbrace{\psi(\alpha)}_{$$

$$\frac{\psi_{1}, C_{1}, \Gamma \vdash^{W} e_{1} : \tau_{1} \quad (C_{2}, \sigma) = gen(C_{1}, \psi_{1}\Gamma, \tau_{1}) \quad \psi_{2}, C_{3}, \Gamma + x : \sigma \vdash^{W} e_{2} : \tau_{2} \quad norm(C_{2} \land C_{3}, \psi_{1} \sqcup \psi_{2}) = (C, \psi)}{\psi|_{f_{2}(\Gamma)}, C, \Gamma \vdash^{W} \mathbf{let} \ x = e_{1} \ \mathbf{in} \ e_{2} : \psi\tau_{2}}$$

8.2.4 自由構成

構文:

$$\begin{array}{lll} T & := & \rightarrow \mid \cdots \\ D & := & \simeq \mid \lesssim \mid \cdots \\ Q & := & \varepsilon \\ & \mid & Q_1 \land Q_2 \\ & \mid & D\vec{\tau} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ll} C & := & Q \\ \tau & := & \alpha \\ & \mid & T\vec{\tau} \end{array}$$

$$\sigma & := & \forall \vec{\alpha}. \ Q \Rightarrow \tau$$

$$e & := & x \\ & \mid & \lambda x. \ e \\ & \mid & e_1 \ e_2 \\ & \mid & \mathbf{let} \ x = e_1 \ \mathbf{in} \ e_2 \end{array}$$

制約推論:

$$\begin{split} \frac{(D\vec{\tau}) \in C_1}{(D\vec{\tau}) \in (D\vec{\tau})} & \frac{(D\vec{\tau}) \in C_1}{(D\vec{\tau}) \in C_1 \land C_2} & \frac{(D\vec{\tau}) \in C_2}{(D\vec{\tau}) \in C_1 \land C_2} \\ & \frac{(D\vec{\tau}) \in C}{C \Vdash D\vec{\tau}} & \frac{C \Vdash Q_1 \quad C \Vdash Q_2}{C \Vdash Q_1 \land Q_2} \\ & \frac{C \Vdash \tau_2 \simeq \tau_1}{C \Vdash \tau_1 \simeq \tau_2} & \frac{C \Vdash \tau_1 \simeq \tau_2 \quad C \Vdash \tau_2 \simeq \tau_3}{C \Vdash \tau_1 \simeq \tau_3} \\ & \frac{C \Vdash \tau_1 \simeq \tau_2}{C \Vdash \tau_1 \simeq \tau_2} & \frac{C \Vdash T\vec{\tau}_1 \simeq T\vec{\tau}_2}{C \Vdash \tau_1 \simeq \tau_2} \\ & \frac{C \Vdash \tau_1 \simeq \tau_2}{C \Vdash T\vec{\tau}_1 \simeq T\vec{\tau}_2} & \frac{C \Vdash T\vec{\tau}_1 \simeq T\vec{\tau}_2}{C \Vdash \tau_1 \simeq \tau_2} \\ & \frac{C \Vdash D\vec{\tau}_1}{C \Vdash D\vec{\tau}_2} & \frac{C \Vdash T\vec{\tau}_1 \simeq T\vec{\tau}_2}{C \Vdash \tau_1 \simeq \tau_2} \end{split}$$

制約解決:

$$C \vdash \text{flat}(Q_1) \to^* W_2 \neq \\ \theta_2 = \left[\alpha_2 \leftarrow \theta_2 \tau_2 \mid (\alpha_2 \simeq \tau_2) \in W_2\right] \quad Q_2 = \bigwedge \{D\vec{\tau} \mid (D\vec{\tau}) \in W_2\} \\ \vec{\alpha_3} = ftv(Q_2) \quad \theta_3 = \left[\vec{\alpha_3} \leftarrow \vec{\tau_3}\right] \quad C \Vdash \theta_3 \theta_2 Q_2$$

$$\text{solv}(C, Q_1) = \theta_3 \theta_2$$

$$\overline{\text{flat}(\varepsilon) = \varnothing}$$

$$\underline{\text{flat}(Q_1) = W_1 \quad \text{flat}(Q_2) = W_2}$$

$$\underline{\text{flat}(Q_1 \land Q_2) = W_1 \cup W_2}$$

$$\overline{\text{flat}(D\vec{\tau}) = \{D\vec{\tau}\}}$$

$$\frac{\alpha \leq \beta(\text{lexicographically})}{\alpha < \beta}$$
$$\frac{\alpha < \beta}{\alpha < T\vec{\tau}}$$

$$\frac{\alpha \prec \tau \quad \alpha \not\in ftv(\tau)}{\alpha \sim \tau}$$

$$\begin{split} \frac{Q = (\tau \simeq \tau) \in W}{C \vdash W \to W \backslash \{Q\}} \\ \frac{Q = (T\vec{\tau}_1 \simeq T\vec{\tau}_2) \in W}{C \vdash W \to (W \backslash \{Q\}) \cup \vec{\tau}_1 \simeq \vec{\tau}_2} \\ \frac{(T\vec{\tau}_1 \simeq S\vec{\tau}_2) \in W \quad T \neq S}{C \vdash W \to \bot} \\ \frac{(\beta \simeq \tau) \in W \quad \beta \in ftv(\tau)}{C \vdash W \to \bot} \\ \frac{Q = (\tau_1 \simeq \tau_2) \in W \quad \tau_2 \prec \tau_1}{C \vdash W \to (W \backslash \{Q\}) \cup \{\tau_2 \simeq \tau_1\}} \\ \frac{\{\beta \simeq \tau_1, \beta \simeq \tau_2\} \subseteq W \quad \tau_1 \neq \tau_2 \quad \beta \sim \tau_1 \quad \beta \sim \tau_2}{C \vdash W \to (W \backslash \{\beta \simeq \tau_2\}) \cup \{\tau_1 \simeq \tau_2\}} \\ \frac{\{\beta_1 \simeq \tau_1, \beta_2 \simeq \tau_2\} \subseteq W \quad \beta_1 \in ftv(\tau_2) \quad \beta_1 \sim \tau_1 \quad \beta_2 \sim \tau_2}{C \vdash W \to (W \backslash \{\beta_2 \simeq \tau_2\}) \cup \{\beta_2 \simeq \tau_2[\beta_1 \leftarrow \tau_1]\}} \\ \frac{\{\beta_1 \simeq \tau_1, D\vec{\tau}_2\} \subseteq W \quad \beta_1 \in ftv(\vec{\tau}_2) \quad \beta_1 \sim \tau_1}{C \vdash W \to (W \backslash \{D\vec{\tau}_2\}) \cup \{(D\vec{\tau}_2)[\beta_1 \leftarrow \tau_1]\}} \\ \frac{Q = D\vec{\tau} \in W \quad D\vec{\tau} \in C}{C \vdash W \to W \backslash \{Q\}} \end{split}$$

補題 58. $C \vdash \text{flat}(Q_1) \rightarrow^* W_1 \not \to \text{の時}, W_3 = \{\tau_1 \simeq \tau_2 \mid \tau_1 \simeq \tau_2 \mid W_2\}, W_4 = W_3 \setminus W_4$ とすると、以下が成り立つ:

- $\tau_1 \simeq \tau_2 \in W_3$ について, $\tau_1 = \alpha$.
- $\alpha_1 \simeq \tau_2 \in W_3$ \mathbb{C} \mathcal{C} \mathcal{C} , $\alpha_1 \notin ftv(\tau_2)$.
- $\alpha_1 \simeq \tau_2 \in W_3$ について, $\tau_2 = \alpha_2$ ならば, $\alpha_1 \leq \alpha_2$.
- $\alpha \simeq \tau_1, \alpha \simeq \tau_2 \in W_3$ $\text{KOVT}, \ \tau_1 = \tau_2.$
- $Q \in W_2$, $\alpha \in ftv(Q)$ について, $\alpha \simeq \tau \in W_3$ となる τ は存在しない.
- $D\vec{\tau} \in W_4$ について, $D\vec{\tau} \notin C$.

8.3 OutsideIn(X): Modular Type Inference with Local Assumptions

[VJSS11]

8.3.1 Syntax

x,y,z,f,g,h 変数 α,β,γ 型変数 K コンストラクタ T 型コンストラクタ D 制約コンストラクタ F 型関数

$$P :== \epsilon$$

$$\mid f = e, P$$

$$\mid f : \sigma = e, P$$

$$v :== x \mid K$$

$$e :== v$$

$$\mid \lambda x. e$$

$$\mid e_1 e_2$$

$$\mid \mathbf{case}(e, K\vec{x} \mapsto e)$$

$$\mid \mathbf{let}(x : \sigma = e_1, e_2)$$

$$\sigma :== \forall \vec{\alpha}. Q \Rightarrow \tau$$

$$P :== \tau_1 \simeq \tau_2$$

$$\mid D\vec{\tau}$$

$$Q :== \epsilon$$

$$\mid Q_1 \land Q_2$$

$$\mid P$$

$$\mathcal{T} :== \alpha$$

$$\mid \tau_1 \to \tau_2$$

$$\mid T\vec{\tau}$$

$$\mid F\vec{\tau}$$

$$\Gamma :== \epsilon$$

$$\mid v : \sigma, \Gamma$$

$$Q :== Q$$

$$\mid Q \land Q$$

$$\mid \forall \vec{\alpha}. Q \Rightarrow Q$$

$$\mid \forall \vec{\alpha}. F\vec{\tau}_1 \simeq \tau_2$$

8.3.2 Entailment

Concrete:

