AppAttack

Finding Name: Sensitive data exposure via logs

Name	Team	Role	Project	Quality Assurance	Is this a re-tested Finding?
ABDULMAJEED	PT	Senior	Gopher	Siwei Luo & Ryan	
HUSSAIN A			Guardian	Turner	
ALZAHRANI					

Was this Finding Successful?	
Yes	

Finding Description

During the penetration testing of the Guardian APK, sensitive data exposure was identified in the application logs. The issue stems from the application's logging mechanism, which records confidential information without proper sanitization or access control. This vulnerability increases the risk of unauthorized access to sensitive data and compromises user privacy

Risk Rating

Impact: Major Likelihood: High

Impact values								
Very Minor	Minor	Significant	Major	Severe				
Risk that holds	Risk that holds	Risk that holds	Risk that holds	Risk that holds				
little to no impact.	minor form of	enough impact to	major impact to be	severe impact and				
Will not cause	impact, but not	be somewhat of a	of threat. Will	is a threat. Will				
damage and regular	significant enough	threat. Will cause	cause damage that	cause critical				
activity can	to be of threat. Can	damage that can	will impede regular	damage that can				
continue.	cause some damage	impede regular	activity and will	cease activity to be				
	but not enough to	activity but will be	not be able to run	run.				
impede regular		able to run	normally.					
	activity.							

Likelihood							
Rare	Unlikely	Moderate	High	Certain			
Event may occur	Event could occur	Event may occur	Event occurs at	Event is occurring			
and/or if it did, it	occasionally and/or	and/or happens.	times and/or	now and/or			
happens in specific	could happen (at		probably happens a	happens			
circumstances.	some point)		lot.	frequently.			

Business Impact

Addressing sensitive data exposure in logs is not just a technical necessity but a critical business requirement. Failure to mitigate this vulnerability could lead to financial penalties, legal consequences, and loss of user trust, significantly harming the business's growth and sustainability. Immediate remediation and proactive security measures are essential to minimize these risks.

Affected Assets

Customers data like email, password or session key

Evidence

Provide a step-by-step guide on how to reproduce the vulnerability with screenshots

Step 1. connect using adb and pull the application

```
| (kali@ kali)-[~]
| $ adb disconnect 192.168.15.11:5555 |
| disconnected 192.168.15.11:5555 |
| (kali@ kali)-[~]
| (kali@ kali)-[~]
| $ adb connect 192.168.15.11:5555 |
| connected to 192.168.15.11:5555 |
| (kali@ kali)-[~]
| $ adb devices
| List of devices attached |
| 192.168.15.11:5555 | device |
```

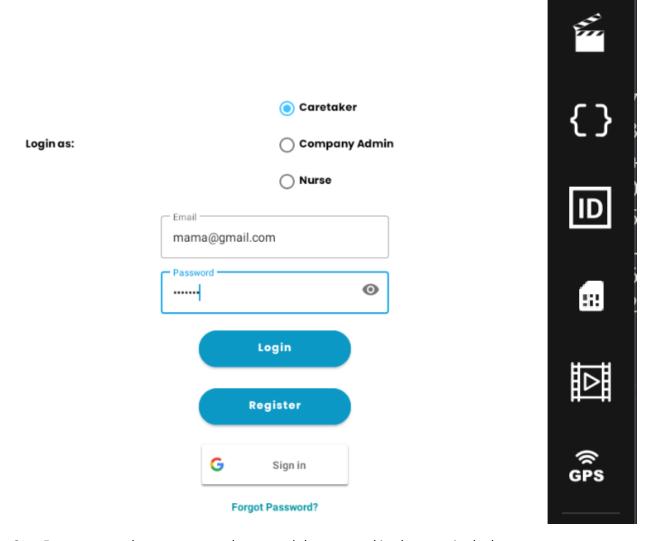
Step 2. decompile the application and analyze the source code using jadx .we can see usescleartraffic attribute set to true which means the app does not any obfuscate mechanism.

```
<uses-permission android:name="deakin.gopner.guardian.byNAMIC RECEIVER NUI EXPURIED</p>
<application
   android:theme="@style/AppTheme"
    android: label="Guardians
    android:icon="@mipmap/ic launcher"
    android:name="deakin.gopher.guardian.GuardianApplication"
    android:debuggable="true"
    android:testOnly="true"
    android:allowBackup="false"
   android:supportsRtl="true"
    android:extractNativeLibs="false"
                                          p rules"
    android:usesCleartextTraffic="true"
                                            round"
    android:appComponentFactory="androidx.core.app.CoreComponentFactory"
    android:dataExtractionRules="@xml/data_extraction_rules">
    <activity
```