$$\begin{split} \frac{\mathcal{Q} \Vdash Q_1 \quad \mathcal{Q} \Vdash Q_2}{\mathcal{Q} \Vdash Q_1 \land Q_2} \\ \frac{\mathcal{Q} \Vdash \tau_2 \simeq \tau_1}{\mathcal{Q} \Vdash \tau_1 \simeq \tau_2} \quad \frac{\mathcal{Q} \Vdash \tau_1 \simeq \tau_2 \quad \mathcal{Q} \Vdash \tau_2 \simeq \tau_3}{\mathcal{Q} \Vdash \tau_1 \simeq \tau_3} \\ \frac{\mathcal{Q} \Vdash T\vec{\tau}_1 \simeq T\vec{\tau}_2}{\mathcal{Q} \Vdash \bigwedge \tau_1 \simeq \vec{\tau}_2} \quad \frac{\mathcal{Q} \Vdash \bigwedge \tau_1 \simeq \vec{\tau}_2}{\mathcal{Q} \vdash \bigwedge \tau_1 \simeq \vec{\tau}_2} \quad \frac{\mathcal{Q} \vdash \bigwedge \tau_1 \simeq \vec{\tau}_2}{\mathcal{Q} \vdash \bigwedge \tau_1 \simeq \vec{\tau}_2} \\ \frac{\mathcal{Q} \vdash \bigwedge \tau_1 \simeq T\vec{\tau}_2}{\mathcal{Q} \vdash \bigwedge \tau_1 \simeq \vec{\tau}_2} \quad \frac{\mathcal{Q} \vdash \bigwedge \tau_1 \simeq \vec{\tau}_2}{\mathcal{Q} \vdash \bigwedge \tau_1 \simeq \vec{\tau}_2} \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} (\forall \vec{\alpha}. \ Q_1 \Rightarrow Q_2) \in \mathcal{Q} \quad \mathcal{Q} & \Vdash Q_1[\overrightarrow{\alpha \leftarrow \tau}] \\ \mathcal{Q} & \Vdash Q_2[\overrightarrow{\alpha \leftarrow \tau}] \\ \mathcal{Q} & \Vdash D\vec{\tau_1} \quad \mathcal{Q} & \Vdash \bigwedge \tau_1 \simeq \vec{\tau_2} \\ \mathcal{Q} & \Vdash D\vec{\tau_2} \end{split}$$

• projection って必要ないん?

Requirements:

$$\begin{split} \frac{Q \land Q \Vdash Q}{Q \land Q \Vdash Q} & \frac{\mathcal{Q} \land Q_1 \Vdash Q_2}{Q \land Q_1 \Vdash Q_3} & \frac{\mathcal{Q} \Vdash Q}{\mathcal{Q} \Vdash Q \lceil \alpha \leftarrow \tau \rceil} \\ \frac{Q \Vdash \tau_2 \simeq \tau_1}{\mathcal{Q} \Vdash \tau_1 \simeq \tau_2} & \frac{\mathcal{Q} \Vdash \tau_1 \simeq \tau_2}{\mathcal{Q} \Vdash \tau_1 \simeq \tau_3} & \frac{\mathcal{Q} \Vdash \tau_1 \simeq \tau_3}{\mathcal{Q} \Vdash \tau_1 \simeq \tau_3} \\ & \frac{\mathcal{Q} \Vdash Q_1}{\mathcal{Q} \Vdash Q_1 \land Q_2} \\ & \frac{\mathcal{Q} \Vdash \tau_1 \simeq \tau_2}{\mathcal{Q} \Vdash \tau_1 \simeq \tau_2} & \frac{\mathcal{Q} \vdash \tau_2 \simeq \tau_3}{\mathcal{Q} \vdash \tau_2 \simeq \tau_3} \end{split}$$

8.3.3 Type System

$$\frac{(\nu: \forall \vec{\alpha}. \, Q_1 \Rightarrow \tau_1) \in \Gamma \quad Q \Vdash Q_1[\overrightarrow{\alpha \leftarrow \tau_2}]}{Q; \Gamma \vdash \nu: \tau_1[\overrightarrow{\alpha \leftarrow \tau_2}]}$$

$$\frac{Q; \Gamma \vdash e: \tau_1 \quad Q \Vdash \tau_1 \simeq \tau_2}{Q; \Gamma \vdash e: \tau_2}$$

$$\frac{Q; \Gamma, x: \tau_1 \vdash e: \tau_2}{Q; \Gamma \vdash \lambda x. e: \tau_1 \rightarrow \tau_2}$$

$$\frac{Q; \Gamma \vdash e_1: \tau_1 \rightarrow \tau_2 \quad Q; \Gamma \vdash e_2: \tau_1}{Q; \Gamma \vdash e_1 e_2: \tau_2}$$

$$\frac{Q; \Gamma \vdash e_1: \tau_1 \rightarrow \tau_2 \quad Q; \Gamma \vdash e_2: \tau_1}{Q; \Gamma \vdash e_1 e_2: \tau_2}$$

$$\frac{Q; \Gamma \vdash e_1: \tau_1 \quad Q; \Gamma, x: \tau_1 \vdash e_2: \tau_2}{Q; \Gamma \vdash \mathbf{let}(x = e_1, e_2): \tau_2}$$

$$\frac{Q \land Q_1; \Gamma \vdash e_1: \tau_1 \quad \vec{\alpha} \land (ftv(Q) \cup ftv(\Gamma)) = \emptyset \quad Q; \Gamma, x: \forall \vec{\alpha}. \, Q_1 \Rightarrow \tau_1 \vdash e_2: \tau_2}{Q; \Gamma \vdash \mathbf{let}(x: \forall \vec{\alpha}. \, Q_1 \Rightarrow \tau_1 = e_1, e_2): \tau_2}$$

$$\frac{Q; \Gamma \vdash \mathbf{let}(x: \forall \vec{\alpha}. \, Q_1 \Rightarrow \tau_1 = e_1, e_2): \tau_2}{Q; \Gamma \vdash \mathbf{let}(x: \forall \vec{\alpha}. \, Q_1 \Rightarrow \vec{\tau}_1 \rightarrow \vec{\tau}_1) \in \Gamma}$$

$$\frac{\beta \land (ftv(Q) \cup ftv(\Gamma) \cup ftv(\vec{\tau}_1) \cup ftv(\tau_2)) = \emptyset}{A_i Q \land Q_i[\vec{\alpha_i} \leftarrow \vec{\tau}]; \Gamma, \vec{x_i}: v_i[\vec{\alpha_i} \leftarrow \vec{\tau}] \vdash e_i: \tau_2}$$

$$\frac{Q; \Gamma \vdash \mathbf{case}(e, \vec{K_i} \vec{\lambda_i} \mapsto e_i): \tau_2}{Q; \Gamma \vdash \mathbf{case}(e, \vec{K_i} \vec{\lambda_i} \mapsto e_i): \tau_2}$$

$$\frac{(\mathit{ftv}(\Gamma) \cup \mathit{ftv}(\mathcal{Q})) = \varnothing}{\mathcal{Q}; \Gamma \vdash \epsilon}$$

$$\frac{\mathcal{Q} \land Q_1 \Vdash Q_2 \quad Q_2; \Gamma \vdash e : \tau \quad \vec{\alpha} = \mathit{ftv}(Q_1) \cup \mathit{ftv}(\tau) \quad \mathcal{Q}; \Gamma, (f : \forall \vec{\alpha}. \ Q_1 \Rightarrow \tau) \vdash P}{\mathcal{Q}; \Gamma \vdash f = e, P}$$

$$\frac{\mathcal{Q} \land Q_1 \Vdash Q_2 \quad Q_2; \Gamma \vdash e : \tau \quad \vec{\alpha} = \mathit{ftv}(Q_1) \cup \mathit{ftv}(\tau) \quad \mathcal{Q}; \Gamma, (f : \forall \vec{\alpha}. \ Q_1 \Rightarrow \tau) \vdash P}{\mathcal{Q}; \Gamma \vdash f : \forall \vec{\alpha}. \ Q_1 \Rightarrow \tau = e, P}$$

8.3.4 Type Inference

$$C ::= Q$$

$$| C_1 \wedge C_2$$

$$| \exists \vec{\alpha}. (Q \supset C)$$

$$\frac{\operatorname{fresh} \vec{\beta} \quad (\nu : \forall \vec{\alpha}. Q \Rightarrow \tau) \in \Gamma}{\Gamma \rhd \nu \rightsquigarrow Q[\vec{\alpha} \leftarrow \vec{\beta}] \Rightarrow \tau[\vec{\alpha} \leftarrow \vec{\beta}]}$$

$$\frac{\operatorname{fresh} \beta \quad \Gamma, x : \beta \rhd e \rightsquigarrow C \Rightarrow \tau}{\Gamma \rhd \lambda x. e \rightsquigarrow C \Rightarrow \beta \to \tau}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \rhd e_1 \rightsquigarrow C_1 \Rightarrow \tau_1 \quad \Gamma \rhd e_2 \rightsquigarrow C_2 \Rightarrow \tau_2 \quad \operatorname{fresh} \beta}{\Gamma \rhd e_1 e_2 \rightsquigarrow C_1 \wedge C_2 \wedge (\tau_1 \simeq (\tau_2 \to \beta)) \Rightarrow \beta}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \rhd e_1 \rightsquigarrow C_1 \Rightarrow \tau_1 \quad \Gamma, x : \tau_1 \rhd e_2 \rightsquigarrow C_2 \Rightarrow \tau_2}{\Gamma \rhd \operatorname{let}(x = e_1, e_2) \rightsquigarrow C_1 \wedge C_2 \Rightarrow \tau_2}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \rhd e_1 \rightsquigarrow C_1' \Rightarrow \tau_1'}{\Gamma \Rightarrow \operatorname{let}(x = e_1, e_2) \rightsquigarrow C_1 \wedge C_2 \Rightarrow \tau_2}$$

$$\Gamma \rhd e_1 \rightsquigarrow C_1' \Rightarrow \tau_1'$$

$$\beta_1 = (\operatorname{ftv}(\tau_1') \cup \operatorname{ftv}(C_1')) \setminus \operatorname{ftv}(\Gamma)$$

$$\Gamma, x : \forall \vec{\alpha_1}. Q_1 \Rightarrow \tau_1 \rhd e_2 \rightsquigarrow C_2 \Rightarrow \tau_2}$$

$$\Gamma \rhd \operatorname{let}(x : \forall \vec{\alpha_1}. Q_1 \Rightarrow \tau_1 \rhd e_2 \rightsquigarrow C_2 \Rightarrow \tau_2}$$

$$\Gamma \rhd \operatorname{let}(x : \forall \vec{\alpha_1}. Q_1 \Rightarrow \tau_1 \rhd e_2 \rightsquigarrow C_3 \Rightarrow \tau_2}$$

$$\Gamma \rhd \operatorname{let}(x : \forall \vec{\alpha_1}. Q_1 \Rightarrow \tau_1 \rhd e_2 \Rightarrow C_2 \Rightarrow \tau_2}$$

$$\Gamma \rhd \operatorname{let}(x : \forall \vec{\alpha_1}. Q_1 \Rightarrow \tau_1 \rhd e_2 \Rightarrow C_3 \Rightarrow \tau_2}$$

$$\Gamma \rhd \operatorname{let}(x : \forall \vec{\alpha_1}. Q_1 \Rightarrow \tau_1 \rhd e_2 \Rightarrow C_3 \Rightarrow \tau_2}$$

$$\Gamma \rhd \operatorname{let}(x : \forall \vec{\alpha_1}. Q_1 \Rightarrow \tau_1 \rhd e_2 \Rightarrow C_3 \Rightarrow \tau_2}$$

$$\Gamma \rhd \operatorname{let}(x : \forall \vec{\alpha_1}. Q_1 \Rightarrow \tau_1 \rhd e_2 \Rightarrow C_3 \Rightarrow \tau_2}$$

$$\Gamma \rhd \operatorname{let}(x : \forall \vec{\alpha_1}. Q_1 \Rightarrow \tau_1 \rhd e_2 \Rightarrow C_3 \Rightarrow \tau_2}$$

$$\Gamma \rhd \operatorname{let}(x : \forall \vec{\alpha_1}. Q_1 \Rightarrow \tau_1 \rhd e_2 \Rightarrow C_3 \Rightarrow \tau_2}$$

$$\Gamma \rhd \operatorname{let}(x : \forall \vec{\alpha_1}. Q_1 \Rightarrow \tau_1 \rhd e_2 \Rightarrow C_3 \Rightarrow \tau_2}$$

$$\Gamma \rhd \operatorname{let}(x : \forall \vec{\alpha_1}. Q_1 \Rightarrow \tau_1 \rhd e_2 \Rightarrow C_3 \Rightarrow \tau_2}$$

$$\Gamma \rhd \operatorname{let}(x : \forall \vec{\alpha_1}. Q_1 \Rightarrow \tau_1 \rhd e_2 \Rightarrow C_3 \Rightarrow \tau_2}$$

$$\Gamma \rhd \operatorname{let}(x : \forall \vec{\alpha_1}. Q_1 \Rightarrow \tau_1 \rhd e_2 \Rightarrow C_3 \Rightarrow \tau_2}$$

$$\Gamma \rhd \operatorname{let}(x : \forall \vec{\alpha_1}. Q_1 \Rightarrow \tau_1 \rhd e_2 \Rightarrow C_3 \Rightarrow \tau_2}$$

$$\Gamma \rhd \operatorname{let}(x : \forall \vec{\alpha_1}. Q_1 \Rightarrow \tau_1 \rhd e_2 \Rightarrow C_3 \Rightarrow \tau_2}$$

$$\Gamma \rhd \operatorname{let}(x : \forall \vec{\alpha_1}. Q_1 \Rightarrow \tau_1 \rhd e_2 \Rightarrow C_3 \Rightarrow \tau_2}$$

$$\Gamma \rhd \operatorname{let}(x : \forall \vec{\alpha_1}. Q_1 \Rightarrow \tau_1 \rhd e_2 \Rightarrow C_3 \Rightarrow \tau_2}$$

$$\Gamma \rhd \operatorname{let}(x : \forall \vec{\alpha_1}. Q_1 \Rightarrow \tau_1 \rhd e_1 \Rightarrow \tau_1 \Rightarrow \tau_1 \Rightarrow \tau_1 \Rightarrow \tau_1 \Rightarrow \tau_1 \Rightarrow \tau_1 \Rightarrow \tau_2 $

制約解決 $Q; Q; \vec{\alpha} \vdash C_1 \stackrel{\text{solv}}{\leadsto} Q_2 \mid \theta$ については,後述する.

$$\overline{Q; \Gamma \rhd \epsilon \rightsquigarrow \Gamma}$$

$$\Gamma \rhd e \rightsquigarrow C \Rightarrow \tau$$

$$Q; \epsilon; \operatorname{ftv}(\tau) \cup \operatorname{ftv}(C) \vdash C \stackrel{solv}{\leadsto} Q \mid \theta$$

$$\overrightarrow{\alpha} = \operatorname{ftv}(\theta\tau) \cup \operatorname{ftv}(Q)$$

$$\operatorname{fresh} \overrightarrow{\beta}$$

$$\underline{Q; \Gamma, f : \forall \overrightarrow{\beta}. (Q \Rightarrow \theta\tau)[\overrightarrow{\alpha} \leftarrow \overrightarrow{\beta}] \rhd P \rightsquigarrow \Gamma}$$

$$Q; \Gamma \rhd f = e, P \rightsquigarrow \Gamma$$

$$\Gamma \rhd e \rightsquigarrow C' \Rightarrow \tau'$$

$$Q; Q; \operatorname{ftv}(\tau') \cup \operatorname{ftv}(C') \vdash C' \land (\tau \simeq \tau') \stackrel{solv}{\leadsto} \epsilon \mid \theta$$

$$\underline{Q; \Gamma, f : \forall \overrightarrow{\alpha}. Q \Rightarrow \tau \rhd P \rightsquigarrow \Gamma}$$

$$Q; \Gamma \rhd f : \forall \overrightarrow{\alpha}. Q \Rightarrow \tau = e, P \rightsquigarrow \Gamma$$

8.3.5 Constraint Solving

$$\overline{\operatorname{split}(Q) = \langle Q, \emptyset \rangle}$$

$$\underline{\operatorname{split}(C_1) = \langle Q_1, I_1 \rangle \quad \operatorname{split}(C_2) = \langle Q_2, I_2 \rangle}$$

$$\underline{\operatorname{split}(C_1 \land C_2) = \langle Q_1 \land Q_2, I_1 \cup I_2 \rangle}$$

$$\operatorname{split}(\exists \vec{\alpha}. \ Q \supset C) = \langle \epsilon, \{\exists \vec{\alpha}. \ Q \supset C\} \rangle$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \operatorname{split}(C_1) = \langle Q_1, I_1 \rangle \\ & \mathcal{Q}; Q; \vec{\alpha} \vdash Q_1 \overset{\operatorname{simpl}}{\leadsto} Q_2 \mid \theta \\ & \bigwedge_{(\exists \vec{\alpha'}. Q' \supset C') \in \theta I_1} \mathcal{Q}; Q \land Q_2 \land Q'; \vec{\alpha'} \vdash C' \overset{\operatorname{solv}}{\leadsto} \varepsilon \mid \theta' \\ & \mathcal{Q}; Q; \vec{\alpha} \vdash C_1 \overset{\operatorname{solv}}{\leadsto} Q_2 \mid \theta \end{aligned}$$

Simplification:

$$\begin{array}{c} \operatorname{canon_g}(P_1) = \langle \overrightarrow{\alpha_2}, \theta_2, W_2 \rangle & \operatorname{dom}(\theta_1) \cap \operatorname{dom}(\theta_2) = \varnothing \\ \hline Q \vdash \langle \overrightarrow{\alpha_1}, \theta_1, W_g \uplus \{P_1\}, W_w \rangle \rightarrow \langle \overrightarrow{\alpha_1} \overrightarrow{\alpha_2}, \theta_1 \cup \theta_2, W_g \cup W_2, W_w \rangle \\ \hline canon_w(P_1) = \langle \overrightarrow{\alpha_2}, \theta_2, W_2 \rangle & \operatorname{dom}(\theta_1) \cap \operatorname{dom}(\theta_2) = \varnothing \\ \hline Q \vdash \langle \overrightarrow{\alpha_1}, \theta_1, W_g, W_w \uplus \{P_1\} \rangle \rightarrow \langle \overrightarrow{\alpha_1} \overrightarrow{\alpha_2}, \theta_1 \cup \theta_2, W_g, W_w \cup W_2 \rangle \\ \hline interact_g(P_1, P_2) = W_3 \\ \hline Q \vdash \langle \overrightarrow{\alpha}, \theta, W_g \uplus \{P_1, P_2\}, W_w \rangle \rightarrow \langle \overrightarrow{\alpha}, \theta, W_g \cup W_3, W_w \rangle \\ \hline interact_w(P_1, P_2) = W_3 \\ \hline Q \vdash \langle \overrightarrow{\alpha}, \theta, W_g, W_w \uplus \{P_1, P_2\} \rangle \rightarrow \langle \overrightarrow{\alpha}, \theta, W_g, W_w \cup W_3 \rangle \\ \hline simplify(P, P_1) = W_2 \\ \hline Q \vdash \langle \overrightarrow{\alpha}, \theta, W_g \uplus \{P_1, W_w \uplus \{P_1\} \rangle \rightarrow \langle \overrightarrow{\alpha}, \theta, W_g \uplus \{P_1, W_w \cup W_2 \rangle \\ \hline copreact_g(Q, P_1) = \langle \varepsilon, W_2 \rangle \\ \hline Q \vdash \langle \overrightarrow{\alpha}, \theta, W_g \uplus \{P_1\}, W_w \rangle \rightarrow \langle \overrightarrow{\alpha}, \theta, W_g \cup W_2, W_w \rangle \\ \hline copreact_w(Q, P_1) = \langle \overrightarrow{\alpha_2}, W_2 \rangle \\ \hline Q \vdash \langle \overrightarrow{\alpha_1}, \theta, W_g, W_w \uplus \{P_1\} \rangle \rightarrow \langle \overrightarrow{\alpha_1} \overrightarrow{\alpha_2}, \theta, W_g, W_w \cup W_2 \rangle \\ \hline Q \vdash \langle \overrightarrow{\alpha_1}, \theta, W_g, W_w \uplus \{P_1\} \rangle \rightarrow \langle \overrightarrow{\alpha_1} \overrightarrow{\alpha_2}, \theta, W_g, W_w \cup W_2 \rangle \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\frac{\beta_{1} \in \vec{\alpha} \quad \beta_{1} \notin \operatorname{ftv}(\tau_{2})}{\operatorname{extract}(\beta_{1} \simeq \tau_{2}, \vec{\alpha}) = \langle \varepsilon, \{\beta_{1} \mapsto \tau_{2}\} \rangle}$$