Step 3. we watch logs with logcat to reveal any sensitive information such email, passwords or application keys

```
-(kali⊕kali)-[~]
 -$ adb logcat |grep -i -E "email|username|password|key|session|"
         - beginning of system
11-30 23:30:04.474
                       172
                              172 I vold
                                              : Vold 3.0 (the awakening) firing up
                                              : Detected support for: ext4 vfat
11-30 23:30:04.474
                              172 D vold
                       172
                                              : Failed to LOOP_GET_STATUS64 /dev/block
11-30 23:30:04.478
                       172
                              172 W vold
                                              : Failed to LOOP_GET_STATUS64 /dev/block
11-30 23:30:04.478
                       172
                              172 W vold
                                              : Failed to LOOP_GET_STATUS64 /dev/block
11-30 23:30:04.478
                              172 W vold
                       172
                                              : Failed to LOOP_GET_STATUS64 /dev/block
: Failed to LOOP_GET_STATUS64 /dev/block
11-30 23:30:04.478
                              172 W vold
                       172
                              172 W vold
11-30 23:30:04.478
                       172
                                              : Failed to LOOP_GET_STATUS64 /dev/block
11-30 23:30:04.478
                       172
                              172 W vold
                                              : Failed to LOOP_GET_STATUS64 /dev/block
: Failed to LOOP_GET_STATUS64 /dev/block
11-30 23:30:04.478
                              172 W vold
                       172
                              172 W vold
11-30 23:30:04.478
                       172
11-30 23:30:04.479
                       172
                              172 D vold
                                              : /system/bin/blkid
11-30 23:30:04.479
                              172 D vold
                       172
                                                    ⊕c)
11-30 23:30:04.479
                       172
                              172 D vold
                                                    /dev/null
```

Step 4. try to login in the application



Step 5. we can see the username and password that we used in clear text in the logs

```
11-30 23:33:12.021 470 470 I storaged: type=1400 audit(0.0:79): avc: denied { read } for name="stat" dev="sysfs" ino=8874
scontext=u:r:storaged:s0 tcontext=u:object_r:sysfs_devices_block:s0 tclass=file permissive=1
11-30 23:33:12.021  470  470 I storaged: type=1400 audit(0.0:80): avc: denied { open } for path="/sys/devices/pci0000:00/000
0:00:01.1/ata1/host0/target0:0:0/0:0:0/block/sda/stat" dev="sysfs" ino=8874 scontext=u:r:storaged:s0 tcontext=u:object_r:sys
fs_devices_block:s0 tclass=file permissive=1
11-30 23:33:12.021 470 470 I storaged: type=1400 audit(0.0:81): avc: denied { getattr } for path="/sys/devices/pci0000:00/
0000:00:01.1/ata1/host0/target0:0:0/0:0:0/block/sda/stat" dev="sysfs" ino=8874 scontext=u:r:storaged:s0 tcontext=u:object_r:
sysfs_devices_block:s0 tclass=file permissive=1
11-30 23:33:17.968 426 2345 W genymotion_audio: Not supplying enough data to HAL, expected position 998730 , only wrote 998
11-30 23:33:14.977 2453 2514 I okhttp.OkHttpClient: → POST https://guardian-backend-kz54.onrender.com/api/v1/auth/login
11-30 23:33:14.977 2453 2514 I okhttp.OkHttpClient: Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded
11-30 23:33:14.977 2453 2514 I okhttp.OkHttpClient: Content-Length: 39
11-30 23:33:14.977 2453 2514 I okhttp.OkHttpClient: emmil=mama%40gmail.com&possw
11-30 23:33:14.978 2453 2514 I okhttp.OkHttpClient: → END POST (39-byte body)
11-30 23:33:15.233
                                 2345 W genymotion_audio: Not supplying enough data to HAL, expected position 1011379 , only wrote 10
08720
11-30 23:33:15.233 426 2345 W genymotion_audio: Not supplying enough data to HAL, expected position 1008739 , only wrote 10
08720
11-30 23:33:15.254
                         426 2345 W genymotion_audio: Not supplying enough data to HAL, expected position 1009687 , only wrote 10
09440
11-30 23:33:18.284 426
                                  496 W genymotion_audio: Not supplying enough data to HAL, expected position 1299254 , only wrote 11
54880
11-30 23:33:25.016 2453 2514 I okhttp.OkHttpClient: ← HTTP FAILED: java.net.SocketTimeoutException: timeout
                                 434 D gralloc_ranchu: gralloc_alloc: Creating ashmem region of size 28672
434 E : open_verbose:32: Could not open '/dev/goldfish_pipe': No such file or directory
11-30 23:33:25.187 434
11-30 23:33:25.207 434
                                  434 D gralloc_ranchu: gralloc_alloc: Creating ashmem region of size 28672
11-30 23:33:25.250
                          434
                                                   : open_verbose:32: Could not open '/dev/goldfish_pipe': No such file or directory
11-30 23:33:25.262
```

Remediation Advice

- Avoid logging sensitive data like passwords or PII.
- Mask sensitive fields in logs when necessary.
- Restrict access to log files with strict permissions.
- Disable debug-level logging in production environments.
- Encrypt log files and secure data in transit.

References

ADB jadx Logact

Abdulmajeed Hussain A AlZahrani

s223844731@deakin.edu.au