$$\frac{\beta_{2} \in \vec{\alpha} \quad \beta_{2} \notin \operatorname{ftv}(\tau_{1})}{\operatorname{extract}(\tau_{1} \simeq \beta_{2}, \vec{\alpha}) = \langle \varepsilon, \{\beta_{2} \mapsto \tau_{1}\} \rangle}$$

$$\frac{(\tau_{1} \notin \vec{\alpha} \vee \tau_{1} \in \operatorname{ftv}(\tau_{2})) \quad (\tau_{2} \notin \vec{\alpha} \vee \tau_{2} \in \operatorname{ftv}(\tau_{1}))}{\operatorname{extract}(\tau_{1} \simeq \tau_{2}, \vec{\alpha}) = \langle \tau_{1} \simeq \tau_{2}, \emptyset \rangle}$$

$$\frac{(\tau_{1} \notin \vec{\alpha} \vee \tau_{1} \in \operatorname{ftv}(\tau_{2})) \quad (\tau_{2} \notin \vec{\alpha} \vee \tau_{2} \in \operatorname{ftv}(\tau_{1}))}{\operatorname{extract}(\tau_{1} \simeq \tau_{2}, \vec{\alpha}) = \langle \tau_{1} \simeq \tau_{2}, \emptyset \rangle}$$

$$\overline{\text{flat}(\epsilon) = \varnothing}$$

$$\frac{\text{flat}(Q_1) = W_1 \quad \text{flat}(Q_2) = W_2}{\text{flat}(Q_1 \land Q_2) = W_1 \cup W_2}$$

$$\overline{\text{flat}(\tau_1 \simeq \tau_2) = \{\tau_1 \simeq \tau_2\}}$$

$$\overline{\text{flat}(D\vec{\tau}) = \{D\vec{\tau}\}}$$

$$\mathcal{Q} \vdash \langle \vec{\alpha}, \emptyset, \operatorname{flat}(Q), \operatorname{flat}(Q_1) \rangle \to^* \langle \vec{\alpha'}, \theta', W', W_2' \rangle \not\to W_2 = \bigcup \{ W \mid P_2' \in W_2', \operatorname{extract}(\theta' P_2', \vec{\alpha'}) = \langle W, R \rangle \}$$

$$R_2 = \bigcup \{ R \mid P_2' \in W_2', \operatorname{extract}(\theta' P_2', \vec{\alpha'}) = \langle W, R \rangle \}$$

$$\theta = \{ \beta \mapsto \tau \mid \beta \in \operatorname{dom}(R_2), \forall \beta \mapsto \tau' \in R_2, \tau = \theta \tau' \}$$

$$\mathcal{Q}; Q; \vec{\alpha} \vdash Q_1 \xrightarrow{\operatorname{simpl}} \theta \bigwedge W_2 \mid \theta$$

Canonicalization:

8.4 ML Type Inference by HM(X)

[EL04]

8.5 Bidirectional Type Checking for System-F

[DK13][JVWS07]

8.5.1 Language

Syntax:

Context Member:

$$\frac{x:\sigma\in\Gamma_{1}}{x:\sigma\in\alpha:\sigma} \quad \frac{x:\sigma\in\Gamma_{1}}{x:\sigma\in\Gamma_{1}+\Gamma_{2}} \quad \frac{x:\sigma\in\Gamma_{2}}{x:\sigma\in\Gamma_{1}+\Gamma_{2}}$$

$$\frac{\alpha\in\Gamma_{1}}{\alpha\in\alpha:\sigma\in\Gamma_{1}+\Gamma_{2}} \quad \frac{\alpha\in\Gamma_{2}}{\alpha\in\Gamma_{1}+\Gamma_{2}}$$

Type Validity:

$$\begin{split} \frac{\alpha \in \Gamma}{\Gamma \vdash \alpha} \\ \frac{\Gamma \vdash \sigma_1 \quad \Gamma \vdash \sigma_2}{\Gamma \vdash \sigma_1 \rightarrow \sigma_2} \\ \frac{\Gamma, \alpha \vdash \sigma}{\Gamma \vdash \forall \alpha. \, \sigma} \end{split}$$

Term Typing (predicative):

$$\frac{x:\sigma\in\Gamma}{\Gamma\vdash x:\sigma}\,\mathrm{Var}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma,x:\sigma_1\vdash e:\sigma_2}{\Gamma\vdash \lambda x.e:\sigma_1\to\sigma_2}\,\mathrm{Abs}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma,x:\sigma_1\vdash e:\sigma_2}{\Gamma\vdash \lambda x:\sigma_1.e:\sigma_1\to\sigma_2}\,\mathrm{AnnAbs}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma\vdash e_1:\sigma_2\to\sigma\quad\Gamma\vdash e_2:\sigma_2}{\Gamma\vdash e_1e_2:\sigma}\,\mathrm{App}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma\vdash e_1e_2:\sigma}{\Gamma\vdash e:\forall\alpha.\sigma}\,\mathrm{Gen}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma\vdash e:\forall\alpha.\sigma\quad\Gamma\vdash\tau}{\Gamma\vdash e:\sigma[\alpha\leftarrow\tau]}\,\mathrm{Inst}$$

8.5.2 Bidirectional Typing

Bidirectional Typing:

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e \Rightarrow \sigma_1 \quad \Gamma \vdash \sigma_1 \leq \sigma_2}{\Gamma \vdash e \Leftarrow \sigma_2} \text{ Sub}$$

$$\frac{x : \sigma \in \Gamma}{\Gamma \vdash x \Rightarrow \sigma} \text{ Var}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e \Leftarrow \sigma}{\Gamma \vdash (e : \sigma) \Rightarrow \sigma} \text{ Ann}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, \alpha \vdash e \Leftarrow \sigma}{\Gamma \vdash e \Leftrightarrow \forall \alpha. \sigma} \text{ TyAbs}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, x : \sigma_1 \vdash e \Leftarrow \sigma_2}{\Gamma \vdash \lambda x. e \Leftarrow \sigma_1 \to \sigma_2} \text{ Abs}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash \tau_1 \quad \Gamma, x : \tau_1 \vdash e \Leftarrow \tau_2}{\Gamma \vdash \lambda x. e \Rightarrow \tau_1 \to \tau_2} \text{ AbsSyn}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, x : \sigma_1 \vdash e \Leftarrow \sigma_2}{\Gamma \vdash \lambda x : \sigma_1 \vdash e \Leftarrow \sigma_2} \text{ AnnAbs}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, x : \sigma_1 \vdash e \Leftarrow \sigma_2}{\Gamma \vdash \lambda x : \sigma_1 \cdot e \Leftarrow \sigma_1 \to \sigma_2} \text{ AnnAbs}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash \sigma_1 \quad \Gamma, x : \sigma_1 \vdash e \Leftarrow \tau_2}{\Gamma \vdash \lambda x : \sigma_1 \cdot e \Rightarrow \sigma_1 \to \tau_2} \text{ AnnAbsSyn}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash \sigma_1 \quad \Gamma, x : \sigma_1 \vdash e \Leftarrow \tau_2}{\Gamma \vdash \lambda x : \sigma_1 \cdot e \Rightarrow \sigma_1 \to \tau_2} \text{ App}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 \Rightarrow \sigma_1 \quad \Gamma \vdash \sigma_1 \leq \sigma_2 \to \sigma \quad \Gamma \vdash e_2 \Leftarrow \sigma_2}{\Gamma \vdash e_1 e_2 \Rightarrow \sigma} \text{ App}$$

Subtyping:

$$\begin{split} \frac{\alpha \in \Gamma}{\Gamma \vdash \alpha \leq \alpha} \ \text{Var} \\ \frac{\Gamma \vdash \sigma_1' \leq \sigma_1 \quad \Gamma \vdash \sigma_2 \leq \sigma_2'}{\Gamma \vdash \sigma_1 \rightarrow \sigma_2 \leq \sigma_1' \rightarrow \sigma_2'} \ \text{Arrow} \\ \frac{\Gamma \vdash \tau \quad \Gamma \vdash \sigma_1 [\alpha \leftarrow \tau] \leq \sigma_2}{\Gamma \vdash \forall \alpha. \, \sigma_1 \leq \sigma_2} \ \text{Spec} \\ \frac{\Gamma, \beta \vdash \sigma_1 \leq \sigma_2}{\Gamma \vdash \sigma_1 \leq \forall \alpha. \, \sigma_2} \ \text{Skol} \end{split}$$

Subsumption:

$$\begin{array}{ccc} & \overline{\Gamma \vdash \sigma \leq \sigma} & \mathrm{Refl} \\ \\ \frac{\Gamma \vdash \tau_{1} & \Gamma \vdash \sigma_{1} [\alpha_{1} \leftarrow \tau_{1}] \leq \sigma_{2}}{\Gamma \vdash \forall \alpha_{1}. \, \sigma_{1} \leq \sigma_{2}} & \mathrm{Spec} \\ \\ \frac{\alpha \not\in \mathit{ftv}(\tau)}{\Gamma \vdash \forall \alpha. \, \tau \rightarrow \sigma \leq \tau \rightarrow \forall \alpha. \, \sigma} & \mathrm{WeakSpec} \end{array}$$

8.5.3 Algorithmic Type Inference

Algorithmic context:

Substitution:

$$[\Gamma]\alpha = \alpha$$

$$\begin{split} \frac{\hat{\alpha} &= \tau \in \Gamma}{[\Gamma] \hat{\alpha} &= \tau} \\ \frac{[\Gamma](\sigma_1) &= \sigma_1' \quad [\Gamma](\sigma_2) = \sigma_2'}{[\Gamma](\sigma_1 \to \sigma_2) = \sigma_1' \to \sigma_2'} \\ \frac{[\Gamma]\sigma &= \sigma'}{[\Gamma](\forall \alpha. \ \sigma) = \forall \alpha. \ \sigma'} \end{split}$$

Bidirectional typing:

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e \Rightarrow \sigma_{1} \mid \Theta \quad \Theta \vdash [\Theta]\sigma_{1} \leq [\Theta]\sigma_{2} \mid \Delta}{\Gamma \vdash e \Leftarrow \sigma_{2} \mid \Delta} \text{ Sub}$$

$$\frac{x : \sigma \in \Gamma}{\Gamma \vdash x \Rightarrow \sigma \mid \Gamma} \text{ Var}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e \Leftarrow \sigma \mid \Delta}{\Gamma \vdash e : \sigma \Rightarrow \sigma \mid \Delta} \text{ Ann}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, \alpha \vdash e \Leftarrow \sigma \mid \Delta, \alpha, \Theta}{\Gamma \vdash e \Leftrightarrow \forall \alpha. \sigma \mid \Delta} \text{ TyAbs}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, x : \sigma_{1} \vdash e \Leftarrow \sigma_{2} \mid \Delta, x : \sigma_{1}, \Theta}{\Gamma \vdash \lambda x. e \Leftarrow \sigma_{1} \rightarrow \sigma_{2} \mid \Delta} \text{ Abs}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, \alpha_{1}, \alpha_{2}, x : \alpha_{1} \vdash e \Leftarrow \alpha_{2} \mid \Delta, x : \alpha_{1}, \Theta}{\Gamma \vdash \lambda x. e \Rightarrow \alpha_{1} \rightarrow \alpha_{2} \mid \Delta} \text{ AbsSyn}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, x : \sigma_{1} \vdash e \Leftarrow \sigma_{2} \mid \Delta, x : \alpha_{1}, \Theta}{\Gamma \vdash \lambda x : \sigma_{1} \vdash e \Leftarrow \sigma_{2} \mid \Delta, x : \sigma_{1}, \Theta} \text{ AnnAbs}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, x : \sigma_{1} \vdash e \Leftarrow \sigma_{2} \mid \Delta, x : \sigma_{1}, \Theta}{\Gamma \vdash \lambda x : \sigma_{1} \cdot e \Leftarrow \sigma_{1} \rightarrow \sigma_{2} \mid \Delta} \text{ AnnAbs}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, \alpha_{2}, x : \sigma_{1} \vdash e \Leftarrow \alpha_{2} \mid \Delta, x : \sigma_{1}, \Theta}{\Gamma \vdash \lambda x : \sigma_{1} \cdot e \Rightarrow \sigma_{1} \rightarrow \alpha_{2} \mid \Delta} \text{ AnnAbsSyn}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, \alpha_{2}, x : \sigma_{1} \vdash e \Leftarrow \alpha_{2} \mid \Delta, x : \sigma_{1}, \Theta}{\Gamma \vdash \lambda x : \sigma_{1} \cdot e \Rightarrow \sigma_{1} \rightarrow \alpha_{2} \mid \Delta} \text{ App}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e_{1} \Rightarrow \sigma_{1} \mid \Theta_{1} \quad \Theta_{1} \vdash [\Theta_{1}]\sigma_{1} \leq \sigma_{2} \rightarrow \sigma \mid \Theta_{2} \quad \Theta_{2} \vdash e_{2} \Leftarrow [\Theta_{2}]\sigma_{2} \mid \Delta}{\Gamma \vdash e_{1} e_{2} \Rightarrow \sigma \mid \Delta} \text{ App}$$

Subtyping:

$$\begin{array}{c} \alpha \in \Gamma \\ \hline \Gamma \vdash \alpha \leq \alpha \mid \Gamma \\ \hline \frac{\hat{\alpha} \in \Gamma}{\Gamma \vdash \hat{\alpha} \leq \hat{\alpha} \mid \Gamma} \\ \hline \frac{\hat{\alpha} \in \Gamma}{\Gamma \vdash \hat{\alpha} \leq \hat{\alpha} \mid \Gamma} \\ \hline \frac{\Gamma \vdash \sigma_1 \leq \sigma_1' \mid \Theta \quad \Theta \vdash [\Theta] \sigma_2 \leq [\Theta] \sigma_2' \mid \Delta}{\Gamma \vdash \sigma_1 \rightarrow \sigma_2 \leq \sigma_1' \rightarrow \sigma_2' \mid \Delta} \\ \hline \frac{\Gamma, \alpha \mapsto \hat{\alpha}, \hat{\alpha} \vdash \sigma_1 [\alpha \leftarrow \hat{\alpha}] \leq \sigma_2 \mid \Delta, \alpha \mapsto \hat{\alpha}, \Theta}{\Gamma \vdash \forall \alpha. \sigma_1 \leq \sigma_2 \mid \Delta} \\ \hline \frac{\Gamma, \alpha \vdash \sigma_1 \leq \sigma_2 \mid \Delta, \alpha, \Theta}{\Gamma \vdash \sigma_1 \leq \forall \alpha. \sigma_2 \mid \Delta} \\ \hline \frac{\hat{\alpha}_1 \notin ftv(\sigma_2) \quad \hat{\alpha}_1 \in \Gamma \quad \Gamma \vdash \hat{\alpha}_1 \simeq \sigma_2 \mid \Delta}{\Gamma \vdash \hat{\alpha}_1 \leq \sigma_2 \mid \Delta} \\ \hline \frac{\hat{\alpha}_2 \notin ftv(\sigma_1) \quad \hat{\alpha}_2 \in \Gamma \quad \Gamma \vdash \sigma_1 \simeq \hat{\alpha}_2 \mid \Delta}{\Gamma \vdash \sigma_1 \leq \hat{\alpha}_2 \mid \Delta} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

Instantiation:

$$\begin{split} \frac{\Gamma_1 \vdash \tau}{\Gamma_1, \hat{\alpha}, \Gamma_2 \vdash \hat{\alpha} \simeq \tau \mid \Gamma_1, \hat{\alpha} = \tau, \Gamma_2} \\ \frac{\Gamma_1 \vdash \tau}{\Gamma_1, \hat{\alpha}, \Gamma_2 \vdash \tau \simeq \hat{\alpha} \mid \Gamma_1, \hat{\alpha} = \tau, \Gamma_2} \\ \frac{\Gamma_1 \vdash \tau}{\Gamma_1, \hat{\alpha}, \Gamma_2 \vdash \tau \simeq \hat{\alpha} \mid \Gamma_1, \hat{\alpha} = \tau, \Gamma_2} \\ \hline \frac{\Gamma_1, \hat{\alpha}_1, \Gamma_2, \hat{\alpha}_2, \Gamma_3 \vdash \hat{\alpha}_1 \simeq \hat{\alpha}_2 \mid \Gamma_1, \hat{\alpha}_1, \Gamma_2, \hat{\alpha}_2 = \hat{\alpha}_1, \Gamma_3} \\ \frac{\Gamma_1, \hat{\alpha}_3, \hat{\alpha}_2, \hat{\alpha}_1 = \hat{\alpha}_2 \to \hat{\alpha}_3, \Gamma_2 \vdash \sigma_2 \simeq \hat{\alpha}_2 \mid \Theta \quad \Theta \vdash \hat{\alpha}_3 \simeq [\Theta] \sigma_3 \mid \Delta}{\Gamma_1, \hat{\alpha}_1, \Gamma_2 \vdash \hat{\alpha}_1 \simeq \sigma_2 \to \sigma_3 \mid \Delta} \\ \hline \frac{\Gamma_1, \hat{\alpha}_3, \hat{\alpha}_2, \hat{\alpha}_1 = \hat{\alpha}_2 \to \hat{\alpha}_3, \Gamma_2 \vdash \hat{\alpha}_2 \simeq \sigma_2 \mid \Theta \quad \Theta \vdash [\Theta] \sigma_3 \simeq \hat{\alpha}_3 \mid \Delta}{\Gamma_1, \hat{\alpha}_1, \Gamma_2 \vdash \sigma_2 \to \sigma_3 \simeq \hat{\alpha}_1 \mid \Delta} \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} \frac{\Gamma_{\!1},\hat{\alpha_1},\Gamma_{\!2},\alpha_2\vdash\hat{\alpha_1}\simeq\sigma_2\mid\Delta,\alpha_2,\Theta}{\Gamma_{\!1},\hat{\alpha_1},\Gamma_{\!2}\vdash\hat{\alpha_1}\simeq\forall\alpha_2.\sigma_2\mid\Delta} \\ \frac{\Gamma_{\!1},\hat{\alpha_2},\Gamma_{\!2},\alpha_1\mapsto\hat{\alpha_1},\hat{\alpha_1}\vdash\sigma_{\!1}[\alpha_1\leftarrow\hat{\alpha_1}]\simeq\hat{\alpha_2}\mid\Delta,\alpha_1\mapsto\hat{\alpha_1},\Theta}{\Gamma_{\!1},\hat{\alpha_2},\Gamma_{\!2}\vdash\forall\alpha_1.\sigma_1\simeq\hat{\alpha_2}\mid\Delta} \end{split}$$

Subsumption:

$$\begin{split} \overline{\Gamma \vdash \hat{\alpha_1} \leq \hat{\alpha_2} \rightarrow \hat{\alpha_3} \mid \Gamma, \hat{\alpha_2}, \hat{\alpha_3}, \hat{\alpha_1} = \hat{\alpha_2} \rightarrow \hat{\alpha_3} } \\ \overline{\Gamma \vdash \sigma_1 \rightarrow \sigma_2 \leq \sigma_1 \rightarrow \sigma_2 \mid \Gamma} \\ \underline{\alpha \notin ftv(\tau_1)} \\ \overline{\Gamma \vdash \forall \alpha. \ \tau_1 \rightarrow \sigma_2 \leq \tau \rightarrow \forall \alpha. \ \tau_1 \mid \Gamma} \\ \underline{\alpha_1 \in ftv(\sigma_1) \quad \Gamma, \hat{\alpha_1} \vdash \sigma_1[\alpha_1 \leftarrow \hat{\alpha_1}] \leq \sigma_2 \mid \Delta} \\ \overline{\Gamma \vdash \forall \alpha_1. \ \sigma_1 \leq \sigma_2 \mid \Delta} \end{split}$$

第9章

Static Memory Management and Regions

第 10 章

Dynamic Memory Management and Gabage Collections

第 11 章

I/O Management and Concurrency

第 12 章

Code Generation and Virtual Machines

第 13 章

Program Stability and Compatibility

第 14 章

Program Separation and Linking

第 15 章

Syntax and Parsing

15.1 WIP: Parsing by LR Method

[Knu65]

15.2 Syntax and Semantics of PEG

[For02], [For04]

15.2.1 Syntax

定義 59. PEG 文法とは、以下による組 $G = (\Sigma, N, R, e_0)$ のことである.

Σ 終端記号の集合.

N 非終端記号の集合.

R $A \rightarrow e$ を満たす規則の集合. 規則は、非終端記号に対して必ず一つ.

 e_0 初期式.

15.2.2 Structured Semantics

$$\label{eq:continuous_section} \begin{split} [\![(\Sigma,N,R,e_0)]\!] &= [\![e_0]\!] \\ [\![e]\!] &= \{x \in \Sigma^* \mid \langle e,x \rangle \to \mathbf{s}(x)\} \end{split}$$

15.2.3 Equivalence

Abbreviations

&
$$e = !(!e)$$
 (and predicate)
 $e^+ = ee^*$ (positive repetition)
 $e^? = e/\epsilon$ (optional)

Associativity

$$\overline{\llbracket e_1/(e_2/e_3) \rrbracket} = \overline{\llbracket (e_1/e_2)/e_3 \rrbracket}
\overline{\llbracket e_1(e_2e_3) \rrbracket} = \overline{\llbracket (e_1e_2)e_3 \rrbracket}$$

Epsilon

$$\frac{\boxed{\llbracket \varepsilon/e \rrbracket = \llbracket \varepsilon \rrbracket}}{\boxed{\llbracket e\varepsilon \rrbracket = \llbracket e \rrbracket}}$$

Repetition

$$M := eM \mid \epsilon$$

$$\overline{\llbracket e^* \rrbracket = \llbracket M \rrbracket}$$

15.2.4 Producing Analysis

$$s \coloneqq 0 \mid 1, \ o \coloneqq s \mid \mathsf{f}$$

- $\epsilon \rightharpoonup 0$
- σ → 1
- $\sigma \rightarrow f$
- $e_1 \rightarrow 0$, $e_2 \rightarrow 0$ ならば $e_1e_2 \rightarrow 0$
- $e_1 \rightarrow 1$, $e_2 \rightarrow s$ $\Leftrightarrow t \in t$ $e_1e_2 \rightarrow 1$
- $e_1 \rightarrow s$, $e_2 \rightarrow 1$ ならば $e_1e_2 \rightarrow 1$
- $e_1 \rightarrow f \ \text{t} \ \text{t} \ e_1 e_2 \rightarrow f$
- $e_1 \rightarrow s$, $e_2 \rightarrow f$ ならば $e_1e_2 \rightarrow f$
- $e_1 \rightarrow s \ \text{a} \text{b} \text{i} \ e_1 \ / \ e_2 \rightarrow s$
- $e_1 \rightharpoonup f$, $e_2 \rightharpoonup o \Leftrightarrow f \not = e_1 / e_2 \rightharpoonup o$
- *e* → 1 ならば *e** → 1
- e → f ならば e* → f
- e → s ならば!e → f

• $e \rightarrow f \ c \ c \ d! \ e \rightarrow 0$

定理 60.

- $\langle e, x \rangle \rightarrow s(\epsilon) \ \text{t is}, \ e \rightharpoonup 0$
- $\langle e, xy \rangle \rightarrow s(x), x \neq \epsilon$ ならば、 $e \rightarrow 1$
- $\langle e, x \rangle \rightarrow f \, \text{\mathcal{X}} \, \text{\mathcal{S}} \, \text{\mathcal{I}}, \ e \rightarrow f$

系 61. e
eg o ならば、 $\langle e, xy \rangle
eg s(x)$ かつ $\langle e, xy \rangle
eg f$

15.3 Haskell Parsing with PEG

[Sim10]

15.3.1 Lexical Syntax

```
program ==
                          (lexeme | whitespace)*
               lexeme
                           gvarid
                           gconid
                           qvarsym
                           qconsym
                           literal
                           special
                           reservedop
                           reservedid
               literal ∷=
                           integer
                           float
                           char
                           string
                           "("|")"|","|";"|"["|"]"|"`"|"{"|"}"
               special ≈=
           whitespace ==
                           whitestuff +
            whitestuff
                           whitechar | comment | ncomment
               newline | "\v" | " " | "\t" | (Unicode whitespace)
whitechar ::=
  newline := "\r\n" | "\r" | "\n" | "\f"
 comment := dashes (!symbol any*)? newline
   dashes := "-" ("-")^+
 opencom ::= "{-"
 closecom ≈=
                "-}"
ncomment := opencom ANYs (ncomment ANYs)* closecom
    ANYs := !(ANY^* (opencom | closecom) ANY^*) ANY^*
    ANY := graphic \mid whitechar
      any := graphic | " " | " \ t "
  graphic ≔ small | large | symbol | digit | special | "\"" | "'"
               "a" | "b" | ··· | "z" | (Unicode lowercase letter) | "_"
    small ≔
                "A" | "B" | ··· | "Z" | (Unicode uppercase letter) | (Unicode titlecase letter)
     large ∷=
   symbol ≔
                "!"|"#"|"$"|"%"|"&"|"+"|"."|"/"|"<"|"="|">"
                "?"|"@"|"\\"|"^"|"|"|"-"|"~"|":"
                !(symbol | "_" | "\"" | "'") uniSymbol
uniSymbol := (Unicode symbol) | (Unicode punctuation)
     digit = "0" | "1" | \cdots | "9" | (Unicode decimal digit)
     hexit ≔
               digit \mid "A" \mid \cdots \mid "F" \mid "a" \mid \cdots \mid "f"
    varid ==
               !(reservedid !other) small other*
    conid ≔
               large other*
    other ::=
               small | large | digit | "'"
reservedid :== "case" | "class" | "data" | "default" | "deriving" | "do" | "else"
                "foreign" | "if" | "import" | "in" | "infix" | "infixl" | "infixr"
                "instance" | "let" | "module" | "newtype" | "of" | "then" | "type"
                "where" | "_"
   varsym := !((reservedop | dashes) !symbol | ":") symbol^+
   consym := !(reservedop !symbol) ": " symbol
reservedop ::= ".."|":"|":"|"="|"\\"|"<-"|"->"|"@"|"~"|"=>"
```

```
modid := (conid ".")^* conid
qvarid := (modid ".")^? varid
qconid := (modid ".")^? conid
qvarsym := (modid ".")^? varsym
qconsym := (modid ".")^? consym
```

```
decimal := digit^+
                 octal := octit^+
hexdecimal := hexit^+
             integer == decimal
                                                       "00" octal | "00" octal
                                                       "0x" hexdecimal | "0X" hexdecimal
                   float := decimal "." decimal exponent?
                                                       decimal exponent
      exponent := ("e" | "E") ("+" | "-") decimal
                   char ::= "'" (!("'" | "\\") graphic | " " | !"\\&" escape) "'"
                string := "\"" (!("\"" | "\\") graphic | " " | escape | gap)* "\""
              escape ::= "\\"(charesc | ascii | decimal | "o" octal | "x" hexdecimal)
           charesc == "a" | "b" | "f" | "n" | "r" | "t" | "v" | "\\" | "\" | "\" | "\" | "&"
                    ascii := "^" cntrl | "NUL" | "SOH" | "STX" | "ETX" | "EOT" | "ENQ" | "ACK" | "BEL" | "BS" | "BS" | "ACK" | "BEL" | "BS" | "BEL" | "BS" | "BEL" | "BS" | "BEL" | "BEL" | "BS" | "BEL"                                           | "HT" | "LF" | "VT" | "FF" | "CR" | "SO" | "SI" | "DLE" | "DC1" | "DC2" | "DC3"
                                          | "DC4" | "NAK" | "SYN" | "ETB" | "CAN" | "EM" | "SUB" | "ESC" | "FS" | "GS" | "RS"
                                          | "US" | "SP" | "DEL"
                    cntrl == "A" | "B" | ··· | "Z" | "@" | "[" | "\\" | "]" | "^" | "_"
                      gap := "\\" whitechar^+ "\\"
```

15.3.2 Preprocess for Layout

$$L(s) = \begin{cases} L_1(r',s) & (s=t:s', pos(t)=(r',c'), islft(t)) \\ \{c'\}: \langle c'\rangle: L_1(r',s) & (s=t:s', pos(t)=(r',c'), islft(t)) \\ \{1\}: \varepsilon & (s=\varepsilon) \end{cases}$$

$$L_1(r,s) = \begin{cases} \langle c'\rangle: L_2(r',c',t,s') & (s=t:s', pos(t)=(r',c'),r\neq r') \\ L_2(r',c',t,s') & (s=t:s', pos(t)=(r',c'),r=r') \\ \varepsilon & (s=\varepsilon) \end{cases}$$

$$L_2(r_1,c_1,t_1,s) = \begin{cases} t_1: t_2: L_1(r_2,s') & (islt(t_1),s=t_2:s', pos(t_2)=(r_2,c_2),t_2="\{"\} \\ t_1: \{c_2\}: \langle c_2\rangle: t_2: L_1(r_2,s') & (islt(t_1),s=t_2:s', pos(t_2)=(r_2,c_2),t_2\neq "\{"\} \\ t_1: \{1\}: \varepsilon & (islt(t_1),s=\varepsilon) \end{cases}$$

$$t_1: L_1(r_1,s) & (islt(t_1),s=\varepsilon) \end{cases}$$

$$islt(t) = \begin{cases} T & (t="module") \\ \bot & (otherwise) \end{cases}$$

$$islt(t) = \begin{cases} T & (t="let") \\ T & (t="do") \\ T & (t="of") \\ \bot & (otherwise) \end{cases}$$

15.3.3 PEG with Layout Tokens

```
impdecls ==
                 semi*(impdecl semi<sup>+</sup>)* impdecl
   exports
                 "(" (export ",")* export? ")"
           ::=
    export
            = qvar
                 qtycon ("("(".." | (cname ", ")* cname)? ")")?
                 "module" modid
                 "import" "qualified"? modid ("as" modid)? impspec?
   impdecl
                 "("(import ",")* import?")"
   impspec
            ::=
                 "hiding" "(" (import ",")* import? ")"
             import
            ::=
                 tycon ("("(".." | (cname ",")* cname)? ")")?
    спате ::=
                 var | con
topdecls ::=
              (topdecl semi)* topdecl |
topdecl
              "type" simpletype "=" type
              "data" (context "=>")? simpletype ("=" constrs)? deriving?
              "newtype" (context "=>")? simpletype "=" newconstr deriving?
              "class" (scontext "=>")? tycon tyvar ("where" cdecls)?
              "instance" (scontext "=>")? qtycon inst ("where" idecls)?
              "default" "("((type ",")* type)? ")"
              "foreign" fdecl
              decl
                 decls
                            expbo declsinl expbc
                            impbo declsinl impbc
               declsinl ≈= (decl semi)* decl |
                  decl := (funlhs | pat) rhs
                            gendecl
                cdecls
                            expbo cdeclsinl expbc
                            impbo cdeclsinl impbc
              cdeclsinl := (cdecl semi)^* cdecl
                 cdecl := (funlhs | var) rhs
                         gendecl
                idecls ≔ expbo ideclsinl expbc
                             impbo ideclsinl impbc
              ideclsinl ==
                            (idecl semi)* idecl |
                 idecl
                        ::=
                             (funlhs | var) rhs
                            vars "::" (context "=>")? type
               gendecl
                        ::=
                            fixity integer? ops
                         1
                            (op ",")* op
                  ops
                        :=
                  vars
                        ::=
                             (var ", ")* var
                             "infixl" | "infixr" | "infix"
                 fixity
                        ::=
                    type ∷=
                               btype ("->" type)?
                               btype<sup>?</sup> atype
                   btype ::=
                   atype
                          ::=
                               gtycon
                               tyvar
                               "("(type",")+ type")"
                               "[" type "]"
                               "(" type ")"
                  gtycon :==
                               qtycon
                               "("")"
                               "[" "]"
                               "(""->"")"
                               "("","+")"
```

```
context :=
                       class
                       "("((class ", ")* class)? ")"
                  ≈= qtycon tyvar
            class
                       qtycon "(" tyvar atype+ ")"
                  ≈= simpleclass
         scontext
                       "("((simpleclass ", ")* simpleclass)? ")"
      simpleclass ≈= qtycon tyvar
     simpletype ==
                     tycon tyvar*
                     (constr "|")* constr
        constrs ::=
         constr := con \ expbo \ ((fielddecl ", ")* fielddecl)^? \ expbc
                     (btype | "!" atype) conop (btype | "!" atype)
                     con ("!"? atype)*
                 newconstr ::= con expbo var "::" type expbc
                     con atype
       fielddecl := vars "::" (type | "!" atype)
       deriving ≈=
                     "deriving" dclass
                     "deriving" "(" ((dclass ", ")* dclass)? ")"
         dclass :=
                     qtycon
           inst
                     gtycon
                     "(" gtycon tyvar* ")"
                     "("(tyvar",")+ tyvar")"
                     "[" tyvar "]"
                     "(" tyvar "->" tyvar ")"
   fdecl := "import" callconv safety? impent var "::" ftype
              "export" callconv expent var "::" ftype
callconv
         "= "ccall" | "stdcall" | "cplusplus" | "jvm" | "dotnet"
              (system-specific calling conventions)
             string?
 impent ::=
 expent ::=
             string?
             "unsafe" | "safe"
  safety :=
             fatype "->" ftype
  ftype :=
          frtype
  frtype := fatype
              "("")"
          fatype := qtycon atype^*
                funlhs := var apat^+
                            pat varop pat
                            "(" funlhs ") " apat+
                        rhs := "=" exp ("where" decls)?
                        | gdrhs ("where" decls)?
                gdrhs := guards "=" exp gdrhs?
                            "|" (guard ",")* guard |
               guards ≔
                            pat "<-" infixexp
                guard ≔
                            "let" decls
                            infixexp
```

```
infixexp "::" (context "=>")? type
    exp
              infixexp
              "-" infixexp
infixexp
              lexp qop infixexp
              lexp
              "\\" apat^+ "->" exp
   lexp
         ::=
              "let" decls "in" exp
              "if" exp semi? "then" exp semi? "else" exp
              "case" exp "of" casealts
              "do" dostmts
              fexp
              aexp^+
   fexp
         ::=
              qcon expbo ((fbind ",")* fbind)? expbc
   аехр
         ::=
              aexp2 (expbo ((fbind ",")* fbind)? expbc)*
              qvar
              literal
 aexp2
         ::=
              "(" exp ")"
              "("(exp ",")+ exp ")"
              "[" (exp ",")* exp "]"
              "[" exp ("," exp)?".." exp?"]"
              "[" exp "|" (qual ",")* qual "]"
              "(" infixexp qop ")"
              "("!("-" infixexp) qop infixexp")"
              gcon
          qual ≔
                     pat "<-" exp
                     "\mathtt{let"}\ \mathit{decls}
                     exp
       casealts
                ::=
                     expbo alts expbc
                     impbo alts impbc
           alts := (alt semi)^* alt
           alt := pat "->" exp ("where" decls)?
                     pat gdpat ("where" decls)?
        gdpat
                == guards "->" exp gdpat '
                ≔ expbo stmts expbc
       dostmts
                     impbo stmts impbc
                = stmt* exp semi?
         stmts
                     exp semi
          stmt
                     pat "<-" exp semi
                     "let" decls semi
         fbind := qvar "=" exp
       pat
            ::=
                 lpat qconop pat
                 "-" (integer | float)
      lpat
            ::=
                 gcon apat+
                 apat
                 var ("@" apat)?
     apat
            ::=
                 literal
                 "(" pat ")"
                 "(" (pat ",")+ pat ")"
                 "[" (pat ",")* pat "]"
                 "~" apat
                 qcon expbo ((fpat ",")* fpat)? expbc
                 gcon
      fpat ∷=
                qvar "=" pat
```

```
"("")"
        gcon ∷=
                  "[" "]"
                   "("","+")"
                  qcon
                  varid | "(" varsym ")"
              ==
         var
                  qvarid | "(" qvarsym ")"
        qvar
                  conid | " (" consym ") "
         con ::=
                  qconid \mid "(" gconsym ")"
        qcon :=
       qvarsym | "`" qvarid "`"
      qvarop ≈=
       conop ::= consym \mid "`" conid "`"
                  gconsym | "`" qconid "`"
      qconop ≈=
                  varop | conop
          qvarop | qconop
     gconsym := ":" | qconsym
        tyvar := varid
                  conid
        tycon :=
      qtycon ≈= qconid
           [l]
                   "{"
                        [0:l]
expbo ∷=
                   "}"
expbc :=
           [0:l]
                        [l]
impbo :=
           [m:l] \{n\}
                        [n:m:l\mid n>m]
           [m:l]
                         [(n+1): m: l \mid n \le m]
                   {n}
       [\epsilon]
                   {n}
                        [n:\epsilon \mid n>0]
           [m:l] \epsilon
                         [l \mid m > 0]
impbc :=
                   ";"
 semi
      ::=
           [m:l] \langle n \rangle
                        [m:l\mid m=n]
       skip := [m:l] \langle n \rangle [m:l|m < n]
```

15.4 WIP: A Memory Optimization for PEG with Cut Operations

[MMY08][MMY10]

15.5 WIP: SRB: An Abstract Machine of PEG

第 16 章

Analysis and Optimizations

第 17 章

Meta-Programming and Multi-Stage Programming

第 18 章

Generic Programming

第 19 章

Advanced Calculus

第 20 章

Quell: A Language for Functional Programming

20.1 WIP: Implementation Note of PEG Parser

Normalizing

$$\begin{array}{lll} e_{\mathrm{RHS}} & ::= & e_1 \, / \cdots / \, e_n \, / \, \epsilon & (n \in \mathbb{N}) \\ & \mid & e_1 \, / \cdots / \, e_n & (n \in \mathbb{N}_{\geq 1}) \\ e & ::= & ! (u_1 \cdots u_n) & (n \in \mathbb{N}_{\geq 1}) \\ & \mid & \& (u_1 \cdots u_n) & (n \in \mathbb{N}_{\geq 1}) \\ & \mid & u_1 \cdots u_n & (n \in \mathbb{N}_{\geq 1}) \\ u & ::= & \sigma \\ & \mid & A \end{array}$$

$$norm(N,[]) = (N,\emptyset)$$

$$norm(N,[A \leftarrow e] + X) = (N_2, \{A \leftarrow alt(a)\} \cup X_1 \cup X_2)$$

$$(norm(N,e) = (a, N_1, X_1), norm(N_1, X) = (N_2, X_2))$$

$$\begin{aligned} &\operatorname{norm}(N,\varepsilon) = ([\varepsilon],N,\varnothing) \\ &\operatorname{norm}(N,\sigma) = ([\sigma],N,\varnothing) \\ &\operatorname{norm}(N,A) = ([A],N,\varnothing) \\ &\operatorname{norm}(N,e_1e_2) = (\operatorname{seq}(a_1,a_2),N_2,X_1 \cup X_2) \\ &\operatorname{norm}(N,e_1/e_2) = (a_1+a_2,N_2,X_1 \cup X_2) \\ &\operatorname{norm}(N,e^*) = ([M],N' \uplus \{M\},X \cup \{M \leftarrow AM/\varepsilon\}) \\ &\operatorname{norm}(N,\&e) = ([M],N' \uplus \{M\},X \cup \{M \leftarrow \&A\}) \\ &\operatorname{norm}(N,!e) = ([M],N' \uplus \{M\},X \cup \{M \leftarrow \&A\}) \\ &\operatorname{norm}(N,!e) = ([M],N' \uplus \{M\},X \cup \{M \leftarrow \&A\}) \\ &\operatorname{norm}(N,!e) = ([M],N' \uplus \{M\},X \cup \{M \leftarrow \&A\}) \\ &\operatorname{norm}(N,!e) = ([M],N' \uplus \{M\},X \cup \{M \leftarrow \&A\}) \\ &\operatorname{norm}(N,!e) = ([M],N' \uplus \{M\},X \cup \{M \leftarrow \&A\}) \\ &\operatorname{norm}(N,!e) = ([M],N' \uplus \{M\},X \cup \{M \leftarrow \&A\}) \\ &\operatorname{norm}(N,!e) = ([M],N' \uplus \{M\},X \cup \{M \leftarrow \&A\}) \\ &\operatorname{norm}(N,!e) = ([M],N' \uplus \{M\},X \cup \{M \leftarrow \&A\}) \\ &\operatorname{norm}(N,!e) = ([M],N' \uplus \{M\},X \cup \{M \leftarrow \&A\}) \\ &\operatorname{norm}(N,!e) = ([M],N' \uplus \{M\},X \cup \{M \leftarrow \&A\}) \\ &\operatorname{norm}(N,!e) = ([M],N' \uplus \{M\},X \cup \{M \leftarrow \&A\}) \\ &\operatorname{norm}(N,!e) = ([M],N' \uplus \{M\},X \cup \{M \leftarrow \&A\}) \\ &\operatorname{norm}(N,!e) = ([M],N' \uplus \{M\},X \cup \{M \leftarrow \&A\}) \\ &\operatorname{norm}(N,!e) = ([M],N' \uplus \{M\},X \cup \{M \leftarrow \&A\}) \\ &\operatorname{norm}(N,!e) = ([M],N' \uplus \{M\},X \cup \{M \leftarrow \&A\}) \\ &\operatorname{norm}(N,!e) = ([M],N' \uplus \{M\},X \cup \{M \leftarrow \&A\}) \\ &\operatorname{norm}(N,!e) = ([M],N' \uplus \{M\},X \cup \{M \leftarrow \&A\}) \\ &\operatorname{norm}(N,!e) = ([M],N' \uplus \{M\},X \cup \{M \leftarrow \&A\}) \\ &\operatorname{norm}(N,!e) = ([M],N' \uplus \{M\},X \cup \{M \leftarrow \&A\}) \\ &\operatorname{norm}(N,!e) = ([M],N' \uplus \{M\},X \cup \{M \leftarrow \&A\}) \\ &\operatorname{norm}(N,!e) = ([M],N' \uplus \{M\},X \cup \{M \leftarrow \&A\}) \\ &\operatorname{norm}(N,!e) = ([M],N' \uplus \{M\},X \cup \{M \leftarrow \&A\}) \\ &\operatorname{norm}(N,!e) = ([M],N' \uplus \{M\},X \cup \{M \leftarrow \&A\}) \\ &\operatorname{norm}(N,!e) = ([M],N' \uplus \{M\},X \cup \{M \leftarrow \&A\}) \\ &\operatorname{norm}(N,!e) = ([M],N' \uplus \{M\},X \cup \{M \leftarrow \&A\}) \\ &\operatorname{norm}(N,!e) = ([M],N' \uplus \{M\},X \cup \{M \leftarrow \&A\}) \\ &\operatorname{norm}(N,!e) = ([M],N' \uplus \{M\},X \cup \{M \leftarrow \&A\}) \\ &\operatorname{norm}(N,!e) = ([M],N' \uplus \{M\},X \cup \{M \leftarrow \&A\}) \\ &\operatorname{norm}(N,!e) = ([M],N' \uplus \{M\},X \cup \{M \leftarrow \&A\}) \\ &\operatorname{norm}(N,!e) = ([M],N' \uplus \{M\},X \cup \{M \leftarrow \&A\}) \\ &\operatorname{norm}(N,!e) = ([M],N' \uplus \{M\},X \cup \{M \leftarrow \&A\}) \\ &\operatorname{norm}(N,!e) = ([M],N' \uplus \{M\},X \cup \{M \leftarrow \&A\}) \\ &\operatorname{norm}(N,!e) = ([M],N' \uplus \{M\},X \cup \{M \leftarrow \&A\}) \\ &\operatorname{norm}(N,!e) = ([M],N' \uplus \{M\},X \cup \{M \leftarrow \&A\}) \\ &\operatorname{norm}(N,!e) = ([M],N' \uplus \{M\},X \cup \{M \leftarrow \&A\}) \\ &\operatorname{norm}(N,!e) = ([M],N' \uplus \{M\},X \cup \{M \leftarrow \&A\}) \\ &\operatorname{norm}(N,!e) = ([M],N' \uplus \{M\},X \cup \{M \leftarrow \&A\}) \\ &\operatorname{norm}(N,!e) = ([$$

$$\begin{split} \operatorname{seq}(a_1, a_2) &= [e_1 e_2 \mid e_1 \leftarrow a_1, e_2 \leftarrow a_2] \\ \operatorname{alt}([e_1, \dots, e_n]) &= e_1 / \dots / e_m \\ \operatorname{alt}([e_1, \dots, e_n]) &= e_1 / \dots / e_n \end{split} \qquad (\forall i < m. \ e_i \neq \varepsilon, e_m = \varepsilon) \\ \operatorname{alt}([e_1, \dots, e_n]) &= e_1 / \dots / e_n \end{split}$$

$$norm((\Sigma, N, R, e_0)) = (\Sigma, N', R', S)$$

$$(R = \{A_1 \leftarrow e_1, \dots, A_n \leftarrow e_n\}, norm(N \uplus \{S\}, [S \leftarrow e_0, A_1 \leftarrow e_1, \dots, A_n \leftarrow e_n]) = (N', R'))$$

Machine

State:

- a rule
- current position in rule

Transition:

- σ
- EOS
- otherwise

Output:

with backpoint バックポイントを設置し、バックポイントに戻った時の次の遷移を指定する. fail した場合一番直近の backpoint まで入力状態とスタックを戻す. reduce 時取り除かれる.

enter 非終端記号を参照する.メモ化されている場合その値を使う.それ以外の場合,reduce 時戻ってくる状態を記録し,次の状態に遷移する.

goto 次の状態に遷移する.

shift 入力を1つ消費し,次の状態に遷移する.

reduce 規則に沿ってスタックから要素を取り出してまとめ、メモし、スタックに新たに入れた後、enter 時に記録された状態に遷移する.

Optimization

- 1. unify transitions.
- 2. look ahead backpoints.

Example

$$E := CA$$

$$\mid \epsilon$$

$$A := aB$$

$$\mid a$$

$$B := bA$$

$$\mid b$$

$$C := !abab$$

$$\mid & ab$$

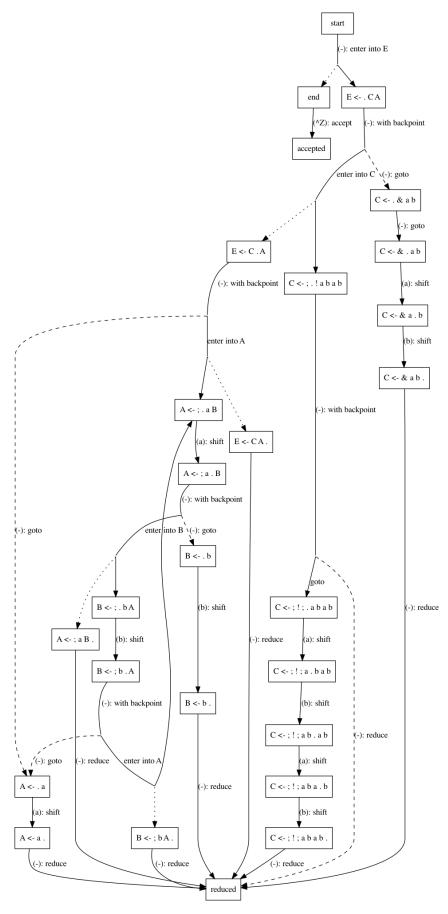


図 20.1 状態遷移図

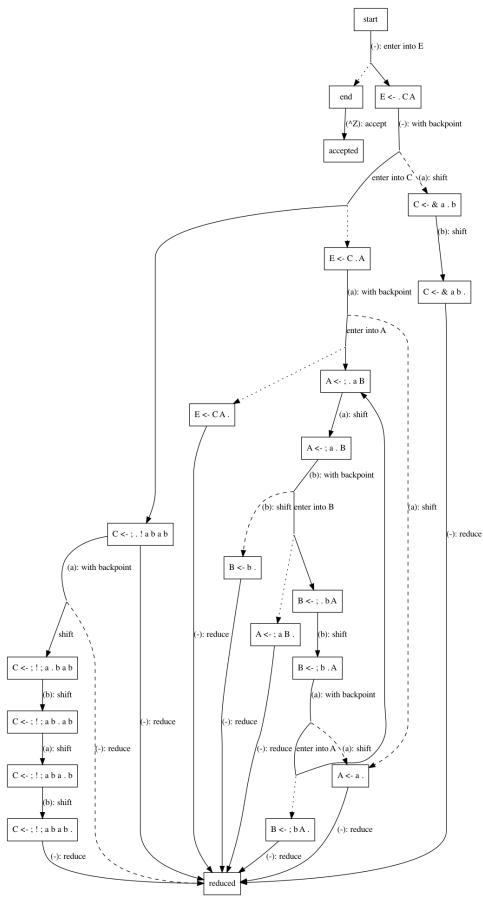


図 20.2 最適化された状態遷移図

- 20.2 Quell Syntax and Identations
- 20.2.1 Syntax

20.3 Quell Modules

20.3 Quell Modules

20.3.1 Syntax

```
e ::= ···
    | letrec\{B\} in e
    \tau :=
    | P
P := M
M := x
    | {B}
       M.x
      \operatorname{fun} x : S. M
        x x
       x:S
B := x = e
    | type t = T
        module x = M
        {\rm use}\, B
    | €
    |B;B
T := \lambda x. T
    | τ
S := P
    | \{D\}
       (x:S) \to S
```

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